# 804/804A Video Test Generator User Guide



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# 1 Overview

This section provides an overview of the 804/804A Video Test Generator and the scope of the User Guide.

#### 1.1 804 and 804A Models

There are two models in the 804 series. The 804 Video Test Generator and the 804A Video Test Generator. The 804 supports HDMI pixel rates up to 165MHz. The 804A supports pixel rates up to 297MHz (at 24 bit color). The 804A therefore supports resolutions up to 4K x 2K as specified by the HDMI 1.4a specification. Each model supports deep color up to TMDS clock rates of 225MHz.

## 1.2 Intended Use of the Product

The 804/804A is optimized for testing modern HDMI flat panel TVs. The 804/804A features 4 HDMI outputs—all active simultaneously—for testing HDTVs with multiple HDMI inputs. This eliminates the cost of splitters often required for testing each HDMI input on a TV. Each HDMI interface supports up to 36 bit/pixel (12-bit/component) deep color mode. The 804/804A can also output component analog and composite analog.

POWER	quantumdata	Ð Đ	Hone Nor Add Test Test D Chiper Test	-	<b>BO4A</b> <u>VIDEO TEST</u> <u>GENERATOR</u> 297 MHz SD CARD	KTX O U

## 1.3 Scope of this User Guide

The 804/804A Video Test Generator User Guide includes the necessary information to operate your 804/804A. There is a Quick Start Guide that covers some of the 804/804A features as well.

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# 2 Customer Support for the 804/804A

The 804/804A Video Test Generator is manufactured by Quantum Data:

Quantum Data, Inc.

2111 Big Timber Road

Elgin, IL USA

60123

Please check the Quantum Data website for updates to the user documentation and the firmware: <a href="http://www.quantumdata.com/downloads">www.quantumdata.com/downloads</a>

If you have a product support request you can contact Quantum Data customer support either by phone or by a web page.

The phone number is: 847-888-0450 x 456

For web support: http://www.quantumdata.com/support/index.asp

**Note**: This Guide is updated frequently. Please be sure to check the Quantum Data website for updates at: <a href="http://www.quantumdata.com/downloads">www.quantumdata.com/downloads</a> or <a href="http://www.quantumdata.com/products/804.asp">www.quantumdata.com/products/804.asp</a>.

# **3** Descriptions of Input and Outputs – Technical Specifications

This section describes the video and audio interfaces on the 804/804A instrument:

# 3.1 Video Interfaces - Technical Specifications

Table 3-1 below describes the video interfaces on the 804/804A instrument, these interfaces are used to render test patterns for testing consumer electronic HDTVs and computer displays.

Note: All video interfaces on the 804/804A shall be connected to only SEL V / double insulated circuits of other devices.

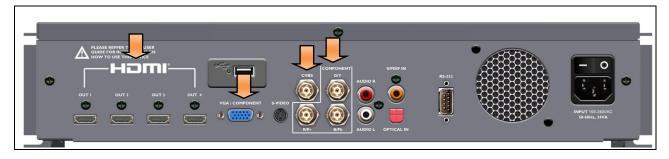


Table 3-1: 804/804A Video Interfaces				
Video Connector	Description			
HDMI (4) Output Type A	<ul> <li>Menu Selection: HDMI</li> <li>Bit Depth: 24/30/36 bit.</li> <li>Video type: RGB, YCbCr.</li> <li>Sampling: 4:4:4, 4:2:2 (and 4:2:0 for 4K formats on the 804A).</li> <li>Pixel rate (804): Timings up to 1080p60 (up to 165MHz).</li> <li>Pixel rate (804A): HDMI timings up to 4K x 2K at 30Hz (up to 297MHz) as specified by the HDMI 1.4a specification.</li> <li>Audio: LPCM, Dolby Digital and DTS (more details below).</li> <li>Menu Selection: DVI for DVI Single Link (HDMI to DVI adapter cable)</li> <li>Video type: RGB.</li> </ul>			
3 BNC	<ul> <li>Menu Selection – Format Type: BNC + S-Video + CVBS (when ED/HD is selected)</li> <li>Video type: YPbPr.</li> <li>Bit Depth: 24 bit color depth.</li> <li>Pixel rates: 27MHz, 27.027MHz, 74.176MHz, 74.25MHz (max 80MHz; resolutions greater than 80MHz use pixel doubling).</li> <li>Sync type: Composite.</li> </ul>			

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VGA D-Sub	Menu Selection: VGA(HD15) Analog YPbPr for CE component analog.
	Bit Depth: 24 bit color depth.
	<ul> <li>Video type: YPbPr (requires converter cable).</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Pixel rates: 27MHz, 27.027MHz, 74.176MHz, 74.25MHz (max 80MHz; resolutions greater than 80MHz use pixel doubling).</li> </ul>
	Pixel repetition to support higher pixel rates.
	Sync types: Composite.
	Menu Selection: VGA(HD15) Analog RGB for CE and IT component analog.
	Bit Depth: 24 bit color depth.
	<ul> <li>Pixel rates: 27MHz, 27.027MHz, 74.176MHz, 74.25MHz (max 80MHz; resolutions greater than 80MHz use pixel doubling).</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Pixel repetition to support higher pixel rates.</li> </ul>
	Sync types: Separate.
(1) BNC CVBS & S-Video	Menu Selection: BNC + S-Video + CVBS
Analog Composite Output	Encodings: NTSC & PAL
	<ul> <li>Pixel Range: 13.5-13.52.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Sync type: Composite.</li> </ul>

# 3.2 Audio Outputs - Technical Specifications

Table 3-2 below describes the audio outputs supported on the 804/804A instrument.

Note: All audio interfaces on the 804/804A shall be connected to only SEL V / double insulated circuits of other devices.



Table 3-2: 804/804A Audio Outputs				
Interface	Description			
HDMI (4) Output Type A	Single link HDMI output connector. Supports the following HDMI features:			
	<ul><li>Channels: 8.</li><li>Bits per sample: 16, 20, 24.</li></ul>			
	Sampling rates (kHz): 32.0, 44.1, 48.0, 88.2, 96.0, 176.4, 192.0.			
	<ul> <li>Formats: LPCM, Dolby Digital, Dolby Digital Plus, DTS-ES.</li> </ul>			
	<ul> <li>LPCM formats - Frequency adjustment: 10Hz to 20kHz in 1Hz increments.</li> </ul>			
	<ul> <li>LPCM formats - Amplitude adjustment: -99dB to 0dB in 1dB increments.</li> </ul>			

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Analog Audio	(2) RCA audio connectors:	
	Channels: 2 (L/R).	
	Signal: Sine Wave.	
	Frequency: 10Hz to 20kHz in 1Hz increments.	
	Amplitude: -99dB to 0dB in 1dB increments.	

# 3.3 Audio Inputs – Technical Specifications

Table 3-3 below describes the audio inputs supported on the 804/804A instrument.

Note: All audio interfaces on the 804/804A shall be connected to only SEL V / double insulated circuits of other devices.



Table 3-3: 804/804A Digital Audio Inputs	
Interface	Description
SPDIF - RCA	SPDIF RCA audio connector
Optical – JIS FO5	Optical audio connector

# 3.4 Control Interfaces and Devices – Technical Specifications

The following illustrations and Table 3-4 describe the control interfaces and devices on the 804/804A.

Note: All control interfaces on the 804/804A shall be connected to only SEL V / double insulated circuits of other devices.



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Table 3-4: 804/804A Control Interfaces and Devices	
Interface	Function
RS-232	Command line control or control through Automated Test System (ATS). You can also connect a keypad to the RS-232 port for control through a keypad. Keypad mode for the RS-232 interface is enabled or disabled through the Preferences menu.
USB Device	Updating firmware and gateware and command line control.
USB Host	Keyboard control.
SD Card	Updating firmware and gateware and loading bitmap test patterns.

## 3.5 Size and Weight

Table 3-5 provides the dimensions and weight of the 804/804A:

Table 3-5: 804/804A Dimensions and Weight	
Parameter	Value
Height	3.25 inches; 8.3 cm
Width	16.5 inches; 41.9 cm
Depth	6.1 inches; 15.5 cm
Weight	6.62 lbs; 3.0 kg

## 3.6 Power Considerations

The 804/804A has a rocker style power switch on the front panel and on the rear panel adjacent to the power line connector. Both have to be on to operate the unit. Refer to the photos below.

**Note**: If the 804/804A is used in a manner not specified in the guide, the protection provided by the equipment may be impaired.

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Table 3-6 provides the power requirements of the 804/804A.

Table 3-6: 804/804A Power Parameters	
Parameter	Value/Range
Volts, Power	100 – 240 VAC, 24VA
Frequency	50Hz to 60Hz

# 3.7 Environmental Specifications

Table 3-7 provides the environmental requirements and ratings of the 804/804A.

Table 3-7: 804/804A Environmental Parameters	
Parameter	Value/Range
Operating Temperature Range	0 – 40 Deg C
Humidity	30% to 80%
Environmental IP rating	IP20

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# 4 Installation Instructions

This section describes how to install the 804/804A. The 804/804A can be installed either as a desktop instrument or it can be rack mounted in a standard 19 inch relay rack.

## 4.1 The 804/804A Shipping Box

Table 4-1 below describes the video interfaces on the 804/804A instrument, these interfaces are used to render test patterns for testing consumer electronic HDTVs and computer displays.

Table 4-1: What is in the 804/804A Shipping Box	
Item	Part Number
(optional) Cable kit	95-00068
Mounting kit; either or both:	
- 804 Desktop kit (feet already installed)	95-00066
- 804 Rack Mount Kit (not installed)	95-00067
Power cord; one of:	
- USA Power Lead	30A00400A03
- European Power Lead	30-00174
- UK Power Lead	30-00175
Quick Start Guide	68-00222

## 4.2 Ventilation Requirements

The 804/804A has an internal fan and two vents, one in the front and the other in the rear. Please be sure that the vents are not blocked with debris or by other equipment. Be sure to leave at least 4 inches of room between the 804/804A vents and any other equipment or object.

# 4.3 ESD Warning

Uncontrolled electrostatic discharge can damage sensitive electronic equipment. Please follow proper electrostatic control procedures including using ground straps when working with the model 804/804A. While the 804/804A contains circuitry to protect it from reasonable electrostatic discharge, it can still be damaged by excessive discharge. Moderate discharge may degrade operation such as the user display. If that is observed, restarting the unit should eliminate the problem.

# 4.4 Cleaning Considerations

Please be sure that the vents are not blocked with debris or dust. Periodically check to ensure that there is no dust or debris blocking the ventilation openings of the 804/804A.

## 4.5 Desktop Installation Instructions

If you have ordered the desktop option, the feet will be installed on the bottom of the 804/804A. There will be no mounting ears included. There are no special installation instructions for a desktop application.

## 4.6 Rack mount Installation Instructions

If you have ordered the rack mount option, the unit will be shipped with the mounting ears attached but there will be no feet on the bottom of the 804/804A. You will need to screw the unit into the 19 inch rack using screws appropriate for the rack. Quantum Data does not provide screws for this purpose.

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# 5 Instructions for Use

This section provides the Instructions for Use for the 804/804A describes power up and general operation.

**Note**: If the 804/804A is used in a manner not specified in the guide, the protection provided by the equipment may be impaired.

## 5.1 Powering up the 804/804A

The procedures below describe how to power up the 804/804A.

- Connect the power cable provided with the 804/804A to the connector on the back. Refer to the illustration below.
   Note: Any replacement power cord that you use should be certified to the requirements in IEC 60799.
- 2. Apply power on the power connector switch on the back near the power connector.



3. Power up the 804/804A using the rocker switch on the front panel.



## 5.2 Powering down and uninstalling the 804/804A

In the event you have to remove the 804/804A from its normal operating location, use the following instructions:

- 1. Power down the 804/804A using the rocker power switch on the front of the unit.
- 2. Turn the power of using the rocker power switch on the back near the power connector.
- 3. Disconnect the power cable from the rear of the unit. Note that the power cord is easily accessible when fully plugged in such that an operator can manually remove the power cord.

# 5.3 Front Panel Display

The 804/804A has a 480(H) by 272(V), 24 bit color status display shown below. There are two modes of operation: 1) Manufacturing mode enabled (Status only displayed) and 2) Manufacturing mode disabled (active touch panel display). When Manufacturing mode is enabled, the display shows the following information:

- Active format
- Active test pattern
- Active interface(s)
- Keypad Status
- RS-232 Baud Rate
- S/W version
- FPGA version

Table 5-1 below shows functions available in the top level menu.

Table 5-1: Top Leve	l Menu		
ltem	Submenu - Pattern	Third Level Menu	Value
Top Menu Bar	Home	See Below	N/A
	Preferences	Audible Touch	Off     On
		Screen Brightness	<ul> <li>Min</li> <li>25%</li> <li>50%</li> <li>75%</li> <li>Max</li> </ul>
		USB Mode	<ul><li>COM for commands</li><li>Disk for downloading files and upgrades</li></ul>
		Startup Mode	<ul> <li>Default – Use default menus on touch screen on startup.</li> <li>Custom Menu – Use custom menus on touch screen on startup.</li> </ul>
		AVmute on Format Change	<ul> <li>Enables or disables AVMute on the HDMI output when there is a format change.</li> </ul>
		RS-232 Keypad Mode	<ul> <li>Off – Keypad operation on the RS-232 interface is disabled.</li> <li>On – Keypad on the RS-232 interface is enabled.</li> </ul>
		RS-232 Baud Rate	<ul> <li>One of: 1200, 2400, 4800, 9600,14400,19200, 28800, 38400, 57600, 115200, 230400</li> </ul>
	Help	Upgrades	<ul> <li>Erase</li> <li>Update (Application Flash)</li> <li>Update (FPGA Flash)</li> </ul>
Function Buttons	Video Patterns	See below: Selecting Te	st Patterns
	Audio Tones	See below: Testing HDM	II Audio on an HDTV or A/V Receiver
	3D Output		

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	Tests	See below: Testing HDMI Protocols
Bottom Status Buttons	m Status Buttons Signal Type See below: <u>Selecting a Signal Type</u>	
	Resolution	See below: Procedures for selecting a resolution and frame rate
	Video Pattern	See below: Selecting Test Patterns

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# 5.4 Calibrating the LCD

It is recommended that you calibrate the LCD display prior to using the 804/804A Test Instrument. Use the following procedures to perform the calibration. You can initiate the calibration screen either through the front panel touch display or through a command; procedures for both methods are provided below.

1. From the **Home** menu, navigate to the **Help** menu by pressing the **Help** activation button on the upper status bar. The **Home** menu is shown below.



The Help menu appears as shown below:

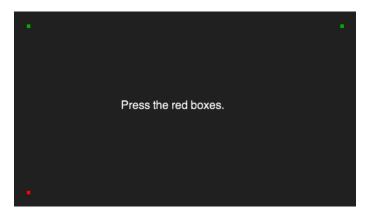
- Help	Home	Preferences	Help
USB Storage Flash	Erase		
Application Flash	Update		
FPGA Flash	Update		
Touchscreen	Calibrate		
	SW Ver. 11062955 FPGA Ver. 10081601		
HDMI (RGB)	480p 60Hz	Aux Combo Test	

2. Touch select the **Calibrate** activation button to launch the calibration screen.

Alternatively you can initiate the calibration screen using the following command:

TCAL

The calibration screen instructs you to touch each of four red squares.



When you finish touch selecting the fourth box, the calibration is completed and you will return to the Home menu.

# 5.5 Front Panel LEDs

The 804/804A has two LEDs on the front to indicate the status of the Tx and Rx activity of the RS-232 interface. Note that when you send a command you will see the Tx and Rx lights on the 804/804A front panel flash briefly.

POWER	quantumdata	<b>6</b>	Home Perkences Help Video Frankming Audo Test Torm 30 Ouput Test Test Test Test Test Test Test Test	•	BOAA WIDEOTEST GENERATOR 297 MHz BD CARD KKTK W

## 5.6 Setting the 804/804A Front Panel Mode

The 804/804A front panel can be operated in one of two modes: 1) Touch screen mode and 2) 804/804A Manufacturing (Status only) mode. The Touch Screen mode enables you to fully operate the 804/804A through the color touch display. The procedures for operating the 804/804A through the front panel are provided in the section <u>Running Protocol Tests - Using the Front Panel GUI</u>.

Typically you would use the Manufacturing (status only) mode when you were operating the 804/804A through the command line via either a keypad or an automated test system.

Use the following procedure to set the 804/804A front panel display mode.

1. Set the 804/804A display mode to the Touch Screen mode using the following command.

## MFGM 0

The front panel display will show the Home screen as shown in the following screen shot.

				~
Video Pattern	Audio Test Tone	3D Output	Tests	
		24	1	-
HDMI (YCbCr 4	4:4) 1080	i 30Hz	Checkerbo	ar

2. Set the 804/804A display mode to the Manufacturing mode using the following command.

MFGM 1

The front panel display will appear as shown in the following screen (example only).

804 Manufacturing Mode	
Current Format:	1080p 60Hz (1080p60)
Current Image:	Zone Plate (ZonePlate)
Current Interface:	HDMI
Keypad Status:	Not in use.
RS-232 Ba	ud: 9600
SW: 11032232, FP	GA: 10072101

# 6 Using the 804/804A Command Line

This section provides procedures on controlling the 804/804A through the command line for testing HDTVs. Refer to the section entitled, <u>Command Reference</u> for a complete list of commands. You can connect from a PC either through an RS-232 cable or a USB cable.

## 6.1 Establishing an RS-232 connection to the 804/804A

The procedures below describe how to connect to the 804/804A through the RS-232 interface for command line control or control from an automated test system.

1. Connect an RS-232 cable between your host PC and the 804/804A. The illustration below shows the location of the RS-232 interface.



- 2. (optionally) Connect USB cable between your host PC and the 804/804A on the USB connector on the front. The illustration below shows the location of the USB interface.
- Download the .INF file from the Quantum Data website at: <u>http://www.quantumdata.com/support/804readme.asp#supplemental</u> or <u>http://www.quantumdata.com/support/804Areadme.asp#supplemental</u> to your PC and unzip the file. Store it in a convenient location on your PC.

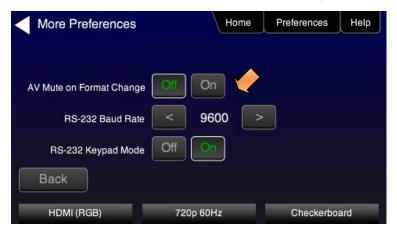


4. Set the **USB mode** to COM from the **Preference** menu as shown below. Reboot the 804/804A if you changed this USB mode from Disk to COM.



- 5. Establish a connection using a terminal program such as Hyperterm or an Automated Test System (ATS). You will need to know the port number for the USB connector. This can be found in the Device Manager in a Windows OS.
- 6. Press the More button to access the RS-232 Baud Rate setting as follows:
  - Bits per second: 115200 or 9600
  - Data bits: 8
  - Parity: None
  - Stop bits: 1
  - Flow control: None

Note: You do not need to set the baud rate if you are using the USB connection.



When you send a command you will see the Tx and Rx lights on the 804/804A front panel flash briefly.

## 6.2 Sending commands to activate the outputs

The following examples depict some commonly used commands for controlling the 804/804A outputs.

1. Activate the HDMI interfaces:

XVSI 4 Allu

2. Load and activate a format.

FMTL 720p60

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FMTU (or ALLU) FMTU?

720p60

Note: Please refer to the section: List of Formats for a list of format timings supported.

3. Select and activate a test image:

IMGL SMPTEbar IMGU

Note: Please refer to the section: List of Test Patterns for a list of test patterns supported.

4. Change the sampling to 4:2:2:

DVSM 2 ALLU

5. Set the digital audio to HDMI:

DASI 6 ALLU

6. Enable the analog audio:

AASI 1 ALLU

7. Set all channels to 1kHz on LPCM formats on the HDMI digital audio output:

SRAT 1000 ALLU

8. Set audio sampling rate to 48kHz on LPCM formats on the HDMI digital audio output:

```
ARAT 48000
ALLU
```

9. To view the summary page of the EDID report for the display connected to the third HDMI port:

DIDT? 2

# 7 Running Video Pattern Tests

This section provides the Instructions for running video tests on the 804/804A. Procedures are provided for operation both through the front panel and the command line.

**Note**: If the 804/804A is used in a manner not specified in the guide, the protection provided by the equipment may be impaired.

## 7.1 Selecting a Signal Type

Use the information in Table 7-1 below as a guide:

Table 7-1: Signal Type					
Signal Type Menu Selection	Physical Connector(s)	Option	Output Selections		
HDMI	HDMI via HDMI to HDMI cable (available with optional cable kit)	Color Space	<ul> <li>RGB</li> <li>YCbCr 4:4:4</li> <li>YCbCr 4:2:2</li> <li>YCbCr 4:2:0 (804A for 4K formats @ 60Hz)</li> </ul>		
		Bit Depth	<ul> <li>8</li> <li>10</li> <li>12</li> </ul>		
		Format Type	<ul> <li>TV – CE formats</li> <li>Computer – VESA formats</li> </ul>		
DVI	HDMI via HDMI to DVI cable (available with optional cable kit)	Format Type	<ul> <li>TV – CE formats</li> <li>Computer – VESA formats</li> </ul>		
VGA(HD15) Analog YPbPr	HD-15 (VGA) via VGA cable to 3 RCA converter cable (available in the optional cable kit)	Sync Type	<ul><li>Sep[arate] Sync</li><li>Sync on Y</li></ul>		
VGA(HD15) Analog RGB	HD-15 (VGA) via VGA cable (available in the optional cable kit)	Format Type	<ul> <li>TV – CE formats</li> <li>Computer – VESA formats</li> </ul>		
		Sync Type	<ul><li>Sep[arate] Sync</li><li>Sync on Green</li></ul>		
BNC + S-Video + CVBS	CVBS (BNC) and S-Video (3) BNC (ED/HD)	Format Type	<ul> <li>SD – TV composite video (NTSC &amp; PAL formats)</li> <li>ED/HD – TV formats for component video</li> </ul>		

1. Power up the 804/804A using the rocker switch on the back panel and the front panel. The On position is with the toggle switch depressed on the inner side of the switch.

Refer to the procedures in the section Instructions for Use.

2. Make the cable connection between the appropriate output connector(s) on the 804/804A and the input connectors of the HDTV using the cables supplied. Refer to the figure below to view the locations of the video outputs.

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	E REFFER TO TH FOR INSTRUCTI TO USE THIS DE	ON ON				
	- <b>H</b> D			 CVBS		SIPDIF IN AUDIO R
•		•	•	S-VIDEO	) (O) B/Pb	

- 3. Touch select the **Signal Type** activation button on the panel on the left. The following screen appears:
- 4. (For HDMI) Touch select the HDMI option using the associated activation button as shown below.

Signal Type	Home Preferences Help		
HDMI	Color Space - YCbCr -	PLEASE REFFER TO THE U GUIDE FOR INSTRUCTION HOW TO USE THIS DEVICE	ION
DVI	RGB         4:2:2         4:4:4           Bit Depth		
VGA(HD15) Analog YPbPr			
VGA(HD15) Analog RGB	Format Type		OUT 3 OUT 4
BNC + S-Video + CVBS	PC User		
HDMI (RGB) 1920x22	28 30Hz Checkerboard		

Alternatively, to activate HDMI output through the command line:

XVSI 4 // selects the HDMI output ALLU // activates the output

**Note:** There are several optional settings and features related to HDMI that you may wish to utilize. They pertain to enabling and disabling various HDMI metadata and AVmute. These options are executed through the command line. Refer to the <u>Command Reference</u> chapter for information on these commands. The following is an example of how you would enable or disable AVmute.

AVMG 1 // sets (enables) AVmute on the HDMI output AVMG 0 // clears (disables) AVmute on the HDMI output

(For DVI TVs) Touch select the DVI option and then the TV option using the associated activation buttons as shown below.

Signal Type		Home	Preferences	Help				
	HDMI DVI 5) Analog YPbPr	Format Type	PC Us	ser	GUIDE		ON ON VICE	
	5) Analog RGB ·Video + CVBS				out i	OUT 2	out 3	оит 4 С
DVI (TV)	576p	50Hz	Checkerbo	ard				

Alternatively, to activate DVI for computer formats through the command line:

XVSI 3  $\,$  // selects the DVI TV output through the HDMI connector ALLU  $\,$  // activates the output

(For DVI computers) Touch select the DVI option and then the Computer option using the associated activation buttons as shown below.



Alternatively, to activate DVI output through the command line:

XVSI 2 // selects the DVI computer through the HDMI connector ALLU // activates the output

5. (For component analog displays) Touch select the VGA(HD15) Analog YPbPr option and then the desired sync option using the associated activation buttons as shown below.





Alternatively, to activate the VGA(HD15) Analog YPbPr output through the command line:

XVSI 9 // selects YPbPr Analog output through the VGA connector SSST 1 // selects separate sync. Use SSST 3 for sync on Y ALLU // activates the output

6. (For component analog TV displays) Touch select the VGA(HD15) Analog RGB option with the TV Format Type and then the desired sync option using the associated activation buttons as shown below.

Signal Type		Home	Preferences	Help	
HDMI		Format Type			
DVI			PC U	ser	
VGA(H	og YPbPr	Sync Type	Sync on Gr	reen	
VGA(HD15) Ana	log RGB				VGA / COMPONENT
BNC + S-Video	+ CVBS				•
VGA (RGB TV)	480p 59	.94Hz	Checkerbo	ard	

Alternatively, to activate RGB Analog output through the command line:

XVSI 9 // selects RGB component analog for TVs through VGA output SSST 1 // selects separate sync. Use SSST 3 for sync on Y ALLU // activates the output

7. (For component analog computer displays) Touch select the VGA(HD15) Analog RGB option with the Computer Format Type and then the desired sync option using the associated activation buttons as shown below.



Alternatively, to activate RGB component analog for computers through the command line:

XVSI 9  $\,$  // selects component analog for computers through VGA output ALLU  $\,$  // activates the output

8. (For composite TV) Touch select the **BNC + S-Video + CVBS** option with the SD Format Type using the associated activation buttons as shown below.



Alternatively, to activate composite video output through the command line:

```
XVSI 6 // selects analog composite video through CVBS and S-Video outputs ALLU // activates the output
```

9. (For component TV) Touch select the **BNC + S-Video + CVBS** with the **ED/HD** Format Type using the associated activation buttons to activate component video through the BNC connectors as shown below.

Signal Type	Home	Preferences	Help	
HDMI	Format Type			
DVI		ED/HD		COMPONENT
VGA(HD15) Analog Y	PbPr			CVBS GIY
VGA(HD15) Analog F	RGB			
BNC + S-Video + CV	'BS			
BNC (YPbPr)	480p 60Hz	PGCwrg	b	R/Pr B/Pb

XVSI 6 // selects analog component through BNC outputs
ALLU // activates the output

## 7.2 Procedures for selecting a resolution and frame rate

The procedures below describe how to select the resolution.

When you make a physical connection to an HDMI, DVI or VGA display, a hot plug event will occur. You can configure the format listing with the information in the EDID by running an EDID test.

When the EDID test is run, the 804/804A will read the EDID of the display device connected to its output port. It will then automatically configure the list of resolutions and frame rates to only those supported by the HDMI, DVI or VGA sink device. The 804/804A will also be configured to output the signal indicated in the EDID as the "preferred" timing.

When hot plug formats are not enabled through the EDID test, the 804/804A will display all viable HDMI formats for the HDMI interface whether they are supported by the display or not.

## 1. From the Home menu select Tests.

The front panel display will show the Home screen as shown in the following screen shot.

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Home		Home	Preferences	Help
Video Pattern	Audio Test Tone	3D Output	Tests	4
HDMI (YCbCr 4:	4:4) 1080	i 30Hz	Checkerbo	ard

The Sink Tests menu appears as shown below.

Sink Tests	Home	Preferences	Help
EDID Test	HDCP Test	CEC Test	
EM	LAKSV	POLLING	
HDMI (RGB)	720p 60Hz	White Plug	ge

 $\ \ 2. \ \ \ {\rm Touch \ select \ } {\rm EDID \ Test} \ {\rm from \ the \ Sink \ Tests \ menu.}$ 

The **EDID Test** menu appears as shown below.

EDID Test	Home	Preferences	Help
Read			
Load			1
Save			
Compare			<u> </u>
Tx Port: 1			$\mathbf{\vee}$
HDMI (YCbCr 4:4:4)	1080p 23.976Hz	Window/Ra	ster

3. Touch select the lower button (Tx Port x) on the EDID Test menu shown below.

Note: You will have to select each HDMI port in sequence.

4. Touch select **Read** from the **EDID Test** menu shown below.

The EDID test results are shown. A summary page appears first.

EDID Test	Home	Preferences	Help
Read	EDID Summary: Header is OK. All checksums C		
Load	HDMI: Yes (PA 1.0.0.0, 36, 30 Manufacturer/Product: QDI 980 Pref. Native Timing: 1920x108(		1
Save	SVDs: 480i 480p 576i 576p 72 1080p24	0p 1080i 1080p	
Compare	Speakers: [ RLC/RRC RL/RR F PCM 8 ch., [32 44.1 48 88.2 96 [16 20 24] bits	176.4 192] kHz @	
Tx Port: 1	AC-3 8 ch., [32 44.1 48 88.2 96 rate 640 kHz DTS 8 ch., [32 44.1 48 88.2 96		
HDMI (YCbCr 4:4:4)	1080p 23.976Hz	Window/Ra	

- 5. (For HDMI) Repeat for each HDMI port you wish to test.
- 6. Touch select the resolution and frame rate (middle button on the bottom panel). Refer to the figures below which show HDMI examples.



The HDMI TV Format screen appears as shown below. The first screen is from the 804. The second and third screens are from the 804A with its support for 4K x 2K resolutions.

TV Format	t	Hom	ne Preferen	ces Help
Resolution		Frame Rate		
480p	480i	23.976Hz	24Hz	25Hz
576p	576i	29.97Hz	30Hz	50Hz
720p		59.94Hz	60Hz	100Hz
1080p	1080i	119.88Hz	120Hz	200Hz
		239.76Hz	240Hz	
HDMI (RGE	3)	480p 60Hz	Whi	te Pluge

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TV Form	at	Hom	e Preferend	ces Help
Resolution		Frame Rate		
480p	480i	23.976Hz	24Hz	25Hz
576p	576i	29.97Hz	30Hz	50Hz
720p	)	59.94Hz	60Hz	100Hz
1080p	1080i	119.88Hz	120Hz	200Hz
4Kx2K	4K SMPTE	239.76Hz	240Hz	
HDMI (RGB) 4Kx2K 23.976Hz				or Bars

The following screen shows an 804A screen with 4K selected at 60Hz using 4:2:0 pixel encoding.

TV Format		Hom	e Preferen	nces Help	
Resolution		Frame Rate			
480p	480i	23.976Hz	24Hz	25Hz	
576p	576i	29.97Hz	30Hz	50Hz	
720p		59.94Hz	60Hz	100Hz	
1080p	1080i	119.88Hz	120Hz	200Hz	
4Kx2K	4K SMPTE	239.76Hz	240Hz		
HDMI (YCb	Cr 4:2:0) 3	840x2160 60Hz	Col	lor Bars	

For the HDMI, DVI and VGA computer formats, there are color codes that are applied to the Resolution and Frame Rate selections. The following is a summary of their meaning:

- A Resolution or Frame Rate with white lettering but with no outline The Resolution or Frame Rate has a short video descriptor associated with it.
- A Resolution with green lettering The Resolution that is currently selected.
- Frame Rate(s) with green lettering and with white outline The Frame Rate along with the currently selected Resolution that is the "preferred" timing.
- A Frame Rate with white lettering and with white outline The Frame Rate that is currently selected.
- A Frame Rate with red lettering but with no outline The Frame Rate is not supported by the EDID for that Resolution.
- A Frame Rate with black lettering but with no outline The Frame Rate is not supported by the standard for the selected resolution.

**Note**: When you make a physical connection(s) to an HDMI HDTV, a hot plug event(s) will occur. When the hot plug event(s) occurs, the 804/804A will read the EDID of the display device connected to its output port(s). The output is automatically set to the preferred timing which is highlighted in green following a hot plug.

7. Touch select the resolution and frame rate.

Alternatively, to select the resolution and frame rate through the command line:

```
FMTL 720p60 // loads format (resolution and frame rate)
FMTU // activates format
```

**Note**: There are 4 HDMI connectors on the 804/804A. You can set a marker to indicate which output is currently active. To set the marker use the following command:

HPMG 1 // enables markers (0 disables markers)

To change the size of the markers:

HPMX 100 // changes the size of the marker's width to 100 pixels HPMY 50 // changes the size of the marker's height to 50 lines

#### 7.3 Selecting Test Patterns

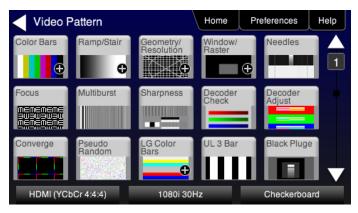
This subsection describes how to select test patterns once the desired signal type and format (resolution / frame rate) has been selected.

The procedures below cover cases where there is a direct connection between the 804/804A and the display and also where the 804/804A is connected to a display through a repeater device.

1. From the main menu screen (shown below), touch select Video Pattern.



The following menu appears.



2. Touch select the desired test pattern from the menu shown below. You can select patterns that are standard with the 804/804A or bitmaps that you have imported.

**Note**: A "+" on the lower right portion of the pattern indicates that there are options related to the specific pattern. In these cases you double touch select to access the lower level menu.

Color Bar Options	Н	ome	Preferences	Help
Variant		Co	lor Type	Bars
SMPTE Full	Split		75 %	7
Orientation			100 %	8
Vertical	Horizontal		100/75%	
Direction		Co	lor Masks	
Left to Right	Right to Left		RG	8
HDMI (YCbCr 4:4:4)	1080p 60Hz		Color Ba	ırs

Alternatively, to load a test patterns through the command line:

```
IMGL smptebar // loads image
IMGU // activates image
```

3. (If applicable) Specify the test pattern options. Refer to the section List of Test Patterns for a description of each option.

## 7.4 Using Image Caching to render bitmaps quickly

The Image Cache feature enables you to render bitmap images quickly. This feature is ideal for production lines in manufacturing.

The Image Cache feature is configured using the command line interface. Once configured the 804/804A renders bitmap images in advance and stores them in memory for immediate recall. The number of images that can be stored in cache depends on the resolution and bit depth of the chosen format. The cached images are stored in video RAM, and are lost on power cycle, reboot, or issuance of the ICHC command.

Use the procedure below to render bitmap images quickly with the Image Cache feature.

- 1. Load the desired bitmaps into the 804/804A using the procedures in the section Workflow for Importing Bitmaps.
- 2. Create the userpats.txt file which maps the bitmap images to aliases. Use the example below:

The structure of the UserPats file is:

<br/>
<br/>
hmpname.bmp> space <description>

The contents of the UserPats.txt text file would be:

720Img1.bmp Master 1280x720 - (this maps to alias "User00") 720Img2.bmp Master 1280x720 - (this maps to alias "User01") 720Img3.bmp Master 1280x720 - (this maps to alias "User02")

1080Img1.bmp Master 1920x1080 - (this maps to alias "User03") 1080Img2.bmp Master 1920x1080 - (this maps to alias "User04") 1080Img3.bmp Master 1920x1080 - (this maps to alias "User05")

Note 1: The bitmap name has to match the name of the stored bitmap.

Note 2: The bitmap name uses the 8.3 character structure.

Note 3: The description is limited to 20 characters.

3. Establish a command line session to the 804/804A using the procedures in the section Establishing an RS-232 connection to the 804/804A.

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•	Create and load the	ne bitmap images in cache. The example below illustrates how to load formats and cached images.
	ICHC	// clears the cache
	FMTL 720p60	// loads the 720p60 format
	FMTU	// applies the format
	IMGL User00	// loads the first bitmap image stored in the userpats.txt file
	IMGU	// applies the image
	ICHS	// save the bitmap into cache
	IMGL User02	// loads the third bitmap image stored in the userpats.txt file
	IMGU	// applies the image
	ICHS	// save the bitmap into cache
	FMTL 1080p60	// loads the 1080p60 format
	FMTU	// applies the format
	IMGL User03	// loads the fourth bitmap image stored in the userpats.txt file
	IMGU	// applies the image
	ICHS	// save the bitmap into cache
	IMGL User05	// loads the sixth bitmap image stored in the userpats.txt file
	IMGU	// applies the image
	ICHS	// save the bitmap into cache

**Note**: Whenever you load these bitmap images either from the front panel or the command line they will be loaded from cache and will be rendered on the display more quickly. But it is important to understand that each bitmap image is specific to a particular format resolution. Therefore, you will have to select the bitmap such that it is consistent with the resolution of the format that is active.

## 7.5 Rendering 3D Test Patterns on an HDTV

This subsection describes how to render 3D test patterns and bitmaps on an HDTV. The 804/804A supports Side-by-Side, Top-and-Bottom and Frame Packing (for both interlaced and progressive timings) 3D format structures. You can render bitmaps that you have or create or you can render 3D test patterns in the 804/804A test pattern library.

You can obtain 3D bitmaps in three ways:

- Develop your own 3D bitmaps.
- Sample 3D bitmaps from the Quantum Data website (www.quantumdata.com/downloads).
- Generate 3D bitmaps from your own stereoscopic image pairs using the Quantum Data 3D Bitmap Conversion Tool available from the Quantum Data website (<a href="http://www.quantumdata.com/downloads">www.quantumdata.com/downloads</a>).
- Once you have the 3D bitmaps you can transfer them to the 804/804A using the procedures described in the section Importing Custom Bitmaps.

Use the following procedures to render 3D Bitmaps or 3D Test Patterns on HDMI Sink Device.

1. Select a format that is suitable for rendering 3D images such as 720p60 and 1080. Use the procedures above in the section <u>Procedures for Selecting an HDMI Resolution and Frame Rate</u>.

If you have used the Quantum Data 3D Bitmap Conversion Tool, there is a naming convention for the 3D bitmaps which also provides the required format for each specific bitmap.

2. Touch select **3D Output** option from the top level menu shown below.

Home		Home	Preferences	Help
Video Pattern	Audio Test Tone	3D Output	Tests	+
HDMI (YCbCr 4:	4:4) 1080	i 30Hz	Checkerbo	ard

The following screen will appear:

3D Test Options		Home	Preferences	Help	
3D Mode					
Side-by- Side (Half)	Top-and- Bottom	Frame Packing L R	Off 2D		
HDMI (YC	bCr 4:4:4)	1920x222	8 30Hz	Checkerbo	pard

- 3. Select the 3D mode (Side-by-Side, Top-and-Bottom or Frame Packing) and then select the subtype and Left/Right options (if applicable).
- 4. Select the 3D bitmap image or test pattern from the Test Pattern list (see screen example below). Refer to the section: List of Test Patterns for a complete list of 3D test patterns.

**Note**: When rendering bitmaps, you will have to make sure that the 3D bitmap you use matches your selection of 3D formats and timing (resolution). In the example above, a 3D Frame Packing bitmap is selected for 1280 x 720. Therefore you have to make sure that you select that specific timing (i.e. 1280 x 720) and that specific 3D format structure (Frame Packing).

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## 7.6 Using Custom Test Image Packs

The 804/804A provides licensed image packs for certain sets of test images. You need to have a license key to use these custom test image packs. You can arrange to get access to them by contacting Quantum Data customer support at: <a href="http://www.quantumdata.com/support">http://www.quantumdata.com/support</a>.

When you purchase an image pack it appears as an icon at the end of the list of Test Patterns. A sample screen is shown below (Philips1, ChinaRes, Master). You simply select one of the test patterns (e.g. ChinaRes in the screen example below). They will take a few seconds to load. They will load at the resolution of the format that you have selected.



Refer to the table 7-2 below for a description and depiction of the Image Packs currently offered.



# Table 7-2: Custom Test Image Packs

#### **ChinaRes Pattern Pack**

This is a bitmap that is available through the Image Packs option. The ChinaRes test pattern is specified by the National Testing and Inspection Center for Radio and TV Products of China.

The image pack includes both a standard definition aspetratio (shown right) and a high definition aspect ratio. This test pattern is supported at: 1920x1080, 1280x720, 720x576 and 720x480 resolutions.

The following is a description of the elements in this test image

- 1. Overscan gauges to determine percentage of overscan.
- 2. Centered cross, centered circles, and centered grid to test centering and concentricity.
- 3. White grid to test convergence.
- 4. Central resolution wedge gauges for vertical, horizontal, and diagonal resolutions.
- 5. Corner resolution wedge gauges for vertical and horizontal resolutions.
- 6. 4-quadrant horizontal and vertical test areas to judge resolution and display artifacts.
- 7. Color bar for testing color purity and chroma delay.
- 8. 10-step grayscale to test brightness, contrast, and luminance.
- 9. Split (left and right) grayscales for testing dark-field and bright-field gray levels.
- Average picture level is approximately 50%.

Table 7-3: Custom Test Image Packs – THX Test Patterns



# Table 7-3: Custom Test Image Packs – THX Test Patterns

#### **THX Test Patterns**

The THX Pattern Pack offers a variety of test patterns for calibrating the luminance and chrominance of high end 3D-capable HDTVs. The following is a list of test patterns provided in this optional test pattern package. 3D Convergence - test patterns to align pixels for proper convergence.



3D Crosstalk - test patterns to determine level of 3D crosstalk.



Color Gamut – 2D/3D primary and secondary color patterns to fine-tune colors and gamma.



Picture performance – pattern within THX Optimizer to verify accuracy of skin tones.



THX Optimizer - test patterns to easily adjust brightness, contrast, color, tint, etc.



Table 7-3: Custom Test Image Packs – THX Test Patterns	
	THX box - 2D/3D grayscale test patterns to accurately adjust white point and gamma.

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# 8 Importing Custom Bitmaps

You can import your own bitmaps into the 804/804A through the USB interface or from an SD card. The 804A supports 4K x 2K bitmaps. Note that when bitmaps are imported into the 804/804A, they are rendered at their native resolution, i.e. they do not scale to the resolution of the video format you have selected as the standard test patterns do. Therefore, if you want to test with a specific bitmap pattern for each resolution and you want the bitmap to fill the entire display, you would need to import a separate bitmap of that image for each resolution you wish to test.

### 8.1 Workflow for Importing Bitmaps through USB

In order to import and use bitmaps in the 804/804A you must take the following high level steps (detailed procedures are provided further below):

- Place the 804/804A's USB interface in the Disk mode.
- Create a text file called "UserPats.txt" that lists each bitmap stored for use. The name in the file has to match the name of the bitmap. The procedures below provide an example of this text file.
- Transfer the UserPats.txt file to the 804/804A over the USB interface.
- Transfer the bitmap(s) over to the 804/804A flash memory through the USB interface.



### 8.2 Procedures for Importing Bitmaps through USB

Use the procedures below to import bitmaps.

- 1. Connect the 804/804A to a PC host via the USB cable provided.
- 2. Select the Preferences from the 804/804A top level menu. The following screen appears.



3. Choose Disk mode.

The Disk selection for USB Mode in the above screen will be highlighted in green.

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4. Power cycle the 804/804A using the rocker switch on the back panel.

The 804/804A will appear as a mass storage device on your PC like any other USB drive.

5. Create the UserPats.txt text file listing your bitmaps. Use the information in Table 8-1 below to construct your text file:

Table 8-1: Importing Bitmaps – UserPats.txt file		
Bitmap Name (use 8.3 naming convention)	Bitmap Resolution	UserPats.txt Text File Structure
Mast480.bmp	720x480	The structure of the UserPats file is:
Mast720.bmp	1280x720	<bitmap name=""> space <description></description></bitmap>
Mast1080.bmp	1920x1080	The contents of the UserPats.txt text file would be:
Mast4k2k.bmp	4Kx2K	Mast480.bmp Master 720x480 Mast720.bmp Master 1280x720 Mast1080.bmp Master 1920x1080 Mast4k2k.bmp Master 4Kx2K <b>Note 1:</b> The bitmap name has to match the name of the stored bitmap. <b>Note 2:</b> The description is limited to 20 characters.

6. Transfer your UserPats.txt file from your PC to the 804/804A using standard Windows methods for transferring files to a USB drive, i.e. by dragging and dropping or copying and pasting.

Note: Your bitmaps are limited to 8 characters with an extension (.bmp).

7. Transfer your bitmap(s) from your PC to the 804/804A using standard windows procedures for transferring files to a USB drive, i.e. dragging and dropping or copying and pasting.

Copying		
6	6	
zp.bmp From 'Desktop' to 'E:\'		
(		Cancel

8. Navigate to the Video Pattern menu.

You should now see the new bitmap image(s) on the pattern list (below).



# 8.3 Workflow for loading bitmaps from the SD card

In order to load bitmaps from the 804's SD card you must take the following high level steps (detailed procedures are provided further below):

- Create a text file called "UserPats.txt" that lists each bitmap stored for use. The name in the file has to match the name of the bitmap. The procedures below provide an example of this text file.
- Transfer the UserPats.txt file to the 804 to an SC card using a card reader.
- Insert the SC card into the 804 SD slot on the front (below).



# 8.4 Procedures for Loading Bitmaps from SD Card

Use the procedures below to load bitmaps from an SD card.

- 1. Load your bitmaps on to the SD card from your PC using a USB SD card reader.
- 2. Create the UserPats.txt text file listing your bitmaps. Use the information in Table 8-2 below to construct your text file:

Table 8-2: Importing Bitmaps – UserPats.txt file		
Bitmap Name (use 8.3 naming convention)	Bitmap Resolution	UserPats.txt Text File Structure
Mast480.bmp	720x480	The structure of the UserPats file is:
Mast720.bmp	128x720	<bitmap name=""> space <description></description></bitmap>

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Table 8-2: Importing Bitmaps – UserPats.txt file		
Bitmap Name (use 8.3 naming convention)	Bitmap Resolution	UserPats.txt Text File Structure
Mast1080.bmp	1920x1080	The contents of the UserPats.txt text file would be:
		Mast480.bmp Master 720x480 Mast720.bmp Master 1280x720 Mast1080.bmp Master 1920x1080
		<b>Note 1:</b> The bitmap name has to match the name of the stored bitmap.
		Note 2: The description is limited to 20 characters.

- 3. Transfer your UserPats.txt file from your PC to the SD card using standard Windows methods for transferring files to a USB drive, i.e. by dragging and dropping or copying and pasting.
- 4. In this example, you would have created a bitmap called for example 980\_640.bmp and stored it on the SD card. In this example the bitmap is 640 x 480 resolution. You would then create a userpats.txt file as follows:
- 5. 980\_640.bmp 980 640x480

Note: Your bitmaps are limited to 8 characters with an extension (.bmp).

- 6. Insert the SD card into your 804.
- 7. Power cycle the 804.
- 8. Navigate to the Video Pattern menu.

You should now see the new bitmap image(s) (980 640x480) on the pattern list (below).



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# 9 Creating and Using Custom Formats

You can create your own formats using the Quantum Data Format Editor available at:

<u>www.quantumdata.com/downloads</u>. The Format Editor will create an .xml format file that you can store in the 804. The instructions for using the Format Editor are included with the 882 User Guide also available on at: <u>www.quantumdata.com/downloads</u>. Once created you can load your custom formats either through the command line or by selecting them through the User buttons on the Signal Type menu.

# 9.1.1 Workflow for Using Custom Formats

In order to import and use custom formats in the 804 you must take the following high level steps (detailed procedures are provided further below):

- Create custom formats with the Quantum Data Format Editor available from <u>www.quantumdata/com/downloads</u> page. The instructions for using the Format Editor are provided in the 882 User Guide also available from <u>www.quantumdata/com/downloads</u> page.
- Store the .xml format files on your PC.
- Place the 804's USB interface in the **Disk** mode. This is not the default mode for the USB interface.
- Transfer the .xml format file(s) to the FMT directory of 804 over the USB interface.
- Establish a command line session with the 804 from your PC over the USB port.
- Select the custom format through the User Signal Type menu.
- Apply the custom formats using the FMTL and FMTU commands.

# 9.1.2 Procedures for Creating and Loading Custom Formats

Use the following procedures to add custom formats to your 804.

- 1. Create a new custom format or modify existing formats with the Quantum Data Format Editor. You can use some of the sample formats available from the Quantum Data website as a starting point for creating a new format. Be sure to save the file. The format files will be saved as .xml files by the Format Editor.
- 2. Select the **Preferences** from the 804 top level menu.

The following screen will appear:

Preferences	Ho	me Prefere	nces Help
Audible Touch Feedback	Off On		
Screen Brightness	Min 25% {	50% 75%	Max
USB Mode			
Custom Menu	Enter		More
HDMI (RGB)	1080i 30Hz	Master 128	0x720 💼

3. Choose **Disk** mode.

The Disk selection for **USB Mode** in the above screen will be highlighted in green.

4. Power cycle the 804 using the rocker switch on the back panel.

The 804 will appear as a mass storage device on your PC like any other USB drive.

**Note**: If this is the first time you have used the 804 in the **Disk** mode you will have to reformat the disk. The system will prompt you through the format process.

5. Connect the 804 to a PC host via the USB cable provided.

The 804 should appear as a USB storage device.

6. Transfer your custom format .xml files from your PC to the FMT directory of the 804 using standard Windows methods for transferring files to a USB drive, i.e. by dragging and dropping or copying and pasting.

Note: Your formats are limited to 8 characters with an extension (.xml).

7. Touch select the **Preferences** from the 804 top level menu. Refer to the screen below.



- 8. Touch select **COM** for the **USB Mode** (refer to the screen above).
- 9. Power cycle the 804.
- 10. Navigate to the Signal Type menu of the desired interface and select User for the Format Type as indicated below.



11. Navigate to the formats menu to view the list of custom User Formats.



The following screen appears which shows the list of custom formats.

User Format	Hom	Preferences	Help
480P4X60.XML	MYFMT3.XML	MYFMT1.XML	
MYFMT2.XML			( des jury
			-
HDMI (RGB)	1080p 60Hz	Color Bars	

- 12. (Alternatively) Establish a command line session with the 804 from your PC using the procedures described in <u>Command Reference</u>.
- 13. Load a custom format using the following commands:

FMTL <formatName> // where formatName is the name of the custom format
FMTU

### 10 Creating Custom Menus

This section describes how to configure custom menus on the 804. Custom menus enable you to display a menu of commonly used functions on the 804 touch display. This allows you to save time by quickly executing a specific set of resolution and image combinations.

The custom menus are setup using two text files that you create on your PC and transfer over to the 804. The two files are: 1) UserKeys.txt and 2) SeqMap.txt. The UserKeys.txt is a set of commands with menu key codes. Each set of commands is a line in the text file.

### 10.1.1 To create a custom menu:

Use the following procedure to create a custom menu on your 804.

1. Create a UserKeys.txt file or edit an existing file. An example of a UserKeys.txt file is shown below.

```
#F0 fmtl 720p60;imgl user01;fmtu
#F1 fmtl 1080p60;imgl pgcwrgb;fmtu
#F2 fmtl 480p60;imgl smptebar;fmtu
#F3 fmtl dmt0660;imgl ramp;fmtu
#F4 fmtl 1080i30;imgl focus;fmtu
#FF fmtl dmt0660;imgl smpte;fmtu
```

Note that the commands are separated by a semicolon. In the example above in the first line there is a custom bitmap image "user01" that is used.

2. Create a SeqMap.txt file or edit an existing file. An example of a SeqMap.txt file is shown below.

The SeqMap.txt then maps the commands listed in the UserKeys.txt file to a name and a location on the custom menu. The following is an example of a SeqMap.txt file.

```
#F0 720p Master
#F1 1080p PGCWrgb
#F2 480p SMPTEbar
#F3 DMT0660 Ramp
#F4 1080i Focus
#FF Go Home
```

The result of these two files would be the following custom menu:

<ul> <li>Custom Menu</li> </ul>				
720p Master	1080p PGCWrgb	480p SMPTEbar		
DMT0660 Ramp	1080i Focus	Go Home		
		•		
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Touch selecting the key labeled "1080p PGCWrgb" would cause the following command sequence to execute:

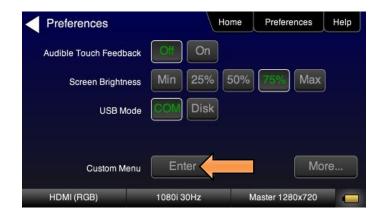
# 10.1.2 To access custom menus:

Use the following procedure access the custom menu on your 804/804A.

1. Navigate to the Preference menu by selecting the Preferences tab from the Home menu.

ome			
Video Pattern	Audio Test Tone	3D Output	Tests
HDMI (YCbCr 4)		i 30Hz	Checkerboard

2. Navigate Touch select **Custom Menu** from the Preference screen as shown below.



The following screen appears.



# 11 Running Audio Tests

This section provides the Instructions for running audio tests on the 804/804A. Procedures are provided for operation both through the front panel and the command line.

### 11.1 Testing HDMI Audio on an HDTV or A/V Receiver

This section provides procedures for testing HDMI audio on an HDTV or A/V Receiver.

Note: It is recommended not to select bitmap images when outputting compressed audio clips.

Table 11-1 below summarizes the 804/804A support for digital audio.

# Table 11-1: Audio Signal Type

Audio Format	Audio Interface	Audio Test Tone Description	Audio Test Tone Options
Dolby 5.1	Supported on the following interfaces: • HDMI	<ul> <li>Provides a set of Dolby 5.1 noise patterns:</li> <li>500-2kHz Pink</li> <li>20-20kHz Pink</li> <li>Impulse</li> <li>Polarity</li> <li>Auto Time Delay (no options)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Channel Selection (gating control):</li> <li>L – turn left channel on</li> <li>C – turn center channel on</li> <li>R – turn right channel on</li> <li>LFE – turn low frequency effects channel on</li> <li>Rs – turn right surround channel on</li> <li>Ls – turn left surround channel on</li> <li>All – turn all channels on</li> <li>Cycle – cycle through all channels in sequence; 8 seconds per channel</li> </ul>
		<ul><li>Provides a set of Dolby 5.1 sine waves:</li><li>Sine Wave</li></ul>	Channel control: <ul> <li>63Hz</li> <li>125Hz</li> <li>1kHz</li> <li>4kHz</li> </ul> For frequency you can select: <ul> <li>Cycle – cycle through all channels in sequence; 8 seconds per channel</li> <li>All – turn all channels on</li> </ul>
Dolby Digital Plus 7.1	Supported on the following interfaces: HDMI	<ul> <li>Provides a set of Dolby Digital Plus sine wave clips:</li> <li>2.0 - 2 channel @ 192kHz sampling rate</li> <li>5.1 - 6 channel @ 192kHz sampling rate</li> <li>7.1 - 8 channel @ 192kHz sampling rate</li> </ul>	Not applicable
Dolby TrueHD	Supported on the following interfaces: HDMI	<ul> <li>Provides a set of TrueHD sine wave clips:</li> <li>2.0 2kHz – 2 channel @ 192kHz sampling rate</li> <li>7.1 1kHz – 8 channel @ 192kHz sampling rate</li> </ul>	Not applicable

Table 11-1: Audio Signal Type			
Audio Format	Audio Interface	Audio Test Tone Description	Audio Test Tone Options
DTS-ES 6.1	Supported on the following interfaces: HDMI	<ul> <li>Provides a set of DTS 6.1 noise patterns:</li> <li>500-2kHz Pink</li> <li>20-20kHz Pink</li> <li>Impulse</li> <li>Polarity</li> <li>Auto Time Delay (no options)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Channel Selection (gating control):</li> <li>L – turn left channel on</li> <li>C – turn center channel on</li> <li>R – turn right channel on</li> <li>LFE – turn low frequency effects channel on</li> <li>Rs – turn right surround channel on</li> <li>Ls – turn left surround channel on</li> <li>Cs – turn center surround channel on</li> <li>All – turn all channels on</li> <li>Cycle – cycle through all channels in sequence; 8 seconds per channel</li> </ul>
		Provides a set of DTS 6.1 sine waves: Sine Wave	Channel control: 63Hz 125Hz 1kHz 4kHz For frequency you can select: Cycle – cycle through all channels in sequence; 8 seconds per channel All – turn all channels on
DTS HD HRA	Supported on the following interfaces: HDMI	<ul> <li>Provides a set of DTS-HD Hi Bit Rate sine wave clips:</li> <li>192kHz 7.1 5376kb HDHRA – 8 channel @ 192kHz sampling rate</li> <li>192kHz 5.1 3840kb HDHRA – 6 channel @ 192kHz sampling rate</li> <li>192kHz 7.1 5760kb HDHRA – 8 channel @ 192kHz sampling rate</li> </ul>	Not applicable
DTS-HD Master Audio	Supported on the following interfaces: HDMI	<ul> <li>Provides a set of DTS HD Master Audio sine wave clips:</li> <li>5.1 192kHz – 6 channel @ 192kHz sampling rate</li> <li>7.1 192kHz – 8 channel @ 192kHz sampling rate</li> </ul>	Not applicable

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Table 11-1: Audio Signal Type			
Audio Format	Audio Interface	Audio Test Tone Description	Audio Test Tone Options
PCM Sine Wave (programmable)	Supported on the following interfaces: HDMI Analog	Provides programmable sine waves for a range of bit depths, sampling rate, amplitudes (levels), sampling rates, frequencies and channel counts.	<ul> <li>Provides programmable sine waves:</li> <li>Bits per sample – 16, 20, 24</li> <li>Sampling rate (kHz) – 32, 44.2, 48, 88.2, 96, 176.4, 192</li> <li>Channels – 2.0, 2.1, 5.1, 6.1, 7.1</li> <li>Level – 0dB to -99dB in 3dB increments (per channel)</li> <li>Frequency – 8Hz to 20kHz in 1Hz, 10Hz ,100Hz 1kHz increments (per channel)</li> <li>Mute – On/Off (per channel)</li> </ul>

### 11.1.1 Procedures for Testing HDMI uncompressed PCM audio on an HDTV

Use the following procedures to run audio tests using LPCM audio test patterns on the HDMI ports of an HDTV.

1. From the main menu screen (shown below), touch select Audio Test Tone.



The Audio Pattern menu appears as shown below:



2. Touch select the HDMI Interface from the Audio Pattern menu.

Alternatively, to select HDMI audio through the command line:

DASI 6 // selects the HDMI audio output FMTU // activates format

3. Touch select the PCM Sine Wave on the Audio Pattern menu (refer to the screen shot above).

The following screen appears:



- 4. Select the audio parameters:
  - Touch select the values for the Bits per Sample using the three buttons provided. (16 bits is selected in the example above.)
  - Touch select the **Sampling Rate** by incrementing the associated arrows adjacent to the current value. (Refer to the screen shot above which shows 48 kHz selected.)
  - Touch select the **Channels** by incrementing the associated arrows adjacent to the current value. (Refer to the screen shot above which shows 2.0 selected.)
  - Specify the Level by touch selecting the associated increment or decrement buttons showing +3dB and -3dB. (Refer to the screen shot above which shows the level at -3dB.) Repeat for each channel. You can specify the level for each channel individually.
  - Specify the **Frequency** of the sine wave by touch selecting the associated increment or decrement buttons. There are four buttons on the left of the current value. (1.00 kHz is shown selected in the screen shot above) The four buttons provide a variety of increment and decrement values for convenience. Repeat for each channel. You can specify the frequency for each channel individually.
  - Specify which channels you want to mute by touch selecting a channel and then touch selecting the **Mute** activation button. You can only select one channel at a time. Note that only the active channels (the ones specified in Channels will be selectable. (Refer to the screen shot above.)

Alternatively, to select HDMI audio parameters for PCM Sine Wave through the command line as follows:

ARAT 48000	// selects the sampling rate to 48kHz
NBPA 24	// selects the number of bits per sample
SRAT 1000	// sets the sine wave frequency of the audio
SAMP -9	// sets the amplitude of the PCM sine wave audio
ALLU	<pre>// activates analog audio parameter settings</pre>

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# 11.1.2 Procedures for Testing HDMI compressed audio on an HDTV

Use the following procedures to run audio tests using Dolby and or DTS audio test patterns on the HDMI ports of an HDTV. Refer to Table 11-1 above for specific examples for setting the options.

1. From the main menu screen (shown below), touch select Audio Pattern.



The Audio Pattern menu appears as shown below:



2. Touch select the HDMI Interface from the Audio Pattern menu as shown above.

Alternatively, to select HDMI audio through the command line:

DASI 6 // selects the HDMI audio output FMTU // activates format

 Touch select a compressed audio format (e.g. Dolby 5.1) on the Audio Pattern menu (refer to the screen shot above). The following screen is an example:

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Dolby 5.1 Samples	Home	e Pr	eferences	Help
500-2kHz Pink	Auto	Time [	Delay	
20-20kHz Pink	63Hz	Cycle	AIL	
Sine Wave		Cycle	All	
Impulse	1kHz	Cycle	All	
Polarity	4kHz	Cycle	All	
HDMI (YCbCr 4:4:4)	1080p 30Hz		Color Bar	'S

4. Touch select the desired audio test pattern. (Sine Wave shown in the screen shot above.)

### 11.1.3 Procedures for Testing Analog Audio on an HDTV

Use the following procedures to run audio tests using PCM Sine Wave audio test patterns on the analog audio output.

1. From the main menu screen (shown below), touch select **Audio Test Tone**.

Home		Home	Preferences	Help
Video Pattern	Audio Test Tone	3D Output	Tests	<del>~</del>
HDMI (YCbCr 4:	4:4) 1080	i 30Hz	Checkerbo	ard

 Touch select the Analog interface from the Audio Pattern menu. The following screen appears: The Audio Pattern menu appears as shown below:

<ul> <li>Audio Pattern</li> </ul>	Home	Preferences	Help
Interface			
Off	Analog	HDMI	
Signal Type			
Dolby 5.1	DTS-ES 6.1	PCM Sine V	Vave
DD+7.1	DTS-HD HRA		
NOTE: For non-PCM audio simultaneously may cause	types, using a bitmap for vi undesirable behavior.	deo pattern	
HDMI (YCbCr 4:4:4)	1080i 30Hz	Color Bar	'S

Alternatively, to select analog audio through the command line:

AASI 1 // selects the analog audio output

ALLU // activates analog audio

3. Touch select the PCM Sine Wave on the Audio Pattern menu.

#### The following screen appears:



- 4. Select the audio parameters:
  - Touch select the values for the Bits per Sample using the three buttons provided. (16 bits is selected in the example above.)
  - Touch select the Sampling Rate by incrementing the associated arrows adjacent to the current value. (Refer to the screen shot above which shows 48 kHz selected.)
  - Touch select the Channels by incrementing the associated arrows adjacent to the current value. (Refer to the screen shot above which shows 2.0 selected.)
  - Specify the Level by touch selecting the associated increment or decrement buttons showing +3dB and -3dB. (Refer to the screen shot above which shows the level at -3dB.) Repeat for each channel. You can specify the level for each channel individually.
  - Specify the Frequency of the sine wave by touch selecting the associated increment or decrement buttons. There are four buttons on the left of the current value. (1.00 kHz is shown selected in the screen shot above) The four buttons provide a variety of increment and decrement values for convenience. Repeat for each channel. You can specify the frequency for each channel individually.
  - Specify which channels you want to mute by touch selecting a channel and then touch selecting the Mute activation button. You can only select one channel at a time. Note that only the active channels (the ones specified in Channels will be selectable. (Refer to the screen shot above.)

#### Alternatively, to select audio parameters through the command line:

NBPA 24	// selects the number of bits per sample
ARAT 48000	// selects the sampling rate to $48kHz$
SRAT 1000	// sets the sine wave frequency of the audio
SAMP -9	$\ensuremath{//}$ sets the amplitude of the PCM sine wave audio
ALLU	<pre>// activates analog audio parameter settings</pre>

# 12 Running Protocol Tests - Using the Front Panel GUI

This section provides the Instructions for Use for the running the HDMI protocol tests. Refer to Table 9-1 above for specific examples for setting the options.

**Note**: If the 804/804A is used in a manner not specified in the guide, the protection provided by the equipment may be impaired.

### 12.1 Testing HDMI Protocols

You can test HDMI protocols (such as HDCP, EDID and CEC) on an HDTV or A/V Receiver.

### 12.1.1 Procedures for Testing HDMI-HDCP protocol on an HDTV

Use the following procedures to run HDCP test on an HDTV.

- 1. Power up the 804/804A using the rocker switch on the back panel and the front panel. The On position is with the toggle switch depressed on the inner side of the switch. Refer to the procedures in Chapter entitled: Instructions for Use.
- 2. From the main menu screen (shown below), touch select Tests.



3. Select HDCP Test from the Sink Tests menu shown below.



	Home	Preferences	Hel
Enable			
Auto-Restart			
Tx Port: 1			

- 4. Touch select the lower button (**Tx Port x**) on the **HDCP Output Test** menu shown below.
- 5. Touch select **Enable** from the **HDCP Output Test** menu shown above.

Touch select Auto-Restart to restart HDCP authentication.

The Pass/Fail results and the key values exchanged during the authentication are presented on the screen as shown below.

HDCP Output Tes	st	Home	Preferences	Help
Disable	Bksv = 0xC6638993 Bcaps = 0x80 ( HDM Generated An = 0x5	AI)	385000828	
Auto-Restart	Aksv = 0xA835BB8 R0 (0x76FF) matche	OCA		
Tx Port: 1				
Result: PASS	Check# Ri = 0x0 Ri' = 0x	0067		
HDMI (YCbCr 4:4:4)	1080p 60H	z	Color Ba	rs

6. Repeat for each HDMI port you wish to test by selecting the lower button (**Tx Port x**).

Note: You will have to select each HDMI port in sequence.

# 12.1.2 Procedures for Testing HDMI-EDID protocol on an HDTV

Use the following procedures to run EDID test on an HDTV.

1. From the main menu screen (shown below), touch select Tests.



The Sink Tests menu appears as shown below.



2. Select EDID Test from the Sink Tests menu shown below.



3. Touch select the lower button (**Tx Port x**) on the **EDID Test** menu shown below.

Note: You will have to select each HDMI port in sequence.

4. Touch select **Read** from the **EDID Test** menu shown below.

The 804/804A indicates whether the checksum and header are okay.



5. Repeat for each HDMI port you wish to test.

### 12.1.3 Procedures for Testing HDMI-CEC protocol on an HDTV

Use the following procedures to run CEC test on an HDTV.

1. From the main menu screen (shown below), touch select **Tests**.

Home		Home	Preferences	Help
Video Pattern	Audio Test Tone	3D Output	Tests	
	da at	N	2	
				-
-		10	12 <u></u>	
HDMI (YCbCr 4:4	:4) 1080	i 30Hz	Checkerbo	ard

The Sink Tests menu appears as shown below.



2. Select CEC Test from the Sink Tests menu shown below.

CEC Output Test	Home	Preferences	Help
Ping			
Tx Port: 1			
HDMI (YCbCr 4:4:4)	1080p 30Hz	Color Ba	rs

3. Touch select the lower button (**Tx Port x**) on the **CEC Test** menu shown below.

Note: You will have to select each HDMI port in sequence.

4. Touch select **Ping** from the **CEC Test** menu shown below.

The results are presented on the screen.

CEC Output Test	Home	Preferences	Help
Ping	(LA=0) found		
Tx Port: 1			
HDMI (YCbCr 4:4:4)	1080p 30Hz	Color Ba	rs

5. Repeat for each HDMI port you wish to test.

# 12.1.4 Procedures for running multi-protocol tests on an HDMI Sink Device

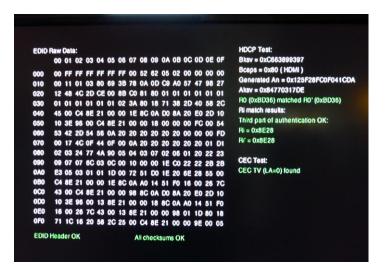
Use the procedures below to run a multi-protocol test on an HDMI sink.

- 1. Make the physical connections between the 804/804A HDMI OUT connector and the display device under test.
- 2. Enable the HDMI output using the procedures at <u>Selecting a Signal Type and Resolution</u>.
- 3. Touch select video pattern status and activation button on the lower right of the LCD interface.

4. Touch select the Aux Combo Test pattern from the second page of the Video Pattern menu shown below.



The results will appear on the connected display. An example of the results is shown below:



5. Alternatively you can run the AuxComboTest from the command line as follows:

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IMGL	AuxTest	

# 13 Using the Keypad

This section provides information and procedures for operating the 804/804A with a keypad. The 804/804A can support keypad operation to enable efficient production test operation. A USB numeric keypad or RS-232 numeric keypad can be used for this application. Supported keypad functions include selection of interface, timing, pattern, and test sequences.

### 13.1 Connecting a Keypad

A USB keypad can be connected to the 804/804A rear panel USB Host connector. Alternatively, an RS-232 keypad can be connected to the 804/804A rear panel RS-232 connector.

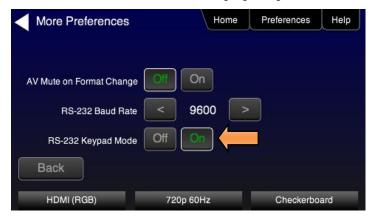


### 13.2 Enabling and Configuring an RS-232 Keypad

If an RS-232 keypad is used, it must be enabled and configured from the 804/804A **Preferences** menu. Use the following procedures to enable a keypad.

- 1. From the 804/804A Home menu, select the Preferences tab. The Preferences menu will be displayed as shown below.
- 2. For the Keypad Mode menu item, select the ON button.

When selected, the **ON** button will be highlighted green.



3. Under RS-232 Baud Rate, use the arrow keys to select the correct baud rate for the keypad to be used. For the Genovation keypad supplied by Quantum Data, choose 1200 baud. After selecting the correct baud rate, use either power switch to power-cycle the 804/804A so that the changes take effect.

#### 13.3 Keypad Functionality

For keypad support, the 804/804A uses four configuration files stored in the root directory of the internal flash. Here are the names and functions of the four files:

UserKeys.txt: This file provides mappings of key codes so that the 804/804A knows which key has been pressed. This
file may be different for each model of keypad that is used. This file should be configured by Quantum Data Engineering,

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and should not be changed by the customer unless you wish to create a specific test sequence. Procedures for creating a test sequence in the UserKeys.txt file are provided further below. Please contact Quantum Data Applications Engineering if you need this file changed, or if you want to use a different model of keypad.

- fmtmap.txt: This file provides mapping of format numbers to specific formats on specific interfaces. Each interface has a
  range of format numbers associated with it, and these ranges are specified in file intmap.txt. An example of the mapping
  for this file is depicted in Table 13-2.
- intmap.txt: This file specifies the ranges of format numbers assigned to each video interface. An example of the mapping for this file is depicted in Table 13-3.
- imgmap.txt: This file provides a mapping of test pattern numbers to the actual test patterns. An example of the mapping for this file is depicted in Table 13-4.

Table 13-1 – Keypad Functions	
Кеу	Function
Num Lock	Timing - Select a format
1	Pattern - Select an image
*	Program – Create a sequence
. or Del	Out or End
-	Go to Previous item
+	Go to Next item

Keypad functions are assigned as shown in Table 13-1 below:

### 13.4 Selecting a Format (Timing)

A format can be selected by pressing the TIMING key followed by the number that represents the desired timing and interface. The following is an example of how you would select a format using the Format Map file shown in Table 13-2 below. Table 13-3 further below shows a sample mapping between formats (timings) and interfaces.

TIMING

352

ENTER

This will change the timing format to 1080p60 on the HDMI interface. Then the "Previous" and "Next" keys can be pressed to sequence through the format list. The following table is an example of a map between formats and keypad numbers that you would select.

Table 13-2 – Example Format Map File		
Format Number	Format Name	Interface-Specific
301	NTSC44	
302	NTSC-J	
303	NTSC-M	
304	PAL-BDGH	
305	PAL-N	TV
306	PAL-NC	
307	PAL-M	
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308	PAL-60	
310	480i30	
311	576i25	
312	480p59	
313	576p50	
314	720p60	
315	720p59	
316	720p50	
317	1035i30	
318	1035i24	
319	1152i25	BNC
320	1080i25	(YPbPr)
321	1080i24	
322	1080i29	
323	1080i30	
324	1080p24	
325	1080p24	
326	1080p25	
327	1080p29	
328	1080p30	
329	1080p50	BNC
330	1080p59	(YPbPr)
331	1080p60	
332	480i24	
333	480p60	
334	1080i30	DVI
335	720p60	
336	1080p59	
341	480i24	
342	480i24	
343	576i25	
344	480p60	
345	480p59	
346	576p50	
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347	720p60	
348	720p50	
349	1080i30	
350	1080i25	
351	1080p50	
352	1080p60	
353	DMT0659	HDMI
354	DMT0860	
355	DMT1060	
368	1080p59	
370	720p59	
371	1080p50	
372	1080i25	
373	1080i24	
374	576i25	
375	480i30	
396	720p59	
397	DMT0660	
398	480p60	

Table 13-3 – Format Range per Interface Map		
Interface Number	Interface Name	
301 - 309	TV	
310 - 331	BNC + S-Video + CVBS (ED/HD)	
332 - 336	DVI	
341 - 398	НОМІ	
400 - 499	VGA(HD15) Analog RGB	
500 - 599	VGA(HD15) Analog YPbPr	

# 13.5 Selecting a Test Pattern (Image)

A test pattern (image) can be selected by pressing the PATTERN key followed by the number that represents the desired pattern. The following is an example of how you would select a test pattern using the Image Map file shown in Table 13-4 below.

PATTERN

001

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ENTER

This will display the SMPTEBar pattern at the current format and on the current interface. Then the "Previous" and "Next" keys can be pressed to sequence through the pattern list.

Table 13-4 – Example Image Map File		
Image Number	Image Name	
001	SmpteBar	
002	TVBar100	
003	TVBar_75	
004	H_Stair	
005	Pluge	
100	Ramp	
101	SplitGray	
200	LG_V_CBAR	
300	EcoFlower	
301	Halation	
302	Loading	
400	Flat	
401	Flat93	
402	Flat87	
403	Flat80	
404	Flat73	
405	Flat67	
406	Flat60	
407	Flat53	
500	PRN24Bit	

# 13.6 Programming a Test Sequence using the keypad

You can create and run test sequences in one of two ways.

- 1) You can program a test sequence through the keypad using the procedures below.
- 2) You can create a sequence by adding a set of commands to the UserKeys.txt file using the procedures below.

The following is an example of how to create a typical test sequence file using the keypad.

1. Touch select the **Preferences** from the 804 top level menu. Refer to the screen below.

Preferences	Home	Preferences Help
Audible Touch Feedback	Off On	
Screen Brigh	Min 25% 50%	75% Max
USB Mode	COM Disk	
Custom Menu	Enter	More
HDMI (RGB)	1080i 30Hz	Master 1280x720

# 2. Touch select **COM** for the **USB Mode** (refer to the screen above).

Keypad functions are assigned as shown in Table 13-5 below:

Table 13-5 – Keypad Functions	
Кеу	Function
Num Lock	TIMING - Select a format
1	PATTERN - Select an image
*	Program PROG – Create a sequence
. or Del	OUT or END
-	Go to Previous item
+	Go to <b>NEXT</b> item

# 3. Define a sequence as follows:

# **Note**: Information after "//" are comments to help you understand.

OUT	// press the OUT key to start the creation of the sequence
001	// enter the sequence number
PROG	// press the PROG key to begin programming
TIMING	
344	// 480p60 HDMI
PATTERN	
001	// SmpteBar pattern
NEXT	
TIMING	
347	// 720p60 HDMI
PATTERN	
004	// horizontal stair

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NEXT	
TIMING	
352	// 1080p60 HDMI
PATTERN	
100	// ramp
END	$//\ensuremath{\left }$ press the END key to halt the of sequence programming

#### 4. Play back a sequence as follows.

OUT			
001			
NEXT			
NEXT			
(repeat	NEXT	or	PREVIOUS)

#### 13.7 Programming a Test Sequence in the UserKeys file

You can also create a test sequence by including a set of commands in the UserKeys.txt file. The UserKeys.txt file is primarily used internally for mapping the keypad keys to a set of commands for general keypad use. However you can also use the UserKeys.txt file to store programming test sequences similar to macros.

The following is an example of a UserKeys.txt file which shows the keypad mapping and more importantly a test sequence instruction set (#F0, #F1 and #FF). Note that there are two macro test sequences defined #F0 and #F1. The #FF definition is a macro that simply disables manufacturing mode in the 804 test instrument. The #F0 macro also shows a special use case for the kbrd command. In this case the kbrd f0 command will cause the macro to loop back on itself such that the #F0 macro continuously loops.

**Note**: Do not change any of the keypad mapping commands. These are the commands such as xkpm, xkpkj, xkpu, xkpi. Modifying these commands will affect the general functions of the keypad.

S xkpm 2

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IVEA	31011	A 10

b xkpi 0

c xkpm 3

#F0 xvsi 4;fmtl 720p60;imgl smptebar;fmtu;dlay 5000;fmtl 480p60;imgl h\_stair;fmtu;dlay 5000;fmtl 1080i30;imgl needle;fmtu;dlay 5000;fmtl 1080p60;imgl decodchk;fmtu;dlay 5000;fmtl 480i30;imgl v\_3bars;fmtu;dlay 5000

#F1 xvsi 4;fmtl cvt1460d;imgl checkby6;fmtu;dlay 5000;fmtl dmt1170\_;fmtu;dlay 5000;fmtl
dmt0660;fmtu;dlay 5000

#FF mfgm 0

To run a test sequence macro stored in the UserKeys.txt file you use the kbrd command on the command line as follows.

KBRD F0 // This command would run the F0 macro in the UserKeys.txt file (case is not important)

# 14 Upgrading the 804/804A

#### 14.1 Upgrading the Firmware and Gateware on your 804/804A

You can upgrade the firmware and gateware on your 804/804A through the USB interface. In order to upgrade the 804/804A firmware and gateware you have to put the 804/804A in the "Disk" mode.

**Important Note**: Be sure to check the Release Notes on the Quantum Data website for additional information on upgrading for a particular release. The instructions below may not apply in all upgrade scenarios.

Use the following procedure to upgrade the firmware and gateware for your 804/804A.

- 1. Download the 804/804A firmware and gateware (if necessary) files from the Quantum Data website http://www.quantumdata.com/downloads/index.asp to your PC and unzip the file.
- 2. Connect the 804/804A to a PC host via the USB cable provided.
- 3. Touch select the Preferences from the 804/804A top menu.
- 4. Choose **Disk** for the USB Mode. Refer to the screen below.



- 5. Power cycle the 804/804A.
- 6. The 804/804A appears as a mass storage device like any other USB drive.
- 7. Transfer the new firmware (VP500app.bin) and Bootstrap (bootstrp.bin) file from your PC to the 804/804A using standard Windows drag and drop techniques.
- 8. Transfer the new gateware (mltfpga.bin [804]) & mlt2fpga.bin [804A]) from your PC to the 804/804A using standard Windows drag and drop techniques.
- 9. Use Windows Eject function on the 804 USB device then physically disconnect the 804 from your PC.
- 10. Power cycle the 804/804A.
- 11. Navigate to the **Help** window.

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Help	Home	Preferences	Help
USB Storage Flash	Erase		
Application Flash	Update		
FPGA Flash	Update		
	SW Ver. 10112413 FPGA Ver. 10081601		
HDMI (RGB)	720p 60Hz	Zone Plate	

12. Activate the gateware (if you are updating the FPGA Flash) by touching the associated Update button.

A confirmation prompt is displayed. Touch select Confirm to initiate the firmware upgrade. (**Note**: The screen on your unit may appear slightly different.)

< Help	Home	Preferences	Help
USB Storage Flash	Erase		
Application Flash	Update		
FPGA Flash	Update	Confirm	
	SW Ver. 10112413 FPGA Ver. 10081601		
HDMI (RGB)	720p 60Hz	Zone Plate	

The screen will show several messages indicating the progress of the update. Once the gateware update has completed the following screen appears.



- 13. Reboot the 804/804A by power cycling.
- 14. Navigate back to the Help menu to access the upgrade screen.
- 15. Activate the firmware (Application Flash) by touch selecting the associated **Update** button.

A confirmation prompt is displayed as shown below. Touch select Confirm to initiate the firmware upgrade.

Help	Home	Preferences	Help
USB Storage Flash	Erase		
Application Flash	Update	Confirm	'n
FPGA Flash	Update		
	SW Ver. 10112413 FPGA Ver. 10081601		
HDMI (RGB)	720p 60Hz	Zone Plate	

The screen will show several messages indicating the progress of the update. Once the firmware update has completed the following screen appears.

- Help	Home	Preferences	Help
USB Storage Flash	Erase		
Application Flash	Update		
FPGA Flash	Update	Updated	
Please reboot the un	ilt now Version 09041234 FPGA Ver. 09042345		
НДМІ	1080p 59.94Hz	Color Bars	

- 16. Reboot the 804/804A by power cycling.
- 17. Navigate back to the Help menu to verify the upgraded versions.

# 15 Command Reference

This section provides a list of commands available for use with the 804/804A.

Note: The 804/804A front panel can operate in one of two modes: 1) Manufacturing mode enabled (read only) or 2) Manufacturing mode disabled (front panel touch mode – read and write). Please be aware that if the manufacturing mode is disabled, the 804/804A front panel touch display will not always reflect the true state of the 804/804A outputs when you make changes in the configuration through the command line.

### 15.1 Video-Related commands

ALLU	
Command supported?: Y	Query supported?: N
Same as the FMTU command.	
Example:	
FMTL 720p60	
ALLU	
ACRG	
Command supported?: Y	Query supported?: Y
Enables or disables the sending of the Audio Clock Regeneration packets on the HDMI outputs. Valid values are: 0 = disable; 1 = enable.	
Requires FMTU or ALLU to activate.	
Query returns the current setting of the ACR gating.	
Example to set ACR:	
ACRG 1 // enables audio clock regeneration packets.	
ACRG? // returns the current setting.	
ANIM	
Command supported?: N	Query supported?: Y
Reports whether an image is animated. (This product does not support "animated images" currently. Therefore the query will always return 0.)	
ASSS	
Command supported?: Y	Query supported?: Y
Sets analog sync signal swing in volts.	
Requires FMTU or ALLU to activate.	
Query returns the current setting of the sync signal swing.	
Example:	
ASSS 0.286	
ASSS? // returns the current setting.	
ASSG	
Command supported?: Y	Query supported?: Y
Sets analog sync signal gating on the R/Pr, G/Y and B/Pb channels.	
Requires FMTU or ALLU to activate.	
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Query returns the current setting of the analog sync signal ga	ting.	
Example to set the analog sync on the green or Y channel:		
ASSG 0 1 0 // disables R/Pr and B/Pb channels; enables G/Y.		
Or		
ASSG 1 // shortcut to enable sync on all	3 channels.	
ASSG? // returns the current setting.		
AVMG		
Command supported?: Y	Query supported?: Y	
Sets or clears AVmute on the HDMI outputs.		
Requires FMTU or ALLU to activate.		
Query returns the current setting of the AVmute gating.		
Example to set AVmute:		
AVMG 1 // enables (sets) AVmute.		
AVMG? // returns the current setting.		
AVMM		
Command supported?: Y	Query supported?: Y	
Enables or disables AVMute on format change on the HDMI	putput.	
Requires FMTU or ALLU to activate.		
Query returns the current setting.		
Example to set AVMM:		
AVMM 1 // enables AVmute when a format ch	ange occurs on the HDMI Output.	
AVMM 0 // disables AVmute when a format c	hange occurs on the HDMI Output.	
AVMM? // returns the current setting.		
AVST		
Command supported?: Y	Query supported?: Y	
Sets the analog video signal type. Valid values are: VGA RGB = 4; VGA YPbPr = 7; BNC RGB/YPbPr = 16		
Requires FMTU or ALLU to activate.		
Query returns the current setting of the analog video signal type.		
Example:		
AVST 4 // Activates the VGA output for RGB video.		
AVST? // returns the current setting.		
BMDG		
Command supported?: Y	Query supported?: Y	
Enables or disables "bitmap decimation" mode. Valid values are: Valid values are: 0 = disable; 1 = enable. If enabled and the format is too demanding for 804(A)'s analog outputs (faster than 75 or 80MHz, depending on the output), the bitmap image will be rendered using every Nth pixel. Useful for photo image rendering, not as useful for test patterns. Requires FMTU or ALLU to activate.		

Query returns the current setting value.			
Example:			
BMDG 1 (enables bitmap decimation)			
CSPP			
Command supported?: Y	Query supported?: Y		
Sets the polarity of the composite sync. Enter a value of 0 for a negative going pulse. Enter a value of 1 for a positive going pulse.			
Requires FMTU or ALLU to activate.			
Query returns the current setting for the polarity of the composite sync.			
Example:			
CSPP 1 // sets polarity of composite sync	to positive.		
CSPP? // returns the current setting.			
CSPG			
Command supported?: Y	Query supported?: Y		
Sets the enable gate of the composite sync signal. Enables a digital composite sync is selected via the SSST command (S			
Requires FMTU or ALLU to activate.			
Query returns the current setting for the composite sync gate			
Example:			
CSPG 1 // sets composite sync.			
CSPG // returns current setting of compo	site sync.		
DVQM	DVQM		
Command supported?: Y	Query supported?: Y		
Command supported?: Y Sets the quantization mode (color range) for the video in HDI			
Sets the quantization mode (color range) for the video in HD	MI. Valid values are: 0 = 0-255; 2 = 16-235.		
Sets the quantization mode (color range) for the video in HDI Requires FMTU or ALLU to activate.	MI. Valid values are: 0 = 0-255; 2 = 16-235.		
Sets the quantization mode (color range) for the video in HDI Requires FMTU or ALLU to activate. Query returns the current setting of the digital quantization m	MI. Valid values are: 0 = 0-255; 2 = 16-235. ode.		
Sets the quantization mode (color range) for the video in HDI Requires FMTU or ALLU to activate. Query returns the current setting of the digital quantization m Examples:	MI. Valid values are: 0 = 0-255; 2 = 16-235. ode.		
Sets the quantization mode (color range) for the video in HDD         Requires FMTU or ALLU to activate.         Query returns the current setting of the digital quantization m         Examples:         DVQM 2       // sets the mode or range to 16-	MI. Valid values are: 0 = 0-255; 2 = 16-235. ode. 235).		
Sets the quantization mode (color range) for the video in HDD Requires FMTU or ALLU to activate. Query returns the current setting of the digital quantization m Examples: DVQM 2 // sets the mode or range to 16- or	MI. Valid values are: 0 = 0-255; 2 = 16-235. ode. 235).		
Sets the quantization mode (color range) for the video in HDD         Requires FMTU or ALLU to activate.         Query returns the current setting of the digital quantization m         Examples:         DVQM 2       // sets the mode or range to 16-         or         DVQM 0       // sets the mode or range to 0-2	MI. Valid values are: 0 = 0-255; 2 = 16-235. ode. 235).		
Sets the quantization mode (color range) for the video in HDD         Requires FMTU or ALLU to activate.         Query returns the current setting of the digital quantization m         Examples:         DVQM 2       // sets the mode or range to 16-         or         DVQM 0       // sets the mode or range to 0-2         DVQM?       // returns the current value.	MI. Valid values are: 0 = 0-255; 2 = 16-235. ode. 235).		
Sets the quantization mode (color range) for the video in HDD         Requires FMTU or ALLU to activate.         Query returns the current setting of the digital quantization m         Examples:         DVQM 2       // sets the mode or range to 16-         or         DVQM 0       // sets the mode or range to 0-2         DVQM?       // returns the current value.	MI. Valid values are: 0 = 0-255; 2 = 16-235. ode. 235) . 55) . Query supported?: Y		
Sets the quantization mode (color range) for the video in HDD         Requires FMTU or ALLU to activate.         Query returns the current setting of the digital quantization m         Examples:         DVQM 2       // sets the mode or range to 16-         or         DVQM 0       // sets the mode or range to 0-2         DVQM?       // returns the current value.         DVSM         Command supported?: Y	MI. Valid values are: 0 = 0-255; 2 = 16-235. ode. 235) . 55) . Query supported?: Y		
Sets the quantization mode (color range) for the video in HDD         Requires FMTU or ALLU to activate.         Query returns the current setting of the digital quantization m         Examples:         DVQM 2       // sets the mode or range to 16-         or         DVQM 0       // sets the mode or range to 0-2         DVQM?       // returns the current value.         DVSM         Command supported?: Y         Sets the sampling mode between 4:4:4 and 4:2:2 in YCbCr m	MI. Valid values are: 0 = 0-255; 2 = 16-235. ode. 235) . 55) . Query supported?: Y node on HDMI. Valid values are: 2 = 4:2:2; 4 = 4:4:4.		
Sets the quantization mode (color range) for the video in HDD Requires FMTU or ALLU to activate. Query returns the current setting of the digital quantization m Examples: DVQM 2 // sets the mode or range to 16- or DVQM 0 // sets the mode or range to 0-2 DVQM? // returns the current value. DVQM? Command supported?: Y Sets the sampling mode between 4:4:4 and 4:2:2 in YCbCr m Requires FMTU or ALLU to activate.	MI. Valid values are: 0 = 0-255; 2 = 16-235. ode. 235) . 55) . Query supported?: Y node on HDMI. Valid values are: 2 = 4:2:2; 4 = 4:4:4.		
Sets the quantization mode (color range) for the video in HDD Requires FMTU or ALLU to activate. Query returns the current setting of the digital quantization m Examples: DVQM 2 // sets the mode or range to 16- or DVQM 0 // sets the mode or range to 0-2 DVQM? // returns the current value. DVSM Command supported?: Y Sets the sampling mode between 4:4:4 and 4:2:2 in YCbCr m Requires FMTU or ALLU to activate. Query returns the current setting of the digital sampling mode	MI. Valid values are: 0 = 0-255; 2 = 16-235. ode. 235) . 55) . Query supported?: Y node on HDMI. Valid values are: 2 = 4:2:2; 4 = 4:4:4.		



or		
DVSM 4 // sets the sampling to 4:4:4.		
DVSM? // returns the current value.		
DVST		
Command supported?: Y	Query supported?: Y	
Sets the digital video signal type. Valid values are: HDMI/DV	I RGB = 10; HDMI YCbCr = 14.	
Requires FMTU or ALLU to activate.		
Query returns the current setting of the digital video signal ty	pe.	
Example:		
DVST 10 // activates the HDMI/DVI output	; for RGB video).	
DVST? // returns the current value.		
EQUA		
Command supported?: Y	Query supported?: Y	
Sets how many lines of equalization come after VSYNC.		
Requires FMTU or ALLU to activate.		
Query returns the current setting for the number of lines of e	qualization.	
Example:		
EQUA 1 // sets the equalization to 1 li	ine after vsync.	
EQUA? // returns the current value.		
EQUB		
Command supported?: Y	Query supported?: Y	
Sets how many lines of equalization come before VSYNC.		
Requires FMTU or ALLU to activate.		
Query returns the current setting for the number of lines of e	qualization.	
Example:		
EQUB 2 // sets the equalization to 2 line before vsync.		
EQUB? // returns the current value.		
FMTL		
Command supported?: Y	Query supported?: Y	
Loads a format. Takes a format name as a parameter. Requires FMTU or ALLU to activate.		
Requires FMTU or ALLU to activate.		
Query returns the currently loaded format.		
Examples:		
FMTL 720p60 // loads the 720p60 format.		
FMTL? // returns the current value.		
FMTU		
Command supported?: Y	Query supported?: Y	
Uses the currently loaded format. Takes no parameters.		
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Query returns the currently used format.		
Example:		
FMTL 720p60		
FMTU		
HRAT		
Command supported?: Y	Query supported?: Y	
Sets the line rate in Hz.		
Requires FMTU or ALLU to activate.		
Query returns the line rate of the currently loaded image.		
Example:		
HRAT 15750		
HRES		
Command supported?: Y	Query supported?: Y	
Sets the number of active pixels in a line of video.		
Requires FMTU or ALLU to activate.		
Query returns the number of active pixels in a line of the curr	ently loaded format.	
Example:		
HRES 1920 // sets horizontal resolution to	1920 pixels.	
HRES? // returns the current value.		
HSPD		
Command supported?: Y	Query supported?: Y	
Sets the number of pixel periods of the front porch (delay) of horizontal blanking. (H_ACTIVE to HSYNC in HDMI terminology)		
Requires FMTU or ALLU to activate.		
Query returns the number of total pixels in the front porch of	the currently loaded format.	
Example:		
HSPD 88 // sets horizontal blanking to 8	8 pixels.	
HSPD? // returns the current value.		
HSPW		
Command supported?: Y	Query supported?: Y	
Command supported?: Y Sets the number of pixel periods (width) of the horizontal syn		
Sets the number of pixel periods (width) of the horizontal syn		
Sets the number of pixel periods (width) of the horizontal syn Requires FMTU or ALLU to activate.		
Sets the number of pixel periods (width) of the horizontal syn Requires FMTU or ALLU to activate. Query returns the horizontal sync pulse width in pixels.	c pulse (HSYNC).	
Sets the number of pixel periods (width) of the horizontal syn Requires FMTU or ALLU to activate. Query returns the horizontal sync pulse width in pixels. Example:	c pulse (HSYNC).	
Sets the number of pixel periods (width) of the horizontal syn         Requires FMTU or ALLU to activate.         Query returns the horizontal sync pulse width in pixels.         Example:         HSPW 44       // sets horizontal sync pulse width	c pulse (HSYNC).	
Sets the number of pixel periods (width) of the horizontal syn         Requires FMTU or ALLU to activate.         Query returns the horizontal sync pulse width in pixels.         Example:         HSPW 44       // sets horizontal sync pulse width in pixels.         HSPW?       // returns the current setting.	c pulse (HSYNC).	
Sets the number of pixel periods (width) of the horizontal syn Requires FMTU or ALLU to activate. Query returns the horizontal sync pulse width in pixels. Example: HSPW 44 // sets horizontal sync pulse w HSPW? // returns the current setting. HSPP	c pulse (HSYNC). ridth to 44 pixels.	

Sets the polarity of the HSYNC pulse. Enter 0 for negative go	ing pulse. Enter 1 for a positive going pulse.	
Requires FMTU or ALLU to activate.		
Query returns the polarity of the sync pulse.		
Example to set the horizontal sync pulse to a positive going pulse:		
HSPP 1 // sets horizontal pulse to positive polarity.		
HSPP? // returns the current setting.		
HSPG		
Command supported?: Y	Query supported?: Y	
Sets the enable gate of the HSYNC signal. Enter a value of 0 HSYNC gate.	to disable the HSYNC gate. Enter a value of 1 to enable the	
Requires FMTU or ALLU to activate.		
Query returns the current state of the HSYNC gate.		
Example:		
HSPG 1 // enables horizontal sync out	put.	
HSPG? // returns the current setting		
НТОТ		
Command supported?: Y	Query supported?: Y	
Sets the number of total pixels in a line of video.		
Requires FMTU or ALLU to activate.		
Query returns the number of total pixels in a line of the curren	ntly loaded format.	
Example:		
HTOT 2200 // sets horizontal total to 22	00 pixels.	
HTOT? // returns the current setting		
IFGC		
Command supported?: Y	Query supported?: Y	
Enables or disables HDMI Infoframe checksum calculation. This enables you to send corrupted infoframes.		
Example:		
IFGC 1 // enables HDMI infoframe chec	ksum calculation.	
IFGC 0 // disables HDMI infoframe che	cksum calculation.	
IFGC? // returns the current setting.		
IFGU		
Command supported?: Y	Query supported?: N	
Activates an infoframe command.		
Examples:		
XAVI:S 1 // sets scan parameter to overscanned.		
IFGU // required to invoke the command.		
IFTG		
Command supported?: Y	Query supported?: Y	
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Enables infoframe transmission.		
Refer to EIA/CEA-861-D standard for mask values for each infoframe.		
Example:		
IFTG 138 // ensure particular infoframe	e is enabled (beim	ng transmitted).
IFTG? // verify that it is enabled.		
138		
XAVI:S 1 // sets scan parameter to over	rscanned.	
IFGU // required to invoke the com	nand.	
IMGL		
Command supported?: Y	Query supported?: Y	
Loads an image. Takes an image name as a parameter.		
Requires IMGU, FMTU or ALLU to activate.		
Query returns the currently loaded image.		
Examples:		
IMGL SMPTEBar // loads smptebar image		
IMGL User00 // first bitmap in UserPats.t	xt	
IMGU		
Command supported?: Y	Query supported?: Y	
Uses (activates) the currently loaded image. Takes no para	meters.	
Query returns the currently used image.		
IMGL SMPTEBar		
IMGU		
NBPC		
Command supported?: Y	Query supported?: Y	
Sets the number of bits per component on HDMI. Valid values are: 8 = 8 bits per component; 10 = 10 bits per component; 12 = 12 bits per component. Only affects output when color space is RGB or YCbCr 4:4:4.		
Requires FMTU or ALLU to activate.		
Query returns the current setting of the number of bits per c	omponent on HDMI.	
Example:		
NBPC 12 // sets the component bit depth to 12)		
NBPC? // returns the current value.		
OUTG		
Command supported?: Y	Query supported?: Y	
Sets the enable gate of video output. (This is defaulted to 1	- only set to 0 to disab	le video when absolutely necessary.)
Requires FMTU or ALLU to activate.		
Query returns the current setting for the enable gate for the	video.	
Example:		
OUTG 1 // enables the outputs.		
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	OUTG? // returns the current setting.		
REDG/GRNG/BLUG			
Command supported?: Y	Query supported?: Y		
Enables red/green/blue, respectively. (Also see XVSG.)			
Requires FMTU or ALLU to activate.			
Query returns the current setting for enabling red, green, blue	e video.		
Examples:			
REDG 1 // enables the red output channe	1.		
GRNG 0 // disables the green output channel.			
BLUG 1 // enables the blue output channel.			
BLUG? // returns the current setting.			
SCAN			
Command supported?: Y	Query supported?: Y		
Sets the current format to either progressive (SCAN 1) or inte	erlaced (SCAN 2).		
Requires FMTU or ALLU to activate.			
Query returns the current setting for the scan type.			
Example:			
SCAN 1 // sets the output to progressive			
SCAN? // returns the current setting.			
SIRE			
Command supported?: Y	Query supported?: Y		
Sets the IRE level on specific flat-color images.			
Examples:			
SIRE 50 // sets the ire level to 50%.			
SIRE? // returns the current setting.	SIRE? // returns the current setting.		
SSST			
SSST Command supported?: Y	Query supported?: Y		
Command supported?: Y Determines which sync signal type is selected. This applies t			
Command supported?: Y Determines which sync signal type is selected. This applies t value of 3 = sync on Y. Requires FMTU or ALLU to activate.			
Command supported?: Y Determines which sync signal type is selected. This applies to value of 3 = sync on Y. Requires FMTU or ALLU to activate. Query returns the current setting of the sync signal type.			
Command supported?: Y Determines which sync signal type is selected. This applies t value of 3 = sync on Y. Requires FMTU or ALLU to activate.	o the VGA analog output. A value of 1 = separate sync. A		
Command supported?: Y Determines which sync signal type is selected. This applies to value of 3 = sync on Y. Requires FMTU or ALLU to activate. Query returns the current setting of the sync signal type. Example:	o the VGA analog output. A value of 1 = separate sync. A		
Command supported?: Y Determines which sync signal type is selected. This applies to value of 3 = sync on Y. Requires FMTU or ALLU to activate. Query returns the current setting of the sync signal type. Example: SSST 3 // sets the sync signal type to sync	o the VGA analog output. A value of 1 = separate sync. A		
Command supported?: Y Determines which sync signal type is selected. This applies t value of 3 = sync on Y. Requires FMTU or ALLU to activate. Query returns the current setting of the sync signal type. Example: SSST 3 // sets the sync signal type to sy SSST? // returns the current value.	o the VGA analog output. A value of 1 = separate sync. A		
Command supported?: Y Determines which sync signal type is selected. This applies to value of 3 = sync on Y. Requires FMTU or ALLU to activate. Query returns the current setting of the sync signal type. Example: SSST 3 // sets the sync signal type to sy SSST? // returns the current value. VRES	o the VGA analog output. A value of 1 = separate sync. A nc on Y.		
Command supported?: Y Determines which sync signal type is selected. This applies to value of 3 = sync on Y. Requires FMTU or ALLU to activate. Query returns the current setting of the sync signal type. Example: SSST 3 // sets the sync signal type to sy SSST? // returns the current value. VRES Command supported?: Y	o the VGA analog output. A value of 1 = separate sync. A nc on Y.		
Command supported?: Y Determines which sync signal type is selected. This applies to value of 3 = sync on Y. Requires FMTU or ALLU to activate. Query returns the current setting of the sync signal type. Example: SSST 3 // sets the sync signal type to sy SSST? // returns the current value. VRES Command supported?: Y Sets the number of active lines in a frame of video.	o the VGA analog output. A value of 1 = separate sync. A nc on Y.		

Query returns the number of active lines in a frame of the cu	rrently loaded format.	
Example:		
VRES // sets the vertical resolution to 1080 lines		
VRES? // returns the current value.		
νтот		
Command supported?: Y	Query supported?: Y	
Sets the number of total lines in a frame of video.		
Requires FMTU or ALLU to activate.		
Query returns the number of total lines in a frame of the curr	ently loaded format.	
Example:		
VTOT 1125 // sets the vertical total to 12	125 lines.	
VTOT? // returns the current value.		
VSPD		
Command supported?: Y	Query supported?: Y	,
Sets the number of line periods of the front porch (delay) of	vertical blanking. (V_A	CTIVE to VSYNC in HDMI terminology)
Requires FMTU or ALLU to activate.		
Query returns the number of line periods of the front porch (	delay) of vertical blanki	ng for the loaded format.
Example:		
VSPD 4 // sets the vertical front porch	n to 4 lines.	
VSPD? // returns the current value.		
VSPW		
Command supported?: Y	Query supported?: Y	
Sets the number of line periods (width) of the vertical sync p	ulse (VSYNC).	
Requires FMTU or ALLU to activate.		
Query returns the number of line periods (width) of the vertice	al sync pulse (VSYNC)	) for the loaded format.
Example:		
VSPW 4 // sets the vertical pulse wid	dth to 4 lines.	
VSPW? // returns the current value.		
VSPP		
Command supported?: Y	Query supported?: Y	,
Sets the polarity of the VSYNC pulse. Setting polarity to 1 causes the leading edge of vertical sync to be a low-to-high transition. Setting polarity to 0 causes the leading edge of vertical sync to be a high-to-low transition.		
Requires FMTU or ALLU to activate.		
Query returns current setting of the polarity for the VSYNC pulse for the loaded format.		
Example:		
VSPP // sets the vertical pulse polarity to low to high.		
VSPP? // returns the current value.		
VSPG		
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Command supported?: Y	Query supported?: Y	
Sets the enable gate of the VSYNC signal. Enter a value of 0 to disable the VSYNC gate. Enter a value of 1 to enable the VSYNC gate.		
Requires FMTU or ALLU to activate.		
Query returns the current status of the gate of the VSYNC.		
Example:		
VSPG // enables the vertical pulse.		
VSPG? // returns the current value.		
X3DM		
Command supported?: Y	Query supported?: N	
Enables you to enable 3D and to set the 3D frame structure	to send out the HDMI outputs.	
X3DM: enable method sampling		
Refer to the EIA/CEA-861-E standard for details.		
Where <i>enable</i> is:		
0 = disable 3D		
1 = enable 3D		
Where <i>method</i> is:		
0 = Frame Packing		
2 = Line Alternative		
3 = Side by Side (Full)		
4 = L + Depth		
6 = Top and Bottom		
8 = Side by Side (Half)		
Where sampling is the Side-by-Side Horizontal Sub-Sampli	ng method. Can be one of:	
0 - Odd/Left picture, Odd/Right picture 1 - Odd/Left picture, Even/Right picture		
2 - Even/Left picture, Odd/Right picture		
3 - Even/Left picture, Even/Right picture		
Quincunx Matrix:		
4 - Odd/Left picture, Odd/Right picture		
5 - Odd/Left picture, Even/Right picture		
6 - Even/Left picture, Odd/Right picture 7 - Even/Left picture, Even/Right picture		
Examples:		
	t for 3D and sets structure to Frame Packing.	
IFGU // required to invoke the	-	
	t for 3D and sets structure to Side by Side ture, Odd/Right picture subsampling.	
IFGU // required to invoke the		
XAUD		

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Command supported?: Y	Query supported?: Y	
Enables you to send Audio infoframes out the HDMI outp	buts. This will not change the HDMI audio content.	
XAUD:audparameter value		
Parameters are optional. Refer to the EIA/CEA-861-D standard for details on each parameter and their values.		
Where audparameters are:		
CA – Channel assignment. Sets the channel assignment value or retrieves the value transmitted.		
CC - Channel count. Sets the channel count value or retrieves the value transmitted.		
CT – Audio coding type. Sets the audio coding type value or retrieves the value transmitted.		
SS – Sample size. Sets the sample size value or retrieve	es the value transmitted.	
SF – Sampling frequency. Sets the sampling frequency	value or retrieves the value transmitted.	
DMI – Down-mix inhibit. Sets the down-mix inhibit value	or retrieves the value transmitted.	
LSV – Level shift value. Sets the level shift value or retrie	eves the value transmitted.	
PBL – LFE playback level. Sets the LFE playback level of	or retrieves the level transmitted.	
CSUM – Checksum. Sets or gets the checksum value for	r the corresponding InfoFrame.	
Examples:		
XAUD:CC 2 // sets the channel count	to 3.	
IFGU // required to invoke the command.		
IFGU // required to invoke the command.		
XAUD:CC? // returns the channel co		
XAUD:CC? // returns the channel co		
XAUD:CC? // returns the channel co	Query supported?: Y	
XAUD:CC? // returns the channel co XAVI Command supported?: Y	Query supported?: Y	
XAUD:CC?       // returns the channel co         XAVI         Command supported?: Y         Enables you to send AVI infoframes out the HDMI output         XAVI:aviparameter value	Query supported?: Y ts.	
XAUD:CC? // returns the channel co XAVI Command supported?: Y Enables you to send AVI infoframes out the HDMI output	Query supported?: Y ts.	
XAUD:CC?       // returns the channel co         XAVI         Command supported?: Y         Enables you to send AVI infoframes out the HDMI output         XAVI:aviparameter value         Parameters are optional. Refer to the EIA/CEA-861-D st         Where aviparameters are:	Query supported?: Y ts. andard for details on each parameter and their values.	
XAUD:CC?       // returns the channel command supported?: Y         Command supported?: Y         Enables you to send AVI infoframes out the HDMI output         XAVI:aviparameter value         Parameters are optional. Refer to the EIA/CEA-861-D st	Query supported?: Y         ts.         andard for details on each parameter and their values.         r retrieves the value transmitted.	
XAUD:CC?       // returns the channel common supported?: Y         Command supported?: Y         Enables you to send AVI infoframes out the HDMI output         XAVI:         XAVI:         AVI:	Query supported?: Y         ts.         andard for details on each parameter and their values.         r retrieves the value transmitted.         trieves the value transmitted.	
XAUD:CC?       // returns the channel command supported?: Y         Command supported?: Y         Enables you to send AVI infoframes out the HDMI output         XAVI:         XAVI:         AVI:         Braineters are optional.         Refer to the EIA/CEA-861-D st         Where         AVI:         AVI:         AVI:         AVI:         AVI	Query supported?: Y         ts.         andard for details on each parameter and their values.         r retrieves the value transmitted.         trieves the value transmitted.         ormation value or retrieves the value transmitted.	
XAUD:CC?       // returns the channel command supported?: Y         Command supported?: Y         Enables you to send AVI infoframes out the HDMI output         XAVI:aviparameter value         Parameters are optional. Refer to the EIA/CEA-861-D st         Where aviparameters are:         S – Scan information. Sets the scan information value or reference         B – Bar information. Sets the bar information value or reference         A – Active format information. Sets the active format information. Sets the colorimetry value or retrieves to the colorimetry value or retrieves	Query supported?: Y         ts.         andard for details on each parameter and their values.         r retrieves the value transmitted.         trieves the value transmitted.         trieves the value transmitted.         ormation value or retrieves the value transmitted.         the value transmitted.	
XAUD:CC?       // returns the channel common supported?: Y         Command supported?: Y         Enables you to send AVI infoframes out the HDMI output         XAVI:         XAVI:         AVI:	Query supported?: Y         ts.         andard for details on each parameter and their values.         r retrieves the value transmitted.         trieves the value transmitted.         ormation value or retrieves the value transmitted.         he value transmitted.         e value transmitted.	
<ul> <li>XAUD:CC? // returns the channel color</li> <li>XAVI</li> <li>Command supported?: Y</li> <li>Enables you to send AVI infoframes out the HDMI output</li> <li>XAVI:aviparameter value</li> <li>Parameters are optional. Refer to the EIA/CEA-861-D st</li> <li>Where aviparameters are:</li> <li>S – Scan information. Sets the scan information value of B – Bar information. Sets the bar information value or ref</li> <li>A – Active format information. Sets the active format info</li> <li>C – Colorimetry. Sets the colorimetry value or retrieves the Y – Video type. Sets the video type value or retrieves the set.</li> </ul>	Query supported?: Y         ts.         andard for details on each parameter and their values.         r retrieves the value transmitted.         trieves the value transmitted.         ormation value or retrieves the value transmitted.         he value transmitted.         and retrieves the value transmitted.	
XAUD:CC?// returns the channel colorXAVICommand supported?: YEnables you to send AVI infoframes out the HDMI outputXAVI:aviparameter valueParameters are optional. Refer to the EIA/CEA-861-D stWhere aviparameters are:S – Scan information. Sets the scan information value ofB – Bar information. Sets the bar information value or reA – Active format information. Sets the active format infoC – Colorimetry. Sets the colorimetry value or retrieves theY – Video type. Sets the video type value or retrieves theQ – RGB Quantization range. Sets the RGB Quantization	Query supported?: Y         ts.         andard for details on each parameter and their values.         r retrieves the value transmitted.         trieves the value transmitted.         ormation value or retrieves the value transmitted.         he value transmitted.         avalue transmitted.	
XAUD:CC?// returns the channel coXAVICommand supported?: YEnables you to send AVI infoframes out the HDMI outputXAVI:aviparameter valueParameters are optional. Refer to the EIA/CEA-861-D stWhere aviparameters are:S – Scan information. Sets the scan information value ofB – Bar information. Sets the bar information value or reformat information. Sets the active format information.C – Colorimetry. Sets the colorimetry value or retrieves theQ – RGB Quantization range. Sets the YCC quantizationYQ – YCC quantization range. Sets the YCC quantizationR – Active Format Aspect Ratio. Sets active format aspect	Query supported?: Y         ts.         andard for details on each parameter and their values.         r retrieves the value transmitted.         trieves the value transmitted.         ormation value or retrieves the value transmitted.         he value transmitted.         avalue transmitted.	
XAUD:CC?// returns the channel coXAVICommand supported?: YEnables you to send AVI infoframes out the HDMI outputXAVI:aviparameter valueParameters are optional. Refer to the EIA/CEA-861-D stWhere aviparameters are:S – Scan information. Sets the scan information value orB – Bar information. Sets the bar information value or refA – Active format information. Sets the active format infoC – Colorimetry. Sets the colorimetry value or retrieves theQ – RGB Quantization range. Sets the YCC quantizationYQ – YCC quantization range. Sets the YCC quantization	Query supported?: Y         ts.         andard for details on each parameter and their values.         r retrieves the value transmitted.         trieves the value transmitted.         trieves the value transmitted.         ormation value or retrieves the value transmitted.         the value transmitted.         e value transmitted.         in range or retrieves the value transmitted.	

SC - Non-uniform Picture Scaling. Sets the non-uniform picture scaling value or retrieves the value transmitted. ETB – Line number at start of top bar. Sets the pixel number start top value or retrieves the value transmitted. SBB - Line number at start of bottom bar. Sets the pixel number start bottom value or retrieves the value transmitted. ELB – Pixel number at start of left bar. Sets the pixel number start left value or retrieves the value transmitted. SRB – Pixel number at start of right bar. Sets the pixel number start right value or retrieves the value transmitted. VIC - Video Identification Code. Retrieves the value transmitted. PR - Pixel repetition. Sets the pixel repetition value or retrieves the value transmitted. ITC - IT Content. Sets the IT content value or retrieves the value transmitted. CN - Content Type. Sets the content type value or retrieves the value transmitted. CSUM - Checksum. Sets the checksum value or retrieves the value transmitted. Example: XAVI:S 1 // sets scan parameter to overscanned. IFGU // required to invoke the command. XAVI:Y 0; M 1 // sets video type to RGB and aspect ratio to 4:3 IFGU // required to invoke the command. XAVI:Y? // returns the value or setting of the video type parameter. XHVI Command supported?: Y Query supported?: Y Enables you to send Vendor Specific infoframes out the HDMI outputs. This will not change the HDMI output stream. XHVI: hviparameter value Parameters are optional. Refer to the EIA/CEA-861-E standard for details on each parameter and their values. Where hviparameters are: HVF – HDMI Video Format field. Values: 0 = no info, i.e. 2D; 1 = 4Kx2K; 2 = 3D. HVIC - HDMI Video Identification Code (VIC). Sets VIC for 4Kx2K use. H3DS- HDMI 3D structure. Sets the 3D structure indication. 3DMG - 3D metadata present gate. Indicates whether 3D metadata is present or not present. 3DED - 3D External data. LEN - HDMI VSIF length in bytes. CSUM – Checksum. Sets or gets the checksum value for the corresponding InfoFrame. Examples: XHVI:HVF 2 // 3D is enabled. IFGU // required to invoke the command. XHVI:3DMG 2 // indicates that 3D metadata is present. TFGU // required to invoke the command. XHVI:3DMG? // returns the value for the 3DMG parameter. XSPD Command supported?: Y Query supported?: Y Enables you to send Source Product Descriptor infoframes out the HDMI outputs. Page 83 **Revision A18** 

Syntax:		
XSPD [VNS [PDS [SDI]]]		
Where:		
VNS – Vendor string name.		
PDS – Product description string.		
SDI – Source device information (see EIA/CEA-861-D standa	ard)	
Example:		
XSPD QDI HDMI-Analyzer 1 // populates the vendor string name, product description and source device.		
IFGU // required to inv	oke the command.	
XSPD // returns the cur	rent value.	
XSPP		
Command supported?: Y	Query supported?: Y	
Sets the polarity of both the HSYNC and VSYNC pulses.		
(0 = both low, 1 = H high, V low, 2 = H low, V high, 3 = both h	igh)	
Requires FMTU or ALLU to activate.		
Query returns the current status of the gate of the VSYNC.		
Example:		
XSPP 3 $\ $ // sets the HSYNC and VSYNC both to	high	
XSPP? // returns the current setting of po	larity of VSYNC and HSYNC	
XVSG		
Command supported?: Y	Query supported?: Y	
Enables red/green/blue gates.		
Requires FMTU or ALLU to activate.		
Examples:		
XVSG 1 0 1 // enables Red and Blue gates)		
Or		
XVSG 1 // enables all 3 channels as a shortcut		
XVSG?       // returns the current setting of polarity of VSYNC and HSYNC		
XVSI		
Command supported?: Y	Query supported?: Y	
Sets the video interface of the unit.		
Requires FMTU or ALLU to activate.		
Query returns the current interface activation setting.		
Examples:		
XVSI 2// Sets DVI Computer formats		
XVSI 3 // Sets DVI TV formats		

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XVSI 4	// Sets active interface to HDMI
XVSI 6	<pre>// Sets active interface to BNC + S-Video + CVBS: Composite for CVBS and S-Video; Analog component through BNC connectors</pre>
XVSI 9	// Sets component analog (YPbPr) or RGB analog through VGA connector
XVSI ?	// returns the current setting of the active interface.

# 15.2 Administrative Commands

BOOT			
command supported?: Y Query supported?: N			
Reboots the unit. Please note that certain functions (such as FPGA or firmware updates) will not function as intended.			
DLAY			
Command supported?: Y	Command supported?: Y Query supported?: N		
Causes a delay before moving to the next action.			
DLAY: <i>delay</i>			
Where <i>delay</i> is the amount of time to wait before executing the	ie next command.		
Examples:			
DLAY 500 // delays 500 millisecond before sequence.	re executing the next command i	n a command.	
ЕСНО			
Command supported?: Y	Query supported?: Y		
Enables or disables local echo on the serial/USB COM ports			
Examples:			
ECHO 0 // disables echo.			
ECHO 1 // enables echo.			
ECHO? // returns the current setting.			
KBRD			
Runs a sequence file that has been created and stored in the	USERKEYS.TXT file.		
Examples:			
KBRD F1 // runs a sequence text string (#	F1) created in the USERKEYS.TXT	file.	
MFGM			
Command supported?: Y	Query supported?: Y		
Enables "Manufacturing Unit" mode which disables the touch screen and displays a status screen in its place. Setting this mode to 1 enables the status-only screen on 804/804A units only. Setting the value to 0 enables the touch screen.			
Examples:			
MFGM 1			
MODE			
Command supported?: Y	Query supported?: Y		
Sets the baud rate of the unit. (Common baud rates between 1200 baud and 230400 baud are supported.)			
Examples:			
MODE 9600			
*OPT			
Command supported?: N	Query supported?: Y		
Returns a list of options supported on the particular 804/804/	vunit.		
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TCAL		
Command supported?: Y	Query supported?: N	
Launches the touch display calibration screen.		
*TST		
Command supported?: N	Query supported?: Y	
Performs an internal diagnostic to verify some functional blocks within the 804/804A. Returns 0 if no errors are detected.		
USBM		
Command supported?: Y Query supported?: Y		
Sets the USB mode to COM or DISK. Requires a power cycle of the 804 to invoke.		
Examples:		
USBM 1 // sets USB mode to DISK.		
USBM 0 // sets USB mode to COM.		
VERF/VERG/*IDN		
Command supported?: N Query supported?: Y		
Provides the firmware/gateware versions and model information for the queried product.		

## 15.3 HDMI Protocol Test Commands

EDID/DIDT		
Command supported?: N	Query supported?: Y	
Reads the EDID and provides the information to the user. E parsed version that describes some useful details about the		
Examples:		
EDID? (reads the EDID from the first HDMI port and returns	the binary data)	
DIDT? 2 (reads the EDID from the third HDMI port and retu	rns details. Ports are 0-3.)	
Header is valid. All checksums valid. EDI	D Version 1.3	
HDMI: Yes ( PA 1.0.0.0, Deep color: none )		
Manufacturer/Product: ABC 6211		
Pref. Native Timing: 1440x900 59.88Hz		
SVDs: 480i 480p 576i 576p 720p 1080i 1080p	2	
Speakers: [ FL/FR ]		
PCM 2 ch., [32 44.1 48 88.2 96 176.4 192] @[16 20 24] bits	kHz sampling	
HDCP?		
Command supported?: N	Query supported?: Y	
	Take two arguments: 1) Port number (0,1,2,3); 2) number of	
Examples:		
HDCP? 0 255 // runs an HDCP test on the s:	ink device connected to port 1 for 128 frames	
HDCP? 1 257 // runs an HDCP test on the s:	ink device connected to port 2 for 256 frames	
HDCP? 2 // runs an HDCP test on the s:	ink device connected to port 3 for 512 frames	
HDCP? // runs an HDCP test on the since 512 frames	ink device of port selected by the GUI for	

#### 15.4 Memory Commands

MEMT/MEM2/MEM3/MEM4	
Command supported?: N Query supported?: Y	
Performs different memory testing algorithms for diagnostic purposes.	

#### 15.5 Image Drawing Commands

BOXP		
Command supported?: Y	Query supported?: Y	
Sets the box size in percent for Halation, Loading, and EcoFlower patterns.		
BOXG		
Command supported?: Y	Query supported?: Y	
Enables a moving white box with a black background on any non-bitmap image.		
Examples:		
BOXG 1		

## 15.6 Image Cache Commands

ІСНС		
Command supported?: Y	Query supported?: N	
Clears out the current image cache. Takes no parameters.		
ICHS		
Command supported?: Y Query supported?: N		
Saves the current bitmap image to the image cache for faster recall. Takes no parameters.		

### 15.7 Markers Commands

НРМС		
Command supported?: Y	Query supported?: Y	
Enables/disables markers. Takes a Boolean parameter (0 or 1).		
НРМХ/НРМҮ		
Command supported?: Y	Query supported?: Y	
Sets the X (horizontal)/Y (vertical) sizes for the markers in pixels.		
HPPS		
Command supported?: N	Query supported?: Y	
Tells the status of the CEC and HPD lines as an 8-bit hexadecimal value.		
The upper 4 bits (presented as the first character of two, if applicable) represent the HPD pins of the four HDMI connectors. The MSB represents Out 4, while the LSB represents Out 1.		

The lower 4 bits (presented as the second character of two, or the only character if HPD is low on all HDMI ports) represents the status of the CEC line on all four HDMI connectors.

The MSB represents Out 4, while the LSB represents Out 1.

#### 15.8 Audio-Related commands

AUDL		
Command supported?: Y	Query supported?: Y	
Sets the digital audio format, audio tone and channels.		
Requires FMTU or ALLU to activate.		
The following parameters apply:		
Type: 0 = LPCM 1 = Dolby 5.1 2 = DTS-ES 6.1 3 = DD+/TrueHD/DTS-HDHRA/DTS-HDMA		
Subtype (for Dolby and DTS): 1 = Narrow pink noise 2 = Wide pink noise 3 = Sine wave 4 = Impulse 5 = Polarity 6 = Auto Time Delay		
Subtype for compressed audio formats (Type = 3): 2 = 7.1 5376kb DTS-HDHRA 3 = 5.1 3840kb HDHRA 4 = 7.1 5760kb HDHRA 5 = 5.1 DTS-HDMA 6 = 7.1 HDMA 8 = DD+ 2.0 9 = DD+ 5.1 10 = DD+ 7.1 11 = TrueHD 7.1 12 = TrueHD 2.0		
Channel Select (if subtype is not 3 (sine wave): 0 = Left channel 1 = Center channel 2 = Right channel 3 = Cycle 4 = LFE 5 = All 6 = Left rear 7 = Center rear 8 = Right rear		
Sine type (if subtype is 3 (sine wave): 0 = 63Hz cycle 1 = 63Hz all 2 = 125Hz cycle 3 = 125Hz all 4 = 1kHz cycle 5 = 1kHz all 6 = 4kHz cycle 7 = 4kHz all		
Examples:		
AUDL 0 3 5 7 // LPCM audio, using a si		
AUDL 1 2 1 // Dolby Digital 5.1, wid		
AUDL 3 11 3 // Dolby TrueHD 7.1, cycl	e through all channel	S
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AASI		
Command supported?: Y		
Sets the analog audio signal interface.		
Requires FMTU or ALLU to activate.		
Valid values are:		
0 – off (if previously selected audio is analog)		
1 – Analog		
Examples:		
AASI 1 // enables the analog audio.		
AASI? // returns the current setting.		
ARAT		
Command supported?: Y	Query supported?: Y	
Sets the audio rate on SPDIF/HDMI. (Also affects the sampl analog.)	ing rate on the analog a	audio – should not go over 96000Hz on
Requires FMTU or ALLU to activate.		
Examples:		
ARAT 48000 // sets the audio sampling rate	to 48kHz.	
ARAT? // returns the current setting.		
DASI		
Command supported?: Y	Query supported?: Y	
Sets the digital audio signal interface.		
Requires FMTU or ALLU to activate.		
Valid values are:		
0 – off (if previously selected audio is not analog)		
6 – HDMI		
Examples:		
DASI 6 // sets the digital audio signal	to HDMI.	
DASI? // returns the current setting.		
DAPT		
Command supported?: Y	Query supported?: Y	
Digital audio pass-through enables the audio input from ARC	, Optical or SPDIF to b	be passed through on the HDMI outputs.
Requires FMTU or ALLU to activate.		
There are two arguments: 1) Enable/disable and 2) audio source. Valid values are:		
Enable/disable:		
0 – disable		
1 – enable		
Audio source:		
0 – SPDIF 1 – Optical		
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2 – ARC from HDMI Tx 1		
3 – ARC from HDMI Tx 2		
4 – ARC from HDMI Tx 3		
5 – ARC from HDMI Tx 4		
Examples:		
DAPT 1 3 // causes the ARC on HDMI Tx 2 to be		
DAPT 1 1 // causes the optical audio input to	be transmitted on all HDMI Tx outputs	
DAPT 0 // disables audio pass-through DAPT? // queries the current setting for D	Δ ΡͲ	
NBPA		
Command supported?: Y	Query supported?: Y	
Sets the number of bits per sample in analog and HDMI PCM	l audio.	
Requires FMTU or ALLU to activate.		
Could be one of: 16, 20 or 24.		
Examples:		
NBPA 24 $\hfill //$ sets the value of audio depth.		
NBPA? // returns the current setting.		
SAMP		
Command supported?: Y	Query supported?: Y	
Sets the amplitude on either a specific channel or all channels.		
Sets the amplitude on either a specific channel or all channel	s.	
Sets the amplitude on either a specific channel or all channel Requires FMTU or ALLU to activate.	S.	
	s.	
Requires FMTU or ALLU to activate.	s.	
Requires FMTU or ALLU to activate. Examples:	s.	
Requires FMTU or ALLU to activate. Examples: SAMP -12 // sets all channels to -12dB.		
Requires FMTU or ALLU to activate. Examples: SAMP -12 // sets all channels to -12dB. Or		
Requires FMTU or ALLU to activate. Examples: SAMP -12 // sets all channels to -12dB. Or SAMP -3 1 // sets channel #1 to -3dB - vali		
Requires FMTU or ALLU to activate. Examples: SAMP -12 // sets all channels to -12dB. Or SAMP -3 1 // sets channel #1 to -3dB - vali SAMP? // returns the current setting.		
Requires FMTU or ALLU to activate. Examples: SAMP -12 // sets all channels to -12dB. Or SAMP -3 1 // sets channel #1 to -3dB - vali SAMP? // returns the current setting. SRAT	d channels are 0-7. Query supported?: Y	
Requires FMTU or ALLU to activate. Examples: SAMP -12 // sets all channels to -12dB. Or SAMP -3 1 // sets channel #1 to -3dB - vali SAMP? // returns the current setting. SRAT Command supported?: Y	d channels are 0-7. Query supported?: Y	
Requires FMTU or ALLU to activate.         Examples:         SAMP -12       // sets all channels to -12dB.         Or         SAMP -3 1       // sets channel #1 to -3dB - vali         SAMP?       // returns the current setting.         SRAT         Command supported?: Y         Sets the sine wave frequency on either a specific channel or	d channels are 0-7. Query supported?: Y	
Requires FMTU or ALLU to activate. Examples: SAMP -12 // sets all channels to -12dB. Or SAMP -3 1 // sets channel #1 to -3dB - vali SAMP? // returns the current setting. SRAT Command supported?: Y Sets the sine wave frequency on either a specific channel or Requires FMTU or ALLU to activate.	d channels are 0-7. Query supported?: Y	
Requires FMTU or ALLU to activate. Examples: SAMP -12 // sets all channels to -12dB. Or SAMP -3 1 // sets channel #1 to -3dB - vali SAMP? // returns the current setting. SRAT Command supported?: Y Sets the sine wave frequency on either a specific channel or Requires FMTU or ALLU to activate. Examples:	d channels are 0-7. Query supported?: Y	
Requires FMTU or ALLU to activate.         Examples:         SAMP -12       // sets all channels to -12dB.         Or         SAMP -3 1       // sets channel #1 to -3dB - vali         SAMP?       // returns the current setting.         SRAT         Command supported?: Y         Sets the sine wave frequency on either a specific channel or Requires FMTU or ALLU to activate.         Examples:         SRAT 1000       // Sets all channels to 1KHz.	d channels are 0-7. Query supported?: Y all channels.	

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## 16 List of Formats

The table below provides a list of formats (timings) supported by the 804/804A. An example is provided for how to load the format by name using the command line.

format by name using the command line.
480i29
Example:
FMTL 480i29 FMTU
480p59
Example:
FMTL 480p59 FMTU
720p59
Example:
FMTL 720p59 FMTU
1080i29
Example:
FMTL 1080i29 FMTU
1080p50
Example:
IMGL 1080p50 IMGU
1080p59
Example:
IMGL 1080p59 IMGU
1080p60
Example:
FMTL 1080p60 FMTU
480i30
Example:
FMTL 480i30 FMTU
480p60
Example:
FMTL 480p60 FMTU
576i25

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Example:	
FMTL 576i25	
FMTU	
576p50	
Example:	
FMTL 576p50 FMTU	
720p50	
Example:	
FMTL 720p50 FMTU	
720p60	
Example:	
FMTL 720p60 FMTU	
1080i25	
Example:	
FMTL 1080i25 FMTU	
1080i30	
Example:	
FMTL 1080i30 FMTU	
480i59	
Example:	
FMTL 480i59 FMTU	
480i60	
Example:	
FMTL 480i60 FMTU	
480i119	
Example:	
FMTL 480ill9 FMTU	
480i120	
Example:	
FMTL 480i120 FMTU	
480p119	
Example:	

Wind Control         480p120         Example:         Wind Kalop 230         880p230         Example:         Wind Kalop 239         Server 4 stop 239         Server 5 stop 230         Server 5 stop 240         Server 5 stop 240	FMTL 480p119	
Example:   PMTL 430p120   480p239   Example:   PMTL 430p230   480p240   Example:   PMTL 430p240   S7650   Example:   PMTL 57650   S76100   Example:   PMTL 576100   S76p100   Example:   PMTL 576100   S76p100   Example:   PMTL 576100   S76p100   Example:   PMTL 576200   PMTL 720p23   PMTL 720p24   PMTL 720p24   PMTL 720p25   PMTL 720p25		
FWTU     480p230       Example:       FWTL     480p240       FWTL     480p240       FWTL     480p240       FWTL     480p240       FWTL     480p240       FWTL     576i50       FWTL     576i50       FWTL     576i100       FWTL     576i100       FWTL     576i100       FWTL     576p100       FWTL     576p100       FWTL     576p200	480p120	
FMTU         480p239         Example:         FMTL 480p240         FMTL 5760         FMTL 576100         FMTL 576100         FMTL 576p100         FMTL 576p200         FMTL 576p200         FMTL 720p23         FMTL 720p23         FMTL 720p24         FMTL 720p24         FMTL 720p25         FMTL 720p25	Example:	
Example:       PMTL 480p233         480p240       PMTL 480p240         Example:       PMTL 480p240         PMTL 576150       PMTL 576150         FMTU       S76160         Example:       PMTL 576100         PMTL 576100       PMTL 576100         Example:       PMTL 576100         PMTL 576100       PMTL 576100         Example:       PMTL 576p100         PMTL 576p100       PMTU 576p100         Example:       PMTL 576p200         PMTL 576p200       PMTU 576p200         Example:       PMTL 720p23         PMTL 720p23       PMTU 720p23         PMTL 720p24       PMTU 720p25         PMTL 720p25       PMTU 720p25	FMTL 480p120 FMTU	
PMTL 480p239           480p240           Example:           PMTL 400p240           S7650           Example:           PMTL 576150           S76100           Example:           PMTL 576100           S76100           Example:           PMTL 576100           S76100           Example:           PMTL 576p100           S76p200           Example:           PMTL 576p200           S70p20           Example:           PMTL 176p200           S70p20           Example:           PMTL 1720p23           S70p20           S70p20 <td>480p239</td> <td></td>	480p239	
PMTU         480p240         Example:         PMTU         S76150         Example:         PMTU         S76100         Example:         PMTU         S76100         Example:         PMTU         S76100         Example:         PMTU         S76p100         S76p200         Example:         PMTU         S76p200         Example:         PMTU         S76p200         S76p200         PMTU         S70p23         PMTU         S70p24         Example:         PMTU         S70p25         Example:         PMTU         PMTU         S70p25         Example:         PMTU         PMTU         S70p25         Example:         PMTU         PMTU         S70p25	Example:	
Example:         FMTL 480p240         S76i50         Example:         FMTL 576150         FMTD 576100         FMTD 57600         FMTD 576p100         FMTD 576p200         FMTD 720p23         FMTD 720p23         FMTD 720p23         FMTD 720p24         FMTD 720p24         FMTD 720p24         FMTD 720p25         FMTD 720p25	FMTL 480p239 FMTU	
FMTL 480p240         S76i0         Example:         FMTL 576i00         S76p100         Example:         FMTL 576p100         S76p200         Example:         FMTL 576p200         S76p200         Example:         FMTL 576p200         FMTL 720p23         FMTL 720p23         FMTL 720p24         FMTL 720p25         FMTL 720p25	480p240	
FMTU         S76iS0         Example:         FMTL 576150         S76i100         Example:         FMTL 5761100         FMTL 576100         S76p100         S76p200         FMTU 576p100         FMTU 576p100         FMTL 576p100         FMTU 70p20         FMTU 710p20         FMTU 720p23         FMTU 720p24         FMTU 720p24         FMTL 720p24         FMTL 720p25         FMTL 720p25	Example:	
Example:         FMTL 576150         S76100         Example:         FMTL 576100         S76p100         Example:         FMTL 576p100         FMTL 576p100         S76p200         Example:         FMTL 576p100         FMTL 576p100         FMTL 576p100         FMTL 576p100         FMTL 576p200         FMTL 720p23         FMTL 720p23         FMTL 720p24         FMTL 720p24         FMTL 720p24         FMTL 720p25         FMTL 720p25	FMTL 480p240 FMTU	
FMTL 576150         576100         FMTL 5761100         576p100         FMTL 576p100         FMTL 576p100         FMTL 576p200         FMTL 576p200         FMTL 720p23         FMTL 720p24         FMTL 720p25         FMTL 720p25	576i50	
FMTU         576i100         FMTL 576i100         576p100         FMTL 576p100         FMTL 576p100         576p200         576p200         FMTL 120p23         720p23         FMTL 720p24         FMTL 120p24         FMTL 120p25         FMTL 120p25	Example:	
Example:         FMTL 576100         S76p100         Example:         FMTL 576p100         FMTL 576p200         FMTL 576p200         FMTL 702p23         FMTL 720p23         FMTL 720p24         FMTL 720p24         FMTL 720p24         FMTL 720p25         FMTL 720p25		
FMTL 576100 <b>576p100</b> FMTL 576p100         FMTU <b>576p200 576p200</b> FMTL 576p200         FMTL 720p23         FMTL 720p24         FMTL 720p25         FMTL 720p25         FMTL 720p25	576i100	
FMTU         576p100         FMTL 576p100         FMTU         576p200         Example:         FMTL 576p200         FMTU         720p23         Example:         FMTL 720p23         FMTU         720p24         Example:         FMTL 720p24         FMTL 720p25         FMTL 720p25         FMTL 720p25         FMTL 720p25		
Example:         FMTL 576p100         576p200         Example:         FMTL 576p200         FMTL 576p200         FMTL 576p200         FMTL 576p200         FMTL 576p200         FMTL 576p200         FMTL 720p23         FMTL 720p23         FMTL 720p24         FMTL 720p25         FMTL 720p25         FMTL 720p25		
FMTL 576p100         576p200         Example:         FMTL 576p200         720p23         Example:         FMTL 720p23         FMTU         720p24         Example:         FMTL 720p24         FMTL 720p25         FMTL 720p25         FMTL 720p25	576p100	
FMTU         576p200         FMTL 576p200         FMTU         720p23         FMTL 720p23         FMTU         720p24         FXTL 720p24         FMTL 720p25         FXTL 720p25         FXTL 720p25         FMTL 720p25		
Example:         FMTL 576p200         FMTU         720p23         Example:         FMTU         720p24         Example:         FMTL 720p24         FMTU         720p25         Example:         FMTL 720p24         FMTU	FMTL 576p100 FMTU	
FMTL 576p200         720p23         Example:         FMTL 720p23         FMTU         720p24         Example:         FMTL 720p24         FMTU         720p25         Example:         FMTL 720p25         FMTL 720p25	576p200	
FMTU         720p23         FMTL 720p23         FMTU         720p24         Example:         FMTL 720p24         FMTU 720p24         FMTU 720p25         Example:         FMTL 720p25         FMTL 720p25         FMTL 720p25		
Example:         FMTL 720p23         FMTU         720p24         Example:         FMTL 720p24         FMTU         720p25         Example:         FMTL 720p25         FMTL 720p25	FMTL 576p200 FMTU	
FMTL 720p23         FMTL 720p24         FMTL 720p24         FMTU         720p25         Example:         FMTL 720p25         FMTL 720p25	720p23	
FMTU         720p24         Example:         FMTL 720p24         720p25         Example:         FMTL 720p25         FMTL 720p25         FMTU		
Example: FMTL 720p24 FMTU 720p25 Example: FMTL 720p25 FMTU	FMTL 720p23 FMTU	
FMTL 720p24         FMTU         720p25         Example:         FMTL 720p25         FMTU	720p24	
FMTU         720p25         Example:         FMTL 720p25         FMTU		
Example: FMTL 720p25 FMTU	FMTL 720p24 FMTU	
FMTL 720p25 FMTU	720p25	
FMTU	Example:	
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720p29	
Example:	
FMTL 720p29 FMTU	
720p30	
Example:	
FMTL 720p30 FMTU	
720p100	
Example:	
FMTL 720p100 FMTU	
720p119	
Example:	
FMTL 720p119 FMTU	
720p120	
Example:	
FMTL 720p120 FMTU	
1080i50	
Example:	
FMTL 1080i50 FMTU	
1080i59	
Example:	
FMTL 1080i59 FMTU	
1080i60	
Example:	
FMTL 1080i60 FMTU	
1080p23	
Example:	
FMTL 1080p23 FMTU	
1080p24	
Example:	
FMTL 1080p24 FMTU	
1080p25	
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Example: FMTL 1080p25 FMTU
1080p25
Example:
FMTL 1080p25 FMTU
1080p29
Example:
FMTL 1080p29 FMTU
1080p30
Example:
FMTL 1080p30 FMTU
2160p24
Example:
FMTL 2160p24 FMTU
2160p25
Example:
FMTL 2160p25 FMTU
2160p30
Example:
FMTL 2160p30 FMTU
NTSC
Example:
FMTL NTSC FMTU
NTSC-J
Example:
FMTL NTSC-J FMTU
PAL
Example:
FMTL PAL FMTU
PAL-Nc
Example:

Proto         PALe6           Example:         PALe7 54 - 60           PATL FAL-60         PALE           Stample:         PALE           PALM         PALE           PALM         PALE           Stample:         PALE           Stample: <th>FMTL PAL-NC</th> <th></th>	FMTL PAL-NC	
Example: PMTL 197L-60 PMTU SMT04 PAL-M PMTU PMTU PMTU PMTU PMTU PMTU PMTU PMT		
PMTU PA1-60         MTSCA4         Example:         PMTL PA1-M         EXAMPLE:         PMTL PA1-M         EXAMPLE:         PMTU PA1-M         EXAMPLE:         PMTL PA1-M         EXAMPLE:         PMTU PA1-M         PMTU PA1-M         EXAMPLE:         PMTU PA1 PA1-M         PMTU PA1 PA1-M         PMTU PA1 PA1-M         PMTU PA1 PA1-M         PMTU PA1 PA1 PA1-M         PMTU PA1	PAL-60	
PYTU   NTSC44   Example:   PAL-M   Example:   PYTL NTSC44   PYTU PAL-M   G40x350_85Hz   Example:   PYTL 640x350_85Hz   DMT0685D   DMT0685D   PMTU 00685D   PMTU 00685D   PMTU 00665D   PMTU 00665D   PMTU 00665D   PMTU 00665D   PMTU 00665D   PMTU 00065D   PMTU 000763H		
Example: PMTL NTSC44 PMTU PAL-M Example: PMTL FAL-M G40x350_65Hz Example: PMTL 640x350_65Hz Example: PMTL DMT0665D EXAMPLE: PMTL DMT0665D PMTU DMT0660 Example: PMTL DMT0660 PMTU DMT0660 EXAMPLE: PMTL DMT0660 PMTU DMTU DMTU DMTU DMTU DMTU DMTU DMTU D		
PMIL NISC44   PML-M   Example:   PMTL 640.350_85Hz   PMTD 040.350_85Hz   PMTD 040.350_85Hz   PMTD 0400550   PMTD 0400650   PMTD 0400650   PMTD 0400660   PMTL 0400660   PMTD 0400660   PMTD 040060   PMTD	NTSC44	
PHTU   PAL-M   Example:   PMTL PAL-M   G40x350_85H2   Example:   PMTL 0MT0685D   PMTL DMT0685D   PMTL DMT0672   PMTL DMT0673   PMTD DMT0685D   PMTL DMT0785H   PMTD DMT0785H   PMTD DMT0785H   PMTD DMT0856   PMTL DMT0785H		
Example: PMTL PAL-M PMTD G40x350_85H2 FXTL 640x350_85H2 PMTL 640x350_85H2 PMTD OMT0685D FXTD DMT0685D FXTD DMT0685 FXTD DMT0660 FXTD DMT0660 FXTD DMT0660 FXTD DMT0672 EXample: PMTL DMT0673 FXTD DMT0673 FXTD DMT0675 FXTD DMT0675 FXTD DMT0685 FXTD CMT0785H FXTD MT00855 FXTD CMT0785H FXTD MT0856 FXTD MT085 FXTD MT0856 F		
FMIL PAL-M         640350_65Hz         Example:         FMIL 640x350_65Hz         DMT0665D         FMIL DMT0665D         FMIL DMT0665D         DMT0660         DMT0660         DMT0660         DMT0672         FMIL DMT0665S         FMIL DMT0672         DMT0675         DMT0665         FMIL DMT0665S         FMIL DMT0672         DMT0785H         FMIL DMT0785H	PAL-M	
FWTU         640x350_85Hz         FWTL         FWTL         640x350_85Hz         FWTL         DMT0685D         Example:         FWTL         DMT0685D         DMT0685D         DMT0680         DMT0680         DMT0680         Example:         FWTL         FWTL         DMT0660         FWTL         DMT0660         FWTL         DMT0660         FWTL         DMT0660         FWTL         DMT0660         FWTL         DMT0660         FWTL         DMT0672         DMT0672         FWTL         DMT0673         FWTL         DMT0685         FWTL         DMT0785H         Example:         FWTL         FWTL         DMT0785H         Example:         FWTL         FWTL         DMT0785H         Example:         FWTL         FWTL         DMT0856 <td></td> <td></td>		
Example:       PMTU 640x350_85H2         PMTU 640x350_85H2       PMTU         PMTU 0685D       PMTU         PMTU DMT0685D       PMTU         DMT0660       PMTU         Example:       PMTU DMT0660         PMTU DMT0660       PMTU         PMTU DMT0672       PMTU         PMTU DMT0672       PMTU         PMTU DMT0672       PMTU         PMTU DMT0673       PMTU         PMTU DMT0785H       PMTU         PMTU DMT0785H       PMTU PMT0785H         PMTU DMT0785H       PMTU PMT0785H         PMTU DMT0785H       PMTU PMT0785H		
FMTL 640x350_85H2         PMT0685D         Example:         PMTL DMT0685D         DMT0660         FMTL DMT0660         PMTL DMT0672         DMT0672         DMT0673         PMTL DMT0674         PMTL DMT0675         PMTL DMT0685         PMTL DMT0685         PMTL DMT0785H         Example:         PMTL DMT0785H         PMTL DMT0785H         PMTL DMT0785H         PMTL DMT0785H         PMTL DMT0785H         PMTL DMT0785H	640x350_85Hz	
FMTU       Image:         FMTL       DMT068SD         DMT060SD       Image:         FMTL       DMT0660         FMTL       DMT0660         FMTL       DMT0660         FMTL       DMT0660         FMTL       DMT0672         DMT0672       Image:         FMTL       DMT0672         DMT0685       Image:         FMTL       DMT0673         DMT0685       Image:         FMTL       DMT0673         DMT0685       Image:         FMTL       DMT0678         DMT0785H       Image:         FMTL       DMT0785H         FMTL       DMT0785H         FMTL       DMT0785H         FMTL       DMT0785H         FMTL       DMT0785H         FMTL       DMT0785H		
Example: FMTL DMT0685D FMTU DMT0660 FMTU DMT0600 FMTU DMT0600 FMTU DMT0672 Example: FMTL DMT0672 FMTU DMT0675 FMTU DMT0685 FMTL DMT0685 FMTL DMT0685 FMTL DMT0685 FMTL DMT0685 FMTL DMT0785H Example: FMTL DMT0785H Example: FMTL DMT0785H FMTL DMT0785H	FMTL 640x350_85Hz FMTU	
FMTL DNT0685D   FMTQ   DNT0660   FMTL DNT0660   FMTU   DNT0672   Example:   FMTL DMT0672   PMTU   DMT0675   Example:   FMTL DMT0675   FMTL DMT0675   FMTL DMT0675   FMTL DMT0685   FMTL DMT0785H	DMT0685D	
FMTU         DMT0660         FMTL DMT0600         FMTU         DMT0672         Example:         FMTL DMT0672         FMTU         DMT0672         DMT0685         FMTL DMT0685         FMTU         DMT0785H         Example:         FMTL DMT0785H         FMTD         FMTD         FMTD         DMT0856         FMTL DMT0856         FMTL DMT0856	Example:	
Example: FMTL DMT060 FMTL DMT0672 FMTL DMT0672 FMTL DMT0672 FMTL DMT0675 FMTL DMT0685 FMTL DMT0685 FMTL DMT0685 FMTL DMT0785H Example: FMTL DMT0785H FMTL DMT0785H FMTL DMT0785H FMTL DMT0785H		
FMTL DMT0660         DMT0672         Example:         FMTL DMT0672         DMT0685         Example:         FMTL DMT0685         DMT0685         DMT0785H         FMTL DMT0785H	DMT0660	
FMTU         DMT0672         FMTL       DMT0672         FMTU       DMT0672         DMT0685       Example:         FMTL       DMT0685         DMT0785H       Example:         FMTL       DMT0785H         FMTU       DMT0785H		
Example: FMTL DMT0672 FMTU DMT0685 FMTL DMT0685 FMTU DMT0685 FMTU DMT0785H Example: FMTL DMT0785H FMTU DMT0785H FMTU DMT0785H FMTU DMT0785H		
FMTL DMT0672         DMT0685         Example:         FMTL DMT0685         FMTU         DMT0785H         FMTL DMT0785H         FMTU         DMT07856         FMTL DMT0856         FMTL DMT0856	DMT0672	
FMTU         DMT0685         Example:         FMTU         DMT0785H         Example:         FMTL         FMTU         DMT0785H         FMTU         DMT0785H         FMTU         DMT0785H         FMTU         DMT0856         FX         FMTL         DMT0856         FMTL         FMTU		
Example:         FMTL DMT0685         FMTU         DMT0785H         FMTL DMT0785H         FMTU         DMT07856         FMTL DMT0856         FMTL DMT0856		
FMTL DMT0685   FMT0785H   Example:   FMT1 DMT0785H   FMT0    Example:  FMT1 DMT0856  FMT1 DMT0856  FMT1 MT0856  FMT1 MT085  FMT1 MT085  FMT1 MT085  FMT1 MT1  FM	DMT0685	
FMTU         DMT0785H         FMTL DMT0785H         FMTU         DMT0856         FMTL DMT0856         FMTU		
Example: FMTL DMT0785H FMTU DMT0856 FMTL DMT0856 FMTL DMT0856		
FMTL DMT0785H         DMT0856         Example:         FMTL DMT0856         FMTL DMT0856	DMT0785H	
FMTU       DMT0856       Example:       FMTL DMT0856       FMTU		
Example: FMTL DMT0856 FMTU		
FMTL DMT0856 FMTU	DMT0856	
FMTU		
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DMT0860		
Example:		
FMTL DMT0860		
FMTU		
DMT0860		
Example:		
FMTL DMT0860 FMTU		
DMT0872		
Example:		
FMTL DMT0872 FMTU		
DMT0875		
Example:		
FMTL DMT0875 FMTU		
DMT0885		
Example:		
FMTL DMT0885 FMTU		
DMT1043		
Example:		
FMTL DMT1043 FMTU		
DMT1060		
Example:		
FMTL DMT1060 FMTU		
DMT1070		
Example:		
FMTL DMT1070 FMTU		
DMT1075		
Example:		
FMTL DMT1075 FMTU		
DMT1085		
Example:		
FMTL DMT1085 FMTU		
DMT1175		

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Example: FMTL DMT1175	
FMTU	
CVT1260E	
Example:	
FMTL CVT1260E FMTU	
CVT1275E	
Example:	
FMTL CVT1275E FMTU	
CVT1285E	
Example:	
FMTL CVT1285E FMTU	
DMT1260	
Example:	
FMTL DMT1260 FMTU	
DMT1285	
Example:	
FMTL DMT1285 FMTU	
DMT1260G	
Example:	
FMTL DMT1260G FMTU	
DMT1275G	
Example:	
FMTL DMT1275G FMTU	
DMT1285G	
Example:	
FMTL DMT1285G FMTU	
DMT1285G	
Example:	
FMTL DMT1285G FMTU	
DMT1296G	
Example:	
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FMTL DMT1296G FMTU	
1365x1024_60Hz	
Example:	
FMTL 1365x1024_60Hz FMTU	
1365x1024_75Hz	
Example:	
FMTL 1365x1024_75Hz FMTU	
1600x1024_60Hz	
Example:	
FMTL 1600x1024_60Hz FMTU	
DMT1660	
Example:	
FMTL DMT1660 FMTU	
DMT1665	
Example:	
FMTL DMT1665 FMTU	
DMT1670	
Example:	
FMTL DMT1670 FMTU	
DMT1685	
Example:	
FMTL DMT1685 FMTU	
DMT1760	
Example:	
FMTL DMT1760 FMTU	
DMT1775	
Example:	
FMTL DMT1775 FMTU	
DMT1860	
Example:	
FMTL DMT1860 FMTU	
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DMT1875
Example: FMTL DMT1875
EMTL DMT1875
DMT1960
Example:
FMTL DMT1960 FMTU
DMT1975
Example:
FMTL DMT1975 FMTU
DMT0667
Example:
FMTL DMT0667 FMTU
APP0875
Example:
FMTL APP0875 FMTU
APP1075
Example:
FMTL APP1075 FMTU
APP1175
Example:
FMTL APP1175 FMTU
DMT0860H
Example:
FMTL DMT0860H FMTU
APP1175
Example:
FMTL APP1175 FMTU
352x480_60Hz
Example:
FMTL 852x480_60Hz FMTU
1024x576_60Hz

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### Example:

FMTL 1024x576\_60Hz FMTU

### 1280x720\_60Hz

Example:

FMTL 1280x720\_60Hz FMTU

# 17 List of Test Patterns

The table below provides a list of test patterns. For each pattern, there is an example of how to load the pattern by name using the command line.

Table 17-1: Test Patterns			
Pattern Name	Variant	Options	Range of Values
ColorBar Patterns	SMPTE	N/A	N/A
Applications:			
SMPTEBars - To adjust color and hue.			
Colorbars - To test a display's ability to product fully saturated primary and secondary color.			
Command examples:			
IMGL smptebar IMGU IMGL tvbar_75	ColorBar	Orientation - Vertical	Direction: Left to Right Right to Left
IMGU IMGL tvbar100 IMGU IMGL colorbar		Orientation - Horizontal	Direction: Top / Bottom Bottom / Top
IMGU	Split	Orientation - Vertical	Direction: Left to Right Right to Left
		Orientation - Horizontal	Direction: Top / Bottom Bottom / Top
Ramp/Stair Patterns	Stair - Full	Orientation -	Direction:
Applications:		Vertical	<ul><li>Left to Right</li><li>Right to Left</li></ul>
Stair - To visually check grayscale tracking performance of a rear projection display. Ramp – To check the digitizing linearity of video signal processors.		Orientation - Horizontal	Direction: Top / Bottom
			<ul> <li>Bottom / Top</li> <li>5</li> </ul>
Command examples: IMGL ramp		Bars	- 5 - 11 - 21

Pattern Name	Variant	Options	Range of Values
IMGU IMGL h_stair IMGU IMGL splitgray IMGU		Color	<ul> <li>R</li> <li>G</li> <li>B</li> <li>C</li> <li>M</li> <li>Y</li> <li>W</li> </ul>
MGL ramp MGU	Orientation - Vertical	Direction: Left to Right Right to Left	
	- No.	Orientation - Horizontal	<ul> <li>Direction:</li> <li>Top / Bottom</li> <li>Bottom / Top</li> </ul>
		Bars	<ul> <li>5</li> <li>11</li> <li>21</li> </ul>
		Color	<ul> <li>R</li> <li>G</li> <li>B</li> <li>C</li> <li>M</li> <li>Y</li> <li>W</li> </ul>
	Ramp		
Geometry/Resolution Patterns	Crosshatch (Grid)	Color	<ul> <li>White on</li> </ul>
Applications: Grid (Crosshatch) – To check and adjust convergence of red, green and blue pictures. Linearity – for testing deflection linearity testing and alignment. Overscan – To check and adjust for the proper geometry of display			Black Black on White

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Pattern Name	Variant	Options	Range of Values
including picture centering, size, pincushion and linearity.	Linearity	Color	<ul> <li>White on Black</li> <li>Black on</li> </ul>
IMGL crosshtch IMGU IMGL linearity IMGU IMGL overscan IMGU			White
IMGO	Overscan		
		N/A	N/A
Needle Pattern	N/A	N/A	N/A
Application: To detect whether scan velocity modulation is enabled on display.			
Command example: IMGL needle IMGU			
Window/Raster Pattern	Window1	IRE Level	■ -5
Applications:			■ -1 ■ +1
Window1 - To calibrate display drive chromaticity.			■ +5
Nindow2 - To calibrate display cutoff chromaticity. Raster – To check color purity and display chrominance uniformity.		IRE Label	<ul><li>Off</li><li>On</li></ul>
Command example:		Color	• R
IMGL windowl IMGU			<ul> <li>G</li> <li>B</li> <li>C</li> </ul>
IMGL window2 IMGU			• M • Y
IMGL raster IMGU	Dester		• W • -5
	Raster	IRE Level	■ -1
			■ +1
			■ +5 ■ Off
		IRE Label	■ On

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Pattern Name	Variant	Options	Range of Values
		Color	<ul> <li>R</li> <li>G</li> <li>B</li> <li>C</li> <li>M</li> <li>Y</li> <li>W</li> </ul>
Focus Pattern	N/A	N/A	N/A
Application: To detect whether scan velocity modulation is enabled on display.			
Command example:			
IMGL focus IMGU			
PGCWRGB Pattern	N/A	Show Text	On / Off
Application: This is a scrolling pattern used to test for noise on analog displays and motion artifacts.			
Command example:		Show Center Cross	On / Off
IMGL pgcwrgb IMGU		Scroll Video	On / Off
		Show Overscan	On / Off
		Grid Type	<ul><li>10x50</li><li>5% H/V</li></ul>
3D Box Pattern	N/A	Box 1 Offset	-64 to +64
Application: This is a 3D pattern used to test 3D displays. The pattern enables you to set the offset between the left and right image components.		Box 2 Offset	-64 to +64
Command example:		Background	0 to 63
IMGL 3dbox IMGU		Brightness	
3D Contrast Pattern	N/A	Eye Select	Left or Right eye or both eyes
Application: This is a 3D pattern used to test 3D displays. The pattern enables you to test for contrast and crosstalk (extinction ratio).         Method – Color uniformity:         1.       Select Left Eye		Field Size (of box)	6.3% or full screen Full size is used when Eye select is set to Both Eyes
<ol> <li>Close left eye to view image from right eye. Image area of box should be black if there is no cross talk.</li> <li>Repeat for Right Eye.</li> </ol>		Level (IRE) (of box)	0 to 100 in +5 or 0. increments (+/-)

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Pattern Name	Variant	Options	Range of Values
4. Modify IRE of box to determine threshold.		Color	• R
Command example:			• G
IMGL 3dxtalk			• B • C
IMGU			• M
			• Y • W
3D Cross Talk	N/A		- VV
Application: This is a 3D pattern used to measure the crosstalk (extinction ratio) for frame packing, top and bottom and side by side 3D format structures.			
Description: This image is divided in two sections with four rows of			
6 white boxes each. The top section is for testing with the left eye open. The bottom section is for testing with the right eye open.			
The background area surrounding the boxes is a series of			
grayscale ramps. The ramps begin at 100 IRE and transitions to 50 IRE at the left end of the fourth row of each series.			
Nethod – Calculating percent crosstalk:			
1. Close right eye to test the left eye using the top section.			
<ol> <li>Check the visibility of the boxes. Any deviation from black indicates crosstalk.</li> </ol>			
<ol> <li>Assess where the box and its background blend such that they are not distinguishable.</li> </ol>			
<ul><li>that they are not distinguishable.</li><li>4. Calculate the degree of crosstalk as a percent by</li></ul>			
counting the number of boxes (from the beginning of the			
series to the box identified in step 3) and divide that by			
127. Example if the 20 <sup>th</sup> box blends with its background, the crosstalk would be 20/127 * 100 = 15.7%			
5. Repeat with the left eye closed to test the right eye.			
Command example: IMGL 3dxtalk2			

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Pattern Name	Variant	Options	Range of Values
3D Color Ramp	N/A	N/A	
Application: This is a 3D pattern used to test 3D color uniformity and crosstalk or extinction ratio.			
Description: There are 4 pairs of horizontal color bars. Each bar depicts a color gradation from red to purple; two from left to right and one from right to left.			
<ol> <li>Method – Color uniformity:         <ol> <li>Close left eye to view image from right eye.</li> <li>Assess the color gradation on each bar.</li> <li>Close right eye to view image from left eye.</li> <li>Subjectively compare the images to assess color uniformity.</li> </ol> </li> </ol>			
<ol> <li>Method – Crosstalk (extinction ratio):         <ol> <li>Close left eye to view image from right eye.</li> <li>Verify that the bottom bar is extinguished. The extent to which the bar is not extinguished represents the amount of crosstalk.</li> <li>Repeat for a test of the left eye</li> </ol> </li> </ol>			
Command example:			
IMGL 3dclrramp IMGU			
Multiburst Pattern	N/A	N/A	N/A
Application: To check a display's ability to produce sharply defined stripes at equal brightness up to full resolution.			
Command example:			
IMGL multibrst IMGU			
Sharpness Pattern	N/A		
Application: To align display sharpness, picture, aperature and scan velocity modulation adjustments.			
Command example:			
IMGL sharpness IMGU			

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Pattern Name	Variant	Options	Range of Values
Decoder Check Pattern Application: To check the color decoder performance to determine if the decoder over-emphasizes red or green colors. Command example: IMGL decodchk IMGU	N/A	N/A	N/A
Decoder Adjust Pattern Application: To adjust a display's color decoder/matrix circuit for most accurate color reproduction. Command example: IMGL decodadj IMGU	N/A	N/A	N/A
Converge Pattern Application: To color converge a display throughout the entire picture area. Command example: IMGL converge IMGU		N/A	N/A
Pseudo Random Pattern Application: To test for pixel errors on an HDMI cable. Command example: IMGL PRN24bit IMGU	N/A	N/A	N/A
UL 3 Bar Pattern Command example: IMGL V_3BARS IMGU	N/A	N/A	N/A

Table 17-1: Test Patterns			
Pattern Name	Variant	Options	Range of Values
LG Color Bar Pattern Application: To test a display's ability to product fully saturated primary and secondary color. White is 100 IRE Yellow is 100 IRE Cyan is 100 IRE Gray is 35 IRE Red is 100 IRE Blue is 100 IRE Blue is 100 IRE Command example: IMGL LG_H_CBAR IMGU		Orientation	<ul> <li>Vertical</li> <li>Horizontal</li> </ul>
IMGL LG_V_CBAR IMGU Black Pluge Pattern	Fine	N/A	N/A
Application: To set the picture black level and check the DC restoration performance of a display. Command example: IMGL pluge IMGU			
White Pluge Pattern Application: To set the contrast and brightness controls on fixed pixel displays. Command example: IMGL hilotrk IMGU	N/A	N/A	N/A
Checkboard Pattern Application: To check the regulation of CRT video drive power supply circuits. Command example: IMGL checkby6 IMGU IMGL check		Rows	<ul> <li>2</li> <li>3</li> <li>4</li> <li>5</li> <li>6</li> <li>2</li> <li>3</li> <li>4</li> <li>5</li> <li>6</li> </ul>

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Table 17-1: Test Patterns				
Pattern Name	Variant	Options	Range of Values	
Halation/Loading Patterns	Halation	Not applicabl	e	
Applications:		1		
Manufacturing test.				
Command examples:				
IMGL halation IMGU				
IMGL loading	Loading	Not applicabl	e	
IMGU				
IMGL ecoflower IMGU				
	Ecoflower	Not applicabl	e	
HSVnRGB Pattern	N/A	N/A	N/A	
Application:				
Manufacturing test.				
Command example: IMGL HSVnRGB				
IMGU				
Flat Pattern	N/A	N/A	N/A	
Application:				
Manufacturing test.				
<b>A</b>				
Command example:				

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Table 17-1: Test Patterns			
Pattern Name	Variant	Options	Range of Values
Zone Plate Pattern This is a bitmap that can be scrolled to test motion artifacts. You can replace particular bitmap with any other bitmap image to allow scrolling. You just need to ensure that you assign it the same name. Loading Pattern Application:	Vertical	Vertical Movement	<ul> <li>Stop</li> <li>Slow</li> <li>Medium</li> <li>Fast</li> </ul>
Manufacturing test. Command example: IMGL zoneplate IMGU		Horizontal Movement	<ul> <li>Stop</li> <li>Slow</li> <li>Medium</li> <li>Fast</li> </ul>

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