



Redbox **User Handbook** No 2

Matching Converters, Distribution Amplifiers & Headphone Amplifiers

RB-UL1	Single stereo unbalanced to balanced converter
RB-UL2	Dual stereo unbalanced to balanced converter
RB-UL4	Quad stereo unbalanced to balanced converter
RB-LU4	Quad stereo balanced to unbalanced converter
RB-BL2	Single stereo bi-directional matching converter
RB-BL4	Dual stereo bi-directional matching converter
RB-PA2	Dual stereo RIAA phono amplifier
RB-LI2	Stereo line isolation unit
RB-PLI6	6 way mono passive line isolation unit
RB-DA6	6 way stereo distribution amplifier
RB-DA6G	6 way stereo distribution amplifier with output gain control
RB-DA4x5	4 input, 4 x 5 output distribution amplifier/mixer
RB-DDA6A	6 way stereo AES/EBU digital distribution amplifier
RB-DDA6A3	6 way stereo AES3 digital distribution amplifier
RB-DDA6S	6 way stereo S/PDIF digital distribution amplifier
RB-DDA6W	6 way word clock digital distribution amplifier
RB-HD1	Stereo headphone amplifier
RB-HD2	Dual stereo headphone amplifier
RB-HD6	6 way stereo headphone distribution amplifier
RB-DHD6	Digital 6 way stereo headphone distribution amplifier







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Warranty

Warranty and Liability - important the purchaser is advised to read this clause

- (a) The Company agrees to repair or (at its discretion) replace Goods which are found to be defective (fair wear and tear excepted) and which are returned to the Company within 12 months of the date of despatch provided that each of the following are satisfied:
 - Notification of any defect is given to the Company immediately upon its becoming apparent to the Purchaser;
 - The Goods have only been operated under normal operating conditions and have only been subject to normal use (and in particular the Goods must have been correctly connected and must not have been subject to high voltage or to ionising radiation and must not have been used contrary to the Company's technical recommendations);
 - (iii) The Goods are returned to the Company's premises at the Purchaser's expense;
 - (iv) Any Goods or parts of Goods replaced shall become the property of the Company;
 - No work whatsoever (other than normal and proper maintenance) has been carried out to the Goods or any part of the Goods without the Company's prior written consent;
 - (vi) The defect has not arisen from a design made, furnished or specified by the Purchaser;
 - (vii) The Goods have been assembled or incorporated into other goods only in accordance with any instructions issued by the Company;
 - (viii) The defect has not arisen from a design modified by the Purchaser;
 - (ix) The defect has not arisen from an item manufactured by a person other than the Company. In respect of any item manufactured by a person other than the Company, the Purchaser shall only be entitled to the benefit of any warranty or guarantee provided by such manufacturer to the Company.
- (b) In respect of computer software supplied by the Company the Company does not warrant that the use of the software will be uninterrupted or error free.
- (c) The Company accepts liability:
 - For death or personal injury to the extent that it results from the negligence of the Company, its employees (whilst in the course of their employment) or its agents (in the course of the agency);





- (ii) For any breach by the Company of any statutory undertaking as to title, quiet possession and freedom from encumbrance.
- (d) Subject to conditions (a) and (c) from the time of despatch of the Goods from the Company's premises the Purchaser shall be responsible for any defect in the Goods or loss, damage, nuisance or interference whatsoever consequential economic or otherwise or wastage of material resulting from or caused by or to the Goods. In particular the Company shall not be liable for any loss of profits or other economic losses. The Company accordingly excludes all liability for the same.
- (e) At the request and expense of the Purchaser the Company will test the Goods to ascertain performance levels and provide a report of the results of that test. The report will be accurate at the time of the test, to the best of the belief and Knowledge of the Company, and the Company accepts no liability in respect of its accuracy beyond that set out in Condition (a).
- (f) Subject to Condition (e) no representation, condition, warranty or other term, express or implied (by statute or otherwise) is given by the Company that the Goods are of any particular quality or standard or will enable the Purchaser to attain any particular performance or result, or will be suitable for any particular purpose or use under specific conditions or will provide any particular capacity, notwithstanding that the requirement for such performance, result or capacity or that such particular purpose or conditions may have been known (or ought to have been known) to the Company, its employees or agents.
- (g) (i) To the extent that the Company is held legally liable to the Purchaser for any single breach of contract, tort, representation or other act or default, the Company's liability for the same shall not exceed the Price of the Goods.
 - (ii) The restriction of liability in Condition (g)(i) shall not apply to any liability accepted by the Seller in Condition (c).
 - (h) Where the Goods are sold under a consumer transaction (as defined by the Consumer Transactions (Restrictions on Statements) Order 1976) the statutory rights of the Purchaser are not affected by these Conditions of Sale.

Unpacking the Redbox

The Redbox is shipped with the following equipment. Please check your packaging to ensure that you have all of the items below. If anything is missing, please contact the supplier of your equipment immediately.

Item	Quantity
Redbox audio interface	1
IEC Mains lead fitted with moulded mains plug	1
Handbook and warranty card	1

Fig A: Packing List.



Each Redbox is shipped in protective packaging and should be inspected for damage before use. Where an item is found to have transit damage, notify the carrier immediately with all the relevant details of the shipment. Packing materials should be kept for inspection and also for if the product needs to be returned.

Returning the Warranty Card

In order to register the date of purchase so that we can keep you informed of any design improvements or modifications, it is important to complete the warranty registration document that is enclosed and return it to Sonifex Ltd in the UK, or register online at www.sonifex.co.uk/register

For your own records you should write down the serial number (which can be found on the rear of the Redbox.

Serial Number

Safety Information

Safety of Mains Operated Equipment

This equipment has been designed to meet the safety regulations currently advised in the country of purchase and it conforms to the safety regulations specified by use of the CE Mark.

Warning : There are no user serviceable parts inside the equipment. If you should ever need to look inside the unit, always disconnect the mains supply before removing the equipment covers.

Voltage Setting Checks

Ensure that the machine operating voltage is correct for your mains power supply by checking the rear panel of your Redbox. The available voltage settings are 115V, or 230V. Please note that all Redboxes are either switchable between 115V and 230V, or have a universal power supply.

Fuse Rating

The Redboxes are supplied with a single fuse in the live conducting path of the power infeed at the power supply. For reasons of safety it is important that the correct rating and type of fuse is used. Incorrectly rated fuses could present a possible fire hazard, under equipment fault conditions. See the Technical Specifications of each product for the fuse rating. The active fuse is fitted on the outside rear panel of the unit.



Power Cable and Connection

An IEC power connector is supplied with the Redbox, which has a moulded plug, attached – this is a legal requirement. If no moulded plug has been supplied with your Redbox, please contact your supplier, because an IEC connector is always supplied from the Sonifex factory. If for any reason, you need to use the Redbox with a different power cable, you should use the following wiring guidelines:

Wire Colour	Connection
Green, or green and yellow	Earth (E)
Blue, or Black	Neutral (N)
Brown, or Red	Live (L)

Fig B: Mains Cable Wire Colours

Ordering the Correct Mains Lead

When ordering a Redbox from Sonifex, it is helpful if you can specify your required operating voltage and mains lead. After the product code add:



Fig C: Mains Lead Table.

E.g. order RB-BL2 UK for a UK IEC lead to be supplied.

Installation Information

Atmosphere

The units should be installed in an area that is not subject to excessive temperature variation ($<0^{\circ}C$, $>50^{\circ}C$), moisture, dust or vibration.

Electromagnetic Radiation

The cover is connected to earth by means of the fixing screws. It is essential to maintain this earth ground connection to ensure a safe operating environment and provide electromagnetic shielding.

Fitting Redboxes

Redboxes can be fixed to the underside of a mixing desk, or other surfaces using 4.2mm holes in the sides and fixed with 2 x M4 screws or 2 x No. 6 countersink wood screws.



They can also be rack-mounted, with either the front, or rear of the Redbox positioned at the front of the rack:

Front Mounting Redboxes: For rack mounting smaller (28cm) units the optional **RB-RK1** (Red) or **RB-RK1B** (Black) kit can be used (which include 4 off M6 panel fixing screws).



Fig D: RB-RK1Small Redbox Front Rack-mount Kit.

Wherever you see this symbol an RB-RK1 front panel rack kit can be used :



Rear Mounting Redboxes: For rear panel mounting you can use either the RB-RK2, or RB-RK3, depending on the size of your Redbox.

RB-RK2 1U rear panel rack kit for small Redbox range, e.g., RB-BL2



Fig E: RB-RK2 Small Redbox Rear Rack-mount Kit.

e.g. for fitting an RB-BL2:



Wherever you see this symbol an RB-RK2 small Redbox rear panel 19" rack kit can be used :



RB-RK3 1U rear panel rack kit for large Redbox range, e.g., RB-DA6



Fig F: RB-RK3 Large Redbox Rear Rack-mount Kit.

e.g. for fitting an RB-DA6:



Wherever you see this symbol an RB-RK3 large Redbox rear panel 19" rack kit can be used :



Note: When fitting the rear-mounting rack-kits, a notch has been left on the inside of the right-hand rack-piece for the mains cable to pass through. Make sure that the mains cable has been put through the notch before attaching the right hand rack-piece.

WEEE & RoHS Directives - Sonifex Statement



The Waste Electrical and Electronic Equipment (WEEE) Directive was agreed on 13 February 2003, along with the related Directive 2002/95/EC on Restrictions of the use of certain Hazardous Substances in electrical and electronic equipment (RoHS).

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The **Waste Electrical and Electronic Equipment Directive (WEEE)** aims to minimise the impacts of electrical and electronic equipment on the environment during their life times and when they become waste. It applies to a huge spectrum of products. It encourages and sets criteria for the collection, treatment, recycling and recovery of waste electrical and electronic equipment. All products manufactured by Sonifex Ltd have the WEEE directive label placed on the case. It gives a contact for individuals who are unsure about the correct procedure when the product has reached its "end of use".

Sonifex Ltd will be happy to give you information about local organisations that can reprocess the products, or alternatively all products that have reached "end of use" can be returned to Sonifex and will be reprocessed correctly free of charge.

Sonifex Ltd has phased out the use of certain hazardous substances identified in the European Union's **Restriction of Hazardous Substances (RoHS)** directive. The RoHS directive limits the use of certain hazardous substances currently used in EEE manufacture, including lead, mercury, cadmium, hexavalent chromium, and halide-containing compounds PBB (polybrominated biphenyl) and PBDE (polybrominated diphenyl ether). Elimination of these substances will result in more environmentally friendly recycling of electronic equipment. For the products which Sonifex manufacture, the main area where products were affected was in the use of lead for manufacturing and assembling electronics circuit boards.

Sonifex Ltd practices lead-free (LF) manufacturing processes. LF solder is used on the surface-mount PCB manufacturing processes and for hand soldering. The printed circuit boards (PCBs) used are either gold plated, or immersion tin plated, both of which use no lead. Historically the PCBs were hot air solder levelled (HASL) PCBs which used tin/lead based solder.

The manufacturing processes include the assembly of purchased components from various sources. Product is offered as RoHS compliant, or LF, only after sufficient evidence is received from the component manufacturers that their components are RoHS compliant. Sonifex Ltd relies solely on the distributor, or manufacturer, of the components for identification of RoHS compliance. Thus whilst every effort is made to ensure compliance, Sonifex Ltd makes no warranty, or certification, or declaration of compliance concerning said components.

Sonifex Ltd defines "Lead Free" as pertaining to any product, which has been manufactured by Sonifex Ltd using components which have been declared by the manufacturers as "Lead Free". All statements by Sonifex Ltd of RoHS compliance are based on component manufacturer documentation.



1 RB-UL1 Single, RB-UL2 Dual & RB-UL4 Quad Stereo Unbalanced To Balanced Converters

Introduction



Fig 1-1: RB-UL1 & RB-UL2 Front Panel.



Fig 1-2: RB-UL4 Front Panel.

The RB-UL1 single, RB-UL2 dual & RB-UL4 quad stereo units are used for interfacing domestic, or semi-pro unbalanced equipment to professional balanced line levels.

All connections are on the rear panel. The RCA unbalanced inputs have an impedance of $10k\Omega$ bridging and are routed to the balanced XLR-3 outputs with an output impedance of $<50\Omega$.

The RB-UL1 has two inputs & outputs, the RB-UL2 has four inputs & outputs and the RB-UL4 has eight inputs & outputs.

The output gain can be individually adjusted for left and right channels by using pre-set potentiometers accessible through the rear panel. A LED power indicator on the front panel displays the power supply connection.

System Block Diagram



Fig 1-3: Block Diagram For a Single Channel (x2 for RB-UL2, x4 for RB-UL4).





MATCHING CONVERTERS - RB-UL1, RB-UL2, RB-UL4

Rear Panel Connections and Operation RCA Stereo Phono Outputs Inputs 0 Output Level Adjustment Fig 1-4: RB-UL1 Rear Panel. Output Level Adjustment 0 О RCA Stereo Balanced Phono Outputs Inputs Fig 1-5: RB-UL2 Rear Panel. RCA Output Phono Level Inputs Adjustment Ь Stereo Balanced Outputs



RCA Phono Inputs (Left and Right)

The stereo left and right RCA inputs are unbalanced and have an impedance of $10k\Omega$. They are routed to the stereo balanced XLR 3 pin output connectors.

Outputs (Left and Right)

The XLR 3 pin output plug connectors are electronically balanced with an output impedance of $<50\Omega$. They have the following connections:

Pin 1: Screen Pin 2: Phase Pin 3: Non-phase

Output Level Adjustment

The output gain can be individually adjusted for left and right channels through pre-set potentiometers which are accessible through the rear panel. The gain range of the unbalanced to balanced converter is -15dBu to +15dBu ref -15dBu into the unbalanced input.



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rechnical specifications	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
Audio Specifications				
Maximum Input Level:	+28dBu			
Input Impedance:	>10kΩ			
Output Impedance:	<50Ω			
Maximum Output Level:	+28dBu			
Distortion:	0.01% THD @ 1kHz ref +8dB output			
Noise:	-100dB unity gain, ref +8dB output			
Common Mode Rejection:	>66dB typically			
Frequency Response:	20Hz to 20kHz ±0.1dB (600Ω load, ref 1kHz)			
Gain Range:	Balanced output: -15dBu to 15dBu, ref -15dBu into unbalanced RCA input			
Connections				
Inputs:	2, 4 (RB-UL2) or 8 (RB-UL4) x RCA phono (unbalanced)			
Outputs:	2, 4 (RB-UL2) or 8 (RB-UL4) x XLR 3 pin male (balanced)			
Mains Input:	Filtered IEC, 110V-120V, or 220-240V switchable, fused, 6W maximum			
Fuse Rating:	Anti-surge fuse 100mA 20 x 5mm (230VAC)			
	Anti-surge fuse 250mA 20 x 5mm (115VAC)			
Equipment Type				
RB-UL1:	Single stereo unbalanced to balanced converter			
RB-UL2:	Dual stereo unbalanced to balanced converter			
RK1	RK2			
RB-UL4:	Quad stereo unbalanced to balanced converter			
RK3				
Physical Specifications				
RB-UL1 & RB-UL2:				
Dimensions (Raw):	28cm (W) x 10.8cm (D) x 4.2cm (H) (1U) 11″ (W) x 4.3″ (D) x 1.7″ (H) (1U)			
Dimensions (Boxed):	36cm (W) x 20.5cm (D) x 6cm (H)			
	14.2" (W) x 8" (D) x 2.4" (H)			
Weight RB-UL1:	Nett: 1.00kg Gross: 1.45kg			
	Nett: 2.2lbs Gross: 3.2lbs			
Weight RB-UL2:	Nett: 1.05kg Gross: 1.5kg			
	Nett: 2.3lbs Gross: 3.3lbs			
RB-UL4:				
Dimensions (Raw):	48cm (W) x 10.8cm (D) x 4.2cm (H) (1U)			
	19" (W) x 4.3" (D) x 1.7" (H) (1U)			
Dimensions (Boxed):	53cm (W) x 20.5cm (D) x 6cm (H)			
	21" (W) x 8" (D) x 2.4" (H)			
Weight:	Nett: 1.3kg Gross: 1.9kg			

Nett: 2.9lbs

Gross:

4.2lbs

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2 RB-LU4 Quad Stereo Balanced To Unbalanced Converter

Introduction



Fig 2-1: RB-LU4 Front Panel.

The RB-LU4 is a quad stereo unit for interfacing professional balanced equipment to domestic, or semi-pro unbalanced line levels.

All connections are on the rear panel. The eight XLR-3 electronically balanced inputs have an impedance of $20k\Omega$ bridging and are routed to eight unbalanced RCA phono outputs with an output impedance of $<50\Omega$.

The output gain can be individually adjusted for left and right channels by using pre-set potentiometers accessible through the rear panel. An LED power indicator is situated on the front panel, which displays the power supply connection.





System Block Diagram



Fig 2-2: RB-LU4 Block Diagram.

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Fig 2-3: RB-LU4 Rear Panel.

Inputs 1-4 (Left and Right)

The XLR 3 pin sockets used for the left and right channel inputs of Input 1 are electronically balanced and have an impedance of $20k\Omega$ bridging. They are routed to an unbalanced RCA (phono) output with an output impedance of $<50\Omega$. Each XLR has the following connections:

Pin 1: Screen Pin 2: Phase Pin 3: Non-phase

RCA Phono Outputs 1-4 (Left and Right)

These RCA (phono) outputs are unbalanced and have an output impedance of $<50\Omega$.

Output Level Adjustment

The output gain can be individually adjusted for left and right channels through pre-set potentiometers which are accessible through the rear panel. The gain of the balanced to unbalanced converter is variable within a range of -28dBu to +15dBu ref. -15dBu into the balanced input.

Technical Specification	ns
Audio Specifications	
Maximum Input Level:	+28dBu
Input Impedance (XLR):	>20k Ω balanced bridging
Output Impedance (RCA) :	<50Ω
Maximum Output Level:	+22dBu
Distortion:	0.01% THD @ 1kHz, ref +8dBu output
Noise:	-100dB, unity gain, ref +8dBu output
Common Mode Rejection:	>66dB typically
Frequency Response:	20Hz to 20kHz \pm 0.1dB (600 Ω load, ref 1kHz)
Gain Range:	Unbalanced Output: -28dBu to +15dBu, ref -15dBu into balanced XLR input
Connections	
Inputs:	8 x XLR 3 pin female (Balanced)
Outputs:	8 x RCA phono (Unbalanced)
Mains Input:	Filtered IEC, 110V-120V, or 220-240V switchable, fused, 6W maximum
Fuse Rating:	Anti-surge fuse 100mA 20 x 5mm (230VAC)
	Anti-surge fuse 250mA 20 x 5mm (115VAC)
Equipment Type	
RB-LU4:	Quad stereo balanced to unbalanced converter
Physical Specifications	
Dimensions (Raw):	48cm (W) x 10.8cm (D) x 4.2cm (H) (1U) 19″ (W) x 4.3″ (D) x 1.7″ (H) (1U)
Dimensions (Boxed):	53cm (W) x 20.5cm (D) x 6cm (H) 21″ (W) x 8″ (D) x 2.4″ (H)
Weight:	Nett: 1.3kg Gross: 1.9kg

Nett:

2.9lbs

4.2lbs

Gross:

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3 RB-BL2 Single & RB-BL4 Dual Bi-Directional Matching Converter

Introduction



Fig 3-1: RB-BL2 Front Panel.



Fig 3-2: RB-BL4 Front Panel.

The RB-BL2 is a bi-directional stereo unit for interfacing domestic, or semi-pro unbalanced equipment to professional balanced line levels, and vice-versa. The RB-BL4 has dual bidirectional stereo capability.

All connections are on the rear panel. The XLR-3 electronically balanced inputs have an impedance of $20k\Omega$ bridging and are routed to unbalanced RCA (phono) outputs with an output impedance of $<50\Omega$.

The RCA unbalanced inputs have an impedance of $10k\Omega$ bridging and are routed to balanced XLR-3 outputs with an output impedance of $<50\Omega$.

The output gain can be individually adjusted for left and right channels by using pre-set potentiometers accessible through the rear panel. An LED power indicator on the front panel displays the power supply connection.



System Block Diagram



Fig 3-3: RB-BL2/BL4 Block Diagram Single Stereo Channel.

(Note RB-BL4 contains 2 of these circuits)

Rear Panel Connections and Operation



Fig 3-4: RB-BL2 Rear Panel.

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Fig 3-5: RB-BL4 Rear Panel.

Balanced to Unbalanced Connections

Inputs 1 (& 3) (Left & Right)

The XLR 3 pin sockets used for the left and right channel signals of Inputs 1 & 3 are electronically balanced and have an impedance of $20k\Omega$ bridging. They are routed to unbalanced RCA (phono) outputs with an output impedance of $<50\Omega$. Each XLR has the following connections:

Pin 1: Screen. Pin 2: Phase. Pin 3: Non-phase.

RCA Phono Outputs 1 (& 3) (Left & Right)

These RCA (phono) outputs are unbalanced and have an output impedance of <50 Ω .

Output Level Adjustment

The output gain can be individually adjusted for left and right channels through pre-set potentiometers which are accessible through the rear panel. The gain of the balanced to unbalanced converter is variable within a range of 0dBu to -28dBu ref -0dBu into the balanced input.

Unbalanced to Balanced Connections

RCA Phono Inputs 2 (& 4) (Left & Right)

The left and right RCA inputs 2 & 4 are unbalanced and have an impedance of $10k\Omega$. They are routed to the balanced XLR 3 pin outputs 2 & 4.

Outputs 2 (& 4) (Left & Right)

The XLR 3 pin output plug connectors are electronically balanced with an output impedance of $<50\Omega$. They have the following connections:

Pin 1: Screen. Pin 2: Phase. Pin 3: Non-phase. **Technical Specifications**

Audio Specifications

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			4	1

Maximum Input Level:	+28dBu
Maximum Output Level:	+28dBu
Input Impedance (RCA) :	>10kΩ unbalanced
Input Impedance (XLR) :	>20k Ω balanced bridging
Output Impedance (RCA) :	<50Ω
Output Impedance (XLR) :	<50Ω
Distortion:	0.01% THD @ 1kHz, ref +8dBu output
Noise:	-100dB, unity gain, ref +8dBu output
Common Mode Rejection:	>66dB typically
Frequency Response:	20Hz to 20kHz \pm 0.1dB (600 Ω load, ref 1kHz)
Gain Range:	Unbalanced Output: -28dBu to +15dBu, ref -15dBu into balanced XLR input
Gain Range:	Balanced Output: -15dBu to +15dBu, ref -15dBu
	into unbalanced RCA input
Connections	
Connections	2 (4 on DD DL 4) x XLD 2 min female (helen and)
inputs:	$2 (4 \text{ OII RD-DL4}) \times \text{ALK S pill leftidie (Dataticed),}$
Outputs	2 (4 on PP PL4) x VLP 2 pip male (balanced)
Outputs.	$2 (4 \text{ on PB-BL4}) \times PCA \text{ phone (unbalanced)}$
Mains Input:	Filtered IEC 110V-120V or 220-240V switchable fused
Manis Input.	6W maximum
Fuse Bating:	Anti-surge fuse 100mA 20 x 5mm (230VAC)
ruse nating.	Anti-surge fuse 250mA 20 x 5mm (115\/AC)
Equipment Type	
Equipment Type RB-BL2:	Single stereo bi-directional matching converter
Equipment Type RB-BL2:	Single stereo bi-directional matching converter
Equipment Type RB-BL2: RK1 RB-BL4:	Single stereo bi-directional matching converter
Equipment Type RB-BL2: RK1 RB-BL4: RK3	Single stereo bi-directional matching converter
Equipment Type RB-BL2: RB-BL4: RK3	Single stereo bi-directional matching converter
Equipment Type RB-BL2: RK1 RB-BL4: RK3 Physical Specification RB-BL2:	Single stereo bi-directional matching converter
Equipment Type RB-BL2: RK1 RB-BL4: RK3 Physical Specification RB-BL2: Dimensions (Raw):	Single stereo bi-directional matching converter
Equipment Type RB-BL2: RB-BL4: RB-BL4: RB-BL4: RB-BL2: Dimensions (Raw):	Single stereo bi-directional matching converter
Equipment Type RB-BL2: RB-BL4: RB-BL4: RB-BL2: Physical Specification RB-BL2: Dimensions (Raw): Dimensions (Boxed):	Single stereo bi-directional matching converter
Equipment Type RB-BL2: RB-BL4: RB-BL4: RB-BL2: Dimensions (Raw): Dimensions (Boxed):	Single stereo bi-directional matching converter
Equipment Type RB-BL2: RB-BL4: RB-BL4: RB-BL2: Dimensions (Raw): Dimensions (Boxed): Weight:	Single stereo bi-directional matching converter
Equipment Type RB-BL2: RB-BL4: RB-BL4: RB-BL2: Dimensions (Raw): Dimensions (Boxed): Weight:	Single stereo bi-directional matching converter
Equipment Type RB-BL2: RB-BL4: RK3 Physical Specification RB-BL2: Dimensions (Raw): Dimensions (Boxed): Weight: RB-BL4:	Single stereo bi-directional matching converter
Equipment Type RB-BL2: RB-BL4: RK3 Physical Specification RB-BL2: Dimensions (Raw): Dimensions (Boxed): Weight: RB-BL4: Dimensions (Raw)	Single stereo bi-directional matching converter
Equipment Type RB-BL2: RB-BL4: RB-BL4: RK3 Physical Specification RB-BL2: Dimensions (Raw): Dimensions (Boxed): Weight: RB-BL4: Dimensions (Raw)	Single stereo bi-directional matching converter D ual stereo bi-directional matching converter 28cm (W) x 10.8cm (D) x 4.2cm (H) (1U) 11" (W) x 4.3" (D) x 1.7" (H) (1U) 36cm (W) x 20.5cm (D) x 6cm (H) 14.2" (W) x 8" (D) x 2.4" (H) Nett: 1.0kg Gross: 1.4kg Nett: 2.2lbs Gross: 3.1lbs 48cm (W) x 10.8cm (D) x 4.2cm (H) (1U) 19" (W) x 4.3" (D) x 1.7" (H) (1U) 520 (W) x 10.8cm (D) x 4.2cm (H) (1U) 19" (W) x 4.3" (D) x 1.7" (H) (1U)
Equipment Type RB-BL2: RK1 RB-BL4: RK3 Physical Specification RB-BL2: Dimensions (Raw): Dimensions (Boxed): Weight: RB-BL4: Dimensions (Raw) Dimensions (Raw) Dimensions (Raw) Dimensions (Boxed)	Single stereo bi-directional matching converter RK2 Dual stereo bi-directional matching converter 28cm (W) x 10.8cm (D) x 4.2cm (H) (1U) 11" (W) x 4.3" (D) x 1.7" (H) (1U) 36cm (W) x 20.5cm (D) x 6cm (H) 14.2" (W) x 8" (D) x 2.4" (H) Nett: 1.0kg Gross: 1.4kg Nett: 2.2lbs Gross: 3.1lbs 48cm (W) x 10.8cm (D) x 4.2cm (H) (1U) 19" (W) x 4.3" (D) x 1.7" (H) (1U) 53cm (W) x 20.5cm (D) x 6cm (H) 24" (M) x 0.0 (W) x 20.5cm (D) x 6cm (H) 24" (M) x 0.0 (W) x 20.5cm (D) x 6cm (H)
Equipment Type RB-BL2: RB-BL4: RK3 Physical Specification RB-BL2: Dimensions (Raw): Dimensions (Boxed): Weight: RB-BL4: Dimensions (Raw) Dimensions (Boxed) Weight:	Single stereo bi-directional matching converter D ual stereo bi-directional matching converter 28cm (W) x 10.8cm (D) x 4.2cm (H) (1U) 11" (W) x 4.3" (D) x 1.7" (H) (1U) 36cm (W) x 20.5cm (D) x 6cm (H) 14.2" (W) x 8" (D) x 2.4" (H) Nett: 1.0kg Gross: 1.4kg Nett: 2.2lbs Gross: 3.1lbs 48cm (W) x 10.8cm (D) x 4.2cm (H) (1U) 19" (W) x 4.3" (D) x 1.7" (H) (1U) 53cm (W) x 20.5cm (D) x 6cm (H) 21" (W) x 8" (D) x 2.4" (H) Nett: 1.0kg
Equipment Type RB-BL2: RK1 RB-BL4: RK3 Physical Specification RB-BL2: Dimensions (Raw): Dimensions (Boxed): Weight: RB-BL4: Dimensions (Raw) Dimensions (Boxed) Weight	Single stereo bi-directional matching converter D ual stereo bi-directional matching converter 28cm (W) x 10.8cm (D) x 4.2cm (H) (1U) 11" (W) x 4.3" (D) x 1.7" (H) (1U) 36cm (W) x 20.5cm (D) x 6cm (H) 14.2" (W) x 8" (D) x 2.4" (H) Nett: 1.0kg Gross: 1.4kg Nett: 2.2lbs Gross: 3.1lbs 48cm (W) x 10.8cm (D) x 4.2cm (H) (1U) 19" (W) x 4.3" (D) x 1.7" (H) (1U) 53cm (W) x 20.5cm (D) x 6cm (H) 21" (W) x 8" (D) x 2.4" (H) Nett: 1.3kg Gross: 1.9kg Nett: 1.3kg Gross: 1.9kg Nett: 2.0lbs Gross: 1.9kg
Equipment Type RB-BL2: RK1 RB-BL4: RK3 Physical Specification RB-BL2: Dimensions (Raw): Dimensions (Boxed): Weight: RB-BL4: Dimensions (Raw) Dimensions (Boxed) Weight	Single stereo bi-directional matching converter D ual stereo bi-directional matching converter 28cm (W) x 10.8cm (D) x 4.2cm (H) (1U) 11" (W) x 4.3" (D) x 1.7" (H) (1U) 36cm (W) x 20.5cm (D) x 6cm (H) 14.2" (W) x 8" (D) x 2.4" (H) Nett: 1.0kg Gross: 1.4kg Nett: 2.2lbs Gross: 3.1lbs 48cm (W) x 10.8cm (D) x 4.2cm (H) (1U) 19" (W) x 4.3" (D) x 1.7" (H) (1U) 53cm (W) x 20.5cm (D) x 6cm (H) 21" (W) x 8" (D) x 2.4" (H) Nett: 1.3kg Gross: 1.9kg Nett: 2.9lbs Gross: 4.2lbs

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RB-PA2 Dual Stereo RIAA Phono Amplifier

Introduction



Fig 4-1: RB-PA2 Front Panel.

The RB-PA2 is a dual stereo RIAA equalised phono amplifier. This record player preamp amplifies the small signal from your pick up cartridge (either moving magnet or high output moving coil magnetic) and provides the necessary RIAA equalisation required for vinyl records, to match it to a line input of your mixer, or amplifier. It uses a clean RIAA response making it ideal for use with broadcast turntables and DJ decks and where vinyl records are being archived to CD for high quality transfers, or for converting albums to mp3.

It operates with phono cartridges with a nominal output of 1mV to 25mV and has been specifically tested to work with the Technics SL-1200[™] and 1210[™] range of turntables. Quality high specification components have been used together with low noise, fast acting operational amplifiers to produce a superbly transparent signal path. Additionally, the RB-PA2 runs without a rumble filter to produce a powerful bass response.

The RB-PA2 is a dual stereo unit to interface up to two turntables. The inputs are phono connectors with Neutrik XLR connectors for the balanced outputs, which may be wired unbalanced if required. Output gain is individually adjustable for left and right channels in the range 35dB to 65dB by using pre-set potentiometers. Frequency response is held within 0.5dB of the RIAA curve and noise is typically better than -84dB RMS A weighted at 40dB gain.



System Block Diagram

Fig 4-2: RB-PA2 Block Diagram For a Single Stereo Channel.





Fig 4-3: RB-PA2 Rear Panel.

RCA Phono Inputs (Left and Right)

The stereo left and right RCA inputs are unbalanced and have an impedance of $47k\Omega$. They are routed to the stereo balanced XLR 3 pin output connectors.

Outputs (Left and Right)

The XLR 3 pin output plug connectors are electronically balanced with an output impedance of $<50\Omega$. They have the following connections:

Pin 1: Screen Pin 2: Phase Pin 3: Non-phase

Output Level Adjustment

The output gain can be individually adjusted for left and right channels through pre-set potentiometers which are accessible through the rear panel. The gain range of each channel is adjustable between 30dB gain and 58dB gain.

Pick-up Grounding Post

This acts as an earth ground connection to connect to a turntable pick-up ground point.



Technical Specification	s
Audio Specifications	
Maximum Input Level:	+28dBu
Input Impedance:	>47kΩ
Input Sensitivity Range:	1mV to 25mV (ref 1kHz)
Maximum Output Level:	+28dBu
Output Impedance:	<50Ω
Output Gain Range:	Adjustable 38dB to 58dB gain via 4 multi-turn pots
Crosstalk:	Better than -80dBu at 1kHz
Frequency Response:	10Hz-150kHz (-3dB)
RIAA Accuracy:	Within 0.5dB of RIAA curve
Distortion:	0.01% THD @ 1kHz, ref +8dBu output
Noise:	-77dB (CCIR Q-Pk, 20Hz-20kHz)
Headroom:	27dB for 3mV input
Dynamic Range:	90dB
Connections	
Inputs:	4 x RCA phono (unbalanced)
Outputs:	4 x XLR 3 pin male (balanced)
Earth Tag:	Grounding turret tag
Mains Input:	Filtered IEC, 110V-120V, or 220-240V switchable, fused 6W maximum
Fuse Rating:	Anti-surge fuse 100mA 20 x 5mm (230VAC)
	Anti-surge fuse 250mA 20 x 5mm (115VAC)
Equipment Type	
RB-PA2:	Dual stereo phono amplifier and RIAA gram amplifier
RĶ1	RK2
Physical Specifications	
Dimensions (Raw):	28cm (W) x 10.8cm (D) x 4.2cm (H) (1U)
	11" (W) x 4.3" (D) x 1.7" (H) (1U)
Dimensions (Boxed):	36cm (W) x 20.5cm (D) x 6cm (H)
	14.2" (W) x 8" (D) x 2.4" (H)
Weight RB-PA2	Nett: 1.1kg Gross: 1.5kg Nett: 2.4lbs Gross: 3.3lbs







5 RB-LI2 Stereo Line Isolation Unit

Introduction



Fig 5-1: RB-LI2 Front Panel.

The RB-Ll2 stereo line isolation unit is used to isolate audio signals from inter area ground hum loops, which could be caused by equipment being powered by different mains power supplies, or different phases on the same supply. The input and output are connected together through a transformer, which has internal jumpers allowing the outputs to be balanced about ground.

There is also a loop-through output, so that the RB-LI2 can be inserted into a line, forming a transformer balanced distribution point.

This unit is useful where audio is required to be driven over a relatively long length of cable. By isolating the signal using transformers, ground loop currents that can be present in nonisolated signals, are eradicated completely.

System Block Diagram



Fig 5-2: RB-LI2 System Block Diagram.



Rear Panel Connections and Operation



Fig 5-3: RB-LI2 Rear Panel.

Inputs

There are 2 input XLR 3 pin sockets. They have the following connections:

Pin 1: Screen Pin 2: Phase Pin 3: Non-phase

Isolated Outputs

Each of the 2 inputs has a corresponding isolated output, an XLR 3 pin plug with the following connections:

Pin 1: Screen Pin 2: Phase Pin 3: Non-phase

Loop Outputs

Each of the 2 inputs has a corresponding loop-through output, an XLR 3 pin plug with the following connections:

Pin 1: Screen Pin 2: Phase Pin 3: Non-phase

Output Level Adjustment

The isolated outputs can be individually adjusted using pre-set potentiometers, which are accessible through the rear panel. The gain range of the stereo line isolation unit is -15dB to +13.5dB (28.5dB).



Internal Jumpers

The unit has jumpers that are used to balance the output about ground. By default these are not fitted when the unit leaves the factory.

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To get inside the RB-LI2, first ensure that it has been disconnected from the mains power and that the mains IEC lead to the unit has been removed. Observing anti-static precautions, undo the four-crosshead screws on the back panel at the far left and far right of the panel (2 at each end). Also undo the small brass screws, which hold the top and bottom panels to the rear panel. The rear panel should slide backwards out of the unit together with the main circuit board.



Fig 5-4: RB-LI2 Jumper Positions on the PCB.

<150Ω
0Hz to 36kHz ±0.5dB
<64dB
).5% THD @ 40Hz, ref +17dBu output
100dB unity gain ref +8dB
15dB to +13.5dB (28.5dB)
2 x XLR 3 pin female
2 x XLR 3 pin male
2 x XLR 3 pin male
Anti-surge fuse 100mA 20 x 5mm (230VAC)
Anti-surge fuse 250mA 20 x 5mm (115VAC)
itereo line isolation unit
DUA
RKZ
0.0 sins (141) is 1.0.0 sins (D) is 4.2 sins (11) (111)
28Cm (W) X 10.8Cm (D) X 4.2Cm (H) (10)
$(W) \times 4.5 (U) \times 1.7 (\Pi) (10)$
$DOCITI (W) \times 20.5CITI (D) \times 20.11 (D)$
$14.2 (W) \times O (D) \times 2.4 (\Pi)$
Nett. 2.4lbs Gross 2.2lbs



6 RB-PLI6 6 Way Mono Passive Line Isolation Unit

Introduction



Fig 6-1: RB-PLI6 Front Panel.

The RB-PLI6 6 way mono passive line isolation unit is used to isolate audio signals from inter area ground hum loops, which could be caused by equipment being powered by different mains power supplies or phases on the same supply.

The input and output are connected together through a transformer and the unit has internal jumpers allowing the inputs and/or outputs to be balanced about ground. The unit requires no mains power for operation.

This unit is useful where audio is required to be driven over a relatively long length of cable. By isolating the signal using transformers, ground loop currents that can be present in nonisolated signals, are eradicated completely.

System Block Diagram



Fig 6-2: RB-PLI6 System Block Diagram.



Rear Panel Connections and Operation



Fig 6-3: RB-PLI6 Rear Panel.

Inputs

There are 6 off XLR 3 pin socket inputs. They have the following connections:

Pin 1: Screen Pin 2: Phase Pin 3: Non-phase

Outputs

There are 6 off XLR 3 pin plug outputs. They have the following connections:

Pin 1: Screen Pin 2: Phase Pin 3: Non-phase

Ground-link Internal Jumpers

The unit has jumpers that are used to balance either the input, or the output, about ground. By default these are not fitted when the unit leaves the factory.

To get inside the RB-PLI6, observing anti-static precautions, undo the four crosshead screws on the back panel at the far left and far right of the panel (2 at each end). Also undo the small brass screws, which hold the top and bottom panels to the rear panel. The rear panel should slide backwards out of the unit together with the main circuit board.

J11 J01	312 302	JI3 DO3	314 JO4	JIS DOS	316 Div 306	7
Ground Ground	Ground Ground	Ground Ground	Ground Ground	Greund Greund	Ground Ground	
Link for	Link for	Link for Link for	Link for	Link for	Link for Link for	
Input 1 Output 1	Input 2 Output 2	Input 3 Output 3	Input 4 Output 4	Input 5 Output 5	Input 6 Output 6	
Ground Balancing		Front of	FRB-PLI6			

Fig 6-4: RB-PLI6 Ground-link Jumper Settings.



-	•		~	•	~		
lec	hhi	cal	Sp	eci	пса	ITO	ns

Audio Specification		
Output Impedance:	<150Ω	
Distortion:	0.5% THD @ 40Hz, ref +17dBu output	
Common Mode Rejection:	<64dB typically	
Frequency Response:	10Hz to 36kHz ±0.5dB	
Connections		
Inputs:	6 x XLR 3 pin female (balanced)	
Outputs:	6 x XLR 3 pin male (balanced)	
Equipment Type		
RB-PLI6:	6 way mono passive line isolation unit	
Physical Specifications		
Dimensions (Raw):	48cm (W) x 10.8cm (D) x 4.2cm (H) (1U) 19" (W) x 4.3" (D) x 1.7" (H) (1U)	
Dimensions (Boxed):	53cm (W) x 20.5cm (D) x 6cm (H) 21″ (W) x 8″ (D) x 2.4″ (H)	

Nett: 1.5kg Gross: 1.9kg Nett: 3.3lbs Gross: 4.2lbs

Weight:



7 RB-DA6 & RB-DA6G 6 Way Stereo Distribution Amplifier

Introduction



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Fig 7-1: RB-DA6 Front Panel.



Fig 7-2: RB-DA6G Front Panel.

The RB-DA6 and RB-DA6G are high performance 6 way stereo analogue distribution amplifiers for splitting a source to a number of different outputs. The RB-DA6 has 1 stereo input and 6 stereo outputs with gain control on both inputs. It can also be configured so that 1 mono input can be distributed to 12 outputs. As a variant of the RB-DA6, the RB-DA6G, has an individual gain control on every output.

The XLR-3 inputs and outputs are electronically balanced and can be wired unbalanced. Each output is individually buffered so that a short circuit on one won't affect the others. The outputs can be wired unbalanced.

The RB-DA6 has master left and right gain controls which are pre- set potentiometers accessible through the front panel. On the RB-DA6G each channel has an individual output gain control (normalising) which are all pre-set potentiometers, also accessible through the front panel. The 1-12 mono, 1-6 stereo switch is recessed on the front panel to prevent accidental knocking. An LED power indicator on the front panel displays the power supply connection.


System Block Diagrams



Fig 7-3: RB-DA6 Block Diagram.



Fig 7-4: RB-DA6G Block Diagram.

AUDIO DISTRIBUTION AMPLIFIERS - RB-DA6 & RB-DA6G

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Connections and Operation



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Fig 7-5: RB-DA6 & RB-DA6G Rear Panel.

Inputs (Left and Right)

The XLR-3 input connectors can take balanced professional levels, or unbalanced by using the front panel gain controls, and by connecting the non-phase to the signal ground. The input can be configured as either a stereo input with six stereo outputs or a mono input with twelve outputs. The XLR 3 pin input has the following connections:

Pin 1: Screen Pin 2: Phase Pin 3: Non-phase

Stereo Outputs 1-6 (Mono Outputs 1-12)

The XLR 3 pin outputs are electronically balanced, and can be wired unbalanced. Each output is individually buffered so that a short circuit on one output will not affect the others. They have the following connections:

Pin 1: Screen Pin 2: Phase Pin 3: Non-phase

Input Gain Control (RB-DA6)

The input gain on the RB-DA6 can be varied –8dB to 18db by adjusting the pre-set potentiometers. These are accessible through the holes in the front panel. The RB-DA6 has separate left and right master gain controls.



Fig 7-6: RB-DA6 Front Panel.

Output Gain Control (RB-DA6G)

The output gain on the RB-DA6G can be varied –8dB to 18dB by adjusting the pre-set potentiometers. These are accessible through the holes in the front panel. The RB-DA6G has output gain controls on every output.





Fig 7-7: RB-DA6G Front Panel.

Stereo/Mono Operation

The mode of operation may be switched between a stereo distributed channel to 6 stereo channels, and a mono channel to 12 mono channels, by the push button on the front panel, which is recessed to prevent accidental switching.

Technical Specifications					
Audio Specifications					
Input Impedance:	>20kΩ bridging				
Output Impedance:	<50Ω				
Maximum Input Level:	+28dBu				
Maximum Output Level:	+28dBu				
Frequency Response:	20Hz to 20kHz \pm 0.1dB (600 Ω load, ref 1kHz)				
Gain Range:	Adjustable 8dB loss to 18dB gain				
Common Mode Rejection:	>66dB typically				
Distortion:	0.01% THD @ 1kHz, ref +8dBu output				
Noise:	-100dB unity gain ref +8dB (RB-DA6)				
	-88dB unity gain ref +8dB (RB-DA6G)				
Connections					
Inputs:	2 x XLR 3 pin female (Balanced, can be unbalanced)				
Outputs:	12 x XLR 3 pin male (Balanced, can be unbalanced)				
Mains Input:	Filtered IEC, 110V-120V, or 220-240V, fused, 6W maximum				
Fuse Rating:	Anti-surge fuse 100mA 20 x 5mm (230VAC)				
	Anti-surge fuse 250mA 20 x 5mm (115VAC)				
Equipment Type					
RB-DA6:	6 way stereo distribution amplifier				
RB-DA6G:	6 way stereo distribution amplifier with output gain				
RK3					
70					
Physical Specifications					
Dimensions (Raw):	48cm (W) x 10.8cm (D) x 4.2cm (H) (1U)				
	19" (W) x 4.3" (D) x 1.7" (H) (1U)				
Dimensions (Boxed):	53cm (W) x 20.5cm (D) x 6cm (H)				
	21" (W) x 8" (D) x 2.4" (H)				
Weight:	Nett: 1.3kg Gross: 1.9kg				
	Nett: 2.9lbs Gross: 4.2lbs				

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Fig 8-1: RB-DA4x5 Front Panel.

The RB-DA4x5 is a 1U rack-mount combined distribution amplifier and mixer. It has 4 mono analogue audio inputs on female XLR and 4 groups of 5 outputs on 15 way D-type connectors. Each output group has a five way front-panel DIP switch assigned to it which is used to select the input(s) to send to the output group. This enables each of the four inputs, and a 1kHz 0dBu tone, to be mixed to the output group.

The inputs and outputs are electronically balanced and can be wired unbalanced. Each input has adjustable gain using a preset potentiometer, providing a gain range of -8dB to +18dB. Each output is individually buffered so that a short circuit on one output will not affect the others. The output gain of each group can similarly be adjusted between -8dB and +18dB using preset potentiometers.

The DIP switch settings and gain controls are recessed beneath a front-mounting screw-on cover so that settings can not be accidentally altered, for secure applications. Four bright front-panel signal present LEDs show the levels of either the inputs or the output groups by pressing the AUDIO PRESENCE button. The LEDs will show green illumination from -12dBu through to 0dBu, amber from 0dBu through to +6dBu and red for inputs and outputs at +6dBu and over.

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System Block Diagram



Fig 8-2: RB-DA4x5 Block Diagram.

Rear Panel Connections and Operation





Audio Inputs 1-4

The XLR 3 pin sockets used for the audio inputs are electronically balanced and have an impedance of $20k\Omega$ bridging. They are routed to the switch matrix. Each XLR has the following connections:

Pin 1: Screen Pin 2: Phase Pin 3: Non-phase



D-Type Audio Output Groups 1-4

Each output group connector has 5xDA driven balanced audio outputs on a D-type connector outputs each with an output impedance of <50 Ω .



Fig 8-4: RB-DA4x5 Audio	Output Group	15-Way D-Type Plug
-------------------------	--------------	--------------------

Function	Output 1	Output 2	Output 3	Output 4	Output 5
Out - Pin No.	1	3	4	6	7
Out + Pin No.	9	10	12	13	15
Signal Ground Pin No.	2	11	5	14	8

Fig 8-5: RB-DA4x5 Pinout for Audio Output Group Connector.

Monitor LEDs

There are 4 LEDs on the front panel that indicate the relative levels of the audio signals at the inputs or outputs. A pushbutton switch on the front panel toggles the function of these LEDs between input and output. These LEDs indicate the levels of the signals by illuminating green for signals between –12 and 0dBu, illuminating yellow for signals between 0 and +6dBu, and illuminating red for signals over +6dBu.

Input Level Adjustment

The gain for each input can be adjusted through pre-set potentiometers that are accessible from behind the removable plate on the front panel. The gain of each balanced input is variable within a range of -8dB to +18dB into the router input.

Output Level Adjustment

The gain for each output group can be adjusted through pre-set potentiometers that are accessible from behind the removable plate on the front panel. The gain of each output group is variable within a range of -8dB to +18dB from the router output.

Routing Selection

Each output group is capable of selecting its signal from any combination of inputs and the test tone. Set the appropriate dip-switch for that group & that input to the on position to include the signal in the group's output.



Fig 8-6: RB-DA4x5 Routing Selection Switch.

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Function	Group 1 Routing	Group 2 Routing	Group 3 Routing	Group 4 Routing
Input 1	SW1-1 On	SW1-6 On	SW2-1 On	SW2-6 On
Input 2	SW1-2 On	SW1-7 On	SW2-2 On	SW2-7 On
Input 3	SW1-3 On	SW1-8 On	SW2-3 On	SW2-8 On
Input 4	SW1-4 On	SW1-9 On	SW2-4 On	SW2-9 On
Test Tone	SW1-5 On	SW1-10 On	SW2-5 On	SW2-10 On

Fig 8-7: RB-DA4x5 Routing Selection Switch Functions.

Alignment Test Tone

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Each of the output groups has the capability of selecting a 1kHz, 0dBu test tone. This signal can be used as a reference to set the output gain levels. Once these values are known then the input gains can be set by providing a known tone to the input and adjusting the input gain to the required level. It is possible to use this test tone as a reference level for the input gain by adjusting the output gains to unity and then looping back any output to the input connector. The on-board oscillator is temperature sensitive and in cold conditions may take a short time to start oscillating. In any case you should always allow the unit to fully come to its normal operating temperature before adjusting the gains.

Technical Specifications					
Audio Specifications					
Maximum Input Level:	+28dBu				
Input Impedance (XLR):	>20kΩ balanced bridging				
Output Impedance:	<50Ω				
Maximum Output Level:	+28dBu				
Distortion:	0.01% THD @ 1kHz, ref +8dBu output				
Noise:	-100dB, unity gain, ref +8dBu output				
Common Mode Rejection:	>66dB typically				
Frequency Response:	20Hz to 20kHz \pm 0.1dB (600 Ω load, ref 1kHz)				
Input Gain Range:	Adjustable 8dB loss to 18dB gain (channel 1-4 adjust)				
Output Gain Range:	Adjustable 8dB loss to 18dB gain (group 1-4 adjust)				
Connections					
Inputs (4 x Mono):	4 x XLR 3 pin female (Balanced)				
Outputs (20 x Mono):	4 x 15 way D-type (Balanced)				
Mains Input:	Filtered IEC, 110V-120V, or 220-240V switchable, fused, 9W maximum				
Fuse Rating:	Anti-surge fuse 100mA 20 x 5mm (230VAC)				
	Anti-surge fuse 250mA 20 x 5mm (115VAC)				
Equipment Type					
RB-DA4x5: RK3	4 input to 20 output distribution amplifier & mixer				
Physical Specifications					
Dimensions (Raw):	48cm (W) x 15.8cm (D*) x 4.2cm (H) (1U) 19" (W) x 6.2" (D*) x 1.7 (H) (1U)				
Dimensions (Boxed):	59cm (W) x 27.4cm (D*) x 10.8cm (H) 23.2" (W) x 10.8" (D*) x 4.3" (H)				
Weight:	Nett: 1.6kg Gross: 2.2kg Nett: 3.5lbs Gross: 4.8lbs				

* Note that this product is deeper than standard redboxes.



AUDIO DISTRIBUTION AMPLIFIERS



9 RB-DDA6A 6 Way Stereo AES/EBU Digital Distribution Amplifier RB-DDA6A3 6 Way Stereo AES3 Digital Distribution Amplifier and RB-DDA6S 6 Way Stereo S/PDIF Digital Distribution Amplifier

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Introduction



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Fig 9-1: RB-DDA6A/A3/S Front Panel.



The RB-DDA6A digital distribution amplifier is used for distributing digital audio data in AES/EBU format, repeating both the audio data and the status information of the input whilst re-normalising to standard digital audio levels.

It has a single XLR-3 female AES/EBU audio input which is distributed to 6 XLR-3 male AES/ EBU outputs.

Applications include distributing audio from a digital mixing desk to multiple digital recorders, or feeding multiple studios with an output from a DAT machine.

It can accept input sample rates in the range of 30kHz - 100kHz, and bit rates of 16, 20 and 24 bit. So, it can be used for standard CD signal distribution at 16 bit 44.1kHz, as well as for high quality 24 bit 96kHz recording.

The RB-DDA6A3 digital distribution amplifier is used for distributing digital audio data in AES3 format, repeating both the audio data and the status information of the input whilst re-normalising to standard AES3 digital audio levels.

It has a single female BNC AES3 audio input which is distributed to 6 female BNC AES3 outputs.

It can accept input sample rates in the range of 30kHz - 100kHz, and bit rates of 16, 20 and 24 bit.

The RB-DDA6S digital distribution amplifier is similar to the above models except that it is used for distributing digital audio data in S/PDIF format.

It has a single S/PDIF audio input which is distributed to 6 x S/PDIF audio outputs at the same level and condition as the input signal. It can accept input sample rates in the range of 30kHz - 100kHz, and bit rates of 16, 20 and 24 bit.

Uses include audio distribution at 16 bit 44.1kHz from a consumer CD player to multiple digital recorders, distribution of high quality 24 bit 96kHz signals from digital mixing desks to recorders and connection of the output of, say, a DVD player to multiple studios.

AUDIO DISTRIBUTION 9



Fig 9-2: RB-DDA6A System Block Diagram.

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Fig 9-3: RB-DDA6A3 System Block Diagram.





Fig 9-4: RB-DDA6S System Block Diagram.





Rear Panel Connections and Operations



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Fig 9-5: RB-DDA6A Rear panel.

AES/EBU Input

The XLR 3 pin socket has an impedance of 110Ω . It has the following connections:

Pin 1: Screen Pin 2: Phase Pin 3: Non-phase

AES/EBU Outputs

The XLR 3 pin sockets have an impedance of 110Ω . They have the following connections:



Fig 9-6: RB-DDA6A3 Rear panel.

AES3 Input

The AES3 input has an impedance of 75Ω .

AES3 Outputs

The AES3 outputs have an impedance of 75Ω .





Fig 9-7: RB-DDA6S Rear Panel.

S/PDIF Input

The S/PDIF phono input has an impedance of 75Ω .

S/PDIF Outputs

The S/PDIF phono outputs have an impedance of 75Ω .

Technical Specif	Technical Specifications				
Audio Specification RB-DDA6A	S				
Input Impedance:	$110\Omega \pm 20\%$ balanced				
Output Impedance:	$110\Omega \pm 20\%$ balanced				
Sample Freq Range:	30-100kHz (i.e. including 32kHz, 44.1kHz, 48kHz, 64kHz, 88.2kHz and 96kHz)				
Signal Level:	2V/7V peak to peak min/max				
RB-DDA6A3					
Input Impedance:	75Ω				
Output Impedance:	75Ω				
Sample Freq Range:	30-100kHz (i.e. including 32kHz, 44.1kHz, 48kHz, 64kHz, 88.2kHz and 96kHz)				
Signal Level:	0.8V/1.2V peak to peak min/max				
RB-DDA6S					
Input Impedance:	$75\Omega \pm 5\%$ unbalanced				
Output Impedance:	$75\Omega \pm 5\%$ unbalanced				
Sample Freq Range:	30-100kHz (i.e. including 32kHz, 44.1kHz, 48kHz, 64kHz, 88.2kHz and 96kHz)				
Signal Level:	Balanced min 0.5V \pm 20% peak to peak				
Connections RB-DDA6A					
Input:	1 x AES/EBU XLR 3 pin female (balanced)				
Outputs:	6 x AES/EBU XLR 3 pin male (balanced)				
Mains Input:	Filtered IEC, 110-120V, or 220-240V switchable, fused, 6W max				
Fuse Rating:	Anti-surge fuse 100mA 20 x 5mm (230VAC)				
	Anti-surge fuse 250mA 20 x 5mm (115VAC)				

AUDIO DISTRIBUTION AMPLIFIERS



RB-DDA6A3					
Input:	1 x BNC female				
Outputs:	6 x BNC female				
Mains Input:	Filtered	IEC, 110-12	20V, or 220-	-240V switchable, fused, 6W max	
Fuse Rating:	Anti-sur	ge fuse 10	0mA 20 x 5	mm (230VAC)	
	Anti-surge fuse 250mA 20 x 5mm (115VAC)				
RB-DDA65	1 6 (DD		6		
Input (unbalanced):	T x S/PL	OF RCA pho	ono female		
Outputs:	6 x S/PC	IF RCA pho	ono female	(unbalanced)	
Mains Input:	Filtered	IEC, 110-12	20V, or 220-	-240V switchable, fused, 6W max	
Fuse Rating:	Anti-sur	ge fuse 10	0mA 20 x 5	mm (230VAC)	
	Anti-sur	ge fuse 25	0mA 20 x 5	5mm (115VAC)	
Equipment Type					
	6 way AEC/ERLI stored digital distribution amplifier				
	6 way AES close digital distribution amplifier				
	6 way AESS stered digital distribution amplifier				
RD-DDA03	o way si	ereo 3/PDI	r digital di	stribution ampliner	
Physical Specification	ons				
RB-DDA6A, RB-DDA	6A3 & RI	B-DDA6S			
Dimensions (Raw):	28cm (V	V) x 10.8cm	n (D) x 4.2cı	m (H) (1U)	
	11" (W)	x 4.3" (D) x	1.7" (H) (1U	J)	
Dimensions (Boxed):	36cm (V	V) x 20.5cm	n (D) x 6cm	(H)	
	14.2" (W) x 8" (D) x 2.4" (H)				
Weight RB-DDA6A:	Nett:	0.95kg	Gross:	1.4kg	
	Nett:	2.1lbs	Gross:	3.2lbs	
Weight RB-DDA6A3:	Nett:	0.92kg	Gross:	1.46kg	
	Nett:	2.1lbs	Gross:	3.2lbs	
Weight RB-DDA6S:	Nett:	0.9kg	Gross:	1.35kg	
	Nett:	2lbs	Gross:	3lbs	

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10 RB-DDA6W 6 Way Word Clock Distribution Amplifier

Introduction



Fig 10-1: RB-DDA6W Front Panel.

The RB-DDA6W 6 Way Word Clock Distribution Amplifier distributes a word clock BNC input signal to 6 word clock BNC outputs re-conditioned. It is used in distributing reference clocks for digital audio systems.

It has a single female BNC input which is distributed to 6 female BNC outputs.

The unit's primary application is to distribute a master TTL word clock source to multiple pieces of equipment that need to be synchronised from the master.





System Block Diagram



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Fig 10-2: RB-DDA6W System Block Diagram.

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Rear Panel Connections and Operations



Fig 10-3: RB-DDA6W Rear Panel.

Word Clock Input

The Word Clock BNC input has an impedance of 50 Ω .

Word Clock Outputs

The Word Clock BNC outputs have an impedance of $<50 \Omega$.

Technical Specifications					
Signal Specifications					
Input Impedance :	50Ω				
Output Impedance:	<50Ω				
Connections					
Input:	1 x BNC female				
Outputs:	6 x BNC female				
Mains Input:	Filtered IEC, 110-120V, or 220-240V switchable, fused, 6W max				
Fuse Rating:	Anti-surge fuse 100mA 20 x 5mm (230VAC)				
	Anti-surge fuse 250mA 20 x 5mm (115VAC)				
Equipment Type					
RB-DDA6W:	6 way word clock distribution amplifier				
RĶ1	RK2				
Physical Specifications					
Dimensions (Raw):	28cm (W) x 10.8cm (D) x 4.2cm (H) (1U) 11" (W) x 4.3" (D) x 1.7" (H) (1U)				
Dimensions (Boxed):	36cm (W) x 20.5cm (D) x 6cm (H) 14.2" (W) x 8" (D) x 2.4" (H)				
Weight:	Nett: 0.9kg Gross: 1.35kg Nett: 2lbs Gross: 3lbs				

AUDIO DISTRIBUTION AMPLIFIERS - RB-DDA6W



11 RB-HD1 Stereo Headphone Amplifier & RB-HD2 Dual Headphone Amplifier

Introduction



Fig 11-1: RB-HD1 Front Panel.

The RB-HD1 is a 1U rack-mount stereo headphone amplifier for driving up to two pairs of professional stereo headphones from a single stereo or mono input. One headphone socket is on the front panel with one on the rear.

The main stereo input uses electronically balanced XLR-3 connectors on the rear panel, which can be wired un-balanced. The output volume for the headphones can be controlled either by a pot situated on the front panel or a VCA signal supplied externally via the remote connector.

A mono input can be mixed into the main headphone feed, for example, for mixing in talkback to the headphones. This has an input level control via a recessed adjustable potentiometer. The mono mix input can also be controlled remotely.

A stereo/mono switch is recessed on the rear panel to prevent accidental knocking. With mono selected, audio is sent to both left and right ear pieces. A LED power indicator on the front panel displays the power supply connection.



Fig 11-2: RB-HD2 Front Panel.

The RB-HD2 is a high performance 2-way stereo headphone distribution amplifier for driving up to 2 pairs of professional stereo headphones from a single stereo or mono input. A switch on the rear panel enables the distribution of a mono signal to all four outputs (i.e. both earpieces of a pair of stereo headphones) via the left channel input. The stereo/mono switch is located on the rear panel to prevent accidental knocking.

The XLR-3 inputs are electronically balanced and can be wired unbalanced. There are two pre-set controls on the rear panel that adjust the level of the master input signal to the outputs.

Each output is on a ¼" stereo jack socket and is designed to drive 150mW into 32 ohm to 600 ohm stereo headphones. The outputs are individually buffered with their own front panel volume control. A LED power indicator on the front panel displays the power supply connection.



System Block Diagrams



Fig 11-3: RB-HD1 Block Diagram.



Fig 11-4: RB-HD2 Block Diagram.

HEADPHONE DISTRIBUTION AMPLIFIERS-RB-HD1 & RB-HD2

BON



Front Panel Connections and Controls



Fig 11-5: RB-HD1 Front Panel Controls.

Stereo Outputs 1-2 (Mono Outputs1-2)

The outputs available on the front and rear panel through $\frac{1}{4}$ stereo jack sockets are pushpull, designed to drive 150 mW into 32Ω to 600Ω professional headphones. Each output is individually buffered.

Volume Level Control

The volume level control sets the output level of the two stereo headphone sockets. The two headphone outputs have a maximum output of +11dBu.



Fig 11-6: RB-HD2 Front Panel Controls.

Stereo Outputs 1-2 (Mono Outputs 1-2)

The outputs available on the front panel through 1/4" stereo jack sockets are push-pull, designed to drive 150 mW into 32Ω to 600Ω professional headphones. Each output is individually buffered.

Channel Volume Controls

Each channel has its own volume control so that you have control of the signal volume to an individual output from the master input.



Rear Panel Connections and Operation



Fig 11-8: RB-HD2 Rear Panel.

Main Stereo Inputs (Left and Right)

The XLR-3 input connectors can take balanced professional levels, or unbalanced by using the volume control to increase the input level, and by connecting the non-phase to the signal ground. The input can be configured as either a stereo input with two stereo outputs or a mono input with two mono paired outputs. The XLR 3 pin input has the following connections:

Pin 1: Screen Pin 2: Phase Pin 3: Non-phase

Stereo Input Gain Adjustment (RB-HD1)

There are two preset controls on the rear panel that adjust the level of the master input signal to the outputs from -12dB to +20dB gain.

Stereo/Mono Operation

The mode of operation may be switched between a stereo distributed channel to 2 stereo channels, or a mono channel to two mono paired outputs (i.e. the same signal to both ear pieces) by using the push button, mounted on the rear panel to prevent accidental switching.

Mono Mix Input (RB-HD1)

The XLR-3 input connector can take balanced professional levels, or unbalanced by connecting the non-phase to the signal ground. This input is used for mixing with the main stereo input, which is controlled by the MIX_EN pin (pin 8 on the remote connector) on the remote connector. While this signal is shorted to the ground pin (pin 9 on the remote connector) mixing is enabled and is only disabled once the signal from MIX_EN to pin 9 is open on the remote connector. The XLR 3 pin input has the following connections:

Pin 1: Screen Pin 2: Phase Pin 3: Non-phase

Mono Mix Input Gain Adjustment (RB-HD1)

A rotary pre-set potentiometer can be used to adjust the gain of the mono mix input by 22dBu.

Local/Remote Control Operation (RB-HD1)

The level to the two outputs can be controlled in one of two ways, either locally, by the pot situated on the front panel or remotely, by a VCA signal supplied externally to the remote connector.

Remote Connector (RB-HD1)

The remote connector is a 9-pin D-type socket, which is situated on the rear panel. It has connections as shown below.

Pin No.	Signal	I/O	Description
Pin 1	Pot wiper	I	Volume control signal
Pin 2	Pot top	0	+5V
Pin 3	N/C	-	No connection
Pin 4	N/C	-	No connection
Pin 5	N/C	-	No connection
Pin 6	Pot bottom	-	Ground
Pin 7	N/C	-	No connection
Pin 8	MIX_EN	1	Make to pin 9
Pin 9	0V	-	Ground

Fig 11-9: RB-HD1 Remote Connector



HEADPHONE DISTRIBUTION 1

Technical Specifications						
Audio Specifications RB-HD1 & RB-HD2:						
Maximum Input Level:	+28dBu					
Input Impedance:	>20kΩ balanced bridging (main)					
Input Gain Range:	-12dB to +20dB (pre-set pots) (RB-HD2)					
Output Level:	Drives 150 mW into 32Ω to 600Ω headphones					
Volume Control:	-80dB to +11dB gain					
Mono Mix Input Gain Range:	22dBu (RB-HD1)					
Connections						
RB-HD1:	2VLD2in female (Delen and see be using the demonstration					
Iviain Stereo Input:	2 X XLK 3 pin female (Balanced, can be wired unbalanced)					
Niono Mix Input:	I X ALK 3 pin female (Balanced, can be wired unbalanced)					
Outputs:	2 x ¹ /4 (0.55mm) A/B gauge 3-pole stereo Jack sockets					
Mains Input:	S-pill D-type SOCKEL					
mains input:	Cillered IEC, 110V-120V, OF 220-240V SWILCHable, TUSEd,					
Fuce Pating:	Anti curao fuso 100mA 20 x 5mm (220)/AC)					
ruse Ratilig:	Anti-surge fuse 100mA 20 x 5mm (230VAC)					
	Anti-surge ruse 250mA 20 x 5mm (TTSVAC)					
RB-HD2:						
Main Stereo Input	2 x XLR 3 pin female (Balanced, can be wired unbalanced)					
Outputs	$2 \times \frac{1}{4}$ (6.35mm) A/B gauge 3-pole stereo jack sockets					
Mains Input	Filtered IEC, 110V-120V, or 220-240V, fused, switchable,					
	9W maximum					
Fuse Rating:	Anti-surge fuse 100mA 20 x 5mm (230VAC)					
3	Anti-surge fuse 250mA 20 x 5mm (115VAC)					
Equipment Type						
RB-HD1:	Stereo headphone amplifier					
RB-HD2:	Dual stereo headphone amplifier					
RK2						
Physical Specifications						
RR-HD1 & RR-HD2						
Dimensions (Baw):	48cm (W) x 10 8cm (D) x 4 2cm (H) (111)					
Entensions (naw).	19" (W) x 4 3" (D) x 1 7" (H) (11)					
Dimensions (Boxed):	53cm (W) x 20 5cm (D) x 6cm					
Differisions (boxed).	21" (W) x 8" (D) x 2 4"					
Weight:	Nett: 1.35kg Gross: 2.0kg					
···-··	Nett: 3lbs Gross: 4.4lbs					

HEADPHONE DISTRIBUTION AMPLIFIERS-RB-HD1 & RB-HD2

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12 RB-HD6 6 Way Headphone Distribution Amplifier

Introduction



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Fig 12-1: RB-HD6 Front Panel.

The RB-HD6 is a high performance 6-way stereo headphone distribution amplifier for driving up to 6 pairs of professional stereo headphones from a single stereo or mono input. A switch on the rear panel enables the distribution of a mono signal to all twelve outputs (i.e. both earpieces of a pair of stereo headphones) via the left channel input.

Alternatively, the RB-HD6 can be used as six separate stereo headphone amplifiers by using the override (insert-point, or break-jack) input associated with each outlet. A typical application might be to provide common headphone feeds for guests around a table in a radio studio, with a separately derived feed, perhaps including talkback, for the presenter. The over-ride inputs can also be configured as parallel outputs (to the front outputs) by altering jumper settings inside the unit.

The XLR-3 inputs are electronically balanced and can be wired unbalanced. There is a master control that adjusts the level of the master signal to all the outputs. This master control can be disabled by the use of internal jumpers. Each output is designed to drive 150 mW into 32Ω to 600Ω stereo headphones and is individually buffered with its own volume control.

The input level and output volume controls are all potentiometers on the front panel. The stereo/mono switch is recessed on the rear panel to prevent accidental knocking. A LED power indicator on the front panel displays the power supply connection.



System Block Diagram



Fig 12-2: RB-HD6 Block Diagram.





Fig 12-3: RB-HD6 Rear Panel.

Stereo Input (Left and Right)

The XLR-3 input connectors can take balanced professional levels, or unbalanced by using the front panel master control to increase the input level, and by connecting the non-phase to the signal ground. The input can be configured as either a stereo input with six stereo outputs or a mono input with six mono paired outputs. The XLR 3 pin input has the following connections:

Pin 1: Screen Pin 2: Phase Pin 3: Non-phase

Stereo/Mono Operation

The mode of operation may be switched between a stereo distributed channel to 6 stereo channels, or a mono channel to six mono paired outputs (i.e. the same signal to both ear pieces), by the push button on the rear panel which is recessed to prevent accidental switching.

Channel Insertion Inputs/Parallel Outputs

Each channel has an unbalanced override/insertion input via a ¼" stereo audio jack socket on the rear panel, which overrides the master input.

Each connector can also be individually configured as a parallel output providing the same signal as the output on the front of the unit. To configure the jack connector as an output, you'll need to alter some jumper settings inside the unit.

Removing the Equipment Covers

To get inside the RB-HD6, first ensure that it has been disconnected from the mains power and that the mains IEC lead to the unit has been removed. Observing anti-static precautions, undo the four cross-head screws on the back panel at the far left and far right of the panel (2 at each end). Also undo the small brass screws which hold the top and bottom panels to the rear panel. The rear panel should slide backwards out of the unit together with the main circuit board.

Configuring Insert Inputs/Parallel Outputs

On the main circuit board, you'll see some jumpers (small black rectangles), the position of which will define whether a particular jack socket operates as an input or output. The drawings below show the different jumper settings available. Each input/output can be configured individually, so you could have three jacks set as inputs and three as outputs if needed.

Input/Ou	Itput	1	2	3	4	5	6
Jumpers	Left	JP1 & 2	JP5 & 6	JP9 & 10	JP13 & 14	JP17 & 18	JP21 & 22
to Alter	Right	JP3 & 4	JP7 & 8	JP11 & 12	JP15 & 16	JP19 & 20	JP23 & 24

Fig 12-4: RB-HD6 Jumper Assignments.



Fig 12-5: RB-HD6 Jumper Positions.

Once you've set up the jumpers, slide the circuit board back into the Redbox housing using the slots along the inside edge of the metalwork as a guide. Replace the screws on the top, bottom and rear panels of the RB-HD6.

Important Note : The screws provide earthing protection to the chassis and grounding protection for CE approval – it is important that you reinsert all the screws provided.

Front Panel Connections and Controls



Fig 12-6: RB-HD6 Front Panel Controls.

Stereo Outputs 1-6 (Mono Outputs 1-6)

The outputs available on the front panel through $\frac{1}{4}$ " stereo jack sockets are push-pull, designed to drive 150 mW into 32Ω to 600Ω professional headphones. Each output is individually buffered.





Master Level Control

The master level control will set the maximum level of all channels and will need to be set high if an unbalanced consumer input level (-10dbu) is used. This level control can be disabled by setting jumpers within the unit. See Page 48 for details on removing the equipment covers. The two jumpers JP25 and JP26 can be found near the volume potentiometer VR1 :

Jumper	JP25	JP26
Enable Master Level Control	On	On
Disable Master Level Control	Off	Off

Fig 12-7: RB-HD6 Master Level Control.

Channel Volume Controls

Each channel has its own volume control so that you have control of the signal volume to an individual output whether it is from the master input or the override input.

Technical Specifications		
Audio Specifications		
Input Impedance:	>20kΩ balanced bridging (main),	
	>10kΩ unbalanced (insert points)	
Maximum Input Level:	+28dBu	
Output Level:	Drives 150 mW into 32 Ω to 600 Ω headphones	
Override Inputs:	+3dBu for full volume at +18dB gain	
Individual Volume Control:	-60dB to +18dB gain	
Master Volume Control:	±10dB gain	
Connections		
Main Stereo Inputs:	2 x XLR 3 pin female (Balanced, can be wired unbalanced	
Insert Inputs &	6 x ¼" (6.35mm) A-gauge 3-pole stereo jack sockets	
Parallel Outputs:	(unbalanced, jumper configured)	
Outputs:	6 x ¼" (6.35mm) A-gauge 3-pole stereo jack sockets	
Mains Input:	Filtered IEC, 110V-120V, or 220-240V switchable, fused, 9W maximum	
Fuse Rating:	Anti-surge fuse 100mA 20 x 5mm (230VAC)	
	Anti-surge fuse 250mA 20 x 5mm (115VAC)	
Equipment Type		
RB-HD6:	6 way stereo headphone distribution amplifier	
RK3		
Physical Specifications		
Dimensions (Raw):	48cm (W) x 10.8cm (D) x 4.2cm (H) (1U)	
	19" (W) x 4.3" (D) x 1.7" (H) (1U)	
Dimensions (Boxed):	53cm (W) x 20.5cm (D) x 6cm (H)	
	$21''(M) \times 9''(D) \times 24''(H)$	

Gross: 2.0kg

Gross: 4.4lbs

SONIFEX



13 RB-DHD6 Digital 6 Way Headphone Distribution Amplifier

Introduction



Fig 13-1: RB-DHD6 Front Panel.



The RB-DHD6 digital 6 way headphone distribution amplifier is a 1U rackmount which receives a digital input signal, as either AES/EBU or S/PDIF and converts it to 6 individually buffered, jack-plug, headphone outputs, each with their own volume control.

Useful for connection to digital mixing desks, digital routers and matrices, the RB-DHD6 connects directly to an AES/EBU or S/PDIF output to provide the highest quality audio directly to the headphones. The input connectors consist of a single balanced XLR-3 for the AES/EBU input and a single unbalanced phono connector for the S/PDIF input.

A button located on the rear panel is used to select either the AES/EBU, or S/PDIF, input and de-emphasis on the output can be controlled via dipswitch. If de-emphasis is selected, the RB-DHD6 will decode $50/15\mu$ s emphasis when indicated by certain channel status bits in the incoming digital audio data.

When operating, the front panel power LED flashes red and amber whenever the unit is not synchronised to the incoming digital signal.

System Block Diagram



Fig 13-2: RB-DHD6 System Block Diagram.



Fig 13-3: RB-DHD6 Front Panel Controls.



Sync & Power Indicator

The LED on the front panel is normally red to indicate that power is present on the unit. However, it also has a secondary role to indicate the status of the digital inputs

Flashing between red and amber - indicates a loss of a valid digital input signal.

Headphone Outputs

The headphone outputs on the front panel consist of six $\frac{1}{4}$ stereo jack sockets, designed to drive 150 mW into 32Ω to 600Ω professional headphones.

Volume Control

The headphone outputs each have their own volume control and have a maximum output level of +12dBu.



AES/EBU Input

The digital input XLR 3 pin socket has an impedance of 110Ω . It has the following connections:

Pin 1: Screen Pin 2: Phase Pin 3: Non-phase

The signals on this connector should meet the IEC 60968 specification

S/PDIF Input

The S/PDIF digital phono input has an impedance of 75Ω .

Status Select Switches

Status			
1	On	De-emphasis On	
1	Off	De-emphasis Off	
2		Reserved	
3		Reserved	
4		Reserved	

Fig 13-5: RB-DHD6 Status Select Switches.



If de-emphasis is 'on' (switch 1) the RB-DHD6 will decode 50/15µs emphasis when indicated by certain channel status bits in the incoming digital audio data. When 'off', no de-emphasis is applied. The switch is 'on' when it is down.

Digital Input Select Button

This button is used to switch the digital input between the AES/EBU XLR connector (button out) and the S/PDIF phono connector (button in).

Technical Specifications		
Audio Specification		
Input Impedance:	110Ω \pm 20% AES/EBU 75Ω \pm 5% S/PDIF	
Sample Freq. Range:	30kHz – 100kHz	
Dynamic Range:	>100dB	
Headphones:	Drives 150 mW into 32Ω to 600Ω headphones	
Max Output Level:	+12dBu	
Headphone Gain Range:	-80dBu to +12dBu	
Connections		
Digital Inputs:	1 x AES/EBU XLR 3 pin female 1 x S/PDIF RCA phono	
Headphone Outputs:	6 x ¼" (6.35mm) A/B gauge 3-pole stereo jack sockets	
Mains Input:	Filtered IEC, 110-120V, or 220-240V switchable, fused 10W max	
Fuse Rating:	Anti-surge fuse 100mA 20 x 5mm (230VAC) Anti-surge fuse 250mA 20 x 5mm (115VAC)	
Operational Controls		
Digital Input Select:	AES/EBU or S/PDIF, via push-switch	
De-emphasis:	DIP switch	
Equipment Type		
RB-DHD6:	Digital 6 way stereo headphone distribution amplifier	
Physical Specifications		
Dimensions (Raw):	48cm (W) x 10.8cm (D) x 4.2cm (H) (1U) 19" (W) x 4.3" (D) x 1.7" (H) (1U)	
Dimensions (Boxed):	53cm (W) x 20.5cm (D) x 6cm (H) 21" (W) x 8" (D) x 2.4" (H)	
Weight:	Nett: 1.6kg Gross: 2.2kg Nett: 3.5lbs Gross: 4.8lbs	





14 Connectors & Cabling

Many of the problems associated with installing and maintaining studio equipment are due to the use of poor cables or faulty connections. It is recommended that, wherever possible, pre-wired cables are purchased from recommended manufacturers. If you need bespoke cables making, please ensure that a qualified engineer carries out the work.

The main types of connectors used with the Redboxes are the following:

XLR 3 Pin Connectors

The following diagram shows the pin details for the 3 pin XLR sockets and plugs:



Fig 14-1: XLR Connectors.

RCA Phono Connectors

The following diagram shows the connection details for the RCA phono connectors:



Fig 14-2: RCA Phono Connector.

1/4" Jack Connector

The following diagram shows the connection details for the jack connector:

¼"'A' Gauge Stereo Jack Plug

(In Phase) Tip-Hot Signal	<u>л</u>
(Non Phase) Ring-Cold Signal]
Sleeve-Ground (Screen) Signal -	u

¼"'A' Gauge Stereo Jack Plug Used For Headphones



Fig 14-3: ¼″ Jack Connector.



Pin 9

Pin 15

D-Type Connectors

The following diagram shows the connection details for the D-type connectors as viewed from the rear of a Redbox :



Fig 14-4: 25 Way D-Type Connectors.





Pin 5	Female	Pin 1
	·····)	
Pin 9		Pin 6

Female

. . .

Pin 1

Pin 14

Pin 1

Pin 10

Fig 14-6: 9 Way D-Type Connectors.

Redbox User Handbook No 2



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GLOSSARY

15 Glossary		
1kHz	1000Hz or 1 kilohertz tone of 1kHz is often used for line-up and testing.	
ADSL	Asynchronous Digital Subscriber Link - a broadband delivery system over	
	standard telephone lines (between the exchange and the user).	
AES	Audio Engineering Society.	
AES/EBU	Professional digital audio standard covering frame format, connections	
	and interfaces. Interface is usually on XLR sockets and plugs.	
AM	Amplitude Modulation - older analogue modulation standard used on	
	long, medium and short wave.	
APT-X	Data reduction process for reducing the amount ofstorage or bit-rate	
	need for audio.	
ATRAC	Adaptive Transform Acoustic Coding - the data reduction of compression	
	scheme used in Mini-disk machines.	
Attenuation	The reduction of a signal level. Attenuation is usually measured in dB.	
B-Channel	Bearer Channel - the main carrier channels used in ISDN.	
Balance	A way of conding audio over cable that protects it from induced	
Audio	interforence	
CAR	See racks room	
CAT 5	Category 5 - type of cabling/connectivity standards used in	
	computer networking.	
CD	Compact Disc.	
Cleanfeed	A cleanfeed is a signal produced by a telco module on a mixer which is	
	used as the output to be fed back to a caller on a telephone line.	
	The cleanfeed is a sum of all the other signals which constitute the	
	programme output, except for the caller's audio. A cleanfeed signal will	
	generally be of a better quality than a mix-minus signal.	
Clipping	The onset of severe distortion in the signal path, usually caused by the	
	peak signal voltage being limited.	
CMRR	Common Mode Rejection Ratio. This is the ratio of the extent to which a	
	differential amplifier will cancel noise, which is present on both inputs,	
CODEC	compared to its ability to amplify the signal.	
CODEC	and back again	
Codecs	difu Dack dydifi.	
couecs	(Integrated Services Data Networks) or other data transfer methods	
	audio can be transferred with good to excellent guality over what almost	
	amount to dial-up telephone lines. The units operate by Coding the	
	audio into a digital data stream that can be transferred over the digital	
	circuit which is Decoded at the receiving end (Thus CoDec).	
	By using single or multiple circuits, very high quality audio can be	
	transferred from one place to another, even internationally.	
Cross-talk	This is the amount of a signal from a bus which appears, or is induced,	
	on a different signal. The problem is usually most prevalent with	
	adjacent channels.	
DA	Distribution Amplifier.	
DAB	Digital Audio Broadcasting = now called Digital Radio.	



DAT	Digital Audio Tape.
dB (decibel)	A ratio of two voltages or signal levels, expressed by the equation
	dB=20LOG(V1/V2)
	Adding the suffix "u" denotes that the signal is relative to 0.775V RMS.
DCE	Adding the suffix "v" denotes that the signal is relative to TV RMS.
DCF	Germany which can be used to automatically synchronize the
	Sentinel+ audio logger and PC time to an accurate atomic clock
	European Time.
DDS &	DDS and DDS-2 are world-wide standards established by Sony and
DDS-2	Hewlett-Packard which introduce many levels of error checking as data
	is written to a DAT tape. DDS(-2) drives and tapes are used in security
	products all over the world. 120m DDS-2 DAT tapes are more accurate
	and reliable than DDS tapes and are able to store twice as much
	audio data.
DI	Direct Inject - a means of driving audio, usually from an instrument such
	as a guitar, to allow the audio signal to be fed directly into a sound
DIS	desk input. Dynamic Label segment - a text message scheme used in digital radio
DLJ	usually to carry information about the programme Like the radio-text
	scheme used in RDS.
DSP	Digital Signal Processing.
EBU	European Broadcasting Union.
EIN	Equivalent input noise. It is the ratio of output noise to the gain. It
	describes the level of noise which would need to be fed into an ideal
	amplifier to produce the measured output noise.
ENG	(Electronic news gathering). Machines that can record audio and
FON	Video information digitally.
EON	(RDS) Elinance Other Networks - a scheme for switching a listener's radio
EO	(Equalisation). This is a method of cutting or boosting selected bands of
	frequencies in a signal.
FM	Frequency Modulation - a way of sending audio or data over a radio
	carrier, the 88 - 108 Broadcast Band is often known as the FM Band.
FSD	Full Scale Digits - This is the analogue representation of the maximum
	digital value that the converter in question can see before digital
	clipping occurs.
3G	I hird generation mobile telephone system that may allow broadband
Gain	The degree of amplification, or attenuation, applied to a signal
GRAM	Gramophone Reproducer - a turntable with a 'nick-un' amplifier and
GIVIN	remote start interface.
HDLC	High Speed Data Link.
Hybrid	See TBU
IEC	International Elecrotechnical Commision - often used to refer to a mains
	connectivity standard, i.e. A type of plug/socket similar to that of a kettle,
	used on most pro-audio equipment.
ISDN	Integrated Services Digital Network - a system for sending high bandwidth
	material over standard telephone lines.



GLOSSARY



kbps	Kilo-bits per second - the number of 1s or 0s transmitted or transferred in
•	one second.
kHz	Kilo Hertz (samples per second).
LAN	Local Area Network - scheme where several computers on the same
	premises are connected together so that they can exchange data.
LCD	Liquid Crystal Display (grey displays e.g. on calculators).
LED	Light Emitting Diode (small lights e.g. on computers).
LNB	Low Noise Block - the RF amplifier attached to a satellite dish.
MCR	See racks room.
MDU	Mains Distribution Unit - a panel of mains outlets for power distribution.
MF	Medium Frequency - another name for Medium Wave - roughly frequencies between 300kHz and 3MHz.
MHz	Mega-hertz - One million cycles per second.
Mix-minus	A mix-minus is similar to a cleanfeed except that the caller's voice is
	removed from the signal electronically. Due to phasing problems at the signal band edges, the mix-minus method often produces a lower grade signal.
Mono	Monophonic sound (system of broadcasting, recording or reproducing sound) using only one channel between source and loudspeaker.
MP3	MPEG 1 Layer 3 - see MPEG.
MPEG	(ISO MPEG) Motion Picture Experts Group. For audio, this is used to refer
	to a framing format standard. There are several layers and variants. Most
	common ones are listed below.
	MPEG 1 Layer 1 Used for Digital Compact Cassette.
	MPEG 1 Layer 2 (Musicam) used in digital radio, digital terrestrial
	television, ISDN and many hard-disk storage systems.
	MPEG 1 Layer 3 Known as MP3. A more elaborate version of
	MPEG 1 Layer 2 that allows for audio storage using low bit-rates.
MSF	This is radio code signal sourced from Rugby in England, which can be
	used to automatically synchronize the Sentinel+ audio logger and PC
	time to an accurate atomic clock, UK Time.
Musicam	Masking Pattern Universal Sub-Band Encoding.
MUX	Short for Multiplex - a 'package' of digital radio services.
Pan	This controls the levels sent to the left and right outputs and is an
	abbreviation of 'panorama'.
PFL	(Pre Fade Listen, or Cue). This is a method of auditioning audio material
	independently of the programme output, without routing the signal
	to air. The PFL button on each channel routes the signal to the PFL bus,
DI Cada	Where it can be monitored.
PICOde	(RDS) Programme information Code used to identify an FM RDS station.
PPM	Peak Performance Meter (BBC Specification).
Promo PS Namo	Drogramma Sarvica Nama - 8 characters used for naming an
PS Name	FIGURE Service Name - o characters used for haming an
DSII	Power Supply Unit
PTV	(PDS and DAR) Programme Type A code transmitted to describe the
	overall programme content of a radio station (Static PTY) and/or the moment by moment content (Dynamic PTY). RDS has 32 codes although
	3 are used in special circumstances only.

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Racks Room	Often called the Master Control Room (MCR) or Central Apparatus Room
	(CAR), the racks room is an engineering area containing studio routing
	to transmitter equipment. Outside sources, phone-in equipment, off-air
	and transmitter status monitoring and logging equipment (or the
	transmitter itself !) are stored here with limited access.
RDS	Radio Data System.
Reverb	An echo (in very basic terms).
RF	Radio Frequency.
RJ-45	A connection standard used in computer networking.
S/PDIF	Sony/Phillips Digital Interface. Domestic digital audio interface standard
	using phono connectors or optically using fibre-optic connectors.
SPL	Sound Pressure Level.
ТА	Traffic Announcement (flag) - a means of signalling to a radio with FM
	RDS indicating that traffic/travel news is being broadcast.
T/B	Talk-back (and reverse talk-back). This is the ability for two or more
	studios to communicate with each other off-air.
TBU	See Telephone Balance Unit
TCP/IP	Transmission Control Protocol / Internet Protocol. Computer
	interconnection methodology used on the internet and LANs.
Telephone	Telephone hybrids provide the interface between professional audio
Balance	equipment and the public telephone network. They provide protection
Unit (TBU)	for your equipment and the public telephone lines, allowing for varying
or Hybrid	line signals and line conditions. Automatically cancelling out the
	unwanted signal they also facilitate two-way communication down a
	single telephone line. In most European countries, including the UK, the
	TBU must be approved for connection to telephone company lines. Sonifex
	TBU's carry British Telecom and pan European approval.
THD	The Total Harmonic Distortion is the percentage presence of signals
	outside the measured reference frequency.
TMC	(RDS) Traffic Message Channel.
TP	Iraffic Programme (flag) - a means of indicating to an RDS radio that a
	station will carry traffic announcements.
U	A height measurement for rack-mount equipment:
	10 = 1.75 inches
	20 = 3.5 inches
	30 = 5.25 inches
	40 – 7 miches
0F3	on interruptible Power Supply. A device which maintains power to
VHE	Very High Frequency - frequencies between 20MHz and 200MHz
VP	Vertical Polarisation i.e. of FM radio transmission
VSWR	Voltage Standing Wave Radio
VU	Voltage units
WAP	Wireless Application Protocol - a system for delivering mini-web pages to
	mobile phones from the Internet
X21	A data communications protocol used in synchronous connections
XLR	Professional, robust lockable audio connector - sometimes known as a
	'Cannon' after one of the earlier manufacturers.

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