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Warnings & Safety Information



Both appliance power cables must be removed from the device for Power Disconnection.
 Remove the phone cable from the POTS interface before servicing.

THUNDERSTORM AND LIGHTNING WARNING:

DO NOT USE Tieline codecs during thunderstorms and lightning. You may suffer an injury using a phone, Tieline codec, or any device connected to a phone during a thunderstorm. This can lead to personal injury and in extreme cases may be fatal. Protective devices can be fitted to the line, however, due to the extremely high voltages and energy levels involved in lightning strikes, these devices may not offer protection to the users, or the Tieline codec and equipment connected to the codec.

Secondary strikes can occur. These secondary strikes are induced by lightning strikes and also produce dangerously high currents and energy levels. You only need to be near an object struck by lightning to lead to personal injury or damage to equipment. e.g. if you are located near a lighting tower at a sports facility, water features and drains on golf courses, you may be affected by these secondary strikes.

Damage to personnel and Tieline codecs may occur during thunderstorm, even if the codec is turned off but remains connected to the phone or ISDN system, LAN or the power.

ANY DAMAGE TO A TIELINE PRODUCT CAUSED BY LIGHTNING or an ELECTRICAL STORM WILL VOID THE WARRANTY. Use of this product is subject to Tieline's SOFTWARE LICENSE and WARRANTY conditions, which should be viewed at <u>www.tieline.com/support</u> before using this product.

DIGITAL PHONE SYSTEM WARNING:

DO NOT CONNECT YOUR TIELINE CODEC TO A DIGITAL PHONE SYSTEM. PERMANENT DAMAGE MAY OCCUR! If you are unfamiliar with any facility, check that the line you are using is NOT a digital line. If the Tieline codec becomes faulty due to the use of a digital phone system, the WARRANTY WILL BE VOID.



WARNING:

HIGH LEAKAGE CURRENT. EARTH CONNECTION ESSENTIAL BEFORE CONNECTING SUPPLY.

If the total leakage current exceeds 3.5 mA, or if the leakage current of the connected loads is unknown, connect the supplementary ground terminal to a reliable ground connection in your facility.

Supplementary ground connection

A supplementary ground terminal is provided on the codec to connect the unit to a ground connection. The ground terminal has an M4 stud with M4 retaining nuts and is compatible with all grounding wires. Remove only **NUT** 2 to connect your ground wire. The ground wire must have a suitable lug. When refitting **NUT** 2 ensure that both **NUT** 1 & **NUT** 2 are correctly tightened to establish and maintain a proper earth connection.

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Disclaimer

Whilst every effort has been made to ensure the accuracy of this manual we are not responsible for any errors or omissions within it. The product specifications and descriptions within this manual will be subject to improvements and modifications over time without notice, as changes to software and hardware are implemented.

2 How to Use the Documentation

Manual Conventions



Warnings: Instructions that, if ignored, could result in death or serious personal injury caused by dangerous voltages or incorrect operation of the equipment. These must be observed for safe operation.



Cautions: Instructions warning against potential hazards, or to detail practices that must be observed for safe operation and to prevent damage to equipment or personnel.



Important Note: Information you should know to connect and operate your codec successfully.



Information specific to IP connections.



Information specific to ISDN connections.

POTS Information specific to POTS connections.

Typographic Conventions

- Codec software elements are in Arial bold, e.g. Contacts
- Codec hardware elements are in bold Capitals, e.g. KEYPAD

Help Button

Press the information/help) button when navigating codec menus to display a dialog suggesting the actions which can be performed from within the current menu.

3 Manual Glossary of Terms

DNS	The Domain Name System (DNS) is used to assign domain names to IP addresses over the World-Wide Web
Domain	A group of computers or devices on a network which are administered with common rules and procedures. Devices sharing a common part of the IP address are said to be in the same domain
DSCP	The Differentiated Services Code Point is a field in an IP packet header for prioritizing data when traversing IP networks
Failover	Method of switching to an alternative audio stream if the primary connection is lost
GUI	Graphical User Interface
ISP	Internet Service Providers (ISPs) are companies that offer customers access to the internet
IP	Internet Protocol; used for sending data across packet-switched networks.
LAN	Local Area Network; a group of computers and associated devices sharing a common communications link
Latency	Delay associated with IP networks and caused by algorithmic, transport and buffering delays
MIB	A management information base (MIB) is a database used for managing the entities in a communications network. This term is associated with the Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP).
Multicast	Efficient one to many streaming of IP audio using multicast IP addressing.
Multi-unicast	A multi-unicast program (also known as multiple unicast) can transmit a single audio stream with common connection settings to a number of different destinations.
MSN	Multiple Subscriber Number for ISDN
Network Address Translation (NAT)	A system for forwarding data packets to different private IP network addresses that reside behind a single public IP address
Network Address Translation (NAT) Port Address Translation (PAT)	A system for forwarding data packets to different private IP network addresses that reside behind a single public IP address Related to NAT; a feature of a network device that allows IP packets to be routed to specific ports of devices communicating between public and private IP networks
Network Address Translation (NAT) Port Address Translation (PAT) POTS	A system for forwarding data packets to different private IP network addresses that reside behind a single public IP address Related to NAT; a feature of a network device that allows IP packets to be routed to specific ports of devices communicating between public and private IP networks Plain old telephone system: copper phone network infrastructure
Network Address Translation (NAT) Port Address Translation (PAT) POTS PSU	A system for forwarding data packets to different private IP network addresses that reside behind a single public IP address Related to NAT; a feature of a network device that allows IP packets to be routed to specific ports of devices communicating between public and private IP networks Plain old telephone system: copper phone network infrastructure Power Supply Unit
Network Address Translation (NAT) Port Address Translation (PAT) POTS PSU QoS (Quality of Service)	A system for forwarding data packets to different private IP network addresses that reside behind a single public IP address Related to NAT; a feature of a network device that allows IP packets to be routed to specific ports of devices communicating between public and private IP networks Plain old telephone system: copper phone network infrastructure Power Supply Unit Priority given to different users or data flows across managed IP networks. This generally requires a Service Level Agreement (SLA) with a Telco or ISP.
Network Address Translation (NAT) Port Address Translation (PAT) POTS PSU QoS (Quality of Service) RTP	A system for forwarding data packets to different private IP network addresses that reside behind a single public IP address Related to NAT; a feature of a network device that allows IP packets to be routed to specific ports of devices communicating between public and private IP networks Plain old telephone system: copper phone network infrastructure Power Supply Unit Priority given to different users or data flows across managed IP networks. This generally requires a Service Level Agreement (SLA) with a Telco or ISP. A standardized packet format for sending audio and video data streams and ensures consistency in the delivery order of voice data packets.
Network Address Translation (NAT) Port Address Translation (PAT) POTS PSU QoS (Quality of Service) RTP SDP	A system for forwarding data packets to different private IP network addresses that reside behind a single public IP address Related to NAT; a feature of a network device that allows IP packets to be routed to specific ports of devices communicating between public and private IP networks Plain old telephone system: copper phone network infrastructure Power Supply Unit Priority given to different users or data flows across managed IP networks. This generally requires a Service Level Agreement (SLA) with a Telco or ISP. A standardized packet format for sending audio and video data streams and ensures consistency in the delivery order of voice data packets. SDP defines the type of audio coding used within an RTP media stream. It works with a number of other protocols to establishes a device's location, determines its availability, negotiates call features and participants and adjusts session management features
Network Address Translation (NAT) Port Address Translation (PAT) POTS PSU QoS (Quality of Service) RTP SDP	A system for forwarding data packets to different private IP network addresses that reside behind a single public IP address Related to NAT; a feature of a network device that allows IP packets to be routed to specific ports of devices communicating between public and private IP networks Plain old telephone system: copper phone network infrastructure Power Supply Unit Priority given to different users or data flows across managed IP networks. This generally requires a Service Level Agreement (SLA) with a Telco or ISP. A standardized packet format for sending audio and video data streams and ensures consistency in the delivery order of voice data packets. SDP defines the type of audio coding used within an RTP media stream. It works with a number of other protocols to establishes a device's location, determines its availability, negotiates call features and participants and adjusts session management features SIP is a common protocol which works with a myriad of other protocols to establish connections with other devices to provide interoperability.
Network Address Translation (NAT) Port Address Translation (PAT) POTS PSU QoS (Quality of Service) RTP SDP SIP SLA	A system for forwarding data packets to different private IP network addresses that reside behind a single public IP address Related to NAT; a feature of a network device that allows IP packets to be routed to specific ports of devices communicating between public and private IP networks Plain old telephone system: copper phone network infrastructure Power Supply Unit Priority given to different users or data flows across managed IP networks. This generally requires a Service Level Agreement (SLA) with a Telco or ISP. A standardized packet format for sending audio and video data streams and ensures consistency in the delivery order of voice data packets. SDP defines the type of audio coding used within an RTP media stream. It works with a number of other protocols to establishes a device's location, determines its availability, negotiates call features and participants and adjusts session management features SIP is a common protocol which works with a myriad of other protocols to establish connections with other devices to provide interoperability. Service Level Agreements (SLAs) a contractual agreement between an ISP and a customer defining expected performance levels over a network
Network Address Translation (NAT) Port Address Translation (PAT) POTS PSU QoS (Quality of Service) RTP SDP SIP SLA SNMP	A system for forwarding data packets to different private IP network addresses that reside behind a single public IP address Related to NAT; a feature of a network device that allows IP packets to be routed to specific ports of devices communicating between public and private IP networks Plain old telephone system: copper phone network infrastructure Power Supply Unit Priority given to different users or data flows across managed IP networks. This generally requires a Service Level Agreement (SLA) with a Telco or ISP. A standardized packet format for sending audio and video data streams and ensures consistency in the delivery order of voice data packets. SDP defines the type of audio coding used within an RTP media stream. It works with a number of other protocols to establishes a device's location, determines its availability, negotiates call features and participants and adjusts session management features SIP is a common protocol which works with a myriad of other protocols to establish connections with other devices to provide interoperability. Service Level Agreements (SLAs) a contractual agreement between an ISP and a customer defining expected performance levels over a network Simple Network Management Protocol
Network Address Translation (NAT) Port Address Translation (PAT) POTS PSU QoS (Quality of Service) RTP SDP SIP SLA SNMP SPID	A system for forwarding data packets to different private IP network addresses that reside behind a single public IP address Related to NAT; a feature of a network device that allows IP packets to be routed to specific ports of devices communicating between public and private IP networks Plain old telephone system: copper phone network infrastructure Power Supply Unit Priority given to different users or data flows across managed IP networks. This generally requires a Service Level Agreement (SLA) with a Telco or ISP. A standardized packet format for sending audio and video data streams and ensures consistency in the delivery order of voice data packets. SDP defines the type of audio coding used within an RTP media stream. It works with a number of other protocols to establishes a device's location, determines its availability, negotiates call features and participants and adjusts session management features SIP is a common protocol which works with a myriad of other protocols to establish connections with other devices to provide interoperability. Service Level Agreements (SLAs) a contractual agreement between an ISP and a customer defining expected performance levels over a network Simple Network Management Protocol Service Profile ID number used to identify Terminating Equipment on ISDN lines
Network Address Translation (NAT) Port Address Translation (PAT) POTS PSU QoS (Quality of Service) RTP SDP SIP SLA SNMP SPID STL	A system for forwarding data packets to different private IP network addresses that reside behind a single public IP address Related to NAT; a feature of a network device that allows IP packets to be routed to specific ports of devices communicating between public and private IP networks Plain old telephone system: copper phone network infrastructure Power Supply Unit Priority given to different users or data flows across managed IP networks. This generally requires a Service Level Agreement (SLA) with a Telco or ISP. A standardized packet format for sending audio and video data streams and ensures consistency in the delivery order of voice data packets. SDP defines the type of audio coding used within an RTP media stream. It works with a number of other protocols to establishes a device's location, determines its availability, negotiates call features and participants and adjusts session management features SIP is a common protocol which works with a myriad of other protocols to establish connections with other devices to provide interoperability. Service Level Agreements (SLAs) a contractual agreement between an ISP and a customer defining expected performance levels over a network Simple Network Management Protocol Service Profile ID number used to identify Terminating Equipment on ISDN lines Studio-to-transmitter link for program audio feeds.

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ТСР	TCP protocol ensures reliable in-order delivery of data packets between a sender and a receiver.
UDP	User Datagram Protocol: the most commonly used protocol for sending internet audio and video streams. UDP packets include information which allows them to travel independently of previous or future packets in a data stream.
Unicast	Broadcasting of a single stream of data between two points
VLAN	Virtual Local Area Network: partitioning of a single layer-2 network to create multiple distinct broadcast domains
WAN	Wide Area Network; a computer network spanning regions and/or countries to connect separate LANs

4 Getting to know Merlin PLUS with WheatNet-IP

The 1RU Merlin PLUS with WheatNet-IP has a purpose-built rear panel with a WheatNet audio card and LAN port. It is designed to seamlessly integrate 3 stereo or 6 mono channels of WheatNet-IP audio into the WheatNet-IP Environment for remote broadcast applications.

Merlin PLUS with WheatNet-IP lets you rapidly expand your remote capability and manage up to six bidirectional mono connections, which saves money on codec hardware costs and reduces studio rack space requirements. Connect using IP codecs or smartphones using Report-IT, as well as ISDN and POTS codecs via optional plug-in transport modules. The codec is also designed to deliver two bidirectional mono or stereo remote broadcast connections, each with a separate bidirectional IFB channel for communications.



Overview of this User Manual

Use this manual to learn how to:

- Configure your codec for the WheatNet-IP Environment (please read <u>Configuring Merlin PLUS</u> <u>for WheatNet-IP</u> for more info).
- Configure codec 'programs' (please read <u>About Program Dialing</u> for more info).
- Adjust audio and connection settings within the codec.

Please read <u>Getting Connected Quickly</u> for an overview of how to adjust and store audio and connection settings in your codec using 'programs'.

Applications

Merlin PLUS is ideal for studio and remote truck installations and is capable of:

- 6 simultaneous bidirectional mono remote connections.
- 1 or 2 Bidirectional mono or stereo remotes, each with a separate bidirectional IFB channel for communications.
- Simple local or remote command and control.
- Recallable codec configurations via 'programs'.

Codec Features

- WheatNet audio card and LAN port with Sync/Stream LEDs.
- Interfaces with Wheatstone Navigator software for source/destination configuration.
- Interfaces with Wheatstone Razor software for WheatNet-IP card configuration.
- DSP-based architecture designed for continuous operation.
- Dual Gigabit (10/100/1000) Ethernet ports with automatic switching for redundancy.
- Auto switching, dual redundant AC power supplies.
- Uncompressed PCM audio plus the low-delay, cascade resilient aptX® Enhanced algorithm (capable of up to 24bit, 48kHz audio sampling)
- Other popular algorithms including LC-AAC, HE-AAC v1 and v2, AAC-LD, AAC-ELD, AAC-ELDv2, Opus, MPEG-1 Layer II and III, Tieline Music and MusicPLUS, G.722 and G.711.
- SmartStream PLUS redundant streaming for high reliability over IP networks without Quality of Service.

- IPv4 & IPv6 compatible and ready.
- Supports ISDN and POTS connections via optional interface modules.
- Asymmetric algorithmic encode/decode*.
- SNMP and integrated alarm management.
- Java or HTML5 Toolbox GUI enables remote codec control over WANs.
- Low latency in-band RS-232 auxiliary data channel.
- Programmable software rules engine via a GUI for Control Port functions.
- Streamlined codec wizards and GUI for configuration and control.
- Support for multiple languages: English, Spanish, Portuguese, French and Chinese.
- Connect to all Tieline IP codecs and Report-IT iOS/Android suite of Apps.
- * Supported in later releases.

5 Merlin PLUS with WheatNet Rear Panel



XLR Analog Inputs

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XLR IN1 and IN 2 are balanced analog line inputs.

XLR Analog Outputs

XLR OUT 1 and 2 are balanced analog audio line outputs.

Dual Gigabit Ethernet Ports

The codec features two Gigabit (10/100/1000) RJ-45 Ethernet ports for IP connections. By default, the codec assumes **ETH1** is the primary LAN connection and **ETH2** is the backup LAN connection when in use. If you are only using one Ethernet port, always use **ETH1**.

WheatNet Audio LAN Port

Transport WheatNet-IP audio using a purpose built rear panel and the Tieline WheatNet-IP audio card. This optional rear panel provides a LAN interface for connecting directly to a WheatNet-IP network and transport IP audio to external sites over IP networks like the internet.

Aux Mic/Line Input

AUX IN 6.35mm (1/4") balanced auxiliary mic or line input.

Headphone Out/Aux Line Out

HP/AUX OUT 6.35mm (1/4") software configurable stereo headphone output, or balanced auxiliary line output. The front panel **HEADPHONE** output and rear panel **HP/AUX OUT** share the same hardware output. This means both are switched and configured together. I.e. both outputs are either a stereo headphone output (default setting), or a balanced mono auxiliary output.

Command & Control Interfaces

- 1. Four relay inputs and four opto-isolated outputs for machine control via the DB15 **CONTROL PORT IN/OUT** connector.
- 2. A nine pin female **RS-232** serial connection for local and remote control of equipment at either end of the link.

Dual Redundant AC Power Inputs

The codec is powered by dual 100-240 volt redundant AC power supplies, which use standard IEC connectors.

Dual Module Slots

Two additional module slots for inserting optional POTS or ISDN modules.

Supplementary Ground Terminal

Supplementary ground terminal for connecting the unit to a ground connection. See <u>Warnings and</u> <u>Safety Information</u> for more details.

6 Configuring Merlin PLUS for WheatNet-IP

Tieline Merlin PLUS WheatNet-IP enabled codecs are capable of integrating with Wheatstone's WheatNet-IP Environment.



The codec is capable of:

- 6 simultaneous bidirectional mono remote connections.
- 2 Bidirectional mono or stereo remotes, each with a separate bidirectional IFB communications connection.

The following procedures describe how to configure the WheatNet-IP card in the codec using Wheatstone's Razor Setup Tool software. This process is required in order to use Wheatstone Navigator software to control the codec's WheatNet-IP destination and source routing. The codec configuration process includes:

- 1. Installation of Wheatstone Razor Setup Tool software onto your PC.
- 2. Configuration of your WheatNet-IP card with Razor software.
- 3. Add the Tieline Codec to the Razor Software Device List.
- 4. Ensure WheatNet-IP Navigator software is installed.
- 5. Add the codec to the Navigator software device list to allow source and destination routing.



Important Note: Ensure installation and configuration is completed in the preceding order to configure the codec correctly.

Install Razor Software on your PC

Download the Razor Setup Tool software onto your PC using the link and login credentials provided to you by Tieline.

Configure the WheatNet-IP Card's IP Address

This process will configure the WheatNet-IP card inside the Merlin PLUS codec with a different IP address from the default of 192.168.87.254. (Please note the default IP address was 192.168.87.240



in firmware releases up to and including v2.8.xx.).

- 1. Launch the Razor Setup Tool software.
- 2. Select Hardware > Assign IP Address.



3. Enter the MAC Address of the WheatNet-IP card in the codec. This is displayed on a label on the rear of the codec near the WNET Audio connector. Then name the codec, add the IP address details for your WheatNet-IP network and click START. Note: By default each WheatNet-IP device is given an IP address in the 192.168.87.xxx range.

0

4. Reboot the codec and click **OK** when the following dialog appears.



5. The following dialog should appear to confirm the WheatNet-IP card in the codec has been configured. Click **STOP** to close the dialog.

Device Filter: MAC Addres	s: 00:50:c2:f0):9c:66
New IP Sett	ings:	
Name:	MerPLS01	
IP Address:	192.168.87.	76
Subnet:	255,255,255,	0
Gateway:	255.255.255.	255
Requests:	15	Π

Add the Tieline Codec to the Razor Software Device List

1. Launch Razor software and select Hardware > Add New Device.



It is also possible to click the **Add** button in the **Devices** pane in the bottom left-hand corner of the graphical user interface (GUI).



- 2. In the Add Device dialog enter the codec Name, and then click the drop-down Device Type arrow and select Tieline Genie. Enter the IP Address and click Ok.
 - Add Device X Name: Merlin PLUS 1 Device Type: Tieline Genie Y IP Address: 192,168,87.75 Ok Cancel
- 3. The Merlin PLUS WheatNet-IP codec will now appear in the device list within the Razor Setup Tool.

me (a	Device Type	IP Address	
Merlin PLUS 1	Tieline Genie	192.168.87.76	
ICINI PLOSI	Themic Genie		

4. Default WheatNet-IP source and destination names are **Src 1-6** and **Dst 1-6**. If multiple codecs are being configured it is a good idea to change the names to avoid multiple WheatNet-IP channels sharing the same name and causing confusion.

Add the Codec to the Navigator Software Device List

- 1. Ensure the WheatNet-IP Navigator software (supplied by Wheatstone) is installed on your PC.
- 2. Launch the WheatNet-IP Navigator software, select the System 3rd Party Devices tab and click Add.

WheatNet-IP Navigator											- 0 ->
Wheatstone	. ¶ System Do	ok 4 Alar	ms Dock	- Dota	il Doc	k 🗧 System V	iew 🗖 Set Up Vie	w X Point	? About	-	
System	System Crosspoint	System Salvos	Macros	System Info	Syst	tem 3rd Party Devices	System LIO Properties	System Config Manager	System Preferences	System	Log
System 0 Blade01 (Master)	Device /	IP Address	Port	Host Blade	Id	Vendor	Product				Add
										1	Edit
											Remove

3. Enter the codec's Name and IP Address into the Add 3rd Party Device dialog. Click the Host Blade drop-down menu to select the Blade to which the codec is assigned. The codec will use this Blade as a portal for communication with the WheatNet-IP system. Next, click Ok.



Important Note: A maximum of up to 10 Tieline codecs can be assigned to a single Blade.

an owner and	
lame:	TLWN001
P Address:	192.168.87.76
CP Port:	60021
lost Blade:	Blade01

 The codec will now appear in the System pane within the GUI and you are ready to configure WheatNet-IP audio routing for your codec.

stem Crosspoint	System Salvos/N	Macros	System Info	Syst	em 3rd Party Devices	System LIO Properties	System	
Device /	IP Address	Port	Host Blade	Id	Vendor	Product		
TLWN001	192.168.87.76	60021	Blade01	1	Tieline	Genie		
	stem Crosspoint Device TLWN001	System Crosspoint System Salvos/N Device / IP Address TLWN001 192.168.87.76	stem Crosspoint System Salvos/Macros Device / IP Address Port -> TLWN001 192.168.87.76 60021	stem Crosspoint System Salvos/Macros System Info Device / IP Address Port Host Blade > TLWN001 192.168.87.76 60021 Blade01	stem Crosspoint System Salvos/Macros System Info System Crosspoint IP Address Port Host Blade Id 20 June 192.168.87.76 60021 Blade01 1	stem Crosspoint System Salvos/Macros System Info System 3rd Party Devices Device / IP Address Port Host Blade Id Vendor > TLWN001 192.168.87.76 60021 Blade01 1 Tieline	stem Crosspoint System Salvos/Macros System Info System 3rd Party Devices System IIO Properties Device / IP Address Port Host Blade Id Vendor Product > TLWN001 192.168.87.76 60021 Blade01 1 Tieline Genie	



Important Note: To ensure the codec is added into Navigator correctly, when you add the codec using the System 3rd Party Devices tab:

- Ensure you use the identical Name and IP Address used to configure the device in Razor software.
- 2. Ensure the codec is powered up and connected to the WheatNet-IP network.
- 3. After configuration the device should be displayed in the **System** pane in Navigator software under a Blade.
- 4. Close Navigator software, remove power from the codec for 5 seconds and then

restore power.

5. Restart Navigator and test if codec sources can be routed to Blade destinations. This is verified when green dots are displayed in the Navigator cross-point matrix. Yellow cross-point dots indicate the Blade and Navigator haven't detected the codec correctly. If this occurs, remove the newly added device, close Navigator and remove power from the codec for 5 seconds. Then restore power to the codec and add the device in Navigator again.

Only one codec should be added to Navigator at a time. For more information on the WheatNet-IP system download Wheatstone user documentation via www.wheatstone.com

6.1 Configuring Merlin PLUS Sources and Destinations

Configuring 6 x Mono Sources and Destinations

Merlin PLUS supports 6 bidirectional mono connections and the following image depicts a typical configuration.



Configuring 2 x Stereo Remotes with IFB Communications

Merlin PLUS supports two simultaneous bidirectional stereo (or mono) connections, each with a dedicated bidirectional IFB communications channel. The following image depicts a typical configuration.



Communications Channels

Configuring 1 Stereo Remote with IFB Communications

Merlin PLUS supports a bidirectional stereo (or mono) connection with a bidirectional IFB communications channel. The following image depicts a typical configuration.



For more information about routing destinations and sources through a WheatNet-enabled codec download Wheatstone user documentation via <u>www.wheatstone.com</u>.

7 Merlin Front Panel Controls

The hardware front panel interface features menu navigation buttons, an LCD display with PPM metering and a dialing keypad.



Navigation Buttons

The codec has four arrow shaped navigation buttons for navigating codec menus and adjusting levels, and an **OK** button for selecting menu items.



Dialing Keypad

The keypad has alpha-numeric buttons, plus star and hatch (pound) buttons, which can be used to enter contact and program information into the codec.

1 .	2	3 det
4	5 ~	6
7	8 ~~	9
* ·	0	# *

Operation Button Descriptions

	Features	Operation Button Descriptions
4	Return Button	Press to move back through menus & delete characters
F1	Function Button 1	Press to activate codec user functions
F2	Function Button 2	Press to activate codec user functions
	Connect Button	Press to create an IP connection
(Line)	Home Button	Press to return to home screen
i	Information Button	Press to view a help menu onscreen
X	Settings Button	Press to adjust codec settings
	Disconnect Button	Press to end a connection
0	Headphone Button	Press to adjust headphone audio levels
Reset	Reset Button	Press to reboot the codec

Adjusting LCD Screen Contrast Levels

- 1. Press and hold the F1 button and then press and release the arrow up A button to display the **Contrast** adjustment screen.
- 2. Use the left < and right > arrow buttons to adjust the LCD screen contrast until viewing is optimized.

Home – My Program 8					
Conne	Contrast	arams			
	•				
Cxns(0))	Settings			

3. Press when you have finished.

Contrast can also be adjusted by pressing the HOME \square button, selecting **Settings**, then **System**, and using the down \checkmark button to navigate to **Contrast**.

Stereo RTS Headphone Output

The codec has a 6.35mm (1/4") RTS stereo **HEADPHONE** output for audio monitoring and this can also be switched to a balanced mono auxiliary line output. The front panel **HEADPHONE** output and rear panel **HP/AUX OUT** share the same hardware output. This means both are switched and configured together. I.e. both outputs are either a stereo headphone output (default setting), or a balanced mono auxiliary output.

USB 2.0 Host Port

USB 2.0 host port, which can be used for playback of backup audio files and firmware upgrades.

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Menu Navigation in Merlin PLUS with WheatNet

All main codec menus can be launched from the **Home** screen which includes:

	Home – Default Answering (Ster	20)	_
@→	Connect	Programs	
⊗	Cxns(0)	Settings	

	Features	Codec Home Screen Elements
1	Screen Name	The name of the current screen
2	Connect	Select to connect and adjust connection settings
3	Cxns	Displays the number of current connections and connection details
4	Programs	View and edit Program configurations
5	Settings	Select to configure codec settings

Press the **RETURN** button to navigate backwards through menus, or press the **HOME** button to return to the **Home** screen from any menu.

If a complete menu cannot be viewed on a single codec screen, arrows on the right hand side of the screen indicate that the current menu has options below and/or above the visible items. Use the navigation arrows to scroll up and down.

IP Config	(Pt-to-Pt)	
JitBuf	Fixed, 100 ms	0
FEC	Loc:Off Rem:Off	
Dir	Both	

	Features	Codec Home Screen Elements
1	Up Arrow	Arrow indicating menus can scroll upwards
2	Down Arrow	Arrow indicating menus can scroll downwards

Codec Menu Overview

Following is an overview of the codec menus from the Home screen.



Connect Menu



IP Setup Menu Navigation

After selecting **IP** and a connection mode use **Setup** to adjust connection settings.



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Important Notes:

- Depending on the session type selected in the codec, not all options are displayed.
 E.g. Session Type and Data are not displayed when configuring Sessionless IP connections.
- Default settings may also change depending on the session type selected, e.g. **Tieline Session** versus **SIP** or **Sessionless**.

ISDN Menu Navigation

Select Connect > ISDN to configure ISDN dialing settings using the codec front panel.



POTS Menu Navigation

Select **Connect > POTS** to configure POTS dialing settings using the codec front panel. Note: default settings are surrounded by square brackets.



Settings Menu

Press the **SETTINGS** button on the codec front panel to access a wide range of configuration settings.



Merlin PLUS WheatNet Input Levels and PPMs

Important Note:

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- The codec supports 6 digital inputs/outputs, which are available as sources and destinations using the WheatNet-IP LAN interface.
- Input levels can only be adjusted on analog inputs 1 and 2, which can be selected instead of WheatNet-IP stereo Destination 1, or mono Destinations 1 and 2. To adjust select **Settings > Audio > Input type**.



 Analog inputs can also be configured using the Toolbox Web-GUI. See <u>Configuring</u> <u>Codec Input/Output Settings</u>.

Audio Levels and Default PPM Metering

The PPM meters use dBu to express nominal operating, headroom and noise floor levels. Set audio levels so that audio peaks average at the nominal 0vu point indicated on the front panel PPM meters. This represents a program level of +4 dBu leaving the codec. Audio peaks can safely reach +22 dBu without clipping, providing 18dBu of headroom from the nominal 0vu point.



The following PPM settings are displayed by default in the codec. The default settings can be adjusted via **Settings > Audio > PPM Mode**.

Mono and Stereo Metering

When connected with a mono program the codec will display a mix of inputs 1 and 2 on **PPM1**. **PPM 3** displays the level of return audio.



When connecting with a stereo program, the codec displays audio on **PPM1 & 2** for inputs 1 and 2 and **PPM 3 & 4** for the return program audio.



Important Note: When sending an audio stream to multiple endpoints using a multiunicast program, the codec PPMs will display the same audio monitoring as for a default mono or stereo connection. The return audio PPM metering will display return audio from the first connection dialed within the multi-unicast program.

2 x Mono Peer-to-Peer Connection Metering

The codec is capable of creating two independent mono audio stream connections simultaneously. In this situation the codec will display outgoing connection 1 audio on **PPM1** for input 1 and use **PPM 2** to display return audio. Outgoing connection 2 audio will be displayed on **PPM3** for input 2 and **PPM 4** displays the return audio.



1 x Mono Peer-to-Peer + IFB Metering

This program transmits a bidirectional mono audio stream and a separate bidirectional mono IFB communications audio stream. A mix of inputs 1 and 2 is displayed on **PPM1**. **PPM 3** displays the level of return audio. **PPM5** and **PPM6** display IFB audio in/out.



1 x Stereo Peer-to-Peer + IFB Metering

This program transmits a bidirectional stereo audio stream and a separate bidirectional mono



IFB communications audio stream. Incoming and outgoing audio for both audio streams is displayed on the PPMs.

2 x Mono Peer-to-Peer + IFB Metering

This program transmits two bidirectional mono audio streams and two bidirectional mono IFB audio streams. Incoming and outgoing audio for both audio streams is displayed on the PPMs. A mix of inputs 1 and 2 is displayed on **PPM1** and a mix of inputs 3 and 4 is displayed on **PPM3**. **PPMs 2 & 4** display each return audio stream. **PPM5** and **PPM6** display a mix of IFB audio in/out for each IFB audio stream.



2 x Stereo Peer-to-Peer + IFB Metering

This program transmits two bidirectional stereo audio streams and two bidirectional mono IFB audio streams. Decoder audio for both stereo audio streams is displayed on **PPMs 1-4**. **PPM5** and **PPM6** display a mix of IFB audio in/out for each IFB audio stream.



Metering 6 Bidirectional Peer-to-Peer Mono Audio Streams

By default the PPMs display input (encoder) audio levels when up to 6 mono audio streams are configured within a program. Inputs 1 to 6 are mapped to **PPMs 1-6**.



Adjusting Default PPM Metering

The default PPM metering settings can be adjusted via **Settings > Audio > PPM Mode**. The options include:

	PPM Mode	Description
1	Program Default (default)	Displays default program PPM meter settings (i.e. the settings described previously for mono, stereo programs etc.).
2	Input	Maps input encoders 1 to 6 with PPM meters 1 to 6.
3	Decoder	Maps decoders 1 to 6 with PPM meters 1 to 6.
4	HP Monitor	Maps PPM meters to inputs/outputs currently selected via the headphone monitoring function. The default headphone monitoring setting is accessed via HEADPHONE \frown > Monitor Source > [Select audio Source] .

PPM Mode						
Program Default	Input					
Decoder	HP Monitor					

Selecting Analog Inputs and Adjusting Input Levels

- 1. Press the **SETTINGS button**.
- 2. Navigate to Audio and press or.
- 3. Analog inputs 1 and 2 are displayed under **Input Type**. Navigate to **Analog** and press \bigcirc , then press the **RETURN D** button to exit the menu.

Choose an Input Type						
Analog	WNet 1					

4. Use the down \checkmark navigation button to highlight **Input Level** and press the button.

- 5. Navigate to the analog channels you want to adjust and press .
- 6. Press the number on the keypad corresponding to the channel you want to toggle on or off. E.g. press
- 7. Use the left ◀ or right ▶ navigation buttons to select the appropriate gain setting, then press the w button to save the settings.

inout Au	idio	Le	ve													
لس	1					ļ										76
لس	2															71
Յարց 1+2					Di	59	Ы	ed								

Important Note:

- To adjust levels quickly press *F1* and press and release the right arrow button to open the **Input Audio Level** adjustment screen.
- 15 volt phantom power can only be supplied on the auxiliary input; this is disabled by default.



	Input Audio Features	Description
1	Channel On Symbol	Symbol indicates a channel is turned on
2	Channel Off Symbol	Symbol indicates a channel is turned off
3	Input 1 Level Control	Ch 1 level indication with percentage of gain indicated, i.e. 66
4	Input 2 Level Control	Ch 1 level indication with percentage of gain indicated, i.e. 72
5	Ch1/2 Gang Indication	Indicates whether ganging is enabled or disabled

Quick Level Adjustment of Input 1 and 2

- 1. Press **F1** and press and release the right **>** arrow button to open the **Input Audio Level** adjustment screen.
- 2. Press 1 on the numeric keypad to toggle channel 1 on and off and press 2 to toggle channel 2 on and off.
- 3. Use the up ▲ and down ➤ arrow buttons to navigate to the channel you want to adjust. Note: A channel is highlighted when selected.
- 4. Use the left \checkmark and right \blacktriangleright arrow buttons to adjust the input levels up or down.
- 5. Press the **RETURN D** button to exit the screen.

Auxiliary Input Adjustment

The codec has $1 \ge 6.35$ mm (1/4") Mic/Line level Jack on the rear panel. By default the input is **Off** and can be configured by:

- 1. Selecting the **SETTINGS** button.
- 2. Navigate to Audio and press the web button.
- 3. Use the arrow-down 🗡 button to select **Aux Input** and press the 🖾 button to view menu options.

Audio Config		
Input Level	1:76, 2:71	*
InputIGC	1:Auto, 2:Fixed	
Aux Input	Line, 81%, No Phantom Pwr, IGC Auto	$\mathbf{\Psi}$

Input settings which can be adjusted include:

- Input on/off.
- Input level.
- Input Type: High Gain Mic, Medium Gain Mic, Low Gain Mic, Unbalanced and Line Level.
- Phantom power (15V available when enabled).
- IGC.

Important Note: When the auxiliary input (**AUX IN**) is **On** the default mixer configuration sends audio to all inputs. If you are not using the auxiliary input ensure it is **Off** to avoid additional noise in program audio.

Ganging Audio Channels

It is possible to gang channels together and adjust the audio level of the ganged channels simultaneously. When channels are ganged together:

- Both channels highlight together when selected.
- The gain setting for both channels is automatically set to match the gain level of the lowest of the two channels when ganging is first configured.
- If one channel is turned on when ganging is first configured then the other one will be turned on automatically.
 - 1. Press the **SETTINGS button**.
 - 2. Navigate to Audio and press OK.
 - 3. Use the down 🗡 navigation button to highlight Input Level and press the 🖾 button.
 - 4. Navigate to the channels you want to gang and press the M button.
 - 5. Navigate to the **Gang** function and press the or button to toggle between **Enabled** or **Disabled**.
 - 6. Use the up \blacktriangle and down \checkmark arrow buttons to highlight and select the audio channels.
 - 7. Use the left { and right } arrow buttons to adjust the levels for both inputs up or down simultaneously.
 - 8. Press the **RETURN or HOME** buttons to exit the screen.

Important Note:

To gang channels quickly press *F1* and press and release the right arrow button to open the **Input Audio Level** adjustment screen and follow the preceding instructions.

Intelligent Gain Control (IGC)

The codec's inbuilt DSP limiter automatically takes care of any instantaneous audio peaks that occur in demanding broadcast situations. **Input IGC** (Intelligent Gain Control) is enabled by default and is automatically activated at +20 dBu (G5 audio scale) and +14dBu (G3 audio scale) to prevent audio clipping.

There are three settings; Auto, Fixed and Off. If Auto is configured the codec will detect when incoming audio levels have reduced sufficiently and automatically return input levels to the gain
setting prior to IGC being activated. The codec takes just 250 milliseconds to detect audio levels have returned to normal (after **IGC Level** has been initiated) and will return the levels to the previous setting within half a second. This response is linear.

To adjust this setting in the codec:

- 1. Press the **SETTINGS button**.
- 2. Navigate to Audio and press
- 3. Navigate to Input IGC and press
- 4. Select the channel you want to adjust and press .

Input Channel IGC		
Input 1 IGC	Auto	
Input 2 IGC	Auto	
Input 3 IGC	Auto	¥

5. Navigate to the preferred setting and press or.

Configure Audio Reference Metering when Connecting to Tieline G3 Codecs

New generation Genie, Merlin and Bridge-IT IP codecs have more audio headroom than Tieline G3 audio codecs, therefore the audio metering reference scale needs to be adjusted when connecting to a Commander or i-Mix G3 codec with one of these codecs. The G3 metering scale is between - 11dBu and +18dBu. Tieline codecs perform this metering adjustment automatically when they connect to each other or this can be programmed to occur by default.

- 1. Press the **SETTINGS button**.
- 2. Navigate to Audio and press .
- 3. Navigate to Ref Level and press OK.
- 4. Select Tieline G3 and press

Audio levels should average around the nominal 0vu point and audio peaks should not exceed +16dbu as indicated by the PPM meter.

	Features	Description
1	-11dBu	PPM meter low point
2	+4dBu	Nominal 0vu reference level at +4dBu
3	+16dBu	+16 indication where audio will clip/distort



Important Note: If your codec (Genie Distribution and Bridge-IT) supports sending multiunicast connections and the **Auto** (default) reference level is selected, the first codec you connect with will configure the reference level used for all subsequent multi-unicast connections.

10 Merlin PLUS Headphone/Aux Output

The codec has a 6.35mm (1/4") RTS stereo **HEADPHONE** output for monitoring inputs and return audio. If you are using analog inputs or digital inputs you will see audio metering on the PPMs and can monitor it with the headphones.

Important Note: The front panel **HEADPHONE** output and rear panel **HP/AUX** output share the same hardware output. This means both are switched and configured together. I.e. both outputs are either a stereo headphone output (default setting), or a balanced mono auxiliary output.

Configure for Headphone and Aux Output

Both the front panel **HEADPHONE** and rear panel **HP/AUX** outputs are configured as stereo headphone outputs by default. To adjust this setting:

- 1. Press the **SETTINGS button**.
- 2. Navigate to Audio and press
- 3. Select HP/Aux Out and press of to toggle between Headphone and Aux Out.

Audio Confie		
HP/Aux Out	Aux Out	
Aux Bal	Line, Send: 30%, Return: 100%	
Input Type	1+2:Analog	÷

Adjust Headphone Output Settings

- 1. Press the **HEADPHONE** for button to display the headphone monitoring adjustment screen.
- 2. Use the left **〈** or right **〉** navigation buttons to adjust the volume level up or down. The screen displays level adjustments in real-time.

HeadDhone	
Headphone Headphon	Volume 61%
Send 100%	······ Return 0%
Monitor Source	Default

- 3. Press the down ➤ navigation button to select the **Send/Return** audio balance and use the left for right ➤ navigation buttons to adjust the balance. The **Send/Return** audio balance dictates whether the front panel **HEADPHONE** output and the rear panel **HP/AUX** output monitors send (input/encoder) audio only, return audio only (decoder audio from a connected device), or a mix of both send and return audio.
- 4. Press **RETURN (**) when you have finished to exit the menu.

Note: Headphone levels can also be adjusted by pressing the **SETTINGS** button, navigate to **Audio** and then **HP Vol/Bal** and press

Adjusting the Monitor Source

In headphone listen mode it is possible to select monitoring sources via **HEADPHONE Source** > **Select audio Source**].

Headphone	
Headphone	Volume 61%
Send 100%	······································
Monitor Source	Default

Navigate to the source you want to monitor and press or. Options include:

- 1. Default: the default factory program headphone mix
- 2. Audio Stream: monitors the selected codec audio stream.
- 3. Inputs: monitors the codec inputs (i.e. encoders).

The default headphone mixes for factory programs are displayed in the following table.

Codec Programs	Left	Right
1 x Peer-to-Peer Mono	Inputs 1&2/ Outputs 1&2	Inputs 1&2/ Outputs 1&2
1 x Peer-to-Peer Stereo	Input1 /Output 1	Input 2/Output 2
2 x Mono Peer-to-Peer	Input 1/Output 1	Input 2/Output 2
6 x Mono Peer-to-Peer	Input1 /Output 1	Input 2/Output 2
1 x Mono Peer-to-Peer + IFB	Inputs 1&2/ Outputs 1&2	Aux In/Aux Out/ Input3/ Output3
1 x Stereo Peer-to-Peer + IFB	Inputs 1&2/ Outputs 1&2	Aux In/Aux Out/ Input3/ Output3
2 x Mono Peer-to-Peer + IFB	Inputs 1&2/ Outputs 1&2	Input 5/Output 5
2 x Stereo Peer-to-Peer + IFB	Inputs 1&2/ Outputs 1&2	Input 5/Output 5

Adjust Auxiliary Output Settings

Settings for the auxiliary output audio are adjusted similarly to the **HEADPHONE** output, except that the output level is fixed at line level. Configure the front panel **HEADPHONE** output and rear panel **HP/AUX** output as an **Aux Out** and then:

- 1. Press the **HEADPHONE** button to display the aux output adjustment screen.
- 2. Use the left **〈** or right **〉** navigation buttons to adjust the **Send/Return** audio balance.

Aux Out	
Aux Out	Line Level
🛓 Send 100%	······································

3. Press **RETURN** when you have finished to exit the menu.

Note: Send/Return balance can also be adjusted by pressing the **SETTINGS** \checkmark button, navigate to **Audio** and then **Aux Bal** and press \sim .

11 Inserting Hardware Modules

Two slots are available for inserting optional ISDN or POTS connection modules into the codec. The module slots are numbered as follows.



Inserting or Removing a Module



(i

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Ensure the codec is not powered up when inserting or removing modules. Where possible use anti-static precautions to help minimize the chance of static charges damaging the highly sensitive circuitry. Do not force a module into the codec. Modules should be installed slowly and gently.

- 1. Remove power from the codec and then remove the 4 screws from the blanking panel or module installed in the codec.
- 2. Carefully slide the new module into the module slot and ensure the base of the module remains flat during insertion, to ensure it lines up correctly with the module connector within the codec.
- 3. Reinsert the 4 screws to hold the module firmly in place.
- 4. Power up the codec.
- 5. Press the **SETTINGS** *if* button to verify it is installed correctly.
- 6. Navigate to **Modules** and press the or button.
- 7. The newly installed module should be visible as **Module 1** or **Module 2**.

Important Note: If the module does not appear in the **Modules** menu in the codec, it is possible that the connector on the module has not lined up correctly with the connector inside the codec. Remove the module and reinsert it carefully to resolve this issue.

12 About ISDN Modules

ISDN stands for Integrated Services Digital Network. The Basic Rate Interface (BRI) of ISDN consists of 2 bearer (B) channels at 64 kbps each and 1 data (D) channel at 16 kbps, i.e. (2B +D). This can be provided over a 2 wire facility and the two B channels can be bonded together to form a single 128kbps channel. The B channel can carry user information such as voice, video or data. The D channel carries signaling information between a user and the network.

Tieline codecs fitted with an ISDN G5 module can provide high quality mono or stereo audio over a single B channel using the Tieline Music algorithm. If you have 2 B channels you can use one as a standby, or configure higher bandwidth mono or stereo connections using algorithms such as MusicPLUS and MPEG. The codec has two module slots available. Each module supports 2 B channels and it is possible to insert two ISDN modules and bond 4 B channels together. This will increase connection bandwidth to 256 kbps for connections using high quality algorithms like aptX Enhanced.



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Important Considerations

There are a number of things to consider if you are using your codec in ISDN mode. Some of these things include:

- Will you be operating within North America or other countries?
- Will you be using a single B channel, 2 B channels, or 4 B channels?
- Which network will you be using?
- Is your ISDN line Point-to-Point or Point-to-Multipoint?
- What are your directory numbers (DN)?
- If you are in the US, what are your Service Profile ID (SPID) numbers?
- What is your Multiple Subscriber Number (MSN) if you need to enter this outside North America?

The answers to these questions will be influenced by the country in which you operate. For example, a SPID does not need to be entered into a Tieline codec for operation within Europe, but it does in North America.

U and S/T ISDN Interfaces

In North America the telephone company provides its BRI customers with a U interface. The U interface is a two-wire (single pair) interface from the phone switch. It supports full-duplex data transfer over a single pair of wires, therefore only a single device can be connected to a U interface.

The situation is different in Europe, the UK, most of Asia, Australia, Africa and parts of the Middle East, where the phone company is allowed to supply the NT-1 and the customer is given an S/T interface. The NT-1 is a relatively simple device that converts a 2-wire U interface into the 4-wire S/T interface.

If you have an NT-1 device connected to the U interface line then you will require a Tieline Euro ISDN G5 module (S/T interface - model: TLISDNEUROG5). If you don't have an NT-1 device installed then the Tieline US ISDN G5 module (U interface - model: TLISDNUSG5) will be required. You can ring your telecommunications provider to ask if you're not sure. Note: In Japan use the Tieline Euro ISDN module.



Important Note: Tieline S/T Euro ISDN G5 modules do not have internal terminating resistors. When you connect terminating equipment such as a Tieline codec to an NT-1, 100 ohm termination resistors must be connected between pins 3 and 6 and between

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pins 4 and 5 at the last socket on the ISDN line. Check your NT-1 device user manual as this may be supported. Suppliers of electronic components sell suitable plugs with termination resistors when required. Please note: U interface ISDN terminations do not require terminating resistors.

How to Configure ISDN G5 Modules

To configure the codec to dial using ISDN for the first time:

- 1. Ensure that the correct country setting is configured in your codec via **Settings > System > Country**.
- If you are dialing between two Tieline codecs you normally only need to <u>configure an ISDN</u> <u>dialing program</u> via **Connect > ISDN**. See <u>Configuring ISDN</u> to adjust settings using the Java Toolbox Web-GUI, or click <u>here</u> to adjust settings using the HTML5 Toolbox Web-GUI.

Other more advanced settings can also be configured:

- Select Settings > Modules > [Select ISDN Module] to adjust ISDN module settings specific to your codec site. See <u>Configure ISDN Module Settings</u> for more information. See <u>Configuring ISDN Modules</u> to adjust settings using the Java Toolbox Web-GUI, or click <u>here</u> to adjust settings using the HTML5 Toolbox Web-GUI.
- 2. ISDN answering can be configured to suit:
 - Hardware available in the codec, i.e. the number of B channels available.
 - Expected dialing behaviors, e.g. if B channels should bond or not, and whether audio streams need to use **Route** tags.
 - The type of call being made, e.g. Tieline (with Tieline Session Data) versus non-Tieline (sessionless calls).

Adjust answering configuration via **Settings > Answering > ISDN Answer Configs > [Select Config]** and see <u>ISDN Answering Configuration</u> for more information (see <u>Configuring ISDN</u> <u>Answering</u> to adjust settings using the Java Toolbox Web-GUI, or click <u>here</u> to adjust settings using the HTML5 Toolbox Web-GUI).

12.1 ISDN Module Settings

ISDN settings in the **Module** menu will determine how each installed module operates at a particular site. This allows you to copy programs between codecs installed at different locations and separately configure site-specific settings for how each ISDN module should connect. Other answering-related settings are available in the **Answering** menu via **Settings > Answering > [Select ISDN Config**].

Configuring ISDN G5 Modules

1. Press the the **SETTINGS** button, then navigate to **Modules** and press the W button.

Settings	
Unit	Audio
System	Modules

1

Important Note: You can also configure your ISDN module by pressing the HOME button to return to the Home screen and select Connect > ISDN. Then use the down ✓ navigation button to select Module Configuration and press the button.

2. Navigate to the module you want to configure and press the when looking at the codec rear panel.



Important Note: ISDN Sync should be displayed when an ISDN line is connected to the codec. This appears regardless of whether you have configured the 'ISDN Line Type' correctly.

3. Navigate to **Accept** and press the button. This menu is a call filter to allow or deny voice or data calls according to your preferences. The default setting allows both **Voice & Data**. Select your preferred option and press the button.

ISDN (Module 1) Accept Incoming Calls	
Voice & Data	Data Only
Voice Only	None

Important Note: G.711 is the default algorithm for incoming connections when **Voice Only** is selected. There are two G.711 algorithms and the one used by the codec depends on the country setting in the codec. The μ-law algorithm is used in the USA, Japan and Canada, whereas the A-law algorithm is used in other countries.

4. Navigate to Network and press the *button*. Select the Network Type corresponding to the region in which you are using the codec, then press the *button*.

SDN (Module 1) Network Type	
EU-ETSI	US-NAT
US-AT&T	JPN-NTT

i

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Networks	Select
US-Nat	If switch type is National ISDN-1 and 2
US-AT&T	If switch Type is AT&T 5ESS
EU-ETSI	If Switch Type is ETSI (UK, Europe, Australia and most other countries)
JPN-NTT	If you are in the Japan and your network is NTT

5. Navigate to Line Type and press the button. Ask your Telco whether your ISDN line is Pointto-Point or Point-to-Multipoint. By default select **Point-to-Multipoint**, unless your switch type is point-to-point, your Telco says the line is point-to-point, or you are connected to a PABX system. Most PABX systems are point-to-point. Next, press the button.

Point-to-Multi

6. If you are in the US enter DN and SPID numbers as required, or in other regions enter DN or MSN numbers as required. Navigate to each **DN**, **SPID** or **MSN** and press the button before entering each number, then press the button to store each number.

Module 1: 150	DN – ST	
SPID1		$\mathbf{\Phi}$
SPID2		
DN1/MSN1		¥

8. Navigate up to Apply Settings and press the button to apply all module settings.

Module 1: 19	iDN-ST	
	Apply Settings	
Accept	Voice & Data	
Network	EU-ETSI	¥



Important Notes:

Directory Numbers and Multiple Subscriber Numbers

Directory Numbers (DN) in North America and Multiple Subscriber Numbers (MSN) in the rest of the world are simply phone numbers associated with an ISDN B channel, like lines listed in a typical phone directory. Your Telco will normally supply 2 DN/MSN numbers for each pair of B channels. However, these numbers may or may not be associated with a specific B channel.

Often broadcasters prefer to predict which B channel will answer an incoming call to ensure audio routing is consistent. However, if a DN or MSN number is not entered in the codec and multiple B channels are available, the codec may use any channel to answer an incoming call. To ensure calls are routed consistently, enter a DN/MSN number (without the country or area code) as the DN/MSN for a B channel, then only that corresponding B channel will answer an incoming call to that number. Programming DN/ MSN numbers for each B channel allows the codec to ignore calls without matching DN/

MSN numbers. This is the best way to answer calls from codecs in a predictable manner.

SPID Numbers in North America

ISDN relies on an initialization procedure for associating Service Profiles with specific terminating equipment (e.g. your audio codec) rather than lines. In the US Telcos assign a Service Profile ID (SPID) number which assists in identifying different ISDN services across the network. Your Telco must provide a SPID for each B channel you order when connecting over US-Nat or US-AT&T networks in the US. A SPID is not required when using the AT&T PTP protocol.

Typically, each ISDN BRI service in the US will have two SPIDs and these must be entered correctly. When you enter a SPID into your codec and connect it to an ISDN line, an initialization and identification process takes place, whereby the terminating equipment (your codec) sends the SPID to the switch. The switch then associates the SPID with a specific Service Profile and directory number.

Note: SPID numbers normally include the phone number and additional prefix or suffix digits up to 20 digits long.

12.2 ISDN Answering Configuration

Important Note: For more detailed information about **ISDN Answer Config** parameters, including bonding and 'route' configuration etc., please see <u>Configuring ISDN Answering</u> in the Java Toolbox Web-GUI manual, or <u>Configuring ISDN Answering</u> in the HTML5 Toolbox Web-GUI manual.

ISDN Answering Configs are used to determine how codec ISDN modules will behave when answering ISDN calls.

1. Press the the **SETTINGS** button, then navigate to **Answering** and press the W button.

Settings		
System	Modules	ተ
Answering	LAN	¥

1

Important Note: You can also configure your ISDN module by pressing the HOME button to return to the Home screen and select Connect > ISDN. Then use the down ✓ navigation button to select Module Configuration and press the or button.

2. Navigate to ISDN Answer Configs and press the W button.

<u>Answering</u>	
	ISDN Answer Configs
	POTS Answer Configs

3. Navigate to one of the four available **Configs** and press the OC button.

ISDN Answe	r Configs	
Config 1	Module 1 B 1/Module 1 B 2, G. 722, Tieline Codecs	
Config 2	Module2B1/Module2B2, G.722, Tieline Codecs	
Config 3		¥

4. Navigate to **Edit** and press the button.

ISDN Answer Config 1	
Info	Edit
Clear	

5. Navigate to each B channel and press the 🖾 button if you want to select/deselect a B channel within the selected **Config**. Navigate to **Continue** and press the 🐼 button. Notes: The tick symbol confirms a B channel has been selected.

ISDN Answer Config 1 Choose B Channels		
	Continue	
~	Module 1 B 1	
~	Module 1 B2	

l	0	2	
	1	L	
1	-	2	/

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Important Note: If a B channel has been selected within another **Config** it will not be visible. Only available B channels are displayed.

6. Choose the bonding method if multiple B channels have been selected, then press the orbital button.

ISDN Answer Config 1 Choose Bonding Option		
May Bond Must Bond		

7. Select **Disable** when connecting to Tieline codecs using session data, or select **Enable** if connecting to non-Tieline codecs only, then press the set button.

ISDN Answer Config 1 Sessionless Only			
Enable			

Important Note: Select **Disable** if the codec is expected to receive ISDN calls from Tieline codecs, or both Tieline and non-Tieline codecs (i.e. you are not sure which type of codec may call). In this mode, once the codec answers a call, it expects to receive Tieline session data from the caller and configure its own algorithm settings according to that. If it fails to receive Tieline session data within 5 seconds (i.e. a non-Tieline codec is calling, or a Tieline codec with session data disabled), it will use the settings in the **ISDN Answering Config** instead.

Enable **Sessionless Only** when answering ISDN calls from non-Tieline codecs only. When **Sessionless** is configured, the codec will not wait for the session data. This reduces the time taken to answer an inbound sessionless call.

8. Select the default algorithm when receiving a call from a non-Tieline codec, then press the button.

ISDN Answer Config 1 Algorithm		
6.711	6.722	
MP2 Mono	MP2 Stereo	¥

9. Specify the audio stream **Route** when receiving a call on the answering codec from a non-Tieline codec, then press the button.

ISDN Answer Config 1 Route		
None	Route 1	
Route 2	Route 3	¥

10. Select **Yes** and then press the or button to confirm all changes.

ISDN Answer Config 1 Confirm Changes		
Save ISDN Answer Config 1?		
No	Yes	

Reset ISDN Answer Configs

To reset ISDN answering settings to factory defaults:

1. Navigate to Settings > Answering > ISDN Answer Configs > Reset ISDN Answer Configs and then press the button.

ISDN Answer Configs		
Config 4		*
Default	None	
	Reset15DN Answer Configs	

2. Select **Yes** and press the or button.

Reset15DN Answer	
Reset ISDN Answer Setup?	
No	Yes

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13 About POTS Modules

The Tieline POTS G5 module can be used in the codec to stream high quality audio over a POTS (PSTN) phone line. The codec has two module slots available and it is possible to insert one or two POTS G5 modules, or a mix of POTS G5 and ISDN G5 modules as required. The Tieline Music algorithm can deliver 15 kHz quality bi-directional audio at bit rates as low as 24kbps over a POTS connection.



Modem Negotiation and Line Quality

The codec can send and receive high-speed digital information over a standard POTS telephone line via the modem in the POTS G5 module.

G5 POTS modems initially attempt to establish a link at the lowest **Max Bit rate** setting configured in the two modules being connected. If the POTS line doesn't support this bit rate, the modems will attempt to connect at the highest possible bit rate to suit the prevailing line quality at each end of the link. The modem then perform a process called 'training', during which the codecs at each end of the link analyze the line. The codecs will then 'renegotiate' the link downwards to the highest possible bit rate where line quality is greater than 70%.

The POTS G5 module contains a SmartDAA[™] (Smart Data Access Arrangement) line interface, which isolates the modem from voltages on phone lines. It is important to select the correct country in the codec from which you are dialing. This allows the SmartDAA to automatically adjust for the line voltage present in that country.



Important Note: It is possible to connect two concurrent POTS connections, however the codec will not bond two POTS connections.

Connecting to G3 Codecs using POTS

The codec will successfully connect to Tieline Commander G3 and i-Mix G3 codecs over POTS. These Tieline G3 codecs may use:

- POTS modules (older superseded version)
- POTS G3 modules (current version)

Connecting to POTS G3 Modules

POTS G3 modules operate in the same way as POTS G5 modules when connecting, e.g. they establish a link at the default bit rate of 28.8kbps and then 'renegotiate' the link downwards to the highest possible bit rate where line quality is greater than 70%.

Connecting to Legacy POTS Modules in G3 Codecs

These modules have slightly different characteristics when connecting. When dialing from a POTS G5 module to these older POTS modules the codecs will attempt to connect initially at 19.2kbps. If line quality is above 80% at this bit rate then the codec will 'retrain' the connection up to a maximum of 28,800bps (depending on modem handshaking). The codec will then renegotiate the link downwards to the highest possible bit rate where line quality is greater than 70%.

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How to Configure POTS G5 Codec Connections

To configure the codec to dial using POTS for the first time:

- 1. Ensure that the correct country setting is configured in your codec via **Settings > System > Country**. This ensures the correct settings are used by the codec when making POTS connections.
- When dialing between two Tieline codecs you normally only need to <u>configure a POTS dialing</u> program via Connect > POTS.

Other more advanced settings can also be configured:

- Select Settings > Modules > [Select POTS Module] to adjust POTS module settings specific to your codec site. See <u>Configure POTS Module Settings</u> for more information. See <u>Configuring POTS Modules</u> to adjust settings using the Java Toolbox Web-GUI, or click <u>here</u> to adjust settings using the HTML5 Toolbox Web-GUI.
- 2. If you are connecting to non-Tieline codecs you may need to create an answering "Config" via Settings > Answering > POTS Answer Configs > [Select POTS Config], which will determine the module used and relevant settings for answering a non-Tieline POTS call. See Configure POTS Module Answering for more information. See Configuring POTS Answering to adjust settings using the Java Toolbox Web-GUI, or click here to adjust settings using the HTML5 Toolbox Web-GUI.
- Important Note: The codec has a single analog phone input shared by both modules (default setting is Off). This phone input is used to monitor modem tones in POTS Codec mode and for receiving audio in Analog Phone mode. Phone Input settings can be adjusted via Settings > Audio > Phone Input.

Making Analog Phone (Voice) Calls

All POTS G5 modules are capable of making analog voice calls. It may be necessary to make an analog call to dial a telephone hybrid, or to use for communications, or because there is no Tieline codec at the other end of the link. Remember analog voice calls are only 3 kHz audio quality. To select analog phone answering mode in a POTS G5 module navigate to **Settings > Modules > POTS > Answer Mode [Analog phone]**.



Important Analog Phone Note: The codec has a single analog phone input which is shared by two POTS G5 modules when installed. As a result, two concurrent analog phone connections are not recommended because both connections share the same input and audio will be accepted from the oldest active connection only.

13.1 POTS Module Settings

POTS settings in the **Module** menu determine how your codec behaves at a particular site. This allows you to copy programs between codecs installed at different locations and configure site-specific settings for how each module should connect. Other answering-related settings are available in the **Answering** menu via **Settings > Answering > [Select POTS Config]** if you are connecting to non-Tieline codecs over POTS.



Important Notes: When **POTS (Ready)** is displayed throughout POTS menus it means the POTS module has initialized and is ready to accept or make a call.

How to Configure POTS G5 Modules

1. Press the the **SETTINGS** button, then navigate to **Modules** and press the button.

Settings		
Unit	Audio	
System	Modules	÷

2. Navigate to the module you want to configure and press the Module 1 is on the left when viewing the codec rear panel.

Module Settings		
Module 1	ISDN-U	
Module 2	POTS (Ready)	

3. Complete configuration changes as per the following options and then navigate up to **Apply Settings** and press the button to apply all module settings.

Module (Site) Settings

Answer Mode (Affects Answering Only)

Answer Mode selects how the selected module in the codec will be able to answer incoming POTS line calls. Options include:

- **POTS Codec:** allows the POTS G5 module to receive encoded audio data over a POTS line.
- Analog Phone: configures the POTS G5 module to receive a standard analog phone call.
- **Disabled:** disables the POTS G5 module from receiving a **POTS Codec** or **Analog Phone** call.

Calls are answered based on the settings in **Config 1 & 2** via **Settings > Answering > POTS Answer Configs**. Adjustments to these **Config** settings are not normally necessary when connecting between Tieline codecs. Default settings may need to be adjusted when connecting to non-Tieline codecs over POTS (see <u>POTS Answering Configuration</u> for more info).

Module2: POTS (R	eadVI	
	Apply Settings	
Answer Mode	POTS Codec	
Max Bitrate	28800	Ψ

Maximum Bit rate (Affects Dialing and Answering)

The default setting for the **Max Bitrate** is **28800** (28.8kbps) and this only affects **POTS Codec** calls. The range of the setting is 9.6kbps to 33.6kbps. Even if the line is capable of establishing a connection at a higher bit rate, the **Max Bitrate** setting is the highest bit rate that will be attempted.

G5 POTS modems initially attempt to establish a link at the lowest **Max Bit rate** setting configured in the two modules being connected. If the POTS line doesn't support this bit rate, the modems will attempt to connect at the highest possible bit rate to suit the prevailing line quality at each end of the link.

In the initial connection phase, the modems perform a process called 'training', to analyze the line and compensate for frequency and phase response. This also cancels out any echo that may be present. The codec will then 'renegotiate' the link downwards to the highest possible bit rate where line quality is greater than 70%. Negotiation is the process of bit rate adjustment.

Reducing this value can improve connection reliability on poor quality lines. If two codecs are not configured the same, they will always attempt to connect at the lowest of the two **Max Bit rate** settings.

Module2: POTS (Rea	advi	
Max Bitrate	28800	$\mathbf{\Phi}$
Dialing Method	Tone	
Dial Tone Detect	Wait for Dial Tone	\

Dialing Method (Affects Dialing only)

Use this menu to select **Tone** (DTMF) or **Pulse** dialing over **POTS Codec** connections. Tone dialing is used always when the **Answer Mode** is **Analog Phone**.

Dial Tone Detect (Affects Dialing only)

There are two settings in this menu:

- **Dial Tone Detect**: The module will only be allowed to dial when a dial tone is present on the line.
- Blind Dialing: Allows the module to dial when no dial tone is present.

Monitor Modem Tone (Affects Dialing and Answering)

This setting can be **Enabled** or **Disabled**. If enabled the module will allow audio monitoring of modem tones during connection in **POTS Codec** mode via the phone input. By default, the following phone input monitoring rules apply when multiple POTS G5 modules are installed in a codec and multiple POTS connections are dialed.

Module 1	Module 2	Audio Rule	
POTS Codec	POTS Codec	The phone input receives a mix of modem tone	
(Monitor Modem Tone)	em Tone) (Monitor Modem Tone) audio from both modules		
POTS Codec	Analog Phone	The phone input receives analog phone input	
(Monitor Modem Tone)		audio only and mutes modem tone monitoring	
Analog Phone	Analog Phone	The phone input accepts audio from the oldest	
		active connection only	



Important Notes:

- POTS modem tones are audible in the left side of the headphone output, irrespective of the type of program loaded in the codec.
- Modem tone monitoring will work even if Phone Input Enable is Off via Settings > Audio > Phone Input > Phone Input Enable [Off].
- Modem tone monitoring is only enabled during the initial connection training and negotiation period in **POTS Codec** mode.
- The monitoring volume can be adjusted via **Settings > Audio > Phone Input > Level**.

Country

This displays the current country setting in the codec. To adjust this setting select **Settings > System > Country**.



Caution: Don't forget to navigate up to **Apply Settings** and press the *button* to apply all module settings before leaving this menu!

13.2 POTS Answering Configuration

Connection setting preferences are normally exchanged via session data sent between two Tieline codecs when a connection is established. If you answer a call from a non-Tieline codec you will need to create an answering "Config" to determine the settings used when connecting, and designate which module will answer the call (if more than one POTS module is installed).



- POTS Answer Config settings are applied to POTS Codec connections and not Analog Phone connections.
- When receiving a call from a Tieline codec sending session data (i.e. not a Sessionless connection), the algorithm setting from the dialing codec overrides the setting in the POTS Answer Config menu.
- The default POTS Answer Configs accept a call from an incoming Tieline codec with session data enabled. They will also answer a call from a Comrex POTS codec by using the Other algorithm.
- For more information about POTS answering parameters, including 'route' configuration, please see <u>Configuring POTS Answering</u> in the Java Toolbox Web-GUI manual, or <u>Configuring POTS Answering</u> in the HTML5 Toolbox Web-GUI manual.
- 1. Press the the **SETTINGS** button, then navigate to **Answering** and press the web button.

5ettings		
System	Modules	ተ
Answering	LAN	Ψ

2. Navigate to POTS Answer Configs and press the W button.

Answering		
	ISDN Answer Configs	
	POTS Answer Configs	
	POTS Answer Configs	

3. Navigate to **Config 1** and press to configure a POTS module in <u>module slot 1</u>, or navigate to **Config 2** and press to configure a POTS module in <u>module slot 2</u>.

Pots Answer	r Configs
Config 1	Module1, Music Mono, Tieline Codecs
Config 2	Module2, Music Mono, Tieline Codecs
	Reset Pots Answer Configs

4. Select Info to view current settings or Edit to adjust Config settings, then press the W button.

Edit	
	Edit

5. Select **Disable** when connecting to Tieline codecs using session data, or select **Enable** if connecting to non-Tieline codecs only, then press the *set button*.

ISDN Answer Config 1 Sessionle	ess Only
Disable	Enable

Important Note: Select Disable if the codec is expected to receive POTS calls from Tieline codecs, or both Tieline and non-Tieline codecs (i.e. you are not sure which type of codec may call). In this mode, once the codec answers a call, it expects to receive Tieline session data from the caller and configure its own algorithm settings according to that. If it fails to receive Tieline session data within 5 seconds (e.g. a Comrex POTS codec is calling), it will use the settings in the ISDN Answering Config instead.

Enable **Sessionless Only** when answering POTS calls from non-Tieline codecs only. When **Sessionless** is configured, the codec will not wait for the session data. This reduces the time taken to answer an inbound sessionless call.

6. Select **Other** when connecting to Comrex® Vector, Matrix® and BlueBox® codecs, then press the or button.

POTS Answer Config 1 Algorith	m
Music Mono	Other

1	0	
	1	
1		/

Important Note: On the Comrex codec select its "Music" algorithm. Please note that 9.6kbps connections are not supported by the Comrex codecs.

7. If required you can specify the audio stream **Route** when answering a call from a non-Tieline codec, then press the or button.

POTS Answer Config 1 Route		
None	Route 1	
Route 2	Route 3	¥

8. Select **Yes** and press the or button to confirm the new **Config** settings.

POTS Answer Config 1 Confirm C	changes
Save POTS Answer Config 1?	
No	Yes

9. The new **Config** will be displayed showing the updated settings.

Pots Answer	r Configs	
Config 1	Module 1, Other 32k, Sessionless	
Config 2	Module2, Music Mono, Tieline Codecs	
	Reset Pots Answer Configs	

Reset POTS Answer Configs

To reset POTS answering settings to factory defaults:

1. Navigate to Settings > Answering > POTS Answer Configs > Reset POTS Answer Configs and then press the or button.

Pots Answer Configs		
Config 1	Module 1, Other 32k, Sessionless	
Config 2	Module2, Music Mono, Tieline Codecs	
	Reset Pots Answer Configs	

2. Select **Yes** and press the or button.

Reset POTS Answer	
Reset POTS Answer Setup?	
No	Yes

14 Language Selection

English is the default language in the codec. To select a new language:

- 1. Press the **SETTINGS button**.
- 2. Navigate to **System** and press .
- 3. Use the navigation buttons to select Language and press $\overline{\text{OC}}$.
- 4. Select a language and press .

15 About Program Dialing

What Defines a Program?

Tieline Genie and Merlin codecs use programs to connect to another codec. A **Program** configures a Tieline codec to send or receive one or more **Audio Streams** based upon the particular application the codec is being used for at any given time. The attributes of the audio stream and associated connections are embodied within a program when it is created, including the configuration, dialing and answering parameters.

Tieline Genie and Merlin codecs operate similarly to Tieline G3 codecs. By default, Tieline codecs send proprietary session data when connecting to each other in order to establish, manage and terminate connections. When a connection between two codecs is established:

- 1. The dialing codec sends information about how the codec receiving the call should be configured.
- 2. Once the codec receiving session data from the dialing codec has received information successfully, it sends an acknowledgement to the dialing codec and streaming can commence.

For example, if you configure a standard stereo program on the dialing codec using a particular algorithm and bit rate settings etc., these settings will be configured on the dialing codec when the codec connects. It is also possible to lock a loaded program in a codec to ensure the currently loaded program cannot be unloaded by a codec dialing in with different program settings.

For example, if your routing requirements require the codec at the studio to always connect in mono, simply load and lock a mono program in the codec. Generally programs will be up or down-mixed by the answering codec to match the loaded program type. In some situations incompatible program types will be rejected.

Defining Audio Streams within Programs

Each audio stream within a program can be defined separately and contain a variety of settings relating to the number of connections (e.g. primary and backup) and the number of destinations to which each audio stream is distributed. Each audio stream is capable of being configured to include dial and answer connections, dial connections only, or answer connections only. Each audio stream has its own:

- Name.
- Connection, Transport, and Destination settings.
- Backup configuration options.

The following image displays a simple peer-to-peer program in the **Programs panel** within the Java Toolbox Web-GUI, which can be used to configure and edit all program parameters. The program displayed is configured to send a single stereo audio stream and will allow the codec to both answer and dial (via dialing and answering connections) if required. A backup dialing connection is configured in case the primary connection fails.

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D2p mono fj500 ereo isdn 3b sessionless P FO FB isdn bonded fial ans stereo	
ereo isdn 3b sessionless P FO FB isdn bonded tial ans stereo	
P FO FB isdn bonded ial ans stereo stereo Audio	
al ans stereo Stereo Audio	
al fo fb redund Stream	
FO isdn	
In 2b across slots	
n 4b loopback	
ins	
no ans 9003	
no file playback Audio Stream 1 🖉 Dial/Answer: Dial or answer	
ono music dial	
Audio Stream 1->primary 2 Direction: Dialing	
Ins Diada	Show Details
I EO 4D ISUII	
Steer O'r B S Audio Stream 1->Backup Cxn 1 2 Direction: Dialing Type: Backup	
step und	Show Details
Audio Stream 1->Incoming 1 0 Directory Assesses	
areo isdo 2B	Show Details

Creating Programs

Only the simplest peer-to-peer (point-to-point) programs can be created using the codec front panel. The Java Toolbox web-GUI contains a **Programs panel** with a wizard for configuring program settings and backup connections. Edit settings easily at the touch of a button and use existing programs as templates for creating other programs.

Mono and Stereo Peer-to-Peer Programs

New peer-to-peer programs can be created using the codec front panel keypad (see <u>Steps to</u> <u>Connect over IP</u>). If you know the IP address of the codec you want to dial then all you need to do is enter this into the codec, choose your preferred connection settings and then press **CONNECT**

Front panel configured programs are automatically saved as **Recent Programs** which retain all the audio stream dialing and configuration information. These **Recent Programs** are displayed when you press the **CONNECT** button from within any menu except the **IP Mode** or **SIP Mode** screens, or the **Connect IP** or **Connect SIP** screens.

Ensure you configure all the correct connection settings when using the codec front panel, because these are stored as part of the program's profile when you first connect. They cannot be adjusted afterwards without using the editing features in the **Program panel** within the Toolbox Web-GUI.

A	6	3	
	5	4	
	1		
9	e.		1

Important Note: When configuring a connection use the **Save** function in the **Connect IP** and **Connect SIP** screens to save programs permanently to the codec's **Programs** menu. Otherwise they are stored to the **Recent Programs** list and will be overwritten after several calls have been made. Merlin PLUS WheatNet User Manual v1.3 57



Peer-to-peer connection configured via the codec front panel

16 Multiple Stream Programs

Programs can be configured to connect a single audio stream to multiple destinations, or connect multiple audio streams to different destinations.

2 x Mono Peer-to-Peer Programs

A **2 x Mono Peer-to-Peer** program includes two mono audio streams. Each audio stream includes a separate peer-to-peer connection to a different destination, which can also be configured with different transport, audio and backup settings.

17 6 x Mono Programs

A **6 x Mono Peer-to-Peer** program includes six bidirectional mono audio streams. Each audio stream is a separate peer-to-peer connection with a different remote codec or smartphone using the Report-IT codec application. Each connection can also be configured with unique settings.



Up to 6 bidirectional mono remotes simultaneously connected to Merlin PLUS

18 Mono or Stereo + IFB Programs

This program is designed to allow Merlin and Merlin PLUS codecs to answer a call from an incoming codec and receive:

- 1. A bidirectional mono or stereo audio stream connection.
- 2. A separate bidirectional mono IFB audio stream for communications.

1 x Mono or Stereo Peer-to-Peer + IFB via Merlin (or Merlin PLUS)



19 2 x Mono or Stereo + IFB Programs

This program is designed to allow a Merlin PLUS codec at the studio to answer calls from two incoming Merlin or Merlin PLUS codecs and receive:

- 1. 2 bidirectional mono or stereo audio streams connections.
- 2. 2 separate bidirectional mono IFB audio streams for communications.



20 Getting Connected Quickly

Before attempting a new audio stream connection please connect and adjust the following:

- 1. Attach power to the codec.
- For IP connections, attach RJ45 Ethernet cables to at least one of the ETH ports on the codec's rear panel. Attach cables to ISDN or POTS modules inserted in your codec as required.
- 3. Attach headphones to the 6.35mm (1/4") headphone jack on the codec's front panel.
- 4. Check that the correct country is selected in the codec.
- i. Press the **SETTINGS E** button.
- ii. Navigate to **System** and press the W button.
- iii. Navigate to **Country** and press the W button.
- iv. Use the navigation buttons to select your country of operation and press the Or button.
- 5. Make sure you know the IP address, or line numbers for dialing over ISDN or POTS to the destination codec.



Important Note: It is important to set the correct country setting for connections over POTS to adjust the POTS G5 module for varying line voltages in different countries. The country setting also affects whether G.711 µ-Law (North America/Japan) or A-Law (Europe/Australasia) coding is used over IP, SIP and ISDN connections.

20.1 Steps to Connect over IP

The following procedure will create a custom peer-to-peer connection program using the codec front panel keypad and navigation buttons. It instructs how to connect your codec over IP for the very first time without using the Toolbox Web-GUI and your computer for configuration.



Important Notes:

- See <u>Using the Java Toolbox Web-GUI</u> for details on configuring connections remotely via a computer. Creation of programs is not currently supported in the HTML5 Toolbox Web-GUI.
- See <u>Installing the Codec at the Studio</u> for valuable information about installing your codec, negotiating firewalls and port forwarding.
- See <u>Tips for Creating Reliable IP Connections</u> for a range of IP information to assist with setting up IP services for your codecs.
- See <u>Testing IP Network Connections</u> to learn how you can test and verify the reliability of your IP connection.
- 1. Press **F1** and press and release the right **>** arrow button to open the **Input Audio Level** adjustment screen.
 - Press the number on the keypad corresponding to the channel you want to toggle on or off.
 E.g. press
 D on the numeric keypad to toggle channel 1 on and off.
 - Use the up ▲ and down ➤ navigation buttons to select the gang function and press the button to toggle ganging on/off.
 - Use the up ▲ and down ▼ navigation buttons to select a single channel, or ganged channels. Note: A channel is highlighted when selected.
 - Use the left < and right > navigation buttons to adjust the input levels up or down.
- 2. Press the **HOME** button to return to the **Home** screen, select **Connect** > IP > **Tieline** and press the button. Note: Select **SIP** or **Sessionless** instead of **Tieline** if these connections are required.

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3. Use the **RETURN** → button to delete any numbers if already entered, then use the numeric **KEYPAD** to enter the IP address of the codec you want to dial, using the or buttons to enter the periods in the IP address. Next, press the down → navigation button to select **Setup** and press or.

Connect IP (Pt-to-Pt)	
203.36.205.167]	
Setup	Save

Important Note: The codec remembers recent IP addresses just like a cell-phone. To view these addresses just press in when you select the **Connect IP** screen. The most recent addresses and programs are listed first and you can use the navigation buttons to scroll up and down. Press it to select the address you have highlighted.

Recent Gali		
	203.36.205.188	
	203.36.205.163	
	172.16.119.206	¥

4. Navigate to Algorithm and press

IP Config (Pt-to-Pt)		
Alg	Music Stereo,32k,64kbps	
JitBuf	Fixed, 100 ms	
FEC	Loc:Off Rem:Off	÷

5. Use the navigation buttons to select an algorithm profile or manually enter algorithm settings, then press .

Profile

6. If you decide to manually program the algorithm, use the navigation buttons to select your preferred algorithm sample rate (if displayed) and bit rate, pressing after each option is selected.

Bit Rate	
48kbps	6+kbps
96kbps	112kbps

7. Press the down → navigation button to select **Jitter Buffer** and press imes to select a different automatic jitter buffer setting for your connection, or to enter a fixed buffer setting in milliseconds (maximum 5000 ms). The default **Auto**, **Best Compromise** setting is a good starting point for most internet connections.

IP Config	(Pt-to-Pt)	
Alg	Music Stereo, 32k,64kbps	
JitBuf	Fixed, 100 ms	
FEC	Loc:Off Rem:Off	¥

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8. Press the down ✓ navigation button to select **FEC** (forward error correction) and press ^{OK} to view selection options. Use the navigation buttons to choose the FEC percentage you want to use and press ^{OK}.

IP Config (Pt-to-Pt)		
Alg	Music Stereo,32k,64kbps	
JitBuf	Fixed, 100 ms	
FEC	Loc:Off Rem:Off	$\mathbf{\Psi}$

9. When configuration is complete press the **RETURN** button to navigate backwards to the **Connect IP** screen that the IP address was entered into.

Important Note: At this point you can navigate to Save on the Connect IP screen and press to use the numeric **KEYPAD** to name the program and press to save the program.

- 10.Press the **CONNECT** button to make a connection. The **Wait Connecting** screen appears during the connection process.
- 11. Alternatively, to load a saved program and dial press the **HOME** button, navigate to **Programs**, select the program you want to dial and press the **CONNECT** button to load the program and dial.
- 12. When dialing, the **CONNECTED LED** on the front of the unit will flash green. When connected, the **CONNECTED LED** on the front of the unit will illuminate solid green.
- 13. From the Home screen use the down ➤ navigation button to select Cxns and view connection Status and press on to view connection statistics for IP packets being sent over the connection. To negotiate higher bit rates press F2 then 3 on the numeric KEYPAD; for lower bit rates press F2 then 9.

20.2 Monitoring IP Connections

Connection Details

The number of active audio streams and connections is displayed on the **Home** screen via **Cxns**. In the following image two connections (left bracketed number) and two audio streams (right bracketed number) are currently in use.

Home – My Program 2		
Connect	Programs	
Cxns(2)(2)	Settings	

- 1. Press the **HOME** button to return to the **Home** screen.
- 2. Use the navigation buttons to select **Cxns** and press the Or button.
- 3. If only a single IP audio stream is connected, the **Connected IP** screen displays details of the active connection. When multiple audio streams are connected, navigate to the one you want to view in the **Connections** screen and press the other button to view more details.

For IP connections you can view the IP address dialed and the LQ (link quality) on the screen. Use the down \checkmark navigation button to view the algorithm being used, the connection bit rate, total bytes

Connected IP (2 of 3)		01:09:52	
DIAL	203.36.205.163:	9002	
LQ	Send:89 Return:9	Send:89 Return:99 🗤	
Status		Config	

used and the amount of jitter buffer delay over the IP network.

Link Quality (LQ) Readings

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Send and return LQ numbers can also help to determine if a problem is occurring at either end of a connection. For example, on an IP connection the **Return** reading represents the audio being downloaded from the network locally (i.e. audio data is being sent by the remote codec). Conversely, the **Send** link quality reading represents the audio data being sent by the local codec (i.e. being downloaded by the remote codec). To ensure a stable connection, try to maintain a reliable reading of 80 or higher for both the **Send** and **Return** LQ reading.

Important Note:

- The **Return** link quality reading is the same as the Local (L) setting displayed on a G3 codec.
- The Send link quality reading is the same as the Remote (R) setting displayed on a G3 codec.

Viewing Connection Statistics

Navigate to **Status** in the **Connected IP** screen and press the *Status* button to display the **Cxn Stats** (connection statistics) screen. This displays the performance of the codec in sending IP audio packets across the network. Analysis is historic and assessed over 60 seconds and 10 minutes of connection time.



	Feature	Description	
1	Lost Packets	Packets sent that failed to arrive	
2	Empty (Jitter Buffer)	Indicates how often the jitter buffer 'reservoir' empties causing loss of audio	
3	Late Packets	The number of packets that arrive late, i.e. after audio play out	
4 FEC Packets Indicates the n have been sent		Indicates the number of forward error correction (FEC) packets that have been sent if it is enabled in the codec	
5	1 minute	Statistics listed for the last minute of network activity	
6 10 minutes Statistics for the last 10 minutes of network activity		Statistics for the last 10 minutes of network activity	

Important Note: If the jitter buffer, FEC or the connection bit rate is changed, we recommend assessing a minute of recent connection performance in preference to 10 minutes of historical connection performance. 10 minutes of data will include connection settings which may no longer be relevant. 'Packet arrival history' is cleared when you hang up a connection.

Following is a packet arrival analysis table with solutions for any noticeable packet loss statistics

displayed on the screen.

Packet Analysis	Displays	Possible Causes	Possible Solutions
Loss	Packets sent and that failed to arrive.	 LAN/WAN congestion Unreliable ISPs Unreliable networks Inferior IP hardware 	 Renegotiate connection bit rate downwards If link quality good add or increase FEC as required Assess ISPs QoS if very bad performance
Empty	Indicates how often the jitter buffer 'reservoir' empties causing loss of audio.	 High number of packets being lost or arriving late Signal dropouts using cell-phone networks Renegotiation causes the jitter buffer reservoir to empty 	 Once could be an anomaly – assess lost & late packets If many lost packets and network is unreliable – renegotiate bit rate and /or FEC down If many late packets, increase jitter buffer
Late	The number of packets that arrive late and after audio play out.	 Network congestion Jitter Buffer depth is too low 	 Auto-jitter buffer will adjust automatically For manual jitter buffer settings increase jitter buffer depth 50-100 ms & reassess (if only a few packets arrive late over time, audio repairs will be automatic and may not require buffer changes).
FECd	Indicates the number of FEC repaired packets if FEC active.	Packets have been lost or corrupted over the network	 Assess audio quality & the number of FEC repairs – if many packets are being 'lost' perhaps reduce FEC &/ or renegotiate bit rate down.

20.3 Steps to Connect over ISDN

The following procedure explains how to create a custom peer-to-peer program and dial another Tieline codec over ISDN using the front panel keypad and navigation buttons.

Important Notes:

- See <u>Testing ISDN Connections</u> for valuable information about setting up and maintaining reliable ISDN connections.
- See ISDN Module Configuration for details on module settings.
- See ISDN Answering Configuration for details on ISDN answering settings.
- See <u>Configuring ISDN</u> for details on configuring connections via the Java Toolbox Web-GUI, or <u>click here</u> for details on using the HTML5 Toolbox Web-GUI to configure.
- 1. Press *F1* and press and release the right **>** arrow button to open the **Input Audio Level** adjustment screen.
 - Press the number on the keypad corresponding to the channel you want to toggle on or off. E.g. press on the numeric keypad to toggle channel 1 on and off.
- Use the up ▲ and down ▼ navigation buttons to select the gang function and press the button to toggle ganging on/off.
- Use the up \blacktriangle and down \checkmark navigation buttons to select a single channel, or ganged channels.

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Note: A channel is highlighted when selected.

- Use the left **f** and right **b** navigation buttons to adjust the input levels up or down.
- 2. Press the **HOME** button to return to the **Home** screen, select **Connect > ISDN** and press the witton.

Connect	
IP	SIP
ISDN	Program

3. Navigate to **Setup** and press the witton.

ISDN Dial	Setud	
Connect		
Setup	Setup Tieline Codecs, Music Mono, 32k, 64kbps	
Dest 1	Press OK to edit	¥

4. Select whether to dial with Tieline Session Data or select **Sessionless** if dialing a non-Tieline codec, then press the or button.

Session Type	
Tieline Codecs	Sessionless

- Important Note: By default, when Tieline codecs dial they send call configuration settings to the remote codec using Tieline Session Data. This configures the codec receiving the call with matching algorithm, sample rate and bit rate settings. This does not occur when dialing to non-Tieline devices, therefore **Sessionless** must be selected to provide compatibility.
- 5. Select the **Dial Route** to use for this audio stream if one is required, then press the button. Note: See <u>Configuring ISDN Answering</u> for more information on **Dial Route** and **Answer Route** tags. These are useful when routing multiple audio streams over transports like ISDN.

Select Dial Route		
None Route 1		
Route 2	Route 3	Ψ

6. Select the number of B channels being used for the audio stream connection, then press the button.

Number of B – channels		
1B	2B	
3B	4B	

7. Select an algorithm, then press the button.

 \vdash

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Algorithm	
MP2 Mono MP2 Stereo	
Music Mono	Music Stereo 🛶

8. Select the sample rate if required, then press the or button.

Sample Rate		
32kHz	+8kHz	

9. Select **Destination 1** and press the button, then use the numeric **KEYPAD** to enter the ISDN number you want to dial and use the **RETURN** button to delete any numbers already entered. Then press the button.

ISDN Dial Setud			Destination 1 Number
Connect			92499999
Setup	Tieline Codecs, MP2 Stereo, 32k, 128kbps		
Dest 1	Press OK to edit	Ψ	

10. Select the preferred B channel to use when dialing and press the M button.

reterred Device		
Any	Module 1, B-Any	
Module 1, B 1	Module 1, B2	

11. If you are dialing over multiple B channels to create a bonded connection select the next destination, e.g. **Destination 2**, and use the numeric **KEYPAD** to enter the next ISDN number you want to dial. Do this for all B channel destinations.

ISDN Dial Se	tup	
Setup	Tieline Codecs, Music Plus Stereo, 48k, 128kbps	$\mathbf{\Phi}$
Dest 1	92499999 from Any	
Dest 2	Press OK to edit	¥

12. Navigate down to **Auto Reconnect** and press the button to toggle between **Enabled** and **Disabled**. Note: This is normally enabled on the dialing codec only.

ISDN Dial Se	tuo	
Dest 1	Press OK to edit	Ŧ
Auto Reconr	Enabled	
Save as Program		¥

13. At this point we recommend you save a program to simplify dialing and to store this configuration for future use. Use the up A navigation button to select **Save as Program** and press the or button.

ISDN Dial S	etup	
Dest 1	92499999 from Any	•
Dest 2	92∔99998 from Any	
	Save as Program	Ψ

14. Use the numeric **KEYPAD** to name the program, then press or to save the program.

Save Program		
Studio 1		
	Press OK to save	

- 15. It is possible to dial the B channels associated with this audio stream from this menu. Use the up ▲ navigation button to select **Connect** and press to connect.
- 16. When dialing, the **CONNECTED LED** on the front of the unit will flash green. When connected, the **CONNECTED LED** on the front of the unit will illuminate solid green.



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Important Note: To load a saved program and dial press the **HOME** button, navigate to **Programs**, select the program you want to dial and press the **CONNECT** button to load the program and dial.

20.4 Monitoring ISDN Connections

Each new audio stream connection becomes visible in the Cxns menu via the Home screen.

- 1. Press the **HOME** button to return to the **Home** screen.
- 2. Use the navigation buttons to select \mathbf{Cxns} and press the $\mathbf{\overline{oc}}$ button.
- 3. If a single ISDN audio stream is connected, the **Connected ISDN** screen will display details of the active ISDN connection. When multiple audio streams are connected, navigate to the one you want to view in the **Connections** screen, e.g. ISDN, and press the *Solution* button to view more details.

Connected	ISDN	00:00:40
DIAL	55555555	•
DIAL	5555556	
Alg	E apt—X Stereo 256kbps	

20.5 Steps to Connect over POTS

The following procedure explains how to create a custom peer-to-peer program and dial another Tieline codec over POTS using the front panel keypad and navigation buttons.

Important Notes:

- See <u>POTS Connection Tips and Precautions</u> for valuable information about setting up and maintaining reliable POTS connections.
- See <u>POTS Module Settings</u> for details on module settings.
- See <u>POTS Answering Configuration</u> for details on POTS answering settings (required for answering calls from non-Tieline POTS codecs)
- See <u>Configuring POTS</u> for details on configuring codec connections via a computer.
- The Local and Remote line quality displayed for POTS Codec connections is related to the actual POTS line quality at either end of the link. This reading affects the maximum allowable bit rate when the codec is training and negotiating a connection.
- 1. Press **F1** and press and release the right **>** arrow button to open the **Input Audio Level** adjustment screen.
 - Press the number on the keypad corresponding to the channel you want to toggle on or off. E.g. press on the numeric keypad to toggle channel 1 on and off.
- Use the up ▲ and down ➤ navigation buttons to select the gang function and press the button to toggle ganging on/off.
- Use the up ▲ and down ➤ navigation buttons to select a single channel, or ganged channels. Note: A channel is highlighted when selected.
- Use the left \blacktriangleleft and right \blacktriangleright navigation buttons to adjust the input levels up or down.
- 2. Press the **HOME** button to return to the **Home** screen, select **Connect > POTS** and press the witton.

Connect		
IP	SIP	
ISDN	POTS	V

3. Use the **RETURN** button to delete any numbers if already entered, then use the numeric **KEYPAD** to enter the number you want to dial. Note: When **POTS** (Ready) is displayed throughout POTS menus it means the POTS module has initialized and is ready to accept or make a call.

Connect POTS (Module2: ReadV)	
92498782	
Setup	Save

4. Navigate to **Setup** and press the button.

Connect POTS (Module2:Readv)	
92498782	
Setup Save	

5. Select **Via** to nominate the module used when dialing a connection, or select Any to use any available module in the codec, then press the or button.

POTS Connect Setup (Module2:ReadV)		
Via	Module2	
Mode	POT5 Codec	
Algorithm	Music Mono	Ψ

6. Navigate to the connection **Mode** and press the or button to toggle between selecting either **POTS Codec** or **Analog Phone**. Note: Redundant settings in the menu will disappear If you select **Analog Phone**.

POTS Connect Setup (Module2:ReadV)		
Via	Module2	
Mode	POTS Codec	
Algorithm	Music Mono	\mathbf{v}

7. Select an algorithm, then press the or button.

Algorithm		
Music Mono	Other	

8. Select **Tieline Codecs** session data when connecting to another Tieline codec or **Sessionless** when dialing to non-Tieline POTS codecs.

POTS Connect	Setud (Module2: ReadV)	
Algorithm	Music Mono	\mathbf{T}
Session	Tieline Codecs	
Dial Route	None	$\mathbf{\Psi}$



Important Notes: To dial a Comrex® Vector, Matrix® or BlueBox® codec over POTS select the **Other** algorithm and **Sessionless**. Please note that 9.6kbps connections are not supported by Comrex codecs.

9. Select the **Dial Route** to use for this audio stream if one is required, then press the button. Note: See <u>Configuring POTS Answering</u> for more information on **Dial Route** and **Answer Route** tags. These can be useful when routing multiple audio streams.

Select Dial Route		
None	Route 1	
Route 2	Route 3	¥

10.Navigate to Auto Reconnect and press the button to Enable or Disable this setting as required.

POTS Connec	t Setud (Module2: ReadV)	
Dial Route	None	4
Auto Recon	Enabled	
	Module Configuration	

11. Select **Module Configuration** to adjust other settings specific to how you want POTS modules to dial and answer, e.g. Maximum connection bit rate and dial tone settings etc.

POTS Connect Setup		
Dial Route	None	$\mathbf{\Phi}$
Auto Reconr	Disabled	
	Module Configuration	

12.When configuration is complete press the **RETURN** button to navigate back to the **Connect POTS** screen.

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Important Note: At this point you can navigate to **Save** on the **Connect POTS** screen and press to use the numeric **KEYPAD** to name the program. Then press to save the program.

13. Press the **CONNECT** button to make a connection. The **Wait Connecting** screen appears during the connection process.

Ho	
Connecting to 92498782	

Note: To load a saved program and dial press the **HOME** button, navigate to **Programs**, select the program you want to dial and press the **CONNECT** button to load the program and dial.

14. To negotiate higher bit rates press $\boxed{F2}$ then **3** on the numeric **KEYPAD**; for lower bit rates press $\boxed{F2}$ then **9**.

Important Note: To load a saved program and dial press the **HOME** button, navigate to **Programs**, select the program you want to dial and press the **CONNECT** button to load the program and dial.

See <u>Monitoring POTS Connections</u> for more details on monitoring the different POTS connection states.

20.6 Monitoring POTS Connections

Monitoring POTS Calls when Dialing and Connecting

- 1. When dialing and connecting:
 - The **CONNECTED LED** on the front of the unit will flash green.
 - The Cxns section on the Home screen displays Pending while the call is connecting (prior to streaming audio data).

Home – Direct (92498782)	
Connect	Programs
CXns(0) POT5 Pending	Settings

Cxns Displays Pending

• Connecting is displayed in the Modules menu via Settings > Modules.

¹



Modules Displays Connecting

 While connecting you can also monitor dial tones and modem handshaking etc., via the left channel of the headphone output. For more details see the Monitor Modem Tones section in <u>POTS Module Settings</u>.

Monitoring POTS Calls when Connected

- 1. The **CONNECTED LED** on the front of the codec illuminates solid green when connected.
- 2. The newly connected audio stream connection becomes visible in the **Cxns** menu via the **Home** screen. To view connection details:
 - a. Use the down \checkmark navigation button to select **Cxns** and press the \bigcirc button.
 - b. When multiple audio streams are connected, navigate to the one you want to view and press the or button to view connection details.

Connected POT	5 00:14:32
DIAL	Module:2 Mode: POT5 Codec (92498782)
LQ	Local:94 Remote:95
Alg	Music Mono 26.4kbps

The **Local** and **Remote** line quality displayed for **POTS Codec** connections is related to the actual POTS line quality at either end of the link. This reading affects the maximum allowable bit rate when the codec is training and negotiating a connection. It also indicates the stability of the connection when a call has been connected for a long period of time. If the line quality starts drop quite low after being connected for a long period, we recommend you retrain the connection to improve the line quality and avoid loss of audio.

20.7 Load and Dial Custom Programs

Custom programs stored on the codec are simple to load and dial from the codec front panel.

- 1. Press the **HOME** button to return to the **Home** screen.
- 2. Use the navigation buttons to select **Programs** and press the Or button.
- 3. Use the up ▲ and down ➤ navigation buttons to select the program you want to use, then press the **CONNECT** I button to load the program and make a connection.
- 4. The **Wait Connecting** screen appears during the connection process and then connection details are displayed.

20.8 Disconnecting a Connection

- 1. Press the red **DISCONNECT** button on the numeric **KEYPAD** at any time to hangup a connection.
- 2. Use the right havigation button to select **Yes** and press the **DISCONNECT** button or the button to confirm the disconnection.

Warning	
Hangup all connections ?	
No	Yes

20.9 Redialing a Connection

Press the **CONNECT** button from any codec menu to redial previous connections (except menus accessed via the **Connect** > **IP**, **ISDN** or **POTS** screens).

Manually dialed connections are saved as programs - retaining all the dialing and configuration information programmed into the codec. A program is identified in the **Recent Programs** redial screen using either a previously entered name, or by a dialing address or number (manually dialed connections).

20.10 Configuring Auto Reconnect

Auto Reconnect is disabled by default. When enabled, the dialing codec attempts to reconnect if data is temporarily lost over a connection.



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Important Note: When **Auto Reconnect** is enabled, the dialing codec will continue to attempt a connection with the remote codec until **Disconnect** is pressed either on the dialing codec's keypad, or in the web-GUI.

Auto Reconnect using IP

- 1. Press the **HOME** button to return to the **Home** screen, select **Connect**, then select **IP** and press the button.
- 2. Select the IP Session mode you are using to connect.
- 3. Select Setup and press .
- 4. Navigate to Auto Recon and press or to toggle between Enabled and Disabled.

Auto Reconnect using ISDN

- 1. Press the **HOME** button to return to the **Home** screen, select **Connect**, then select **ISDN** and press the button.
- 2. Navigate to Auto Recon and press or to toggle between Enabled and Disabled.

Auto Reconnect using POTS

- 1. Press the **HOME** button to return to the **Home** screen, select **Connect**, then select **POTS** and press the button.
- 2. Select Setup and press
- 3. Navigate to Auto Recon and press or to toggle between Enabled and Disabled.

20.11 Speed Dialing Connections

Assigning Speed Dial Numbers

1. Press the **HOME** button to return to the **Home** screen.
- 2. Use the navigation buttons to select **Programs** and press the W button.
- 3. Navigate to the program you want to assign a speed number to and press the button.
- 4. Navigate to Speed Dial and press the W button.

Program: Studio 1		
Connect(1)	Load	
Speed Dial	Delete	¥

5. Navigate to the program you want to assign a speed dial number, then press the button.6. A confirmation message will display the number assigned.

PI Success		
Speed dia	xl O assigned to Studio	1

Speed Dialing

- 1. Press the **HOME** button to return to the **Home** screen.
- 2. Use the numeric **KEYPAD** to enter the speed dial number.
- 3. When the **Speed Dial** screen appears, press the 🖾 button or the **CONNECT** 🔛 button to connect.

20.12 Dial/Disconnect Multiple Audio Stream Programs

Multiple Audio Streams within Programs

Some programs are created to allow simultaneous audio stream connections with different destination codecs, e.g. 2 x Mono peer-to-peer programs. These programs can only be created using the Toolbox web-GUI.

There are two ways to simultaneously dial multiple audio stream connections within these types of programs:

- 1. Load the program into the codec via the front panel and dial.
- 2. Connect to the codec using the Toolbox web-GUI and <u>use the Master panel to load the</u> <u>program and connect</u>.

Dialing Multiple Audio Stream Programs with the Front Panel

- 1. Press the **HOME** button to return to the **Home** screen.
- 2. Use the navigation buttons to select **Programs** and press the Or button.
- 3. Use the up ▲ and down ➤ navigation buttons to select the program you want to connect with, then press the **CONNECT** I button to make a connection.
- 4. The Wait Connecting screen appears briefly and then the Home screen is displayed.

It is also possible to redial the connection, see Redialing a Connection for more information.

Disconnect All Audio Stream Connections

1. Press the red **DISCONNECT button** on the numeric **KEYPAD** at any time to hangup all

connections.

2. Use the right **)** navigation button to select **Yes** and press the **DISCONNECT (b**) button or the **(b**) button to confirm the disconnection.

Disconnect a Single Audio Stream (not available for multi-unicast connections)

- 1. Press the **HOME** button to return to the **Home** screen.
- 2. Use the navigation buttons to select **Cxns** and press the Or button.
- 3. Use the up ▲ and down ➤ navigation buttons to select the connection you want to disconnect.



- 3. Press the red **DISCONNECT D** button on the numeric **KEYPAD**.
- 4. Use the right **)** navigation button to select **Yes** and press the **DISCONNECT (b**) button or the **(b**) button to confirm the disconnection.

20.13 Dialing SIP Peer-to-Peer

1

- **Important Note:** When connecting to a Tieline G3 codec using SIP you need to manually select the G3 audio reference level. To do this select **SETTINGS** > **Audio** > **Ref Level** > **Tieline G3**. In addition, select the following on the G3 codec prior to dialing.
 - Select either a mono or stereo profile
 - Select [Menu] > [Configuration] > [IP1 Setup] > [Session Type] > [SIP]
 - Select [Menu] > [Configuration] > [IP1 Setup] > [Algorithm] > [G711/G722 or MP2]

Dialing Peer-to-Peer SIP IP Connections

SIP can be used to make direct peer-to-peer calls to different brands of IP codecs with public IP addresses, or between two codecs over a LAN which do not pass through firewalls. Peer-to-peer SIP calls are usually used to connect to other brands of codecs and perform call and session management tasks. Peer-to-peer SIP calls between two codecs are detected automatically and require no special pre-programming.

To make a peer-to-peer call between codecs we recommend both codecs use public IP addresses:

- Find out the IP address of the remote codec being dialed.
- Program each codec with a compatible algorithm and sample rate etc.
- Dial using **SIP** within the **Connect** menu.
- If the remote codec has a private IP address then it should be configured for port forwarding and should dial the public IP address at the studio (see <u>Programming TCP/UDP Protocols</u> for more details on port forwarding).
- 1. To dial peer-to-peer press the HOME button to return to the Home screen, select Connect > IP > SIP.
- Use the numeric KEYPAD to enter the IP address of the codec you want to dial, using the so or buttons to enter the periods in the IP address and use the RETURN button to delete numbers already entered.

- 3. Then press the down 🗡 navigation button to select Setup and press 🖾 to adjust the algorithm, jitter buffer and encode/decode direction if required.
- 4. Press the **RETURN D** button to navigate backwards to the **Connect SIP** screen.
- 5. Press the **CONNECT v** button to make a connection.

20.14 **Dialing SIP Addresses**

Dialing a SIP Address via the Codec Front Panel

- 1. Press the HOME button to return to the Home screen, then select Connect > IP > SIP and press the work button.
- 2. Use the KEYPAD to enter any combination of alphabetic and numeric characters in the SIP address of the codec you want to dial. Use the 💌 or 🛲 buttons to enter the periods in the SIP address and use the **RETURN** button to delete any numbers already entered. Alternatively, if you have dialed the SIP address previously, press the **RETURN D** button to view the **Recent** Call screen and select the SIP address you want.

Connect SIP	
TielineTest2@sip.iptel.org	
Setup	Save

- 3. Press the down \checkmark navigation button to select **Setup** and press 0, then adjust the algorithm, jitter buffer, encode/decode direction, port and auto reconnect settings if required.
- 4. Press the **RETURN D** button to navigate backwards to the **Connect SIP** screen and select Save to name and save the program.
- 5. Press the **CONNECT D** button to make a connection.



Important Notes:

- See Configuring SIP Settings for instructions on entering SIP account details into the codec. If your codec is registered with same SIP registrar as the destination codec then you only need to enter the SIP user name to dial successfully.
- If you don't save the program during configuration, a temporary program is created after you dial the SIP connection for the first time using the codec **KEYPAD**. The temporary program will appear in the recent calls list if you want to redial the program.

Program List		
	SIP 1	\mathbf{T}
	Studio 1	
	Studio 2	

It is also possible to configure SIP programs using the Toolbox web-GUI. See the section titled Configuring SIP Programs for more information.

20.15 Creating a Multicast Client Program

Two different types of multicast programs need to be created when multicasting:

- A multicast server program is used by the broadcasting codec to send multicast IP packets to multicast routers on a network.
- A multicast client program is used by codecs to receive multicast IP audio packets.

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Important Notes:

- You cannot edit a program when it is currently loaded in the codec.
- Ensure all connection related settings like the port, algorithm, bit rate (etc) match on both multicast server and client programs or they will not be able to join multicast streaming sessions.
- The default UDP audio port is 9000 for a multicast client program configured via the codec front panel.
- You can lock a loaded custom program in a codec to ensure the currently loaded program cannot be unloaded by a codec dialing in with a different program type.
- Always dial the multicast server codec connection first before connecting multicast client codecs.
- Multicast client codecs will display return link quality (LQ) only. The Return reading represents the audio being downloaded from the network locally.
- Forward Error Correction (FEC) is not available for multicast connections.
- It is not possible to send auxiliary data using multicast connections.
- It is not possible to connect to a G3 codec and receive multicast IP audio streams.
- To copy multicast client programs onto multiple codecs see <u>Save and Restore</u> <u>Configuration Files</u>.
- To learn more about programs see the section titled About Program Dialing.
- See Toolbox web-GUI documentation for more detailed information about Configuring Multicast Client Programs
- 1. Press the **HOME** button to return to the **Home** screen, select **Connect > IP > Sessionless** and press the button.

Connect		
IP	SIP	
Program	SD	

2. Select Multicast Client to configure a client codec program.

IP Mode			
Peer-to-Peer	Multicast Server		
Multicast Client			

3. Use the **RETURN** → button to delete any numbers already entered, then use the numeric **KEYPAD** to enter the multicast IP address you want to dial, using the or buttons to enter the periods in the IP address. The same multicast address and audio port must be used for both the server and client programs. Next, press the down navigation button to select **Setup** and press .

ConnectIP (Mcast-C)		
224.0.255.255		
Setup	Save	

4. Press the down \checkmark navigation button to select Algorithm and press \square .

IP Connect Setup (Mcast-C)		
Alg	Music Mono, 32k, 28.8kbps	
JitBuf	Auto, Best Compromise	
Proto	UDP/IP + RTP,9000	¥

5. Use the navigation buttons to select an algorithm profile or manually choose algorithm settings, then press or.

<u>Set Algorithm</u>				
Manual	Profile			

6. Click to configure the Jitter Buffer from either Auto Jitter Adapt or Fixed Buffer Level, then and enter the Jitter Depth, which must be between 12ms and 5000ms depending on the algorithm you select, then press or.

IP Connect 9	Setud (Mcast-C)	
Alg	Music Mono, 32k, 28.8kbps	
JitBuf	Auto, Best Compromise	
Proto	UDP/IP + RTP,9000	÷

11	0		
18	Q	2	

Important Notes: Automatic or fixed jitter buffer settings can be adjusted on individual client codecs as required. There is no jitter buffer setting on the server codec because it never receives audio packets.

7. Select **Protocol** to select the audio protocol and adjust the **Return Audio Port**. Select **UDP/IP** +**RTP** for RFC compliant IP streaming. Press or to save settings.



8. If required, enable **Auto Reconnect** and use **Via** to specify which IP streaming interface is used to dial this connection, e.g. **Primary** (port **ETH1**) or **Secondary** (port **ETH2**). Note: By default **Any** will select **ETH1** if it is available and **ETH2** if it is unavailable.

IP Connect 5	Setud (Mcast-C)	
Proto	UDP/IP + RTP,9000	*
Auto Reconn	Disabled	
Via	Any	

9. Press the **RETURN** button when configuration is complete to navigate backwards to the **Connect IP** screen that the multicast IP address was entered into.

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Important Note: At this point you can navigate to **Save** on the **Connect IP** screen and press to save the settings as a custom program for subsequent recall and dialing. Use the numeric **KEYPAD** to give the program a name and press to save the program. A confirmation message is displayed after the program is saved.

ConnectIP (Mcast-C)	
224.0.255.255	
Setup	Save

Connecting a Multicast Client Program

- 1. After you have created multicast server and client programs on your codecs you can dial multicast connections. First select the multicast server program you want to use on the server codec and dial to connect.
- 2. Select and load the multicast client program on each of the multicast client codecs and dial the multicast IP address to begin receiving multicast audio packets.
 - a. Press the HOME 应 button to return to the Home screen.
 - b. Use the navigation buttons to select **Programs** and press the or button.
 - c. Use the up \checkmark and down \checkmark navigation buttons to select the multicast client program you want to connect with, then press the \bigcirc button to load the program.
 - d. Press the **CONNECT D** button to make a connection.

You can navigate to **Cxns** on the **Home** screen to view a codec's connection **Status**, then press of view connection statistics for IP packets being received over the connection.

20.16 Deleting Programs

- 1. Press the **HOME** button to return to the **Home** screen.
- 2. Use the navigation buttons to select **Programs** and press the or button.
- 3. Navigate to the program you want to delete and press the or button.

Program Lis [.]		
	Studio 1	*
	Studio 2	
	Studio 3	

4. Navigate to **Delete** and press the or button.

Program: Studio 3		
Connect(1)	Load	
Speed Dial	Delete	¥

5. Confirm the deletion and press the witton.

20.17 Selecting Algorithm Profiles

A number of pre-programmed mono and stereo dialing profiles are available for programming the codec quickly without individually selecting algorithms and bit rates etc. These profiles have been programmed with the most popular settings that provide high quality connections using each available algorithm.

- 1. Press the **HOME** button to return to the **Home** screen.
- 2. Use the navigation buttons to select **Connect** and press the Or button.
- 3. Select IP and press the W button.
- 4. Select **Tieline** session mode and press the *button*. Note: algorithm profiles are only available for Tieline session connections.
- 5. Use the down \checkmark navigation button to select **Setup** and press the button.
- 6. Select Algorithm and press the or button.
- 7. Use the right **>** navigation button to select **Profile**.
- 8. Choose the profile you want from the Favorite, Mono or Stereo menus.



	Features	Codec Home Screen Elements
1	Favorite	Displays a list of favorite profiles that have been selected manually within the codec by users
2	Mono	Displays preprogrammed mono profiles within the codec
3	Stereo	Displays preprogrammed stereo profiles within the codec

Adding a Profile into the Favorite Menu

- 1. Press the **HOME** button to return to the **Home** screen.
- 2. Use the navigation buttons to select **Connect** and press the button.
- 3. Select IP and press the work button.
- 4. Select your preferred **IP Session** mode and press the witton.
- 5. Use the down V navigation button to select **Setup** and press the W button.
- 6. Press the button to select Algorithm.
- 7. Use the right **>** navigation button to select **Profile**.
- 8. Select the profile you want from the Mono or Stereo menus.
- 9. Press the hatch (pound) button *#* to add the profile into the **Favorite** menu.

Profiles that have been added into the **Favorite** menu are identified by the hatch (pound) symbol next to their name after they have been selected.

Select Profile (#: favorite)	
AAC St+8kHz 128kb	
#AAC 5†48kHz 256kb	
AAC-HE 5† 32kHz 24kb	¥

Deleting a Profile from the Favorite Menu

- 1. Press the **HOME** button to return to the **Home** screen.
- 2. Use the navigation buttons to select **Connect** and press the witton.
- 3. Select IP and press the or button.
- 4. Select your preferred **IP Session** mode and press the witton.
- 5. Use the down \checkmark navigation button to select **Setup** and press the button.
- 6. Press the or button to select Algorithm.
- 7. Use the right > navigation button to select Profile.
- 8. Select the profile you want to delete from the Favorite menus.
- 9. Press the hatch (pound) button # to delete the selected profile from the favorite menu.

20.18 Merlin Algorithm Profiles

The following algorithm profiles are programmed into Merlin codecs.

	Profiles			
	Algorithm	Mono/Stereo	Sample Rate (kHz)	Bit rate (kbps)
1	AAC	Mono	48	64
2	AAC	Stereo	48	128
3	AAC	Stereo	48	256
4	HE-AAC	Mono	32	16
5	HE-AAC	Stereo	32	24
6	HE-AAC	Stereo	32	48
7	AAC-LD	Mono	32	48
8	AAC-LD	Stereo	32	64
9	AAC-ELD	Mono	32	24
10	AAC-ELD	Stereo	32	48
11	aptX Enhanced	Mono	32 (16 bit)	128
12	aptX Enhanced	Mono	48 (24 bit)	288
13	aptX Enhanced	Stereo	32 (16 bit)	256
14	aptX Enhanced	Stereo	48 (24 bit)	576
15	G.711	Mono	8	64
16	G.722	Mono	16	64
17	MPEG 1 Layer 2	J-Stereo	32	128
18	MPEG 1 Layer 2	J-Stereo	48	192
19	MPEG 1 Layer 2	Mono	24	64
20	MPEG 1 Layer 2	Mono	48	256
21	MPEG 1 Layer 2	Stereo	32	128
22	MPEG 1 Layer 2	Stereo	48	256
23	Music	Mono	32	28.8
24	Music	Mono	32	48
25	Music	Stereo	32	64
26	Music	Stereo	32	96
27	MusicPLUS	Mono	48	48
28	MusicPLUS	Mono	48	96
29	MusicPLUS	Stereo	48	96
30	MusicPLUS	Stereo	48	128
31	MusicPLUS	Stereo	48	192
32	PCM Mono	Mono	48 (16bit)	768
33	PCM Stereo	Stereo	48 (16bit)	1,540
34	Opus Mono	Mono	48	64
35	Opus Stereo	Stereo	48	128

20.19 Merlin Backup Options

Tieline codecs feature highly advanced backup and redundancy options to maintain reliable audio codec streaming. These include the options outlined in the following table:

	Tieline Audio Codec Backup Features				
Backup	Transport:	Time Required to	How to Enable		
option	IP, ISDN or POIS	Kespond			
SmartStream PLUS	IP Only (Note: concurrent packet stream sent; codec detects IP packet loss or delayed packets)	No time delay - simultaneous dual redundant streaming	Enabled in dialing codec program; configures local decoding, or remote decoding via session data		
On-demand (cold) Failover	All transports (Note: codec detects loss of data or connection and redials the backup connection)	User configurable detection parameters during program configuration*. Delay is equal to detection time plus the time required to dial the alternative connection	Dialing codec program monitors streaming and manages failover		
FEC (Forward Error Correction)	IP Only (Note: decoding codec detects IP packet loss or delayed packets)	No time delay - packet replacement occurs in real-time	Dialing codec configures local and remote FEC settings via session data transfer when connecting		
Auto Reconnect	All transports; codec will redial continuously to try and reconnect	Immediately redials after loss of IP stream detected	Enabled in dialing codec program		

* Note: POTS can take up to 60 seconds to connect successfully.



Important Note: Failover and SmartStream PLUS redundant streaming are not available with SIP or sessionless IP connections.

SmartStream PLUS Redundant IP Streaming

Tieline's proprietary SmartStream PLUS IP technology ensures you're always on the air. The codec features dual Ethernet IP ports allowing two completely independent IP connections. There are three levels to SmartStream PLUS IP streaming.

- The codec can stream simultaneous redundant data streams from both Ethernet ports and deliver seamless redundancy by switching back and forth, without loss of audio, from the nominated primary data link to the backup link if one fails and then subsequently recovers. Use IP links from two different IP network providers for optimal redundancy over mission critical connections.
- 2. Second, when multiple redundant audio streams are sent, the decoding codec automatically reconstructs audio into a single stream on a first packet arrived basis, to minimize program latency and ensure audio integrity.
- 3. Third, SmartStream features automated jitter buffer management and Forward Error Correction (FEC) and these advanced network management tools deliver uncompromising audio quality, while dynamically responding to variable conditions over unmanaged IP networks like the internet.

These combined measures ensure Tieline is capable of offering a rock solid IP audio solution for

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distributing IP audio economically and efficiently across broadcast networks. See the procedures for configuring different programs <u>using the web-GUI</u> for more configuration details.

On-Demand Failover (IP, ISDN or POTS)

On-demand failover requires configuration of a primary connection and an on-demand 'cold' backup connection. On-demand failover is activated when the dialing codec program detects the loss of the primary connection, or if audio streaming ceases. The backup connection is then dialed to replace the primary connection.

The codec can be configured to switch to a backup connection over IP, ISDN or POTS as required. For example, you can create a program with IP as the primary connection and also create a backup ISDN or POTS connection in the same program. For details on configuring backup connections using failover see <u>Configuring Merlin Point-to-Point Programs</u>.



Forward Error Correction (FEC)

FEC transmits a secondary stream of audio data packets over a single connection. If packets are lost or corrupted over the connection then replacement FEC data packets can be substituted to replace them.

Note: FEC should not be confused with SmartStream PLUS. FEC packets are sent over a single data stream connection, whereas SmartStream PLUS dual redundant streaming transmits two completely redundant audio data streams. FEC is also a subset of features within SmartStream PLUS, which means you can configure SmartStream PLUS dual redundant data streams and also configure FEC on each of these data streams. For more info on FEC see <u>Configuring Forward Error</u> <u>Correction</u>.

Auto Reconnect

Auto Reconnect is the simplest form of connection backup whereby the codec will redial a lost connection continuously until it is either:

- Re-established, or
- Dialing is manually stopped.

Auto reconnect can be enabled when configuring a codec program designed to dial another codec or codecs. See the procedures for configuring different programs <u>using the web-GUI</u> for more configuration details.

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20.20 Lock or Unlock a Program in the Codec

It is possible to lock a loaded custom program in a codec to ensure the currently loaded program type, e.g. mono, cannot be unloaded by a codec dialing in with a different program type, e.g. stereo. For example, if your routing requirements require the codec at the studio to always connect in mono, simply load and lock a mono program in the codec. On the answering codec, you may wish to configure the codec to always use a particular jitter buffer or FEC setting.

Generally programs will be up or down-mixed by the answering codec to match the loaded program type. In some situations incompatible program types will be rejected. A compatible program type can still connect and specify different connection parameters such as algorithm preferences and bit rates via session data.

- 1. Press the **HOME** button to return to the **Home** screen.
- 2. Select **Settings** and press .
- 3. Navigate to **System** and press .
- 4. Navigate to Lock Program and press or to toggle between Enabled and Disabled.

System Config		
Language	English	*
Auto Lock	Disabled	
Lock Program	Disabled	$\mathbf{\Psi}$

5. When program lock is **Enabled** a warning message confirms program status.

Warning
User program LOCKED.
Any incoming calls not matching this program type will be
rejected

6. When program lock is **Disabled** a warning message confirms incoming calls may load any supported factory program.

).
ctory programs on –demand

7. Press the **RETURN D** button to exit the warning message.

Important Note: It is only possible to lock custom programs in a codec. If **Lock Program** is enabled and you load a new custom program in the codec, **Lock Program** remains enabled and locks the most recently loaded custom program.

20.21 Locking the Front Panel

The codec features a front panel lock feature for tamper-proof operation. This feature is disabled by default.

There are two levels of panel lock and each requires a user to enter a PIN to access different

features:

- 1. Admin PIN: Required to change codec connection or configuration settings accessed via the SETTINGS 🖂 button. (Default PIN is: 456789)
- 2. User PIN: Required to use the codec front panel buttons and dial/hangup a connection (Default PIN is: 123456)

Enabling the Front Panel Lock Feature

- 1. Press the **SETTINGS button**.
- 2. Navigate to **System** and press .
- 3. Navigate to Auto Lock and press of to toggle from Disabled to Enabled.

System Config		
Auto Lock	Enabled	
Lock T/out	10	
Admin Pin	*****	¥

- 4. Navigate down to the panel **Lock Timeout** field and press to enter the desired time-out period in seconds. Note: The time-out period is the time in seconds before the codec front panel is relocked after being used.
- 5. If you want to change the default **Admin PIN** or **User PIN**, navigate down to each in turn and press to enter a new PIN.

21 Connecting to the ToolBox Web-GUI

There are three graphical user interface (GUI) options for configuring Tieline G5 codecs:

- 1. Java Toolbox Web-GUI: codecs can be fully configured including program creation, dial and hangup, command and control.
- 2. HTML5 Toolbox Web-GUI: most codec settings can be configured, dial and hangup existing programs only, quick connect option available for simple peer-to-peer connections, command and control.
- 3. HTML5 Toolbox Quick Connect Web-GUI: designed for simple peer-to-peer connections and non-technical users.

About the Java Toolbox Web-GUI

Codecs can be fully configured using the Java ToolBox Web-GUI and this can be launched using an IP/LAN connection with the codec. Instructions for using the Java web-GUI are contained in the application itself from the **HeIp** panel and additional information is available at <u>http://www.tieline.com/support/toolbox</u>. The Tieline Java Toolbox Web-GUI application runs on:

- Internet Explorer 6 or greater on Windows® XP, Windows Vista ® and Windows 7 ®.
- Firefox® 3 or greater on Windows® XP, Windows Vista ® and Windows 7 ®, Solaris™ and Linux®.

Java Toolbox Web-GUI Prerequisites

- 1. To use the Java ToolBox Web-GUI you will need to download the latest version of Java[™] by visiting <u>http://www.java.com</u>. The Web-GUI will prompt you to do this if Java is not installed and you attempt to launch the Java ToolBox Web-GUI.
- 2. After updating to the latest version of Java you need to refresh your browser.

About the HTML5 Toolbox Web-GUI

The HTML5 Toolbox Web-GUI was developed to improve the user experience with G5 codec command and control. With some major web-browsers moving away from Java compatibility, Tieline has delivered an HTML5 configuration option which runs seamlessly on modern browsers.

The HTML5 Toolbox Web-GUI will run on computers and tablets, as well as iOS and Android smartphones, which expands the range of devices engineers can now use for configuration. In addition, many users have previously experienced connectivity issues due to regular Java updates designed to mitigate exposure to security vulnerabilities. By using the HTML5 Toolbox these issues will be avoided.

Most codec settings can be configured using the HTML5 Toolbox Web-GUI, including:

- Dial and hangup existing programs only (currently program creation wizard is not available).
- Quick connect option available for simple peer-to-peer connections: configure IP, SIP, ISDN and POTS connections including the algorithm, sample rate, bit-rate and dial number/ address.
- Extensive command and control of codec settings.

About the HTML5 Toolbox Quick Connect

The HTML5 Toolbox Quick Connect Web-GUI has a reduced feature-set and allows non-technical users to load existing programs and dial via the **Quick Connect panel**. Users can dial a simple peer-to-peer connection over POTS, ISDN or IP.

21.1 Opening the Java or HTML5 Web-GUI & Login

- 1. Attach an Ethernet cable to the ETH1 port on the codec.
- 2. Press the **SETTINGS** button and select **Unit** to display the IP address programmed into your codec.
- 3. Ensure your PC is connected to the same LAN.
- 4. Open your web browser and type the IP address of your codec into the address bar of your browser, e.g. http://192.168.0.xxx (the last digits are the private address details unique to your codec over a private LAN).
- 5. Refresh the browser and the Web-GUI landing page will display the various command and control options.



Launching the Java Toolbox Web-GUI

 Click to launch the ToolBox Web Start Desktop Application (this is recommended in preference to launching the Java Toolbox Browser Applet). Note: When you launch for the first time the application will download and launch the desktop Toolbox application that will allow you to configure your codec. A desktop short-cut will also be created.



2. When you launch Toolbox an authentication dialog prompts you to enter a password to login. The first time you log in you can enter the default setting "password" and click the OK button. Tieline highly recommends you click the hyperlink in the login dialog or visit Changing the Default Password to change the password. This will provide better network security to maintain reliability during live broadcasts.



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Important Note: If you update Java software or clear the Java cache on your computer you will need to repeat the preceding steps. If you have trouble launching the Web-GUI in a browser, type http://<insert codec IP address>.htm directly in your browser.

Launching the HTML5 Toolbox Web-GUI

- 1. Click to launch the HTML5 Toolbox Web-GUI.
- 2. When you launch Toolbox for the first time an authentication dialog prompts you to enter the user name "admin" and password "password" to login, then click the OK button. Tieline highly recommends you change the password (see <u>Changing the Default Password</u>). This will provide better network security to maintain reliability during live broadcasts.

Authentication	Required
?	A username and password are being requested by http://172.16.72.207. The site says: "Merlin"
User Name:	admin
Password:	••••••
	OK Cancel

Launching the HTML5 Toolbox Quick Connect

- 1. Click to launch the HTML5 Toolbox Quick Connect Web-GUI.
- 2. When you launch Toolbox for the first time an authentication dialog prompts you to enter the user name "admin" and password "password" to login, then click the OK button. Tieline highly recommends you change the password (see <u>Changing the Default Password</u>). This will provide better network security to maintain reliability during live broadcasts.

and password are being requested by http://172.16.72.207. The site says: "Merlin"

Using the Web-GUI over the Internet

If your codec is connected over the internet via a public static IP address it is possible to connect and configure it from any PC which is also connected to the internet.

LAN Troubleshooting

PC LAN Settings

Check the LAN settings on your PC if it is connected to a LAN and is having trouble opening the Toolbox Web-GUI in a web-browser.

- 1. Open Internet Explorer.
- 2. Click Tools > Internet Options > Connections.
- 3. Click the LAN settings button.
- 4. If the PC is using a proxy server over the LAN you may need to select the **Bypass** proxy server for local addresses option box.
- If you still can't connect, click the Advanced button in the LAN Settings dialog and ask your IT administrator to assist you with entering the IP address of the codec into the Exceptions pane of the Proxy Settings dialog.

Port Selection

By default port 80 is used by your PC to communicate with the codec and launch the web-GUI. If port 80 cannot be used across your network for some reason, type the IP address of your codec into your browser with a full colon and the port number 8080.

E.g. 192.168.0.176:8080

It is also possible to specify a different port for connecting the Toolbox web-GUI to your codec.

- 1. Press the **HOME** button on the codec to return to the **Home** screen.
- 2. Use the navigation buttons to select **Settings** and press the or button.
- 3. Use the navigation button to navigate down to **WebGUI** and press the or button.
- 4. Select Alt. Port and press .
- 5. Use the **KEYPAD** to enter a new port number and press the or button to save the new setting.
- 6. Type the IP address of your codec into your browser with a full colon and then the new port number.



Important Note: Any new port specified must be within the range 2000 to 65535 inclusive.

21.2 Changing the Default Password

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The default password for the Toolbox Web-GUI is **password**. Enter this in the authentication dialog to use the Web-GUI initially and then Tieline highly recommends changing the default password to protect your codec from being tampered with during live broadcasts.



Toolbox Java Web-GUI Login Dialog

sername and password are being requested by http://172.10.72.207. The site says: Merlin
nin
1

Toolbox HTML5 Web-GUI Login Dialog on a Merlin Codec

Caution: Codecs connected to the internet can be accessed by anyone with knowledge of the codec's public IP address. Setting a strong password protects your equipment from being tampered with and jeopardizing live broadcasts.

Creating a New Password

The authentication login password can be changed at any time using the codec keypad and LCD screen. Note that passwords are case sensitive:

- 1. Press the **SETTINGS button**.
- 2. Use the navigation button to select **WebGUI** and press the or button.
- 3. Select **Password** and press **OK**.
- 4. Use the **KEYPAD** to enter a new password and press the or button to save the new setting (Note: there is no character limit for passwords).

If you forget the password for the Toolbox web-GUI then you can always press the **SETTINGS** button on the codec and navigate to **WebGUI** to view the current password and change it if required.



Important Note: The **Username** in the codec menu is permanently set to **admin** and cannot be changed; only the **Password** can be changed.

22 Using the Java Toolbox Web-GUI

The following sections provide an overview of the different programming panels available within the JavaToolbox Web-GUI. Navigate with the mouse pointer to a symbol at the top of the Web-GUI screen and click to open the panel selected. When a panel is opened in the Web-GUI, the text below the symbol at the top of the screen is highlighted (see **Master** in the following image).



Web-GUI Symbols for Opening Panels

The most recently opened panel is displayed underneath the **Master panel** by default. Click the **Maximize/Minimize** symbol to view a panel in full-screen mode, or click to minimize back to the default panel size.



Programs Panel for Connection Configuration



	Feature	Description
1	Programs List	Displays all programs in the codec
2	New Program button	Click to add a new program.
3	Program Name	The name of the currently selected program in the panel.
4	Edit Name	Click to edit the name of the currently selected program.
5	Audio Stream overview	Click the blue arrows b to expand audio stream and connection information; click the Edit symbol of to adjust program settings. This panel displays the program wizard when creating a new program.
6	Delete Program	Click to delete the currently selected program (Note: Ensure the program is not loaded or the delete function will not work).
7	Maximize/Minimize	Click to maximize a panel to view it in full-screen mode, or click to minimize back to the default panel size
8	Close button	Click to close the Connect panel .



1 **Important Note:** Tieline codecs have different input configurations, therefore the image shown may not reflect the number of inputs displayed in your codec Web-GUI.

	Feature	Description
1	Channel ON/OFF Buttons	Click to turn each channel ON or OFF
2	Reference levels menu	Click the drop-down arrow to select the codec input reference level (default setting Auto)
3	Lock Button	Click to lock all Input panel settings (greys out when locked)
4	View local	Click to view local codec inputs (default)
5	Settings button	Click to adjust input Name, Type, IGC and Ganging
6	Maximize/Minimize	Click to maximize a panel to view it in full-screen mode, or click to minimize back to the default panel size
7	Close button	Click to close the panel
8	Input Sliders/Faders	Input gain control sliders/faders
9	Analog/AES3 Indication	Indicates whether the codec input is configured for analog or digital audio sources
10	Input PPM meter	Input PPM meter

Statistics Panel for Monitoring Connection Stability



	Feature Description	
1	Headings	Headings for the various packet arrival statistics available
2	Connection Statistics	Right-click to view audio stream bit-rate and jitter buffer statistics
3	Maximize/Minimize	Click to maximize a panel to view it in full-screen mode, or click to minimize back to the default panel size
4	Close button	Click to close the panel

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Rules Panel for Creating Relay Activation Rules



	Rule	Description
1	Connect and disconnect a program when an input is	Click to configure Connection and Disconnection by toggling an input
2	Connect when an input is switched ON ; Disconnect when another input is switched ON	Click to configure Connection and Disconnection after different relay inputs are switched ON
3	Connect and Disconnect on Audio Detection	Click to configure the codec to connect when audio is detected and disconnect when silence is detected
4	Synchronise a local relay input with a remote relay output	Click to configure a local relay input to synchronise with the state of a remote relay output
5	Toggle a relay based on a connection's status	Click to configure a relay to toggle based on connection status
6	Maximize/Minimize	Click to maximize a panel to view it in full-screen mode, or click to minimize back to the default panel size
7	Close button	Click to close the Rules panel

Alarms Panel

	Feature	Description
1	Current Alarms	Click to view current device alarms
2	Alarm History	Click to view the history of device alarms
3	Acknowledge Selected Alarm	Click to acknowledge an alarm after activation
4	Alarm details pane	Displays alarm details
5	Alarm description pane	Troubleshooting information to assist users when alarms occur
6	Maximize/Minimize	Click to maximize a panel to view it in full-screen mode, or click to minimize back to the default panel size
7	Close button	Click to close the Alarms panel
8	Configure alarms	Click to create or edit alarms.



	Feature	Description
1	Network tab	Click to edit or view codec network configuration settings
2	Options tab Click to configure RS232 and QoS data settings, lock a load user Program and adjust Session Port settings and SNMP.	
3	Audio tab	Click to configure the AES Output Clock sample rate
4	SIP tab	Click to edit or view SIP configuration settings
5	Modules tab	Click to edit hardware module configuration
6	ISDN Answer tab	Click to configure ISDN Answering settings
7	POTS Answer tab	Click to configure POTS Answering settings
8	Firmware tab	Click to view software versions and perform an upgrade
9	Licensing tab	Click to select a license file and install it into the codec
10	Reset/Restore tab	Click to reset codec default settings and perform backup/restore of codec programs and settings
11	DNS Pane	Activate to specify DNS addresses and domains to search.
12	Maximize/Minimize	Click to maximize a panel to view it in full-screen mode, or click to minimize back to the default panel size
13	Close button	Click to close the panel
14	Network Interface	Select a network interface for configuration options
15	Network Interface Identifier	Control and streaming configuration options for each network interface, e.g. Ethernet Port 1 or 2.
16	IPv6 details	IPv6 addressing details and configuration
17	MAC Address	Device MAC address
18	IPv4 details	IPv4 addressing details and configuration
19	Save Settings button	Saves all configuration settings

```
Help Panel
```



	Feature	Description
1	About	Details of the Toolbox Web-GUI and codec firmware versions, as well as the codec serial number
2	Resources	Links to open the user manual in a new browser, or view support information
3	Support Logs	Click to download diagnostic information that can be sent to Tieline support
4	Event Logs	Click to download user-viewable event logs
5	Maximize/Minimize	Click to maximize a panel to view it in full-screen mode, or click to minimize back to the default panel size
6	Close button	Click to close the Help panel

Language Selection

The Toolbox Web-GUI offers language support for several languages.

- 1. Click on the language drop-down menu arrow in the top right-hand corner of the Web-GUI page.
- 2. Select your language of choice.



3. Click to refresh your web-browser and display the new language selected.

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22.1 Configuring IP Settings

Click the **Settings** symbol to open the **Settings** panel and click the **Network** button to view Ethernet and VLAN interface settings in the Web-GUI.



Important Note: For assistance with configuration of IPv4 or IPv6 network connections contact your IT Administrator.

IPv4 versus IPv6

An IP address is a unique address to identify a device on a TCP/IP network. Your codec uses dual IP protocol stacks to allow your codec to work on both IPv4 and IPv6 networks. Your Tieline codec supports both DHCP (default) IP addressing and static IP addresses for dialing IPv4 connection endpoints.

If you want to dial a codec with a public IP address you simply dial the IP address to connect. If you want to dial a codec with a private IP address you need to perform network address translation (NAT). NAT allows a single device, such as a broadband router, to act as an agent between the public internet and a local private LAN. Usually this will be set up at the studio end so you can dial into the studio from the remote codec.

Support for IPv6 connections allows you to use IPv6 infrastructure to connect to other codecs globally.

Configuring Ethernet Ports and VLANs

The codec features two physical Ethernet port interfaces and up to four additional VLAN interfaces.

VLAN interfaces have features similar to physical Ethernet interfaces. However, your network administrator will need to configure VLAN support throughout your network for them to be supported in your codec.

As an example, if only one physical Ethernet interface is available, VLANs can be used to operate SmartStream PLUS or to separate codec Control and Streaming functions if required. Ethernet and VLAN interfaces can be configured for:

- Controlling audio: codec control and command only from the Ethernet port.
- Controlling and Streaming: stream audio and control and command the codec via the Ethernet port.
- Streaming audio: stream audio only from an Ethernet port (ETH2 and VLANs only).
- Nothing: Disable the Ethernet port from streaming audio and codec command and control (VLANs only).

🔆 Satilings	
Network Options Audio SIP	Modules ISDN Answer POTS Answer Firmware Licensing
ETH1 ETH2 VLAN1 VLAN2	VLAN3 VLAN4
Configured for Control & Streaming	2 sidentified by the name Primary
Control & Streaming	
IPv6 Control Only	v IPv4
Configure IPv6: Automatically	Configure IPv4: Using DHCP
Address:	Address: 172 . 16 . 104 . 235
Prefix Size:	Subnet Mask: 255 . 255 . 0 . 0
Gateway:	Gateway: 172 16 0 2
Link Local: fe80::201:c0ff.fe0b:4cc4	%eth0

The name entered into the right-hand text box, e.g. **Primary** or **Secondary**, is an interface identifier used when configuring new programs via the **Programs panel**.

IPv4 Address Configuration

The codec is capable of automatic DHCP address assignment, or manually configured static IPv4 address configuration via the drop-down **Configure IPv4** menu. If you want to ignore IPv4 settings select **Off**.

And the second se	Using Drice	
	Using DHCP	50 C
ddress:	Static	2
ubnet Mask:	Off	

DHCP IP addresses are automatically assigned and can change each time you connect to your Internet Service Provider or to your own local area network (LAN). By default the codec is programmed for DHCP-assigned IP addresses.

;p
112 219
i 0 0
0 2

Static IP addresses are fixed addresses that are recommended for studio installations, so that IP address dialing remains the same over time for incoming codec connections.



Click Save Settings to store all configuration settings.

2

Note: The **Subnet Mask** is used by the TCP/IP protocol to determine whether a host is on the local subnet or on a remote network. The default **Gateway** is the router linking the codec's subnet to other networks. See your IT administrator for more details.

IPv6 Address Configuration

An IPv6 address is represented by 8 groups of 16-bit hexadecimal values separated by colons (:). The drop-down **Configure IPv6** menu provides three address configuration options:

- 1. Auto: An address is automatically assigned to the codec when you connect the codec to an IPv6 router. This process is similar to how an IPv4 DHCP address is assigned.
- 2. Manual: Select to enter static IPv6 address details.
- 3. Off: Select to ignore IPv6 address details.

)

Important Note: Select **Off** in the drop-down **Configure IPv6** menu if you are not using IPv6 to connect to another device. This ensures your codec will attempt to connect using IPv4 at all times.

Types of IPv6 Addresses

There are two types of addresses displayed in the IPv6 section:

- 1. IPv6 address (normally global): A router-allocated IP address with 'global' visibility, details of which are displayed in the **Address**, **Prefix** and **Gateway** text boxes.
- Link Local Address: A local address which can only be used to connect to another device directly over a LAN. This address is allocated by the codec internally based on MAC address details.

Auto Address Assignment

By default the codec is programmed for connecting to an IPv6 router which automatically allocates IPv6 address details, as displayed in the following example.



Manual IPv6 Address Assignment

To configure IPv6 address details into the codec manually, select **Manual** and enter details into the **Address, Prefix** and **Gateway** text boxes.

			17237327227
Configure IPv6:	Manual		- Config
	Auto		
Address:	Manual	A.	Addres
Prefix Size:	Off		Subne
Gateway:	-	- Charles	Gatev

Click Save Settings to store all configuration settings.

Specifying DNS Settings

It is possible to specify Domain Name Server (DNS) settings to allow easy look up of codecs within the specified **DNS Addresses** or **Domains**.

1
-1
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The codec can be configured to tag IP data packets sent across a network by entering a value into the Differentiated Services Code Point (DSCP) field within the header of data packets transmitted over the network.

Configuring QoS

- 1. Open the Java Toolbox Web-GUI and click the **Settings** symbol at the top of the screen to display the **Settings panel**.
- 2. Click the **Options** button at the top of the **Settings panel**.
- 3. Click in the **QoS** text box and enter the new value.



4. Click the Save Settings button to save the new setting.

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Important Note: Check with your IT administrator before changing this setting. By default the codec is programmed for Assured Forwarding and more details about DSCP are available on Wikipedia at http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Dscp.

22.2 Configuring ISDN

Two slots are available for inserting optional ISDN modules into the codec. These can be configured using the codec front panel or the Toolbox graphical user interface (GUI). See <u>About ISDN Modules</u> for additional information on ISDN.

You can use the Java Toolbox Web-GUI to configure a dial and/or answer program with ISDN settings. You may also need to:

- 1. Configure ISDN module settings.
- 2. <u>Configure ISDN Answering settings.</u>

22.2.1 Configuring ISDN Modules

ISDN settings in the **Module** menu determine how each codec module operates at a particular site. You can copy similar programs between codecs installed at different locations and also configure site-specific settings for how each ISDN module should connect. ISDN module settings may need to be adjusted depending on your country and network requirements.

- 1. Open the Java Toolbox web-GUI and click the **Settings** symbol at the top of the screen to display the **Settings panel**.
- 2. Click the Modules button at the top of the Settings panel.
- 3. Select Module 1 or Module 2.
- 4. Click the drop down arrow for **Accept** and select whether to allow or disallow circuit switched voice or data calls. The default setting allows **Data Only**.

Voice and Data	
Voice and Data	at a
Voice Only	
Data Only	
None	



Important Note: G.711 is the algorithm used when Voice Only is selected.

5. Click the drop down arrow for Network and select the Network Type corresponding to the region

in which you are using the codec (see <u>ISDN Module Configuration</u> for more details).

EU-ETSI		-
EU-ETSI	2	
US-NAT		
US-AT&T		
JPN-NTT		

- Click the drop-down arrow for Line Type and select your preferred option. Ask your Telco whether your ISDN line is Point-to-Point or Point-to-Multipoint. By default select Point-to-Multipoint, unless your switch type is an AT&T 5ESS custom point-to-point.
- 7. If you are in the US enter DN and SPID numbers as required, or in other regions enter DN or MSN numbers as required.
- 8. Click the **Save Settings** button when configuration is complete.



Directory Numbers and Multiple Subscriber Numbers

Directory Numbers (DN) in North America and Multiple Subscriber Numbers (MSN) in the rest of the world are simply phone numbers associated with an ISDN B channel, like lines listed in a typical phone directory. Your Telco will normally supply 2 DN/MSN numbers for each pair of B channels. However, these numbers may or may not be associated with a specific B channel.

Often broadcasters prefer to predict which B channel will answer an incoming call to ensure audio routing is consistent. However, if a DN or MSN number is not entered in the codec and multiple B channels are available, the codec may use any channel to answer an incoming call. To ensure calls are routed consistently, enter a DN/MSN number (without the country or area code) as the DN/MSN for a B channel, then only that corresponding B channel will answer an incoming call to that number. Programming DN/ MSN numbers for each B channel allows the codec to ignore calls without matching DN/ MSN numbers. This is the best way to answer calls from codecs in a predictable manner.

SPID Numbers in North America

ISDN relies on an initialization procedure for associating Service Profiles with specific terminating equipment (e.g. your audio codec) rather than lines. In the US Telcos assign a Service Profile ID (SPID) number which assists in identifying different ISDN services across the network. Your Telco must provide a SPID for each B channel you order when connecting over US-Nat or US-AT&T networks in the US. A SPID is not required when using the AT&T PTP protocol.

Typically, each ISDN BRI service in the US will have two SPIDs and these must be entered correctly. When you enter a SPID into your codec and connect it to an ISDN line, an initialization and identification process takes place, whereby the terminating equipment (your codec) sends the SPID to the switch. The switch then associates the SPID with a specific Service Profile and directory number.

Note: SPID numbers normally include the phone number and additional prefix or suffix digits up to 20 digits long.

22.2.2 Configuring ISDN Answering

ISDN Answer Configs are used to determine how codec ISDN modules will behave when answering ISDN calls.

The following image explains the difference between answering calls from Tieline codecs sending session data, and non-Tieline codecs making sessionless ISDN calls. Codecs sending Tieline Session Data contain all the information required to connect, e.g. algorithm and audio stream routing settings. When answering sessionless calls it is necessary to configure the answering codec with an **ISDN Answer Config**, which tells the answering codec how a sessionless call will try and connect.



It is possible to save up to four different **ISDN Answer Configs**, which allow up to 4 ISDN B channels to be individually configured for unique answering behaviors. ISDN answering can be configured to suit:

- Hardware available in the codec, i.e. the number of B channels available.
- Expected dialing behaviors, e.g. if B channels should bond or not, and whether audio streams need to use **Dial** and **Answer Route** tags.
- The type of call being received by the codec, e.g. Tieline (with Tieline Session Data) versus non-Tieline sessionless calls.
- The algorithm expected when receiving sessionless calls.

Each of the four available **Configs** allows you to select which B channel or channels are used to answer a call or calls from incoming ISDN codecs. A maximum of up to 4 B channels can be selected if 2 ISDN modules are installed in the codec.



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Important Note: B channels can only be selected once and are greyed out once they have been selected in one of the four ISDN **Configs**.

Single B Channel Config

To use a single 64kbps B channel for a connection (e.g. a 1 x Mono Peer-to-Peer audio stream) simply select a B channel from those available and click the **Save settings** button. If only one B channel is selected then **Unbonded Only** is the default setting.

Config 1 Config 2	Config 3 Config 4 Defa
Module 1	Unbonded Only
B Channel 1 🗹	Rended or Unbended
B Channel 2 🔲	C Bolided of Olibolided
Module 2	Bonded Only
B Channel 1 🔲	
and set of the set	Cagni

Multiple B Channel Bonding Config

A point-to-point audio stream can also bond multiple B channels to create higher bandwidth connections. In the following example, two B channels from **Module 2** have been selected within **Config 2**. Note that **B Channel 1** in **Module 1** has already been selected in **Config 1** and is therefore unavailable in **Config 2**.

Config 1 Config 2	Config 3 Config 4 Def
Module 1	Unbonded Only
B Channel 1 🖸	Bonded or Unbonded
B Channel 2 🔲	O Bandad Only
Module 2	O Bonded Only
B Channel 1 🗹	5
B Channel 2 🗹	Desesiones Only
	- South

Configure the bonding setting that best suits the audio stream with which this **Config** will be associated. **Bonded or Unbonded** is the best setting in most situations. Note: Click the **Save settings** button to apply changes to the **Config**.

Bonding Setting	Behavior
Unbonded Only	Unbonded single B Channel
Bonded or Unbonded (May Bond)	Calls using the same algorithm from the same Tieline codec, or sessionless calls, will attempt to bond when received. Calls using incompatible algorithms will not be bonded
Bonded Only	Will only bond compatible algorithms. This mode will reject incompatible calls which cannot be bonded, e.g. G.711 and G.722

Dial and Answer Route Settings in Programs

Dial Route and **Answer Route** tags allow you to associate a B channel (or channels) in a **Config** with a particular incoming audio stream from either Tieline or non-Tieline codecs. This is not necessary in simple point-to-point ISDN audio stream configurations, however it is very useful in multiple audio stream codecs using multiple B channels. When dialing Tieline to Tieline over ISDN using the Merlin or Genie family of codecs, you can configure a **Dial Route** in the dialing codec's program and a corresponding **Answer Route** in the answering codec's program. This will ensure a particular audio stream is routed between two codecs consistently.



In principle, the concept of 'routes' operates similarly to how audio ports are used to route multiple audio streams over IP. Selecting different IP audio port numbers allows users to define which incoming IP audio stream is routed to a specific answering audio stream configuration on the codec. This ensures inbound calls from multiple codecs can be consistently routed to the same answering codec audio streams, and therefore the same inputs and outputs. Following is an example of how to consistently route incoming ISDN audio streams using dial and answer routes.



Answer Routes for Non-Tieline (Sessionless) ISDN Calls

In some situations you may receive a call from a non-Tieline codec which doesn't support session data and **Dial Route** tags. In this situation you can still specify the audio stream **Route** on the answering codec using **Config 1-4** in **ISDN Answer**. You can also select the default algorithm.

For example, if a call from a non-Tieline codec is received via **B Channel 1** on **Module 1** (i.e. no **Dial Route** has been specified in the dialing codec):

1. Select a **Route** for this B channel in one of the four **Configs** within **ISDN Answer**, e.g. **Route1**, then select the default **Encoding** algorithm to use when connecting (default setting is **G.722**).

O None	E	incoding	G.722	•
Route 1	Route 4			
O Route 2 O	Route 5			
O Route 3 O	Route 6			

- 2. Click Save Settings to store the new Config settings.
- 3. This will associate the incoming call with a corresponding **Answer Route** configured in the answering codec program, e.g. **Answer Route 1**.

This audio stream is named 🗛	udio Stream 1	
The connections associated w	ith this audio stream will allow this codec to:	
O Dial or answer		
O Dial only		
Answer only		
Answer Route: Route 1		

More detailed information about how to configure the codec to answer and route multiple sessionless ISDN calls is available in <u>Using ISDN Answer Routes for Sessionless ISDN Calls</u>. This uses examples to explain how to set up consistent deterministic routing of multiple incoming sessionless calls.

Answering both Tieline Session and Sessionless ISDN Calls

Leave the **Sessionless Only** checkbox in the **ISDN Answering Config** unchecked if the codec is expected to receive ISDN calls from Tieline codecs, or both Tieline and non-Tieline codecs (i.e. you are not sure which type of codec may call). In this mode, when the codec answers a call it initially expects to receive Tieline session data from the dialing codec and configure its own algorithm settings according to that. If it fails to receive Tieline session data within 5 seconds (i.e. a non-Tieline codec is calling, or a Tieline codec with session data disabled), it will use the settings in the **ISDN Answering Config** instead.

The following image displays how the answering codec will behave in this mode when receiving calls from both Tieline and non-Tieline codecs.


Allow Answering of Sessionless ISDN Calls Only

Select **Sessionless Only** when answering ISDN calls from non-Tieline codecs only. When **Sessionless Only** is selected, the codec will not wait to receive the Tieline session data. This reduces the time taken to answer an inbound sessionless call.

The following image displays how the answering codec will respond with **Sessionless Only** selected, i.e. calls from both Tieline and non-Tieline codecs are always regarded as sessionless.



Answering Multiple ISDN Calls from Tieline and non-Tieline Codecs

Tieline codecs capable of answering multiple incoming audio streams can be configured to answer both Tieline session data and sessionless ISDN calls at different times. They can also support connections using other transports such as IP or POTS. The following example shows how a Tieline codec can be configured to answer up to 4 separate mono ISDN calls at different times from both Tieline and non-Tieline codecs, as well as two mono IP audio streams.



Default Answering Settings

When a B channel is not associated with a **Config** it inherits the following default settings:

- Tieline Session
- Unbonded
- · G.722 algorithm
- Audio route: None

22.3 Configuring POTS

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Two slots are available for inserting optional POTS modules into the codec. These can be configured using the codec front panel or the Toolbox graphical user interface (GUI). See <u>About</u> <u>POTS Modules</u> for additional information on POTS.

You can use the Web-GUI to configure a dial and/or answer program with POTS settings. You may also need to:

- 1. Configure POTS module settings.
- 2. Configure POTS Answering settings.

22.3.1 Configuring POTS Modules

POTS settings in the **Module** menu determine how your codec will connect at a particular site. You can copy similar programs between codecs installed at different locations and also configure site-specific settings for how each module should connect. The default **Config** settings for POTS modules are designed to suit Tieline codecs. These settings will need to be adjusted to connect to non-Tieline POTS codecs or connect in **Analog Phone** mode.

Configuring POTS G5 Modules

- 1. Open the Java Toolbox Web-GUI and click the **Settings** symbol at the top of the screen to display the **Settings panel**.
- 2. Click the **Modules** button at the top of the **Settings panel**.
- 3. Select Module 1 or Module 2.



- 4. Click the drop down arrow to adjust the **Answer Mode** and select how the module in the codec will be able to answer incoming POTS calls. Options include:
 - POTS Codec: allows the POTS G5 module to receive incoming audio data over a POTS line.
 - Analog Phone: configures the POTS G5 module to receive a standard analog phone call.
 - **Disabled:** disables the POTS G5 module from receiving a **POTS Codec** or **Analog Phone** call.



Calls are answered based on the **POTS Answer settings** in **Config 1 & 2**. Adjustments to these **Config** settings are not normally necessary when connecting between Tieline codecs. They are normally adjusted when connecting to non-Tieline codecs over POTS (see <u>Configuring</u> <u>POTS Answering</u> for more info).

5. Click the Max Bitrate drop-down arrow to adjust the maximum bit rate (dialing and answering). The default setting is 28800 (28.8kbps) and this only affects POTS Codec calls. The range of the setting is 9.6kbps to 33.6kbps. Even if the line is capable of establishing a connection at a higher bit rate, the Max Bitrate setting is the highest bit rate that will be attempted. Reducing this value can improve connection reliability on poor quality lines. If two codecs are not configured the same, they will attempt to connect at the lowest of the two Max Bit rate settings.

Answer Mode	POTS Codec		-
Max Bitrate	28800		-
Dialing Method	16800		
Dialing method	19200		0
Dial Tone Detect	21600		
Monitor Modern Tone	24000		
	26400		=
	28800	2	-
	31200	N	
	33600		+

Important Note: G5 POTS modems initially attempt to establish a link at the lowest Max Bitrate setting configured in the two modules being connected. If the POTS line doesn't support this bit rate, the modems will attempt to connect at the highest possible bit rate to suit the prevailing line quality at each end of the link.

Dialing Method (Dialing only)

Click the drop-down arrow for **Dialing Method** to select **Tone** (DTMF) or **Pulse** dialing over POTS Codec connections. Tone dialing is used always when the **Answer Mode** is **Analog Phone**.



Dial Tone Detect (Dialing only)

Click the drop-down arrow for Dial Tone detect to select either:

- **Dial Tone Detect**: The module will only be allowed to dial when a dial tone is present on the line.
- Blind Dialing: Allows the module to dial when no dial tone is present.

Answer Mode	POTS Codec	•
Max Bitrate	28800	-
Dialing Method	Tone	-
Dial Tone Detect	Wait for Dial Tone	-
Monitor Modem Tone	Wait for Dial Tone	3

Monitor Modem Tone (Dialing and Answering)

Click the drop-down arrow for Monitor Modem Tone to select either Enabled or Disabled.

Answer Mode	POTS Codec	-
Max Bitrate	28800	-
Dialing Method	Tone	-
Dial Tone Detect	Wait for Dial Tone	-
Monitor Modern Tone	Enabled	-
	Enabled	
	Disabled	

When enabled the module will allow audio monitoring of modem tones during connection in **POTS Codec** mode via the phone input. By default, the following phone input monitoring rules apply when multiple POTS G5 modules are installed in a codec and multiple POTS connections are dialed.

Module 1	Module 2	Audio Rule
POTS Codec	POTS Codec	The phone input receives a mix of modem tone
(Monitor Modem Tone)	(Monitor Modem Tone)	audio from both modules
POTS Codec	Analog Phone	The phone input receives analog phone input
(Monitor Modem Tone)	_	audio only and mutes modem tone monitoring
Analog Phone	Analog Phone	The phone input receives audio from the oldest
		active connection only

Important Notes:

- Modem tone monitoring will work even if Phone Input Enable is Off via Settings > Audio > Phone Input > Phone Input Enable [Off].
- Modem tone monitoring is only enabled during the initial connection training and negotiation period in **POTS Codec** mode.
- The monitoring volume can be adjusted using the codec front panel via Settings > Audio > Phone Input > Level, or by opening the Inputs panel in the Web-GUI and adjusting the Phone input volume slider.

Country

This displays the current country setting in the codec. To adjust this setting select **Settings > System > Country**.

22.3.2 Configuring POTS Answering

It is possible to store a different **POTS Answer Config** for each POTS module installed in the codec. POTS answering can be configured to suit:

- The type of call being made, e.g. Tieline (with Tieline Session Data) versus non-Tieline (Sessionless).
- Expected dialing behaviors and encoding, e.g. whether audio streams use **Route** tags and which algorithm is used.

If you answer a call from a non-Tieline codec you will need to create an answering "Config" to determine which module in the codec will answer the call and the settings used when connecting.

Important Notes:

- POTS Answer Config settings are applied to POTS Codec connections and not Analog Phone connections.
- When receiving a call from a Tieline codec with session data enabled (i.e. not **Sessionless**), the algorithm setting from the dialing codec overrides the setting in the **POTS Answer Config** menu.

POTS Config Settings

The default POTS Answer module Config settings are:

- Tieline Codecs Session Data,
- The **Other** algorithm.

This configuration will accept the settings from an incoming Tieline codec when it dials with session data enabled. It will also allow the codec to answer a call from a Comrex POTS codec supporting the **Other** algorithm setting.

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ork	Options	Audio	SIP	Modules	ISDN Answer	PQ
fig I	Config 2	2		_	_	-

Network	Options Audio SIP Modules ISDN Answer POTS Answer Firmware Licensing Reset/Restore
Config 1	Config 2
Module 1	Ø
C Sessio	nless Only O
Non-Tielin	e Codecs
None Route 1 Route 2 Route 3 Route 3	Encoding Other
	Save settings

Answering Calls from Non-Tieline POTS Codecs

Select the Sessionless Only check-box when only non-Tieline codecs are dialing a Tieline codec over POTS. This allows you to choose the default encoding setting and Route the incoming call to a nominated audio stream via a corresponding Answer Route in the answering codec program if required.

Important Note: Select Other in the Encoding drop-down menu when connecting to Comrex® Vector, Matrix® and BlueBox® codecs. On the Comrex codec select its "Music" algorithm. Please note that 9.6kbps connections are not supported by the Comrex codecs.

Dial and Answer Route Settings in Programs

Dial Route and Answer Route tags allow you to associate a POTS Config with a particular incoming audio stream from either Tieline or non-Tieline codecs.



In principle, this operates similarly to how audio ports are used to route multiple audio streams over IP. Selecting different IP audio port numbers allows users to define which incoming IP audio stream is routed to a specific answering audio stream configuration on the codec. This ensures inbound calls from multiple codecs can be consistently routed to the same answering audio streams, and therefore the same inputs and outputs.

This is not necessary in simple point-to-point POTS audio stream configurations, however it is very useful in multiple audio stream codecs which support POTS connections. When dialing Tieline to Tieline over POTS using the Merlin or Genie family of codecs, you can configure a Dial Route in the dialing codec's program and a corresponding Answer Route in the answering codec's program. This will ensure a particular audio stream is routed between two codecs consistently.



Answer Routes for Non-Tieline POTS Codecs

In some situations you may receive a call from a non-Tieline POTS codec which doesn't support **Dial Route** tags. In this situation you can still specify the audio stream **Route** on the answering codec using **Config 1 or 2** in **POTS Answer**. You can also select the default algorithm.

For example, if a call from a non-Tieline codec is received via POTS **Module 1** (i.e. no **Dial Route** has been specified in the dialing codec):

 Select an answering Route for this POTS module in one of the two Configs within POTS Answer, e.g. Route1, then select the default Encoding algorithm to use when connecting (Note: Other is used for connecting to Comrex POTS codecs).

O None		Encoding	Other	-
Route 1	O Route 4			
Route 2	O Route 5			
O Route 3	O Route 6			

- 2. Click Save Settings to store the new Config settings.
- 3. This will associate the incoming call with a corresponding **Answer Route** configured in the answering codec program, e.g. **Answer Route 1**.

This audio stream is named 🗛	Audio Stream 1	
The connections associated v	with this audio stream will allow this codec to:	
O Dial or answer		
O Dial only		
Answer only		
Answer Route: Route 1		

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22.4 Configuring Codec Input/Output Settings

Click the **Inputs** symbol to view input controls available within the Java Toolbox Web-GUI.

Important Note: 15 volt phantom power can only be supplied on the Auxiliary input; this is disabled by default.

Configuring Input Channel Settings

Renaming Input Channels:

- 1. Click the Input Settings Symbol on the input channel you want to rename.
- 2. Select Name and click in the text box to edit or enter a new name.
- 3. Click Change Name to confirm the name change.



Selecting Analog and Digital Audio Sources:

Codec inputs are configured for analog high-gain mic level audio sources by default.

- 1. Click the Input Settings Symbol.
- 2. Select Type and click to select either Analog or WNet.



 When you select WNet, the display changes to reflect 100% input levels; slider and input on/off controls are locked on.

Important Note: Input levels can only be adjusted on analog inputs.

Ganging Channels:

Ganging is useful because it allows you to adjust the audio level of both inputs simultaneously.

1. Click the Input Settings Symbol on either channel.

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2. Select **Gang** and click to either gang or ungang channels.



3. When ganged, the two channel sliders move in sync with each other when dragged using a mouse-pointer.



4. Click the **Link** symbol to temporarily disable the ganging function and fine-tune channel audio levels. Click the **Link** symbol again to resume ganging.



Setting Analog Audio Levels

Audio levels on the **Input panel** should be set to ensure audio peaks average at the first yellow indications on the PPM meters, which represents +4dBu. These levels should also be checked against the **Input PPM Meters** on the **Master panel**.

Other Input Controls

Adjust the **IGC** (Intelligent Gain Control) input settings to **Auto**, **Fixed** or **Off** as required.





Important Note: When the auxiliary input (**AUX IN**) is **On** the default mixer configuration sends audio to all inputs. If you are not using the auxiliary input ensure it is **Off** to avoid additional noise in program audio.

Locking Input Settings

- 1. Click the Lock display symbol to lock all Input panel settings.
- 2. When locked, the **Input panel** is greyed out and the lock symbol appears in the bottom-left corner.

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22.5 Configure Mono or Stereo Peer-to-Peer Programs in Merlin

The **Programs panel** incorporates a wizard to configure a new program and all audio stream settings. Before you configure a new codec program consider if:

- You want your codec to be capable of dialing and answering, dialing only or answering only.
- A backup connection is required.

This section contains instructions for:

- 1. Configuring Merlin Peer-to-Peer Programs: Dialing
- 2. Configuring a Merlin Backup Connection or Auto Reconnect
- 3. Configuring Merlin to Answer Connections

For more information about programs and audio streams within programs see the section titled <u>About Program Dialing</u>. Note: The following connection setup instructions will display how to configure a dial and answer program, with a backup connection. If you want the codec to either dial or answer only, select the option and the wizard will automatically display relevant screens to allow you to configure the codec correctly.

Configuring Merlin Peer-to-Peer Programs: Dialing

Important Notes: Before you start program configuration please note:

- You cannot edit a program when it is currently loaded in the codec.
 - You can <u>lock a loaded custom program</u> in a codec to ensure the currently loaded program cannot be unloaded by a codec dialing in with a different type of program.
 - Some drop-down menus and settings may be greyed out intentionally depending on features available and the transport selected (e.g. IP or ISDN).
 - It is possible to save a program at several points throughout the program wizard and use default settings to save configuration time.
 - Failover and SmartStream PLUS redundant streaming are not available with SIP or sessionless IP connections.
 - POTS is not supported for stereo audio stream connections.
 - To learn more about programs see the section titled About Program Dialing.
- 1. Open the Java Toolbox Web-GUI and click the **Programs** symbol at the top of the screen to display the **Programs panel**.
- 2. Click the New Program button to open the wizard and:
 - Click in the text box to name the new program.
 - Select **Mono/Stereo Peer-to-Peer**, or if you want to use an existing program as a template, select this option. Then click **Next**.

Program Summary	Create a New Program
	This program will be named LA Studio 1
	This program should be created from the standard template
	Stereo Peer-to-Peer
	O This program should be a copy of the existing program named
	My Program



Important Note: When you decide to use an existing program as a template, the new program inherits all the settings of the template program and you can adjust these settings as required by continuing through the program wizard.

3. Enter a name for the Audio Stream and configure the codec to dial, answer or dial and answer.

Then click Next.

Program Summary	Configure Audio Stream 1 for LA Studio 1
LA Studio 1 Template: Stereo Peer-to-Peer	This audio stream is named Audio Stream 1
	The connections associated with this audio stream will allow this codec to:
	Dial or answer
+	O Dial only
Stereo Audio Stream	O Answer only
+	Dial Route: None
The second secon	Answer Route: Any Route



It is also possible to select a **Dial Route** or **Answer Route** if required. When routing multiple audio streams over transports like ISDN or POTS, you can use **Dial** and **Answer Routes** to configure deterministic routing of audio streams. Use of **Dial** and **Answer Routes** is not recommended over IP. See <u>Configuring ISDN Answering</u> or <u>Configuring POTS Answering</u> for more information. Use the default settings for IP connections.

4. This audio stream connection in the wizard will allow the codec to dial. Enter the name of the connection in the text box, then click **Next**.



5. Follow the instructions on the right-hand side of the panel to configure the transport settings for the connection, then click **Next**.

(💦 Programs			þ
1040	Program Summary	Configure Transpo	rt settings Audio Stream 1->Cxn 1	
	LA Studio 1	Transport:	IP 💌 🔍	2
Ē	Template: Stereo Peer-to-Peer	Session Protocol:	Tieline Codecs	1
B		Encode/Decode:	Both	5
B		Connect Timeout:	2 min 🗧 🔪	5
THAT IS NOT	Stereo Audio	Enable Auxiliar	y Data)
	Stream		and and the second second second	ľ



Important Note:

- If you select **Sessionless** as the **Session Protocol** select **UDP/IP +RTP** for RFCcompliant IP streaming.
- See <u>RS232 Data Configuration</u> for detailed information on RS232 data and see <u>Enabling</u> <u>Relays and RS232 Data</u> for more information on relay operations.
- 6. Configure destination codec dialing and encoding settings:

For IP connections configure the IP address, ports, and then specify which streaming interface is used to dial this connection, e.g. **Primary** (port **ETH1**) or **Secondary** (port **ETH2**). Note: By default **Any** will select **ETH1** if it is available and **ETH2** if it is unavailable.

Address:	203.36.205.163		- 5
Session Port:		9002 🛖	5
Send Audio Port:		9000 🛨	
Return Audio Port	: 🗹 Automatic		
Via:	Any	_	

Important Note: The Send Audio Port is the codec port at the remote end of the link to which you are sending audio. The Return Audio Port is used by the local codec to receive audio from the remote codec. When Tieline Codecs is the Session Protocol selected (using Tieline session data), the default port value for the Return Audio Port is Automatic. Note: Automatic indicates that the codec will arbitrarily allocate the return port value and send this information to the codec to which you are dialing. Click to deselect the Automatic checkbox and change this setting. When you select Sessionless as the Session Protocol, the Session Port is not configurable and you can manually configure the Send Audio Port and Return Audio Port.

Click **Save Program** to save the program with the default algorithm, jitter and FEC settings which are physically entered in the codec. Alternatively, click **Next** to specify individual algorithm, jitter buffer and FEC settings and configure a backup connection or SmartStream PLUS for this audio stream (recommended).

Click the drop-down arrows on the right-hand side of each text box to adjust the **Encoding**, **Sample rate** and **Bit rate** options.

En l'an Maria Olana	
Encoding: Music Stereo	
Sample rate: 32 kHz	~
Bit rate: 64 kbps	- E
Receiving 🗹 Use Tx	
Encoding: Music Stereo	5
Sample rate: 32 kHz	~
Bit rate: 64 kbps	
and the second second and the second second	1

For IP connections click to configure:

• Auto Jitter Adapt and the preferred auto jitter setting using the drop-down arrow

IP

(i)

for Buffer priority, or

- Fixed Buffer Level and enter the Jitter Depth, which must be between 12ms and 5000ms depending on the algorithm you select.
- Local and Remote FEC settings if required.

Buffer type:	Auto Jitter Adapt
	O Fixed Buffer Level
Buffer priority:	Best Compromise
Local FEC:	Off
Remote FEC:	Off
Anna and	and the second s

Click the check-box to select **Enable Redundant SmartStream PLUS** and configure dual Ethernet SmartStream IP streaming in case one IP connection fails. Alternatively, click **Next** to configure **Auto Reconnect** or a backup connection, whereby the alternative connection is dialed if the primary connection fails.

By default, primary IP streaming is via ETH1. To achieve the maximum level of redundancy select **Secondary** to configure redundant streaming from the secondary IP port ETH2. The redundant stream uses **Send Audio Port 9001** by default and the **Return Audio Port** allocated is **Automatic**. Note: **Automatic** indicates that the codec will arbitrarily allocate the return port value and send this information to the codec to which you are dialing.

ddress:	203.36.205.163	
Session Port:		9002
Send Audio Port:		9001 🚍 🔰
Return Audio Poi	rt: 🗹 Automatic	
/ia:	Secondary	

Important Note: Dual SmartStream PLUS redundant streaming over both Ethernet ports mitigates lost packets on either link and will provide IP network backup if an IP link is lost. To learn more about SmartStream PLUS redundant IP streaming see http://www.tieline.com/Transports/SmartStream-IP

For ISDN connections enter a number and select which B channel to use. Select the **Enable bonded connections** check-box to configure and bond multiple B channels.

lumber:	5555555
/ia:	Module 1, B-Any
🗹 Enabl	e bonded connections
Number:	5555556
Via:	Module 1, B-Any

Next, click **Save Program** to save the program with default algorithm settings, or click **Next** to specify a different algorithm and configure a backup connection if required. (recommended).

Transmitting			< 1
Encoding:	Music Stereo	_	1
Sample rate:	32 kHz		
Bit rate:	64 kbps	▼	
			J.
Receiving		🗹 Use Tx	5
Encoding:	Music Stereo		
Sample rate:	32 kHz	Z	1
Ditrotor	64 kbps		<u>_</u>

Dialing settings for this ISDN audio stream are now complete.

POTS Select **POTS Codec** in the **Mode** drop-down menu to encode/decode using POTS, or select **Analog Phone** to configure a standard analog phone call, then click **Next**.

Mode:	POTS Codec	
Session Protocol:	Tieline Codecs	
Encode/Decode:	Both	⊡ >>
Connect Timeout:	2 min	8 2

ISDN

Next, enter the phone number of the codec or device you want to dial. When multiple POTS modules are installed, click the **Via** drop-down menu and select **Module 1** or **Module 2 to** specify which POTS module will dial. Next, click **Save Program** to save the program with default settings, or click **Next** to specify algorithm settings and configure a backup connection if required (recommended).

ð.
S.

Dialing settings for this POTS audio stream are now complete.

Configuring a Merlin Backup Connection or Auto Reconnect

At this point in the wizard you can choose to configure **Auto Reconnect** or create a backup connection for the audio stream you are configuring.

1. Click to select the check-box for Create a Backup Connection. Adjust the parameters and click Next.

R Programs		e 🗴
Program Summary Encode/Decode: Both Connect Timeout: 2 min Aux Data: Disabled Address: 203.36.205.163 Session Port: 9002 Audio Port: 9000 Via: Any Tx Encoding: Music Stereo Tx Sample Rate: 32 kHz Tx Bit Rate: 64 kbps Rx Encoding: Music Stereo Rx Sample Rate: 32 kHz Rx Bit Rate: 64 kbps Buffer Type: Auto Jitter Adapt Priority: Best Compromise Local FEC: Off Remote FEC: Off Redundant: Disabled	Configure Backup & Auto Reconnect Audio Stream 1>Cxn 1 ■ Inside Auto Reconnect ■ Create a Backup Connection Backup Parameters Trueshold: 5% ▼ True Frame: 5000 ms Keep Alive: 5 sec Automatic Resume Stable Time: 30 sec Max Retries: 10 True Frame: 10 min ■ Create Auto Reconnect Audio Stream 1>Cxn 1 ■ Create Auto Reconnect ■ Create	 Deselect Create a Backup Connection to disable Backup. Enter the Lost Data Threshold percentage. Enter the Lost Data Time Frame in milliseconds (500 - 30000). Enter the Keep Alive Time in seconds (3 - 30) before fail over. Select if the connection should support Automatic Resume. Enter the Automatic Resume. Enter the Automatic Resume Stable Time in seconds (15 - 60). Enter the Automatic Resume Time Frame for retries (1 - 10). Enter the Automatic Resume Time Frame for retries in minutes (10 - 60).

Note: The explanations within the following table can be used to assist with backup connection configuration.

	Screen Display	Description
1	Threshold	The percentage of lost data measured during a given time frame
2	Time Frame	The time frame against which lost data is measured
3	Keep Alive	The keep connection alive time before failing over to a backup connection; Tieline RTP pings every second to confirm connectivity
4	Automatic Resume	Select the check-box to configure fail back to a higher priority connection
5	Stable Time	The amount of time a primary connection must remain stable before attempting to fail back from the backup connection
6	Maximum Retries	The maximum number of fail back retries a codec can try before ending fail back attempts
7	Time Frame	The time frame used to measure the number of fail back retries attempted

2. Enter a name for the backup connection and click Next.

(**i**)

Important Note: When **Auto Reconnect** is enabled, the dialing codec will continue to attempt a connection with the remote codec until **Disconnect** is pressed either on the dialing codec's keypad, or in the Web-GUI.

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3. Click **Next** to continue through the wizard and configure the backup connection in a similar manner to how you configured the primary connection.

Configuring Merlin to Answer Connections

The codec is capable of being configured to accept calls via different transports (e.g. IP and ISDN), or to accept calls using different audio ports. If you are configuring the codec to allow it to answer one or more incoming audio stream connections:

1. Enter a name for the answering connection and click Next.

Program Summary		Configure Connection for Audio Stream 1->Incoming Connection 1
x Data: Disabled	^	This connection is named Incoming 1
dress: 203.36.205.163		This is an answering connection associated with audio
ssion Port: 9002		stream Audio Stream 1. Connections dialed from
dio Port: 9000		another codec that match this connection configuration may be answered by this codec.

2. Configure the transport settings:

IP

For IP select the **Session Protocol** and **Audio Port**, then click **Next** to configure jitter buffer and FEC settings.



Important Note: The Return Audio Port is the port used by the local codec to receive audio from the remote codec. When **Tieline Codecs** is the **Session Protocol** selected (using Tieline session data), the Return Audio Port is automatically configured as UDP audio port 9000 by default for the first audio stream connection. Click to deselect the **Any** check-box to adjust this setting.

Click to configure:

- Auto Jitter Adapt and the preferred auto jitter setting using the drop-down arrow for Buffer Priority, or
- Fixed Buffer Level and enter the Jitter Depth, which must be between 12ms and 5000ms depending on the algorithm you select.
- Local and Remote FEC settings if required.

- ISDN For ISDN, settings are determined by ISDN module answering settings. For more details see <u>Configuring ISDN Answering</u>.
- For POTS, settings are determined by POTS module answering settings. For more details see <u>Configuring POTS Answering</u>.
 - 3. After configuring all settings there are 2 options:
 - i. If you want to create another answering connection, select the check-box for **Create another answering connection** and continue through the wizard.
 - ii. Click **Save Program** to save the program at this point.
 - 4. Click **Finish** to exit the wizard.

The newly created program will be displayed in the left pane within the **Programs panel** and in the **Master panel**. <u>Select and connect audio streams</u> in a program using the **Master panel**, or <u>dial the</u> <u>program manually</u> using the codec front panel.

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22.6 Configure 2 Mono Peer-to-Peer Answering Programs in Merlin

It is possible to create two simultaneous mono peer-to-peer audio stream connections with different codecs. This is similar to a 'Dual Mono' profile in G3 Tieline codecs.



The following program wizard procedure displays the configuration screens to create an answering connection for each incoming call. See <u>Configuring Merlin Point-to-Point Programs</u> for more details about individual settings within the program wizard.

Routing 2 Incoming Mono Audio Streams to Specific Codec Outputs

Important Notes: Before you start program configuration please note:

- You cannot edit a program when it is currently loaded in the codec.
 - You can lock a loaded custom program in a codec to ensure the currently loaded program cannot be unloaded by a codec dialing in with a different type of program.
 - Some drop-down menus and settings may be greyed out intentionally depending on features available and the transport selected (e.g. IP or ISDN).
 - It is possible to save a program at several points throughout the program wizard and use default settings to save configuration time.
 - Failover and SmartStream PLUS redundant streaming are not available with SIP or sessionless IP connections.
 - To learn more about programs see the section titled <u>About Program Dialing</u>.

If your intention is to ensure 2 incoming mono peer-to-peer audio stream connections are always routed to the same outputs, configure a new answering program as follows:

- 1. Open the Java Toolbox Web-GUI and click the **Programs** symbol at the top of the screen to display the **Programs panel**.
- 2. Click the New Program button to open the wizard and:
 - Click in the text box to name the new program.
 - Select **2 x Mono Peer-to-Peer**, or if you want to use an existing program as a template, select this option. Then click **Next**.

Rrograms			3
Progra	am Summary	Create a New Program	- è
		This program will be named Merlin 2 x Mono Answer This program should be created from the standard template	1
		This program should be a copy of the existing program named My Program	
	and me	the second of second	~>

3. Enter a name for the **Audio Stream** and select **Answer only**. Then click **Next**. Note: if the codec you are configuring needs to dial connections as well as answer, you can select **Dial or answer** and configure both dialing and answering connections. For the purposes of this example dialing is excluded.





IP

It is also possible to select an **Answer Route** if required. When routing multiple audio streams over transports like ISDN or POTS, you can use **Dial** and **Answer Routes** to configure deterministic routing of audio streams. Use of **Dial** and **Answer Routes** is not recommended over IP. See <u>Configuring ISDN Answering</u> or <u>Configuring POTS Answering</u> for more information. Use the default settings for IP connections.

4. Enter the name of the connection in the text box, then click Next.



5. Configure the transport settings:

For IP click the drop-down **Session Protocol** menu and select **Tieline Codecs** and ensure the **Any** check-box is not selected, then click **Next**.

Transport:	IP 🔽 🗧
Session Protocol:	Tieline Codecs
Return Audio Port:	9000 🚍 🗖 Any
	som man

Important Note: The Return Audio Port is used by the local codec to receive audio from the remote codec. When Tieline Codecs is the Session Protocol selected (using Tieline session data), the Return Audio Port is automatically configured as UDP audio port 9000 by default for the first audio stream connection. Click to deselect the Any check-box to adjust this setting. A codec dialing this connection and using the port specified will always be routed to output 1 on the codec receiving the call.

Click to configure:

- Auto Jitter Adapt and the preferred auto jitter setting using the drop-down arrow for Buffer Priority, or
- Fixed Buffer Level and enter the Jitter Depth, which must be between 12ms and 5000ms depending on the algorithm you select.
- Local and Remote FEC settings if required.

Buffer type:	Auto Jitter Adapt	2
	O Fixed Buffer Level	1
Buffer priority:	Best Compromise	.
Local FEC:	Off	



ISDN module answering settings are used if you select ISDN as the connection transport. For more details see <u>Configuring ISDN Answering</u>.

POTS

POTS module answering settings are used if you select POTS as the connection transport. For more details see <u>Configuring POTS Answering</u>.

5. Enter a name for the second Audio Stream and select Answer only. Then click Next.



6. Enter the name of the second audio stream connection in the text box and click Next.



7. Configure the transport settings:

IP

For IP click the drop-down **Session Protocol** menu and select **Tieline Codecs** and ensure the **Any** check-box is not selected, then click **Next**.

Transport:	IP	
Session Protocol:	Tieline Codecs	
Return Audio Port:	9010 🚔 🔲 Any	
1 million	- I sol some	~~~~

Important Note: When Tieline Codecs is the Session Protocol selected (using Tieline session data), the Return Audio Port is automatically configured as UDP audio port 9010 by default for the second audio stream connection. Click to deselect the Automatic check-box to adjust this setting. A codec dialing this connection and using the port specified will always be routed to output 2 on the codec receiving the call.

Click to configure:

I

- Auto Jitter Adapt and the preferred auto jitter setting using the drop-down arrow for Buffer Priority, or
- Fixed Buffer Level and enter the Jitter Depth, which must be between 12ms and 5000ms depending on the algorithm you select.
- Local and Remote FEC settings if required.

ISDN module answering settings are used if you select ISDN as the connection transport. For more details see <u>Configuring ISDN Answering</u>.

POTS

POTS module answering settings are used if you select POTS as the connection transport. For more details see <u>Configuring POTS Answering</u>.

8. Continue through the steps in the wizard to complete configuration in the same way as the first connection was configured. Click **Save Program** at the end of this process. The newly created program will be displayed in the left pane within the **Programs panel** and in the **Master panel**.

When this program is loaded any codec dialing in using IP1 (using default Tieline IP port settings) will be routed to output 1 on the codec and a codec dialing in using IP2 will be routed to output 2.

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22.7 Configure Mono or Stereo + IFB Dialing Programs

This program is designed to allow remote Merlin and Merlin PLUS codecs to dial a Merlin or Merlin PLUS codec at the studio and transmit:

- 1. A bidirectional mono or stereo audio stream connection.
- 2. A separate bidirectional mono IFB audio stream for communications.

This program can also include SmartStream PLUS dual IP streaming. The following diagram indicates the default input, output and port assignments for **Mono or Stereo Peer-to-Peer + IFB** Programs using SmartStream PLUS and dialing a Merlin PLUS codec at the studio.



2 x Mono/Stereo Peer-to-Peer + IFB Remotes dialing Merlin PLUS at the studio

The following setup instructions describe how to configure a stereo audio stream and IFB audio stream, with a backup connection, in order to connect with a Merlin or Merlin PLUS codec at the studio.

Configuring a Mono or Stereo Audio Stream: Dialing

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Important Notes: Before you commence program configuration please note:

- The auxiliary input is used by default for the IFB communications channel in Merlin codecs. In Merlin PLUS codecs the auxiliary input and XLR input 3 are mixed together by default for 1 x Mono/Stereo Peer-to-Peer + IFB programs.
 - You cannot edit a program when it is currently loaded in the codec.
 - You can <u>lock a loaded custom program</u> in a codec to ensure the currently loaded program cannot be unloaded by a codec dialing in with a different type of program.
 - Some drop-down menus and settings may be greyed out intentionally depending on features available and the transport selected (e.g. IP or ISDN).
 - It is possible to save a program at several points throughout the program wizard and use default settings to save configuration time.
 - Failover and SmartStream PLUS redundant streaming are not available with SIP or sessionless IP connections.

- POTS is not supported for stereo audio stream connections.
- To learn more about programs see the section titled <u>About Program Dialing</u>.
- 1. Open the Java Toolbox Web-GUI and click the **Programs** symbol at the top of the screen to display the **Programs panel**.
- 2. Click the New Program button to open the wizard and:
 - Click in the text box to name the new program.
 - Select Mono/Stereo Peer-to-Peer + IFB, or if you want to use an existing program as a template, select this option. Then click Next. Note: The following example is configured to connect a stereo audio stream and mono IFB stream.



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Important Note: When you decide to use an existing program as a template, the new program inherits all the settings of the template program and you can adjust these settings as required by continuing through the program wizard.

3. Enter the Audio Stream name and configure the codec to Dial only. Then click Next.

Program Summary	Configure Audio Stream 1 for Stereo p2p + IFB
Stereo p2p + IFB	This audio stream is named Audio Stream 1
emplate: Stereo Peer-to-Peer + IFB	The connections associated with this audio stream will allow this codec to:
	O Dial or answer
+ +	Dial only
Stereo Audio IFB	O Answer only
\downarrow \downarrow	Dial Route: None



It is also possible to select an **Dial Route** if required. When routing multiple audio streams over transports like ISDN or POTS, you can use **Dial** and **Answer Routes** to configure deterministic of routing audio streams. Use of **Dial** and **Answer Routes** is not recommended over IP. See <u>Configuring ISDN Answering</u> or <u>Configuring POTS Answering</u> for more information. Use the default settings for IP connections.

4. This audio stream connection in the wizard will allow the codec to dial. Enter the connection name in the text box, then click **Next**.

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5. Follow the instructions on the right-hand side of the panel to configure the transport settings for the connection, then click **Next**.

0	😤 Programs			
	Program Summary	Configure Transpo	ort settings Audio Stream 1->Cxn 1	1
	Stereo p2p + IFB	Transport:	IP	
	Template: Stereo Peer-to-Peer + IFB	Session Protocol:	Tieline Codecs	-
		Encode/Decode:	Both	•
	The second second second	Connect Timeout:	21	min 🕂 🔰
	Stores Audia	Enable Auxiliar	y Data	
1	Stram IFB	from the second	and an free from	

Important Note: Bidirectional auxiliary IP data is available on one audio stream. When auxiliary data is enabled on one stream the option is greyed out for the other audio stream in the program wizard. See <u>RS232 Data Configuration</u> for detailed information on RS232 data and see <u>Enabling Relays and RS232 Data</u> for more information on relay operations.

6. Configure destination codec dialing and encoding settings:

IP For IP connections configure the IP address, ports, and then specify which streaming interface is used to dial this connection, e.g. **Primary** (port **ETH1**) or **Secondary** (port **ETH2**). Note: By default **Any** will select **ETH1** if it is available and **ETH2** if it is unavailable.

Enter Destination A	udio Stream 1->Cxn 1		
Address:	203.36.205.163		
Session Port:		9002 🛨 🗧	
Send Audio Port:		9000 🛨 🔍	
Return Audio Port:	Automatic		
Via:	Any	• >	•
	mass.	- mart S	•
Important N the link to w local codec the Session value for the the codec w to the codec box and cha Protocol, th configure the	lote: The Send Audio Port is thich you are sending audio. The to receive audio from the remote Protocol selected (using Tielin Return Audio Port is Automa ill arbitrarily allocate the return p to which you are dialing. Click nge this setting. When you sele Session Port is not configurate Send Audio Port and Return	the codec port at the remote e Return Audio Port is used e codec. When Tieline Code he session data), the default p ntic. Note: Automatic indicat port value and send this inform to deselect the Automatic c ect Sessionless as the Sess able and you can manually a Audio Port.	end of by the ecs is port es that nation theck- ion

Click **Save Program** to save the program with the default algorithm, jitter and FEC settings which are physically entered in the codec. Alternatively, click **Next** to specify individual algorithm, jitter buffer and FEC settings and configure a backup connection or SmartStream PLUS for this audio stream (recommended).

Note: If you connect multiple remote codecs simultaneously to a Merlin PLUS codec at the studio (when creating 2 x Mono or Stereo Peer-to-Peer + IFB connections), use **Send Audio Port 9020** to configure the second mono/stereo dialing connection at the studio. Mono or stereo audio over this audio stream connection will be routed via audio inputs/ outputs 3 and 4 on the studio Merlin PLUS codec.

Click the drop-down arrows on the right-hand side of each text box to adjust the **Encoding**, **Sample rate** and **Bit rate** options.

Transmitting			4
Encoding:	Music Stereo	-	
Sample rate:	32 kHz	V	\sim
Bit rate:	64 kbps	-	- Ø
			- < -
Receiving	Q U	se Tx	
Encoding:	Music Stereo	V	
Sample rate:	32 kHz	V	~
Bit rate:	64 kbps	V	2
(Control	and the second s	hand	

For IP connections click to configure:

- Auto Jitter Adapt and the preferred auto jitter setting using the drop-down arrow for Buffer priority, or
- Fixed Buffer Level and enter the Jitter Depth, which must be between 12ms and 5000ms depending on the algorithm you select.
- Local and Remote FEC settings if required.

Buffer type:	Auto Jitter Adapt
	O Fixed Buffer Level
Buffer priority:	Best Compromise
Local FEC:	Off
Remote FEC:	Off
A	and the second s

Click the check-box to select **Enable Redundant SmartStream PLUS** and configure dual Ethernet SmartStream IP streaming. Alternatively, click **Next** to configure **Auto Reconnect** or a backup connection, whereby the alternative connection is dialed if the primary connection fails.

 (\mathbf{i})

ISDN

By default, primary IP streaming is via **ETH1**. To achieve the maximum level of redundancy select **Secondary** to configure redundant streaming from the secondary IP port **ETH2**. The redundant stream uses **Send Audio Port 9001** by default and the **Return Audio Port** allocated is **Automatic**. Note: **Automatic** indicates that the codec will arbitrarily allocate the return port value and send this information to the codec to which you are dialing.

Enable Redund	Jant SmartStream PLUS
Address:	203.36.205.163
Session Port:	9002
Send Audio Port:	9001 🛃 🔪
Return Audio Port:	🖬 Automatic
Via:	Secondary

Important Note: Dual SmartStream PLUS redundant streaming over both Ethernet ports mitigates lost packets on either link and will provide IP network backup if an IP link is lost. To learn more about SmartStream PLUS redundant IP streaming see http://www.tieline.com/Transports/SmartStream-IP

For ISDN connections enter a number and select which B channel to use. Select the **Enable bonded connections** check-box to configure and bond multiple B channels.

Enter D	estination Audio Stream 1->Cxn 1	
Number	r: 55555555	
Via:	Module 1, B-Any	
🗹 Ena	ble bonded connections	
Number	55555556	
Via:	Module 1, B-Any	+
-		

Next, click **Save Program** to save the program with default algorithm settings, or click **Next** to specify a different algorithm and configure a backup connection if required. (recommended).

incoding:	Music Stereo		_	6
Sample rate:	32 kHz		-	5
Bit rate:	64 kbps		_	2
				لمحر
Receiving		Ø	Use Tx	5
Encoding:	Music Stereo		_	\geq
Sample rate:	32 kHz		_	X
Bit rate:	64 kbps		_	<u>م</u> ح

Dialing settings for this ISDN audio stream are now complete.

1				
		0	-	2
	Ρ	U		2
	۰.	-		-
	-			

Select **POTS Codec** in the **Mode** drop-down menu to encode/decode using POTS, or select **Analog Phone** to configure a standard analog phone call, then click **Next**.

Configure Transpo	rt settings Audio Stream 1->Cxn 1	1
Transport:	POTS	
Mode:	POTS Codec	•
Session Protocol:	Tieline Codecs	
Encode/Decode:	Both	
Connect Timeout:	2 mi	
~~~		and

Next, enter the phone number of the codec or device you want to dial. When multiple POTS modules are installed, click the **Via** drop-down menu and select **Module 1** or **Module 2 to** specify which POTS module will dial. Next, click **Save Program** to save the program with default settings, or click **Next** to specify algorithm settings and configure a backup connection if required (recommended).

umber:	55555555
/ia:	Any

Dialing configuration settings for this POTS audio stream are now complete.

#### **Configuring a Backup Connection or Auto Reconnect**

At this point in the wizard you can choose to configure **Auto Reconnect** or create a backup connection for the audio stream you are configuring.

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**Important Note:** When **Auto Reconnect** is enabled, the dialing codec will continue to attempt a connection with the remote codec until **Disconnect** is pressed either on the dialing codec's keypad, or in the Web-GUI.

To configure a backup connection:

1. Click to select the check-box for **Create a Backup Connection**. Adjust the parameters and click **Next**.

R Programs		23
Program Summary Encode/Decode: Both ConnectTimeout 2 min Aux Data: Disabled Address: 203.36.205.163 Session Port: 9002 Audio Port: 9000 Via: Any Tx Encoding: Music Stereo Tx Sample Rate: 32 kHz Tx Bit Rate: 64 kbps Rx Encoding: Music Stereo Rx Sample Rate: 32 kHz Rx Bit Rate: 64 kbps Buffer Type: Auto Jitter Adapt Priority: Best Compromise Local FEC: Off Redundant: Disabled	Configure Backup & Auto Reconnect Audio Stream 1>Cxn 1  □ Inable Auto Reconnect  √ Create a Backup Connection Backup Parameters Threshold: 5% ▼ Time Frame: 5000 ms Keep Alive: 5 sec Automatic Resume  ✓ Automatic Resume  ✓ Stable Time: 10 min  ✓ Keep Alive: 10 min	<ol> <li>Deselect Create a Backup connection to disable Backup.</li> <li>Enter the Lost Data Threshold percentage.</li> <li>Enter the Lost Data Time Frame in milliseconds (500 - 30000).</li> <li>Enter the Keep Alive Time in seconds (3 - 30) before fail over.</li> <li>Select if the connection should support Automatic Resume.</li> <li>Enter the Automatic Resume Stable Time in seconds (15 - 60).</li> <li>Enter the Automatic Resume Time Frame for retries in minutes (10 - 60).</li> </ol>

Note: The explanations within the following table can be used to assist with backup connection configuration.

	Screen Display	Description
1	Threshold	The percentage of lost data measured during a given time frame
2	Time Frame	The time frame against which lost data is measured
3	Keep Alive	The keep connection alive time before failing over to a backup connection; Tieline RTP pings every second to confirm connectivity
4	Automatic Resume	Select the check-box to configure fail back to a higher priority connection
5	Stable Time	The amount of time a primary connection must remain stable before attempting to fail back from the backup connection
6	Maximum Retries	The maximum number of fail back retries a codec can try before ending fail back attempts
7	Time Frame	The time frame used to measure the number of fail back retries attempted

2. Enter a name for the backup connection and click Next.

¹ 



Click Next to continue through the wizard and configure the backup connection in a similar manner to how you have configured the primary connection.

#### **Configure the Bidirectional IFB Audio Stream**

When you have finished configuring SmartStream PLUS, Auto Reconnect or a backup connection, proceed with configuration of the IFB audio stream in the wizard.

1. Enter the IFB Audio Stream name and configure the codec to **Dial only**. Then click **Next**.





It is also possible to select an **Dial Route** if required. When routing multiple audio streams over transports like ISDN or POTS, you can use **Dial** and **Answer Routes** to configure deterministic of routing audio streams. Use of **Dial** and **Answer Routes** is not recommended over IP. See <u>Configuring ISDN Answering</u> or <u>Configuring POTS Answering</u> for more information. Use the default settings for IP connections.

2. This audio stream connection in the wizard will allow the codec to dial. Enter the connection name in the text box, then click **Next** 



3. Follow the instructions on the right-hand side of the panel to configure the transport settings for the connection, then click **Next**.



1

IP

**Important Note:** Bidirectional auxiliary IP data is available on one audio stream. When auxiliary data is enabled on one stream the option is greyed out for the other audio stream in the program wizard. See <u>RS232 Data Configuration</u> for detailed information on RS232 data and see <u>Enabling Relays and RS232 Data</u> for more information on relay operations.

4. Configure destination codec dialing and encoding settings:

For IP connections configure the IP address, ports, and then specify which streaming interface is used to dial this connection, e.g. **Primary** (port **ETH1**) or **Secondary** (port **ETH2**). Note: By default **Any** will select **ETH1** if it is available and **ETH2** if it is unavailable.

Address:	203.36.205.163	-
Session Port:		9002 🗧 🍦
Send Audio Port:		9010
Return Audio Port:	Automatic	2
Via:	Any	
January Construction	san and a second	

Click **Save Program** to save the program with the default algorithm, jitter and FEC settings which are physically entered in the codec. Alternatively, click **Next** to specify individual algorithm, jitter buffer and FEC settings and configure a backup connection or SmartStream PLUS for this audio stream (recommended).

**Note:** The default **Send Audio Port** is **9010** for this IP audio stream. If you connect multiple remote codecs simultaneously to a Merlin PLUS codec at the studio (when creating 2 x Mono or Stereo Peer-to-Peer + IFB connections), use **Send Audio Port 9030** to configure the second IFB connection at the studio. IFB audio over this audio stream connection will be routed via audio input/output 6 on the studio Merlin PLUS codec.

Click the drop-down arrows on the right-hand side of each text box to adjust the **Encoding**, **Sample rate** and **Bit rate** options.

Transmitting		
Encoding:	Music Mono	
Sample rate:	32 kHz	
Bit rate:	48 kbps	• ×
Receiving		🗹 Use Tx 🗧 🧧
Encoding:	Music Mono	<b>I</b>
Sample rate:	32 kHz	<u> </u>
Bit rate:	48 kbps	
Second V		

Click the check-box to select **Enable Redundant SmartStream PLUS** and configure dual Ethernet SmartStream IP streaming. Alternatively, click **Next** to configure **Auto Reconnect** or a backup connection, whereby the alternative connection is dialed if the primary connection fails.

Buffer type:	Auto Jitter Adapt
	O Fixed Buffer Level
Buffer priority:	Best Compromise
Local FEC:	Off
Remote FEC:	Off
Anna	

By default, primary IP streaming is via **ETH1**. To achieve the maximum level of redundancy select **Secondary** to configure redundant streaming from the secondary IP port **ETH2**. The redundant stream uses **Send Audio Port 9011** by default, and provides automatic IP streaming backup in case one IP connection fails.

Address:	203.36.205.163	
Session Port:		9002
Send Audio Port:		9011
Return Audio Port:	☑ Automatic	Í
Via:	Secondary	<b>• •</b>



Important Note: Dual SmartStream PLUS redundant streaming over both Ethernet ports mitigates lost packets on either link and will provide IP network backup if an IP link is

lost. To learn more about SmartStream PLUS redundant IP streaming see <a href="http://www.tieline.com/Transports/SmartStream-IP">http://www.tieline.com/Transports/SmartStream-IP</a>

ISDN For ISDN connections enter a number and select which B channel to use. Select the **Enable bonded connections** check-box to configure and bond multiple B channels.

Number:	55555556		_ <
Via:	Any		

Next, click **Save Program** to save the program with default algorithm settings, or click **Next** to specify a different algorithm and configure a backup connection if required. (recommended). Dialing settings for this ISDN audio stream are now complete.

-				
		0	-	-
	Ρ	O		5
1	•	-		-
	-			

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Select **POTS Codec** in the **Mode** drop-down menu to encode/decode using POTS, or select **Analog Phone** to configure a standard analog phone call, then click **Next**.

		_
Mode:	POTS Codec	-
Session Protocol:	Tieline Codecs	•
Encode/Decode:	Both	~
Connect Timeout:	2 min	*

Next, enter the phone number of the codec or device you want to dial. When multiple POTS modules are installed, click the **Via** drop-down menu and select **Module 1** or **Module 2 to** specify which POTS module will dial. Next, click **Save Program** to save the program with default settings, or click **Next** to specify algorithm settings and configure a backup connection if required (recommended).

umper: p	i5555555
'ia: 🛛	Any 🔽 📢

Dialing configuration settings for this POTS audio stream are now complete.

5. Click Save Program to complete configuration, then click Finish to exit the wizard.

6. The newly created program will be displayed in the left pane within the **Programs panel** and in the **Master panel**. <u>Select and connect audio streams</u> in a program using the **Master panel**, or <u>dial the program manually</u> using the codec front panel.

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# 22.8 Configure Mono or Stereo + IFB Answering Programs

This program is designed to allow Merlin and Merlin PLUS codecs to answer a call from an incoming codec and receive:

- 1. A bidirectional mono or stereo audio stream connection.
- 2. A separate bidirectional mono IFB audio stream for communications.

A remote Merlin or Merlin PLUS codec can dial into a studio Merlin or Merlin PLUS codec to create these audio stream connections.



## **Connecting other Tieline Codecs**

When a codec which only supports a mono or stereo audio stream attempts to connect (e.g. Commander G3, i-Mix-G3 or Bridge-IT codecs not supporting a separate IFB audio stream), the Merlin or Merlin PLUS codec at the studio will accept the call and stream mono or stereo audio only. A second IP codec or smartphone running the Report-IT application can also be configured to connect and deliver the bidirectional mono IFB audio stream.



#### 1 x Mono or Stereo Peer-to-Peer + IFB via Two Remote Devices

Important Note: Remember to lock the program when connecting a Mono or Stereo Peer-to-Peer + IFB program using two devices at the remote site. This will avoid the first mono or stereo call unloading the Peer-to-Peer + IFB program at the studio and loading a mono or stereo peer-to-peer program, which would cause the second connection to fail.

## Configuring Mono or Stereo Peer-to-Peer + IFB Programs

In most situations the studio codec will answer incoming audio stream connections from the remote site. The following procedure outlines configuration of an answering program for the studio codec.
i

Important Notes: Before you commence program configuration please note:

- The auxiliary input is used by default for the IFB communications channel in Merlin codecs. In Merlin PLUS codecs the auxiliary input and XLR input 3 are mixed together by default for 1 x Mono/Stereo + IFB programs.
- You cannot edit a program when it is currently loaded in the codec.
- You can <u>lock a loaded custom program</u> in a codec to ensure the currently loaded program cannot be unloaded by a codec dialing in with a different type of program.
- If the codec at the studio will receive both mono and stereo peer-to-peer + IFB calls from different remote sites at different times, we recommend you configure and load a 1 x Stereo Peer-to-Peer + IFB answering program and lock this in the codec at the studio. This will accept both mono and stereo audio stream connections. If a codec with a Mono Peer-to-Peer + IFB program calls the studio, the incoming mono stream will be mixed to both the left and right outputs at the studio.
- Some drop-down menus and settings may be greyed out intentionally depending on features available and the transport selected (e.g. IP or ISDN).
- It is possible to save a program at several points throughout the program wizard and use default settings to save configuration time.
  - Failover and SmartStream PLUS redundant streaming are not available with SIP or sessionless IP connections.
  - POTS is not supported for stereo audio stream connections.
  - To learn more about programs see the section titled <u>About Program Dialing</u>.
- 1. Open the Java Toolbox Web-GUI and click the **Programs** symbol at the top of the screen to display the **Programs panel**.
- 2. Click the **New Program** button to open the wizard and:
  - Click in the text box to name the new program.
  - Select **Mono/Stereo Peer-to-Peer + IFB**, or if you want to use an existing program as a template, select this option. Then click **Next**.

_	Program Summary	Create a New Program
		This program will be named Stereo p2p + IFB Answer
		This program should be created from the standard template
		Stereo Peer-to-Peer + IFB
		• This program should be a copy of the existing program named
		LA Studio 1

1

**Important Notes:** When you decide to use an existing program as a template, the new program inherits all the settings of the template program and you can adjust these settings as required by continuing through the program wizard.

3. Enter the Audio Stream name and select Answer only. Then click Next. Note: If the codec you are configuring needs to dial connections as well as answer, you can select Dial or answer and configure both dialing and answering connections. For the purposes of this example dialing is excluded in configuring a stereo and mono IFB stream.





It is also possible to select an **Answer Route** if required. When routing multiple audio streams over transports like ISDN or POTS, you can use **Dial** and **Answer Routes** to configure deterministic routing of audio streams. Use of **Dial** and **Answer Routes** is not recommended over IP. See <u>Configuring ISDN Answering</u> or <u>Configuring POTS Answering</u> for more information. Use the default settings for IP connections.

4. Enter the connection name in the text box, then click Next.



5. Configure the transport settings:

IP For IP click the drop-down **Session Protocol** menu and select **Tieline Codecs** and ensure the **Any** check-box is not selected, then click **Next**.



Important Note: The Return Audio Port is the port used by the local codec to receive audio from the remote codec. When Tieline Codecs is the Session Protocol selected (using Tieline session data), the Return Audio Port is automatically configured as UDP audio port 9000 by default for the first audio stream. Click to deselect the Any check-box to adjust this setting.

Click to configure:

- Auto Jitter Adapt and the preferred auto jitter setting using the drop-down arrow for Buffer Priority, or
- Fixed Buffer Level and enter the Jitter Depth, which must be between 12ms and 5000ms depending on the algorithm you select.
- Local and Remote FEC settings if required.

Buffer type:	Auto Jitter Adapt	
	O Fixed Buffer Level	>
Buffer priority	Best Compromise	<b>-</b> • >
Local FEC:	Off	<u> </u>



For ISDN, settings are determined by ISDN module answering settings. For more details see <u>Configuring ISDN Answering</u>.



For POTS, settings are determined by POTS module answering settings. For more details see <u>Configuring POTS Answering</u>.

- 6. After configuring all settings there are 2 options:
  - i. If you want to create another answering connection, select the check-box for **Create** another answering connection and continue through the wizard.
  - ii. Click  $\ensuremath{\text{Next Stream}}$  to configure the IFB audio stream.
- 7. Enter the IFB Audio Stream name and select Answer only, then click Next.

Program Summary	Configure Audio Stream 2 for Stereo p2p + IFB Answer
	This audio stream is named IFB 1 Answer
1 1	The connections associated with this audio stream will allow this codec to
Stereo Audio IFB	O Dial or answer
<b>+</b> +	O Dial only
The second second	Answer only

8. Enter the IFB audio stream connection name in the text box and click Next.

Program	Summary		Configure Connection for IFB 1 Answer->Incoming Connection 1
Stereo Audio Stream	IFB	1	This connection is named IFB Answer Cxn 1
↓	+		This is an answering connection associated with
			audio stream IFB 1 Answer. Connections dialed from
			another codec that match this connection
			configuration may be answered by this codec.

9. Configure the transport settings:





- · Fixed Buffer Level and enter the Jitter Depth, which must be between 12ms and 5000ms depending on the algorithm you select.
- Local and Remote FEC settings if required.



For ISDN settings are determined by ISDN module answering settings. For more details see Configuring ISDN Answering.

POTS

For POTS, settings are determined by POTS module answering settings. For more details see Configuring POTS Answering.

10.After configuring all settings there are 2 options:

- i. If you want to create another answering connection, select the check-box for Create another answering connection and continue through the wizard.
- ii. Click Save Program to save all program settings, then click Finish to exit the wizard.

The newly created program will be displayed in the left pane within the Programs panel and in the Master panel. This program will now allow incoming codec calls to establish 1 x Stereo Peer-to-Peer + IFB connections and stream audio according to the input/output and port assignments indicated at the beginning of this section.

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# 22.9 Configure 2 Mono or Stereo + IFB Answering Programs

This program is designed to allow a Merlin PLUS codec at the studio answer calls from two incoming Merlin or Merlin PLUS codecs and receive:

- 1. Two bidirectional mono or stereo audio stream connections.
- 2. Two separate bidirectional mono IFB audio streams for communications.



### **Connecting other Tieline Codecs**

When a codec which only supports a mono or stereo audio stream attempts to connect (e.g. Commander G3, i-Mix-G3 or Bridge-IT codecs not supporting a separate IFB audio stream), a Merlin PLUS codec at the studio will accept the call and stream mono or stereo audio only. A second IP codec or smartphone running the Report-IT application can also be configured to connect and deliver the bidirectional mono IFB audio stream.



**Important Note: Important Note:** Remember to <u>lock the program</u> when connecting a **Mono or Stereo Peer-to-Peer + IFB** program using two devices at the remote site. This will avoid the first mono or stereo call unloading the **Peer-to-Peer + IFB** program at the studio and loading a mono or stereo peer-to-peer program, which would cause the second connection to fail.

#### Configuring 2 x Mono or Stereo Peer-to-Peer + IFB Programs

In most situations the studio codec will answer incoming audio stream connections from 2 remote sites. As a result, the following procedure explains configuration of the answering connections required at studio codec. The following configuration will always route audio from each audio stream connection to separate audio outputs.

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**Important Notes:** Before you commence program configuration please note:

- The auxiliary input is used by default for the IFB communications channel in Merlin codecs.
- You cannot edit a program when it is currently loaded in the codec.
- You can lock a loaded custom program in a codec to ensure the currently loaded program cannot be unloaded by a codec dialing in with a different type of program.
- If your Merlin PLUS codec at the studio will receive both mono and stereo peer-to-peer + IFB calls from different remote sites at different times, we recommend you configure and load a 2 x Stereo Peer-to-Peer + IFB answering program and lock this in the codec at the studio. This will accept both mono and stereo audio stream connections. If a codec with a Mono Peer-to-Peer + IFB program calls the studio, the incoming mono stream will be mixed to both the left and right outputs at the studio.
- Some drop-down menus and settings may be greyed out intentionally depending on features available and the transport selected (e.g. IP or ISDN).
- It is possible to save a program at several points throughout the program wizard and use default settings to save configuration time.
- Failover and SmartStream PLUS redundant streaming are not available with SIP or sessionless IP connections.
- POTS is not supported for stereo audio stream connections.
- To learn more about programs see the section titled About Program Dialing.
- 1. Open the Java Toolbox Web-GUI and click the **Programs** symbol at the top of the screen to display the **Programs panel**.
- 2. Click the **New Program** button to open the wizard and:
  - Click in the text box to name the new program.
  - Select 2 x Mono/Stereo Peer-to-Peer + IFB, or if you want to use an existing program as a template, select this option. Then click Next.





**Important Note:** When you decide to use an existing program as a template, the new program inherits all the settings of the template program and you can adjust these settings as required by continuing through the program wizard.

3. Enter a name for the first stereo remote **Audio Stream** and select **Answer only**. Then click **Next**. Note: If the codec you are configuring needs to dial connections as well as answer, you can select **Dial or answer** and configure both dialing and answering connections. For the purposes of this example dialing is excluded in configuring 2 stereo and 2 IFB audio streams.





It is also possible to select an **Answer Route** if required. When routing multiple audio streams over transports like ISDN or POTS, you can use **Dial** and **Answer Routes** to configure deterministic routing of audio streams. Use of **Dial** and **Answer Routes** is not recommended over IP. See <u>Configuring ISDN Answering</u> or <u>Configuring POTS Answering</u> for more information. Use the default settings for IP connections.

4. Enter the name of the connection in the text box, then click **Next**.



- 5. Configure the transport settings:
  - IP For IP click the drop-down **Session Protocol** menu and select **Tieline Codecs** and ensure the **Any** check-box is not selected, then click **Next**.

Transport:	IP
Session Protocol:	Tieline Codecs 🔽 🦿
Return Audio Port:	9000 🚍 🗖 Any
	som som sons

Important Note: The Return Audio Port is the port used by the local codec to receive audio from the remote codec. When **Tieline Codecs** is the **Session Protocol** selected (using Tieline session data), the Return Audio Port is automatically configured as UDP audio port 9000 by default for the first audio stream. Click to deselect the **Any** check-box to adjust this setting.

Click to configure:

- Auto Jitter Adapt and the preferred auto jitter setting using the drop-down arrow for Buffer Priority, or
- Fixed Buffer Level and enter the Jitter Depth, which must be between 12ms and 5000ms depending on the algorithm you select.
- Local and Remote FEC settings if required.







For POTS, settings are determined by POTS module answering settings. For more details see <u>Configuring POTS Answering</u>.

- 6. After configuring all settings there are 2 options:
  - i. If you want to create another answering connection, select the check-box for **Create** another answering connection and continue through the wizard.
  - ii. Click Next Stream to configure the first IFB audio stream.
- 7. Enter a name for the first IFB Audio Stream and select Answer only, then click Next.



8. Enter the name of the IFB audio stream connection in the text box and click Next.



9. Configure the IFB transport settings:



For IP click the drop-down **Session Protocol** menu and select **Tieline Codecs** and ensure the **Any** check-box is not selected, then click **Next**.



ISDN For ISDN settings are determined by ISDN module answering settings. For more details see <u>Configuring ISDN Answering</u>.

POTS

For POTS, settings are determined by POTS module answering settings. For more details see <u>Configuring POTS Answering</u>.

10.After configuring all settings there are 2 options:

- i. If you want to create another answering connection, select the check-box for **Create another answering connection** and continue through the wizard.
- ii. Click **Next Stream** to configure the second stereo audio stream and IFB stream.
- 11. Enter a name for the second remote Audio Stream and select Answer only. Then click Next.



12. Enter the name of the connection in the text box, then click Next.



13.Configure the transport settings:







ISDN For ISDN, settings are determined by ISDN module answering settings. For more details see <u>Configuring ISDN Answering</u>.

For POTS, settings are determined by POTS module answering settings. For more details see <u>Configuring POTS Answering</u>.

14.After configuring all settings there are 2 options:

- i. If you want to create another answering connection, select the check-box for **Create another answering connection** and continue through the wizard.
- ii. Click Next Stream to configure the second IFB audio stream.

15. Enter a name for the second IFB Audio Stream and select Answer only, then click Next.



16.Enter the name of the second IFB audio stream connection in the text box and click Next.



17.Configure the IFB transport settings:



ISDN For ISDN, settings are determined by ISDN module answering settings. For more details see <u>Configuring ISDN Answering</u>.

For POTS, settings are determined by POTS module answering settings. For more details see <u>Configuring POTS Answering</u>.

18.After configuring all settings there are 2 options:

- i. If you want to create another answering connection, select the check-box for **Create another answering connection** and continue through the wizard.
- ii. Click **Save Program** to save all program settings, then click **Finish** to exit the wizard.

This program will now allow incoming codec calls to establish 2 x Mono/Stereo Peer-to-Peer + IFB connections and stream audio as per the input/output and port assignments indicated in the image at the beginning of this section. The newly created program will be displayed in the left pane within the Programs panel and in the Master panel.

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# 22.10 Configure 6 x Mono Peer-to-Peer Answering Programs

It is possible for a Merlin PLUS codec at the studio to create six simultaneous bidirectional mono peer-to-peer audio stream connections with different remote codecs or smartphones using the Report-IT app. The following image displays the default audio port settings used when creating a 6 x Mono Peer-to-Peer Program. Remote codecs configured with corresponding audio port settings will route audio to specific inputs/outputs of the Merlin PLUS codec as shown.



Select the **6 x Mono Peer-to-Peer** option from the drop-down menu in the first screen of the program wizard to configure a program allowing up to six mono audio stream connections with different IP codecs or smartphones using Report-IT.

In nearly all situations the studio codec will receive all calls. As a result, the following program wizard procedure displays the various configuration screens to configure an answering connection for each incoming call from up to 6 different devices.

Both mono and stereo audio stream connections can be answered by a Merlin PLUS codec when using a **6 x Mono Peer-to-Peer** program. To do this load and lock a **6 x Mono Peer-to-Peer** answering program in a Merlin PLUS codec at the studio. If a codec using a stereo program attempts to connect then the studio codec will accept the call and mix the two incoming audio channels into a single audio channel to allow a mono peer-to-peer connection.

See <u>Configuring Merlin Point-to-Point Programs</u> for more details about individual settings within the program wizard.

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### **Routing 6 Incoming Mono Audio Streams to Specific Codec Outputs**

**Important Notes:** Before you start program configuration please note:

- You cannot edit a program when it is currently loaded in the codec.
  - Some drop-down menus and settings may be greyed out intentionally depending on features available and the transport selected (e.g. IP or ISDN).
  - It is possible to save a program at several points throughout the program wizard and use default settings to save configuration time.
  - You can lock a loaded custom program in a codec to ensure the currently loaded program cannot be unloaded by a codec dialing in with a different program type.
  - To learn more about programs see the section titled About Program Dialing.
  - 6 audio streams must be configured.
  - Failover and SmartStream PLUS redundant streaming are not available with SIP or sessionless IP connections.

If your intention is to ensure 6 incoming mono peer-to-peer audio stream connections are always routed to the same outputs, configure a new answering program as follows:

- 1. Open the Java Toolbox Web-GUI and click the **Programs** symbol at the top of the screen to display the **Programs panel**.
- 2. Click the New Program button to open the wizard and:
  - Click in the text box to name the new program.
  - Select 6 x Mono Peer-to-Peer, or if you want to use an existing program as a template, select this option. Then click Next.
- 3. Enter a name for the first Audio Stream and select Answer only. Then click Next.

Note: if the codec you are configuring needs to dial connections as well as answer, you can select Dial or answer and configure both dialing and answering connections. For the purposes of this example dialing is excluded.

Program Summary	Configure Audio Stream 1 for 6 x Mono Peer-to-Peer Answer
Mono Peer-to-Peer Answer	This audio stream is named Remote 1
nplate: 6 x Mono Peer-to-Peer	The connections associated with this audio stream will allow this codec to:
	O Dial or answer
* * * * * *	<ul> <li>Dial only</li> </ul>
	Answer only



It is also possible to select an **Answer Route** if required. When routing multiple audio streams over transports like ISDN or POTS, you can use **Dial** and **Answer Routes** to configure deterministic routing of audio streams. Use of **Dial** and **Answer Routes** is not recommended over IP. See <u>Configuring ISDN Answering</u> or <u>Configuring POTS Answering</u> for more information. Use the default settings for IP connections.

4. Enter the name of the connection in the text box, then click **Next**.

rt-IT 1
riatod with audio
from another
iguration may be

5. Configure the transport settings:

For IP click the drop-down **Session Protocol** menu and select **Tieline Codecs** and ensure the **Any** check-box is not selected, then click **Next**.

Transport:	IP 💽 🗧
Session Protocol:	Tieline Codecs
Return Audio Port:	9000 🕂 🗖 Any
	som mars
Important	Note: The Return Audio Port is used by the local codec to receiv

audio from the remote codec. When **Tieline Codecs** is the **Session Protocol** selected (using Tieline session data), the **Return Audio Port** is automatically configured as UDP audio port 9000 by default for the first audio stream.

**Note:** Deselecting the **Any** check-box ensures that any codec connecting using the audio port specified will always be routed to codec output 1. By default, port 9000 is the port specified for the first IP audio stream connection made by any Tieline codec; port 9010 is used by default for a second IP connection. Merlin PLUS default ports for mono connections 3 to 6 are 9020, 9030, 9040 and 9050. If you need to change this setting on your remote dialing codec, or in your Report-IT smartphone application, this will need to be adjusted accordingly in the answering codec.

Click to configure:

- Auto Jitter Adapt and the preferred auto jitter setting using the drop-down arrow for Buffer priority, or
- Fixed Buffer Level and enter the Jitter Depth, which must be between 12ms and 5000ms depending on the algorithm you select.
- Buffer type: 

  Auto Jitter Adapt
  Fixed Buffer Level

  Buffer priority: Best Compromise

  Local FEC: Off
  Remote FEC: Off
- Local and Remote FEC settings if required.



POTS

IP

For POTS, settings are determined by POTS module answering settings. For more details see <u>Configuring POTS Answering</u>.

6. After configuring all settings there are 2 options:

- i. If you want to create another answering connection, select the check-box for **Create another answering connection** and continue through the wizard.
- ii. Click Save Program to save all program settings.

7. Enter a name for the second Audio Stream and select Answer only. Then click Next.



8. Enter the name of the audio stream connection in the text box and click Next.



9. Configure the transport settings for this connection:



Transport:	IP	
Session Protocol:	Tieline Codecs	
Return Audio Port:	9010 🚔 🗖 Any	
1 million	man and a second and	

Return Audio Port 9010 is used by default for a second IP connection.

Click to configure:

IP

- Auto Jitter Adapt and the preferred auto jitter setting using the drop-down arrow for Buffer priority, or
- Fixed Buffer Level and enter the Jitter Depth, which must be between 12ms and 5000ms depending on the algorithm you select.
- Local and Remote FEC settings if required.

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Buffer type:	• Auto Jitter Adapt	
	O Fixed Buffer Level	5
Buffer priority:	Best Compromise	. 5
Local FEC:	Off	



For ISDN settings are determined by ISDN module answering settings. For more details see <u>Configuring ISDN Answering</u>.



For POTS, settings are determined by POTS module answering settings. For more details see <u>Configuring POTS Answering</u>.

10.After configuring all settings there are 2 options:

- i. If you want to create another answering connection, select the check-box for **Create another answering connection** and continue through the wizard.
- ii. Click Save Program to save all program settings.
- 11. Enter a name for the next Audio Stream and select Answer only. Then click Next.



12. Enter the name of the audio stream connection in the text box and click Next.

<	💦 Programs	
TOWNSON IN COLUMN	Program Summary	Configure Connection for Audio Stream 3->Incoming Connection 1
THE OWNER WATCHING	Transport: IP	This connection is named Incoming Report-IT 3
l	Session: Tieline Codecs	This is an answering connection associated with audio
The second se	Audio Port: 9000	stream Audio Stream 3. Connections dialed from     another codec that match this connection configuration
	Buffer Type: Auto Jitter Adapt	may be answered by this codec.
	Priority: Rest Compromise	and the second s

13. Continue through the program wizard and configure all 6 connections, then click **Save Program** to save program settings and click **Finish** to exit the wizard.

Important Note: The default Merlin PLUS answering program uses audio port 9020 for

a third audio stream IP connection. Merlin PLUS default ports for mono connections 3 to 6 are 9020, 9030, 9040 and 9050. If you need to change this setting on your dialing codec, or in your Report-IT smart phone application, this will need to be adjusted accordingly in the answering codec.

14. The newly created program will be displayed in the left pane within the **Programs panel** and in the **Master panel**.

# 22.11 Configure Multicast Client Programs

**Important Notes:** Before you commence program configuration please note:

- Ensure all connection related settings like the port, algorithm, bit rate (etc) match on both multicast server and client programs or they will not connect successfully.
- You cannot edit a program when it is currently loaded in the codec.
- You can lock a loaded custom program in a codec to ensure the currently loaded program cannot be unloaded by a codec dialing in with a different program type.
- Some drop-down menus and settings may be greyed out intentionally depending on features available.
- It is possible to save a program at several points throughout the program wizard and use default settings to save configuration time.
- To learn more about programs see the section titled <u>About Program Dialing</u>.
- Always dial the multicast server codec connection first before connecting multicast client codecs.
- Multicast client codecs will display return link quality (LQ) only. The Return reading represents the audio being downloaded from the network locally. Multicast server codecs do not display LQ readings.
- The default UDP audio port setting is 9000 for the first multicast, 9010 for the second multicast and 9020 for the third multicast. The client and server port settings must match to receive an audio stream. E.g. if a client codec wishes to receive multicast audio stream 2 then it must use audio port 9010.
- Forward Error Correction (FEC) is not available for multicast connections.
- Use firmware higher than 2.8.xx in the Bridge-IT, Genie and Merlin families of codecs to enable auxiliary data.
  - It is not possible to connect to a G3 codec and receive multicast IP audio streams.
  - To copy multicast client programs onto multiple codecs see <u>Backup and Restore</u> <u>Functions</u>.
  - If the codec is answering more than one mono or stereo multicast connection it is necessary to create an answering program to suit the answering configuration and lock this program in the codec.

#### **Configuring Multicast Client Programs**

- 1. Open the Java Toolbox Web-GUI and click the **Programs** symbol at the top of the screen to display the **Programs panel**.
- 2. Click the New Program button to open the wizard and:
  - Click in the text box to name the new program.
  - Select Multicast Client to configure a multicast program, or if you want to use an existing program as a template, select this option. Then click Next.



**Important Notes:** When you decide to use an existing program as a template, the new program inherits all the settings of the template program and you can adjust these settings as required by continuing through the program wizard.

3. Enter a name for the Audio Stream, then click Next.

Configure Audio Stream 1 for Multicast Client	<
This audio stream is named Multicast Client Audio Stream 1	- 5
The connections associated with this audio stream will allow this codec to:	
• Dial only	- (

4. This audio stream connection in the wizard will allow the codec to dial. Enter the name of the connection in the text box, then click **Next**.

Configure Connection for Multicast Client Audio Stream 1->Connection 1	
This connection is named Multicast Client Cxn 1	
This is a dialing connection associated with audio	i.
connection will be initiated from this codec.	
some and show and and and and	

5. Follow the instructions on the right-hand side of the panel to configure the transport settings for the connection, then click **Next**. Note: select **UDP/IP +RTP** for RFC compliant streaming.

Transport:	IP		
Session Protocol:	Sessionless		
Audio Protocol:	UDP/IP + RTP	<b>•</b>	
Encode/Decode:	UDP/IP + RTP		<

**i** 

**Important Note:** Bidirectional auxiliary IP data is available on one audio stream when multicast dialing programs. When auxiliary data is enabled on one stream the option is greyed out for other audio streams in the program wizard. See <u>RS232 Data Configuration</u> for detailed information on RS232 data and see <u>Enabling Relays and RS232 Data</u> for more information on relay operations.

6. Configure the multicast IP address and audio port (the same multicast address and port must be

used for both the server and client programs), then specify which IP streaming interface is used to dial this connection, e.g. **Primary** (port **ETH1**) or **Secondary** (port **ETH2**), then click **Next**. Note: By default **Any** will select **ETH1** if it is available and **ETH2** if it is unavailable.

Address:	224.0.255.255		15
Return Audio Port:		9000 🕂 🗖 Automatio	: (
Via:	Any		

7. Click the drop-down arrows on the right-hand side of each text box to select the **Encoding**, **Sample rate**, **Bit rate** or **Sample size** options. Click **Next** to continue.

Receiving		- 5
Encoding:	Music Stereo	- >
Sample rate:	32 kHz 🔽	
Bit rate:	64 kbps 💌	1

- 8. Click to configure:
  - Auto Jitter Adapt and the preferred auto jitter setting using the drop-down arrow for Buffer Priority, or
  - Fixed Buffer Level and enter the Jitter Depth, which must be between 12ms and 5000ms depending on the algorithm you select.



**Important Notes:** Automatic or fixed jitter buffer settings can be adjusted on individual client codecs as required. There is no jitter buffer setting on the server codec because it never receives audio packets.

 Select the Enable File Playback on silence detection check-box to configure the codec to play back audio from a file via a drive attached to the USB port.



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10. Click Save Program to complete configuration of the program.

11. Configure multicast server and multicast client programs and load all codecs with the appropriate program. <u>Select and connect audio streams</u> in a program using the **Master panel**, or <u>dial the program manually</u> using the codec front panel. Dial the multicast server program connection first and then connect multicast client codec programs to begin receiving multicast audio packets.

## 22.12 Configure SIP Settings

The codec is fully EBU N/ACIP Tech 3326 compliant when connecting using SIP (Session Initiation Protocol) to other brands of IP codecs.

### **About SIP**

SIP provides superior interoperability between different brands of codecs due to its standardized protocols for connecting devices and is intended to be used when connecting Tieline codecs to non-Tieline devices. Devices primarily use SIP to dial another device's SIP address and find its location with a minimum of fuss. This task is usually performed by SIP servers, which communicate between SIP-compliant devices to set up a call.

When connecting two devices, SDP performs similar tasks to Tieline's proprietary session data, which is used to configure all non-SIP IP connections. There are two very distinct parts to a call when dialing over IP. The initial stage is the call setup stage and this is what SIP is used for. The second stage is when data transference occurs and this is left to the other protocols used by a device (i.e. using UDP to send audio data).

All the mandatory EBU N/ACIP 3326 algorithms are supported (G.711, G.722, MPEG-1 Layer 2 and 16 bit PCM), as well as optional algorithms including LC- AAC, HE-AAC and aptX Enhanced. The default algorithm selected when connecting using SIP is G.711.



#### Important Notes:

- Each codec should be registered to a different SIP server account to avoid connection conflicts.
- SIP account registration can only be configured via Ethernet port 1.
- SIP dialing is only supported over point-to-point connections, not multi-unicast connections.
- Tieline G3 codecs do not support connections using AAC and will default to MPEG Layer 2 if an incoming call is programmed to use this algorithm.
- Failover and SmartStream PLUS redundant streaming are not available with SIP connections.
- When connecting to a Tieline G3 codec using SIP you need to manually select the G3 audio reference level in the codec. To do this select SETTINGS -> Audio > Ref Level > Tieline G3. In addition, select the following on the G3 codec prior to dialing.
  - Select either a mono or stereo profile
  - Select [Menu] > [Configuration] > [IP1 Setup] > [Session Type] > [SIP]
  - Select [Menu] > [Configuration] > [IP1 Setup] > [Algorithm] > [G711/G722 or MP2]

#### SIP Server Connections: Getting Started

Registering codecs for SIP connectivity is simple. First, choose the SIP server that you wish to register your codec with. On a LAN this may be your own server, or it could be one of the many internet servers available. We recommend that you use your own SIP server and configure it to use

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G.711, G.722, MP2 and AAC algorithms. This is because most internet SIP servers are for VoIP phones and are only configured for G.711 and GSM algorithms.

When you register an account with a SIP server you will be provided with:

- The SIP server IP address.
- A username (often the same as a SIP number).
- A password.
- Domain details.
- Realm details (sometimes).

### Program the Codec for SIP using the Java Web-GUI

Use the Java Toolbox Web-GUI to configure SIP account registration details into your codec. Once these details have been entered into the codec, each time it is connected to a public IP address it will contact the SIP server automatically to acknowledge its presence over a wide area network.

- 1. Connect your codec to a LAN connection with a public IP address, then login to the Java Toolbox Web-GUI and click the **Settings** symbol at the top of the screen to display the **Settings panel**.
- 2. Click the SIP button in the top-left corner of the System panel.
- 3. Enter the account details into the relevant text boxes.
- 4. Enter the **Registration Timeout** (this shouldn't need to be adjusted from the default setting).
- 5. Click to select Activate Account and click the Save Settings button to create the account in the codec. Settings Saved is displayed in the bottom-left corner of the Settings panel if the account details are saved successfully.

Settings	Accounts		
Session Port: 5060	1	_	
	SIP Server:	sip.iptel.org	Port: 5060
	Username:	TielineTest3	
	Password:	•••••	
	Domain:	iptel.org	
	Realm:		
	Reg. Timeout:	3600	
		C Activate account	

6. Navigate to SETTINGS → SIP > Accounts to verify that the account has been registered to the SIP server. The registration symbol ✓ appears when it is activated successfully.

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Important Notes: Some ISPs may block SIP traffic over UDP port 5060.

## 22.13 Configure Peer-to-Peer SIP Programs

SIP programs are like a normal IP program to configure, with two small differences; entering a SIP address and selecting SIP as the **Session Protocol**.

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Important Notes: Before you start program configuration please note:

- You cannot edit a program when it is currently loaded in the codec.
- Some drop-down menus and settings may be greyed out intentionally depending on features available.
- Failover and SmartStream PLUS redundant streaming are not available with SIP connections.
- To learn more about programs see the section titled About Program Dialing.
- 1. Open the Java Toolbox Web-GUI and click the **Programs** symbol at the top of the screen to display the **Programs panel**.

#### 2. Click the New Program button to open the wizard and:

- Click in the **Program Name** text box to name the new program.
- Select **Mono/Stereo Peer-to-Peer**, or if you want to use an existing program as a template, select this option. Then click **Next**.



**Important Notes:** When you choose to use an existing program as a template, the new program inherits all the settings of the template program and you can adjust these settings as required by continuing through the program wizard.

3. Enter a name for the Audio Stream and configure the codec to dial, answer or dial and answer. Then click Next.

Note: The following example will display how to configure a dial and answer program. If you want the codec to either dial or answer only, select the option and the wizard will automatically display screens to allow you to configure the codec correctly.

This audio stre	am is named Audio Stream	n 1	
The connection	is associated with this aud	dio stream will allow this codec to:	1
Dial (	oranswer		
O Dial (	only		{
O Ansv	ver only		
Dial Route:	None	×	
Answer Route:	Any Route		

4. This audio stream connection in the wizard will allow the codec to dial. Enter the name of the connection in the text box, then click **Next**.

This connection is	named STL Dial Cxn 1	-
This is a dialing	connection associated with audio stream	n
Audio Stream 1	This connection will be initiated from thi	s

- 5. Follow the instructions on the right-hand side of the panel to configure the transport settings for the connection: Ensure that you select:
- IP as the Transport.
- SIP from the Session Protocol menu option.

#### Then click Next.

Transport:	IP	
Session Protocol:	SIP	
Encode/Decode:	Both	
Connect Timeout:		2 min 🚔

6. Configure the destination codec **Address**, then specify the network interface used to dial the connection, e.g. **Primary** (Ethernet port 1).

At this point you can click **Save Program** and save the program with default algorithm and jitter settings. Alternatively, click **Next** to confirm and specify algorithm and jitter settings for this connection and configure backup audio settings (recommended).

Address:	TielineTest@sip.iptel.org	<
Via:	Any	
		2



#### Important Notes:

- If your codec is registered with same SIP registrar as the destination codec then you only need to enter the SIP user name to dial successfully.
- The default UDP audio port when using SIP for a peer-to-peer connection is 5004 in Tieline codecs. To contact a codec that is behind a firewall or NAT-enabled router, it is essential that this and all other relevant ports are open and forwarded to the other device.
- 7. Click the drop-down arrows on the right-hand side of each active drop-down menu to adjust the **Encoding**, **Sample rate** or **Bit rate** parameters. Click Next to continue.

Transmitting		
Encoding:	MP2 Stereo	<b>•</b>
Sample rate:	32 kHz	<b>_</b>
Bit rate:	128 kbps	
Receiving	MD2 Stores	🖸 Use Tx
Sample rate:	32 kHz	¥
Dit rato:	128 kbns	

Click to configure:

- Auto Jitter Adapt and the preferred auto jitter setting using the drop-down arrow for Buffer Priority, or
- Fixed Buffer Level and enter the Jitter Depth, which must be between 12ms and 5000 ms depending on the algorithm you select.

Buffer type:	Auto Jitter Adapt		٢
	O Fixed Buffer Level		{
Buffer priority:	Best Compromise	-	٢

Click **Save Program** to save all settings, or click **Next** to configure **Auto Reconnect**. If you click **Save Program**, select the check-box if you want to connect the program immediately, then click **Finish**.

Rograms	
You've successfully created a program. You can connect this program from the Master panel.	
Connect this program when I click Finish	
	4
< Back Next> Finish	Close

9. The newly created program will be displayed in the **Programs panel** and in the **Master panel**. Dial the program by loading and connecting using the **Master panel**, or <u>dial the</u> <u>program manually</u> using the codec front panel.

## 22.14 Multiple Peer-to-Peer SIP Programs

The codec is also capable of creating multiple SIP Peer-to-Peer connections. Configure a new program and configure each SIP audio stream as you would for a single <u>SIP Peer-to-Peer program</u>.

The SIP UDP audio ports are automatically allocated by the Java Toolbox Web-GUI when you create SIP programs incorporating multiple audio streams. The first stream uses UDP audio port 5004 and then each subsequent stream created will in the following order use UDP audio ports 5006, 5008, 5010, 5012 and 5014. These audio ports need to be open in your firewall at each end of the connection to allow the successful transfer of audio packets.

### **Answering Multiple SIP Calls**

To answer multiple SIP calls you need to create and <u>lock a suitable SIP answering program</u> in the codec, or it will be unloaded by the first SIP call and a default peer-to-peer program will be loaded. There is no Tieline session data transferred during SIP calls to assist with configuring the codec.





#### Important Notes:

- Remember to lock an answering program in a codec when answering multiple SIP calls.
- When multiple calls are answered by the codec they are routed to audio inputs and outputs on a first come, first served basis.
- Ensure the appropriate UDP audio ports are open in your firewall to allow multiple SIP audio streams to connect. See <u>Installing the Codec at the Studio</u> for more information.
- Failover and SmartStream PLUS redundant streaming are not available with SIP connections.

# 22.15 Dial and Disconnect a Program

### **Connecting a Program**

1. Click to select the program you want to load from the Programs list in the Master panel.

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1 2 3 4 5 6			Connections	
+22 +18 +18 +18 +18 +18 +18 +18 +18	Program/Cxn	Address	Status	Details
	NYC Studio 1			
+4 +4 +4 +4 +4 +4 +4	Audio Stream 1			
	A Cxn 1	203.36.205.163	Idle	User Disconnected
	🔗 Backup Cxn 1	203.36.205.188	Idle	
-18 -18 -18 -18 -18 -18 -18				
Programs				
Conio 3 x Stores Dear to Dear				
Conio Dist 6 x Mone STL a				
Conio Storoo + 4 x Mono				
LA Studio 1				
NVC Studio 1				
Network Multi-unicast				
			-	
Connect Load				Disconnect

2. Click **Connect** to load the program and connect all audio streams.

### **Disconnecting a Program**

1. Click to highlight the audio stream in the **Connections** pane of the **Master panel**.

1 2 3 4 5 6			Connections	
+22 +18 +18 +18 +18 +18 +18 +18 +18 +18	Program/Cxn	Address	Status	Details
	NYC Studio 1			
+4 +4 +4 +4 +4 +4 +4	Audio Stream 1			
	Cxn 1	203.36.205.163	Connected	LQ:Snd 84 Rtn 99, Tx:Music Stereo, Rx:Music Stereo
	🛸 Backup Cxn 1	203.36.205.188	Idle	
Programs				
Genie 2 x Stereo Peer-to-Peer				
Genie Dist 6 x Mono STLs				
Genie Stereo + 4 x Mono				
LA Studio 1				
NYC Studio 1				
Network Multi-unicast				
Connect Load				Disconnect

2. Click **Disconnect** to end the connection.

# 22.16 Dial/Disconnect Multiple Audio Streams

### Load and Connect Multiple Audio Streams within a Program

1. Click to select the program you want to load from the **Programs** list.

1 2 3 4 5 6			Connections	
+22 +18 +22 +18 +22 +18 +22 +22 +22 +22 +22 +18	Program/Cxn	Address	Status	Details
	2 x Mono Peer-to-Peer			
+4 +4 +4 +4 +4 +4 +4	Audio Stream 1			
	Cxn 1	203.36.205.163	Idle	
	Audio Stream 2			
	A Cxn 1	203.36.205.188	Idle	
-18 -18 -18 -18 -18 -18 -18				
Programs				
2 x Mono Peer-to-Peer				
2 x Stereo + 2 x Mono p2p STLs				
Genie 2 x Stereo Peer-to-Peer				
Genie Dist 6 x Mono STLs				
Genie Stereo + 4 x Mono				
LA Studio 1				
Connect Load				Disconnect

2. Click **Connect** to load the program and connect all audio streams.

#### **Disconnect All Audio Stream Connections**

1. Click to select the program in the **Connections** pane, e.g. **2 x Mono Peer-to-Peer** in the following example.

1 2 3 4 5 6			Connections	
+22 +18 +18 +18 +18 +18 +18 +18 +18 +18	Program/Cxn	Address	Status	Details
	🔻 2 x Mono Peer-to-Peer			
+4 +4 +4 +4 +4 +4	Audio Stream 1	203 36 205 163	Connected	LO:Snd 89 Ptn 99 Ty:Music Mono Py:Music Mono
	<ul> <li>Audio Stream 2</li> </ul>	203.30.203.103	Connected	Ed.ond borten 35, fixindare mono, recimidare mono
	A Cxn 1	203.36.205.188	Connected	LQ:Snd 89 Rtn 99, Tx:Music Mono, Rx:Music Mono
Programs				
2 x Mono Peer-to-Peer				
2 x Stereo + 2 x Mono p2p STLs				
Genie 2 x Stereo Peer-to-Peer				
Genie Stereo + 4 x Mono				
LA Studio 1				
Connect				Disconnect

- 2. Click the **Disconnect** button.
- 3. Click **Yes** in the confirmation dialog to disconnect all audio stream connections.



### **Disconnect a Single Audio Stream Connection**

1. Click to select the audio stream connection you want to disconnect.



- 2. Click the **Disconnect** button.
- 3. Click Yes in the confirmation dialog to disconnect all audio stream connections.



## 22.17 View/Edit/Delete Programs

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	2	
8		11
		. 11

**Important Notes:** You cannot edit or delete a program when it is currently loaded in the codec; ensure you have unloaded a program prior to editing the current configuration.

To view configuration settings for an existing program, or edit settings:

- 1. Open the Java Toolbox Web-GUI and click the **Programs** symbol at the top of the screen to display the **Programs panel**.
- 2. Click to select a program in the left-hand pane.

Studio 1 C Studio 1	Template: 2 x Mono Peer-to-Peer
	Mono Audio Stream 1
	Audio Stream 1 2 Dial/Answer: Answer only Answer Route: Route 1
	Audio Stream 2 2 Dial/Answer: Answer only Answer Route: Route 2

- 3. Click the blue arrow b to expand audio stream information and click the Edit symbol 2 to adjust program settings.
- 4. The program wizard will open at the relevant point to facilitate editing of connection parameters. Click **Save Program** to store settings.

#### **Deleting Programs**

There are two ways to delete a program.

- 1. Ensure the program you want to delete is not currently loaded in the codec.
- Click to select a program listed on the left hand side of the Programs panel and then rightclick to display menu options.

New Prog		luuic
LA Studio 1	New Program	e: 2 x 1
	Delete	
	Import	
	Export	

- 3. Select and click **Delete Program**.
- 4. Click Yes in the confirmation dialog.



5. Alternatively, click **Delete Program** next to the program name in the top-right corner of the **Programs panel**.



# 22.18 Reset Factory Default Settings

There are several options which allow you to restore factory default settings within the codec. See <u>Reset and Restore Factory Defaults</u> for more details on each option.

- 1. Open the Web-GUI and click the **Settings** symbol at the top of the screen to display the **Settings panel**.
- 2. Click the Reset/Restore button at the top of the Settings panel.

Network	Options Audio SIP Modules ISDN Answer Firmware Licensing	Reset/Restore

3. Click one of the four reset options available.

🔅 Sattings	2 X
Network Options Audio SIP Firmware Licensing Reset/Restore	
Reset	
Click to restore factory default settings for Audio and Connect menu settings.	Reset 'Audio' and 'Connect' Settings
Click to restore factory default settings, excluding user defined programs and call history.	Restore Factory Defaults
Click to clear the codec's current log file.	Clear Codec Log
	Delete Programs & Call History
	Reboot Codec
Backup/Restore	{
Click to create a file of this codec's settings and/or programs as backup, or to copy onto other equivalent codecs.	Backup
Click to load a compatible backup file onto this codec. Important: Reboot the codec after restoring file.	Restore
and the met and and and a production	And the second s

4. A confirmation dialog appears for each option, click **Yes** to proceed or **No** to cancel the reset function.



# 22.19 Backup and Restore Functions

The Java Toolbox Web-GUI can be used to backup and restore codec settings, including:

- Programs containing a variety of connection settings.
- All system settings that have been adjusted to change the factory default codec settings (current runtime settings).

Files can also be used to copy configurations onto other similar codecs. Programs are essentially connection profiles that may include:

- Program, audio stream and connection names.
- IP address, port, algorithm, jitter buffer, FEC and bit rate settings (etc.) for audio stream connections.

#### **Creating Backup Files**

- 1. Open the Java Toolbox Web-GUI and click the **Settings** symbol at the top of the screen to display the **Settings panel**.
- 2. Click the **Reset/Restore** button at the top of the **Settings panel**.



3. Click Backup.



4. Use your mouse-pointer to click and select the check boxes to confirm your backup requirements, then click **Backup**.



5. Click Save and select a location on your PC to save the configuration file.

### **Restoring Configuration File Settings**

- 1. Open the Java Toolbox Web-GUI and click the **Settings** symbol at the top of the screen to display the **Settings panel**.
- 2. Click the Reset/Restore button at the top of the Settings panel.

Network	Options Audio SIP Modules ISDN Answer Firmware Licensing	Reset/Restore

3. Click Restore.

Backup/Restore	5
Click to create a file of this codec's settings and/or programs as backup, or to copy onto other equivalent codecs.	Backup
Click to load a compatible backup file onto this codec. Important: Reboot the codec after restoring file.	Restore
Part and a second for and and a second	

- 4. Navigate to the configuration file on your PC that you want to load, then click **Open**.
- 5. Use your mouse-pointer to click and select the check boxes for restoring items. For example, you could select the **Include programs** check-box and deselect the **Include system** check-box if you are only copying programs onto codecs.



6. Click **Restore** to copy the configuration file settings onto the codec; confirmation of successful file restoration is provided.



Note: The codec will automatically reboot to ensure the restored configuration takes effect in the codec.

# 22.20 Lock or Unlock Programs

It is possible to lock a loaded custom program in a codec to ensure the currently loaded program type, e.g. mono, cannot be unloaded by a codec dialing in with a different program type, e.g. stereo. For example, if you require the codec at the studio to always connect in mono, simply load and lock a mono program in the codec. Generally programs will be up or down-mixed by the answering codec to match the loaded program type. In some situations incompatible program types will be rejected.

- 1. Open the Java Toolbox Web-GUI and click the **Settings** symbol at the top of the screen to display the **Settings panel**.
- 2. Click the Options button at the top of the Settings panel.
- 3. Click the Lock Loaded User Program check-box to lock or unlock a user program in the codec.

RS232 QOS Baud rate: 9600 ISCP: 20 Enable flow control Programs Tieline Session	Network	Options Audio	SIP	Firmwa	re	Licen	sing	Reset	
Baud rate: 9600 💌 DSCP: 20 Enable flow control Programs Tieline Session	\$232			QOS-			-		<
Enable flow control  Programs Tieline Session	aud rate:	9600	-	DSCP:	20	_			4
Programs Tieline Session		Enable flow cont	rol						2
Programs Tieline Session									
Programs Tieline Session									Ę
Programs Tieline Session									٤
	rograms	and the second second	Tieli	ne Sessio	n —				{
🛿 Lock Loaded User Program 🚪 Session Port: 🛛 9002	Lock Load	ed User Program	Ses	sion Port:	9	002			
Alt. Session Port: 9012			Alt. S	Session P	ort: 9	012			<

4. Click Save Settings to save the new configuration.



#### Important Note:

- It is only possible to lock custom programs in a codec.
- If Lock Program is enabled and you load a new custom program in the codec, Lock Program remains enabled and locks the most recently loaded custom program.
- A red **Padlock** symbol appears in the **Status** section of the **Master panel** to indicate a program is locked in the codec.

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# 22.21 Configuring SNMP in the Codec

The codec supports Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP) for managing devices on IP networks. There are two elements to configuring SNMP in your codec:

- 1. Configure SNMP Device settings in your codec.
- Configure SNMP Traps via the Alarms Panel in the Java Toolbox Web-GUI (see <u>SNMP Trap</u> <u>Configuration</u> in Configuring Alarms, or to configure using the codec front panel see <u>Configuring</u> <u>SNMP Settings</u>).

### **Description of SNMP Settings in the Codec**

Features	Operation Button Descriptions		
Codec Name	A user-specified alphanumeric identifier which may be used by third- party SNMP software to identify a device. The device name corresponds to the ".iso.org.dod.internet.mgmt.mib- 2.system.sysName" SNMP attribute and is completely independent of DNS, NIS, WINS or other device naming and identification schemes, though convention is to use the device's fully-qualified domain name.		
Codec Location	A user-specified alphanumeric string which may be used by third- party SNMP software to identify a device. Device location corresponds to the ".iso.org.dod.internet.mgmt.mib- 2.system.sysLocation" SNMP attribute.		
Contact	A text identifier for the contact person for this managed node, together with information on how to contact this person.		
R/O Community	SNMP provides two types of access, namely Read-Only access and Read-Write access. The R/O Community identifier allows Read Only level access.		
R/W Community	The R/W Community identifier allows Read/Write level access.		

### **Configuring SNMP Settings in the Codec**

- 1. Open the Java Toolbox Web-GUI and click the **Settings** symbol at the top of the screen to display the **Settings panel**.
- 2. Click the **Options** button at the top of the **Settings panel**.
- 3. Click in the text boxes to enter SNMP configuration settings.

D.0000	000	CHIND		
RSZ3Z	QUS-	SNWP		
Baud rate: 9600 💌	DSCP: 20	Contact		
Enable flow control		Codec name		
		Codec Location		
		R/O Community	ublic	1
		R/W Community	elineRW	

4. Click the Save Settings button to save the new settings.

#### **MIB Files for SNMP Configuration**

Management Information Base (MIB) files are required for SNMP applications to interact with your Tieline codec and interpret SNMP data. The codec supports SNMPv1 and SNMPv2 MIB protocols. The required MIB files can be downloaded from the codec using the following link in a PC web browser connected to the same network as your codec:

http://<YOUR_CODEC_ADDRESS>/mibs/tieline-mibs.zip

Save the .zip file to your PC and import the contents into the MIB browser you use to manage SNMP-enabled network devices.



**Important Note:** The codec supports the attributes specified in the MIB-II standard. Please verify that your SNMP software contains the required files as specified in <u>RFC</u> 1213.

### 22.22 Download Logs

The codec is capable of providing diagnostic information via user logs, which can either be sent to Tieline support, or downloaded for user diagnostics.

#### **Procedure for Sending Logs to Tieline**

- 1. Open the Java Toolbox Web-GUI and click the **Help** symbol at the top of the screen to display the **Help panel**.
- 2. Click Download Logs.

lick Download Log	s to download diagnostic information.	
Send this file to Tieli	ne Support if you are experiencing problems.	
Download Logs	File downloaded successfully: Genie Log 20130206	

3. Save the file to your computer and then send it as a .zip file to Tieline support via

support@tieline.com

### **Download Event Logs**

Event logs can be downloaded from the codec and viewed using any text editor, e.g. Microsoft® Word.

- 1. Open the Java Toolbox Web-GUI and click the **Help** symbol at the top of the screen to display the **Help panel**.
- 2. Click **Download Event Log** and select a location to save the log file.



### **Clearing Logs**

This option should only be used if instructed to by Tieline support staff. To clear all event and other logs in the codec via the front panel see the <u>Reset and Restore Factory Default Settings</u> section of this manual, or see <u>Reset Factory Default Settings</u> to clear recent log history using the Web-GUI.

## 22.23 Configuring Alarms

Click the **Alarm symbol** d at the top of the Java Toolbox Web-GUI to view and configure a range of alarms, which can provide alerts as required.

### **Alarm Types**

Click Alarm Types to display the alarm overview pane within the Alarms Panel.

일 Alarma			e 🗶
Alarm Types Alarm Dissemi	ination		
Alarm Type	Enabled	Severity: Critical	
PSU Failure	0	Conditions:	
Chassis Fan Failure Temperature Too High		There are no applicable conditions for this alarm type	Summary Raise this alarm when PSU0 or PSU1
Audio     Input Silence			Tails
AES Input Lost	-		
ALS Reference Lost.		the second s	
			Apply OK Cancel

The following System and Audio alarms are available:
Alarm	Alarm Type	Explanation
PSU Failure	System	Raises an alarm if one or both PSUs fail
Chassis Fan Failure	System	Raises an alarm if the internal fan fails
Temperature Too High	System	Raises an alarm if the temperature is too high
Input Silence	Audio	Raises an alarm if input audio is lost (according to preconfigured silence detection threshold parameters)
AES Input Lost	Audio	Raises an alarm if the AES input signal is lost
AES Reference Lost	Audio	Raises an alarm if the AES reference clock signal is lost

# **Configuring an Alarm's Severity Level**

Codec alarms can be configured for three different severity levels:

1. Click an alarm in the Alarm Type pane to highlight it.



2. Click the **Severity** drop-down menu and select the preferred severity level.



3. Perform this for each alarm you want to configure and then click **Apply** or **OK** to save settings.

# **Enabling Alarms**

To enable and disable alarms:

1. Click the **Enabled** check-box to toggle enabling and disabling of an alarm.



2. Click Apply or OK to save settings.

# **Configuring Input Silence Detection Parameters**

When configuring an **Input Silence** alarm it is also necessary to configure the audio silence thresholds and timeout duration.

1. Click **Input Silence** to highlight the alarm and ensure it is **Enabled**.

Alarm Types Alarm Dissem	ination
Alarm Type	Enabled
System	
🔀 PSU Failure	
🔀 Chassis Fan Failure	<b>⊠</b>
🔀 Temperature Too High	Ø
Audio	
1 Input Silence	
AES Input Lost	

2. Configure the dBFS threshold and timeout duration in seconds within the **Conditions** pane and ensure the input check-boxes are selected. An alarm will be raised when these thresholds are breached.

Conditions:		
Duration (s):	30	Summary
Input 1 Detection Enab	oled:	drops below -48 dBFS or channel 2
Input 1 (dBFS):	-48 💌	drops below -48 dB for 30 second(s)
Input 2 Detection Enab	oled:	
Input 2 (dBFS):	-48 💌	

3. Click Apply or OK to save settings.

## **Configuring Alarm Dissemination Severity Alerts**

Alerts for each alarm severity level are configured using the Alarm Dissemination tab.

1. Click Alarm Dissemination.



2. Click to highlight the **Alarm Severity** level you want to configure, then select and configure the alerts as required.



3. Click Apply or OK to save settings.

#### **SNMP Trap Configuration**

Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP) is a protocol used to manage devices on IP networks. SNMP provides the ability to send traps (notifications or alerts), which are packets containing data relating to a system component. These packets are generated by agents on a managed device and may be either statistic or status related. Please see your system administrator if you require more information.

1. Click to select the **Send SNMP trap** check-box.



2. Click edit to open the Enter the SNMP trap target dialog and enter the SNMP trap target, then click OK.



#### 22.23.1 Managing Alarms

Active codec alarms are indicated in the Current Alarms screen in the Java Toolbox Web-GUI .

d'
rm description:

The user is alerted to active alarms by:

- 1. The Alarm Symbol 🧥 flashing in the top right-hand corner of the Java Toolbox Web-GUI screen.
- 2. All new alarms being listed in the Current Alarms tab within the Alarms Panel.
- 3. Other alerts as per <u>Alarm Dissemination</u> settings.
- 4. The codec front panel **ALARM LED** flashing red.

**Important Note:** When a connection is active the front panel **CONNECTED LED** is illuminated solid green. Illumination will cease if a connection is lost.

## **Acknowledging Alarms**

To acknowledge an alarm:

1

- 1. Click to select the alarm in the Current Alarms tab.
- 2. Click Acknowledge selected alarm.

After acknowledging the alarm:

- 1. The State will change from Active to Acknowledged.
- 2. The Alarm Symbol *A* will stop flashing but remain visible in the top right-hand corner of the Java Toolbox Web-GUI screen.
- 3. The codec front panel ALARM LED will stop flashing and illuminate solid red.
- 4. The state of other alerts may change, as per <u>Alarm Dissemination</u> settings.

Alarm State	Front Panel Alarm LED	Web-GUI Alarm Symbol
Active	Flashing red	Flashing
Acknowledged	Solid red	Stops flashing, remains visible

#### **Deactivating Alarms**

An alarm is deactivated automatically when the alarm state is reversed. E.g. if power is restored after a **PSU Failure** alarm, or if audio is restored after an **Input Silence** alarm.

#### **Deactivating Input Silence Alarms**

An **Input Silence** alarm is activated when the configured audio and duration thresholds have been breached. To recover from this alarm state the codec must detect input audio higher than the failure threshold. When audio at this level is detected, the codec monitors input audio to ensure it doesn't drop below the recovery threshold setting more than 5 times within the nominated **Input Silence** duration time. The alarm is then deactivated automatically.

# **Alarm History**

Click the **Alarm History** tab within the **Alarms Panel** to display a record of all system alarms which have been raised.

Alarma						0
Current Alarms	Alarm History		_		_	_
Configure alarm	S   Purge alarm instory					
Severity 🚔	Time raised	Time cleared	Category	Туре	Asset	Alarm description:
Major	11/09/14 5:22:13 AM	11/09/14 5:45:18 AM	Audio	AES Reference Lost.	AES Clock Sync: ,1	AES input lost
Major	11/09/14 5:22:14 AM	11/09/14 5:45:19 AM	Audio	AES Input Lost	AES Inputs: 1,2	
Major	11/09/14 5:45:24 AM	11/09/14 7:07:30 AM	Audio	AES Reference Lost.	AES Clock Sync: ,1	
Major	11/09/14 5:45:25 AM	11/09/14 7:07:31 AM	Audio	AES Input Lost	AES Inputs: 1,2	

Click the Purge Alarm History button to clear all alarms from the Alarm History tab.

# 22.24 RS232 Data Configuration

The codec supports both in-band and out-of-band data depending on the connection transport and algorithm you are using. RPTP data is automatically enabled when using the Tieline Music or MusicPLUS algorithms over any transport. Over IP it is also possible to enable synchronized out-of-band data using any algorithm.

Algorithm Selected	IP	ISDN and POTS
Tieline Music and MusicPLUS	<ul> <li>In-band RPTP data enabled automatically</li> <li>Synchronized out-of-band data can be enabled and disabled</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>In-band RPTP data enabled automatically</li> </ul>
All other algorithms	<ul> <li>Synchronized out-of-band data can be enabled and disabled</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>No in-band or out-of-band data available</li> </ul>

The codec can be connected to external devices and send RS232-compatible data via the serial port on the rear panel of the codec. To enable RS232 data within a connection, select **Enable Auxiliary Data** when creating a program in the **Programs panel** wizard. Alternatively, select using the codec **Setup** menu (see <u>Enabling RS232 Data</u>).

## Setting RS232 Data Rates and Flow Control

- 1. Open the Java Toolbox Web-GUI and click the **Settings** symbol at the top of the screen to display the **Settings panel**.
- 2. Click the **Options** button.
- 3. Click the Baud rate drop-down menu arrow to select the serial port baud rate which matches the

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baud rate of the external device connected to the RS232 port on the codec.

4. Click to select the **Enable flow control** check box and enable flow control, then click **Save** settings.

Network	Options	Audio	SIP   Mod
RS232-			QOS
Baud rate:	9600		DSCP:
	🗹 Enable flo	w control	1



#### Important Notes:

- When connecting to G3 codecs over IP, ISDN or POTS only in-band data is available via the Music and MusicPLUS algorithms.
- Use firmware higher than 2.8.xx in the Bridge-IT, Genie and Merlin families of codecs to enable auxiliary data over multicast connections.
- It is important to enable serial port flow control as it regulates the flow of data through the serial port. If disabled, data will flow unregulated and some may be lost.
- Ensure you configure the serial port baud rate to match the setting of the external device to which you are connecting. Ideally the settings on both codecs should match, or you could have data overflow issues.
- Only the dialing codec needs to be configured to send RS232 data. Session data sent from the dialing codec will configure all other compatible codecs (non-G3) when you connect.

# 22.25 Creating Rules

The **Rules panel** in the Java Toolbox Web-GUI is used to program events for specific codec actions. Typically these 'rules' are based on a change in the state of a GPIO control port or the codec being connected or disconnected. Rules can only be created with the Web-GUI while the codec is disconnected.



**Important Note:** Data transmission is disabled by default. **Data** must be enabled in the **Connection** menu to enable contact closure operation and RS232 data.

- 1. Press the **HOME** button to return to the **Home** screen
- 2. Use the navigation buttons on the front panel to select **Connect** and press the orbital button
- 3. Select **IP** and press the **W** button
- 4. Select your preferred **IP Mode** and press the web button.
- 5. Use the down  $\checkmark$  navigation button to select **Setup** and press the button.
- 6. Navigate to **Data** and press of to toggle between **Enabled** and **Disabled**.

For more information please see Enabling Relays & RS232 Data.

## **Configuring Rules**

Default rules have been preprogrammed into the codec to facilitate programming the most common events required by broadcast engineers. To view rules options:

- 1. Click the **Rules** symbol at the top of the Java Toolbox Web-GUI screen to open the **Rules** panel.
- 2. Click Add New Rule.
- 3. Click to select the appropriate programming rule for your requirements. See the <u>Web-GUI</u> <u>Introduction</u> section for explanations of the actions each rule can perform.



When rules have been configured previously, they are displayed when the **Rules panel** is first opened.

# Rule 1: Toggle a Control Port Input to Connect and Disconnect a Program

This rule is used to connect and disconnect a selected program when a control port input is toggled.

- 1. Click the first rule in the Rules panel.
- 2. Click the drop-down **Input** arrow and select the control port input which will trigger program connection and disconnection.
- 3. Click the drop-down **Program** arrow to select the program to be connected.

nnect	and disconnect a program when an input is toggled
ut:	1
gram:	Studio 1
ule sur	nmary:
onnect switch	Studio 1" when Input 1 is switched ON, and disconnect it when Input 1 ed OFF.

4. Check the Rule Summary and click Create Rule to save the settings.

# Rule 2: Switch Different Control Port Inputs On to Connect and Disconnect a Program

This rule is used to connect and disconnect a selected program when different codec control port inputs are turned on.

- 1. Click the second rule in the **Rules panel**.
- Click the drop-down arrows to select the control port input for connecting and the alternative one for disconnecting.
- 3. Click the drop-down **Program** arrow to select an individual program which will be connected and disconnected by the change in the control port input states.

🖧 Rules	
Connect a program when an input is switched	I ON and disconnect it when another input is switched ON
Input for connecting: 1 🚽	
Input for disconnecting: 2 💌	
Program: Studio 1	
Rule summary: Connect "Studio 1" when Input 1 is switched ON, and di- is switched ON.	sconnect it when Input 2

4. Check the Rule summary and click Create Rule to save the settings.

# Rule 3: Synchronise Local Control Port Input Status with a Remote Relay Output

Use this rule allow a local codec's control port input to change the state of a remote relay output.

- 1. Click the fourth rule in the **Rules panel**.
- 2. Click the drop-down arrow to select the local control port input used to control a remote relay output.

Synchronise a local input to a remote relay
Relay: 1 💌
Rule summary.
Set remote relay 1 to the value of input 1.

3. Check the Rule summary and click Create Rule to save the settings.

# Rule 4: Toggle a Relay Output with each Change in Connection Status

This rule is used to toggle a codec's control port relay output each time a program connects and disconnects.

- 1. Click the fifth rule in the **Rules panel**.
- 2. Click the drop-down **Relay** arrow and select the relay output you want to toggle.
- 3. Click the drop-down **Program** arrow to select a specific program which will affect the relay toggle function, or use the default setting whereby any program will toggle the relay output.



4. Check the Rule summary and click Create Rule to save the settings.

# **Deleting Rules**

- 1. Click the **Rules** symbol at the top of the Java Toolbox Web-GUI screen to open the **Rules** panel.
- 2. Click the **Delete** button next to the rule you want to delete.
- 3. Click **Yes** in the confirmation dialog.

# 22.26 Upgrading Codec Firmware

To download the latest codec firmware visit http://www.tieline.com/Support/Latest-Firmware.

## Manual Firmware Upgrades

The following procedure explains how to perform codec firmware upgrades with a downloaded firmware file saved to your PC.

- 1. Click the **Settings** symbol at the top of the Java Toolbox Web-GUI screen if the **Settings** panel is not displayed.
- 2. Click Firmware.



- Click Update from a selected file and click the Select File button.
- 4. Select the .bin file you are using to perform the upgrade and click Open.
- 5. Press the **Update Firmware** button to commence the upgrade.

## Automatic Firmware Upgrades

By default the Web-GUI application integrates with TieServer to automatically update users when a firmware upgrade is available.

- Connect your codec to your PC using either a LAN or USB connection and open the Java Toolbox Web-GUI (See <u>Connecting to the Web GUI</u>)
- 2. If new software is available the Update symbol appears in the top-left of the screen.

3. Position your mouse-pointer over the **Update** symbol and click the update dialog when it appears to download the new software.



4. Click **More Information** in the **Updating firmware** dialog to display details of the upgrade process.

This might take seve	eral minutes.	
	0%	
V More informatio	50	Farrel



**Important Note:** Firmware upgrade files are very large and it is usually much quicker to download the file to your PC first and then upgrade the codec manually using the Manual Firmware Upgrade procedure.

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# 23 Using the HTML5 Toolbox Web-GUI

The following sections provide an overview of the different configuration panels available within the codec's HTML5 Toolbox Web-GUI. Navigate with the mouse pointer to the **Menu bar** at the top of the Web-GUI screen and click to select and open each panel in turn.

onine Tieline	Master 🗸	Inputs	Rules	Alarms <del>-</del>	Settings 👻	Help 🗸	Theme <del>-</del>	📕 Language 🗸	
The same plant grow and the same of	- A - A - A	,	-	مردحي	المرجب الت		~	~	J

#### HTML GUI Menu Bar for Opening Panels

When you first open the HTML5 Toolbox Web-GUI the **Program Loader panel**, **Connections panel** and **PPMs panel** are loaded by default. If you retain cookies in your browser, any panels opened previously in the Web-GUI are automatically populated when you log in next. The default panel view is displayed on login if cookies have been cleared.

# Adjusting the Theme

To adjust the **Theme** or 'skin' of the HTML5 Toolbox Web-GUI, navigate to the **Menu bar** at the top of the screen and click **Theme**, then click to select your preferred option. Note: this manual uses the **White** theme for most images.



# **Opening a Panel & Adjusting Screen Position**

Click an item in the **Menu bar** to display available panel options, then click to select and open a panel. New panels automatically open in the top left of the screen.

Master 👻	Programs
Program L	oader 🌆
Quick Con	nect
Connection	ns
PPMs	
Statistics	

Position the mouse pointer over a panel's **Title bar** and click and drag to move a panel and reposition it in a preferred screen position.

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	Conne	ections				
	<b>\$</b>	LA Stu	lio 2			
Program Loader				Address	Status	
	14			203.36.205.163		
My Program 3		6				
My Program 4						
NYC Studio 1						

# Master Panels: Load Programs & Manage Audio Streams

# Program Loader Panel

1)—	LA Studio 2	
	NYC Studio 1	
	Linioad	
	Offiodd	
	Cindu	

	Feature	Description
1	Programs list	Lists all configured programs which have been added into the codec. Click to select a program before loading.
2	Close button	Click to close the panel.
3	Check-box symbol	The <b>Check-box symbol</b> identifies the currently loaded program in the codec.
4	Load and Unload button	Click <b>Load</b> to load the currently selected program in the <b>Programs</b> list; the button changes automatically to <b>Unload</b> after loading, to allow unloading of a program when required.

## **Connections Panel**



	Feature	Description
1	Program Connect/	Click to connect/disconnect all audio streams in a program.
	Disconnect button	
2	Audio Stream	Click to connect/disconnect all connections in an audio stream.
	Connect/Disconnect	
	button	
3	Connection Connect/	Click to connect/disconnect an individual connection.
	Disconnect button	
4	Show/Hide Arrow	Click to show/hide audio stream and connection details.
5	Close button	Click to close the panel.

## **Statistics Panel**

¥ A	udio St	ream 1	00-0	00.36
Jitter E	Buffer	Tx: 66.7 k	5	20 a3 Rx: 65 6 k
Bytes		Tx: 282.5 K	iB I	Rx: 283.9 Kil
	Loss	Empty	Lat	e FEC
1 m	0	0	N/A	N/A
10 m	0	0	N/A	N/A
Total	0	0	N/A	N/A
~	Cxn 1			
1 m	0	0	0	0
10 m	0	0	0	0
Total	0	0	0	0

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	Feature	Description
1	Show/Hide Arrow	Click to show/hide audio stream statistics.
2	Show/Hide Arrow	Click to show/hide individual connection statistics.
3	Close button	Click to close the panel.

## **PPMs** Panel



	Feature	Description
1	PPM Meters	6 PPM meters.
2	Close button	Click to close the panel.



Important Note: Tieline codecs have different input configurations, therefore the image shown may not reflect the number of inputs displayed in your codec Web-GUI.

	Feature	Description
1	Settings button	Click to adjust input Name, Type and IGC.
2	Input PPM meter	Input PPM meter.
3	Close button	Click to close the panel.
4	On/Off button	Click to toggle an input on or off.
5	Input Sliders/Faders	Input gain control sliders/faders.

#### Rules Panel for Creating Relay Activation Rules



	Rule	Description
1	Connect and disconnect a program when an input is toggled	Click to configure connection and disconnection by toggling an input.
2	Connect when an input is switched <b>ON</b> ; Disconnect when another input is switched <b>ON</b>	Click to configure connection and disconnection after different relay inputs are switched <b>ON</b> .
3	Synchronise a local relay input with a remote relay output	Click to configure a local relay input to synchronise with the state of a remote relay output.
4	Toggle a relay based on a connection's status	Click to configure a relay to toggle based on connection status.
5	Back / Add New Rule button	Click to add a new rule, or exit the rule creation function.
6	Close button	Click to close the panel.

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#### **Configure Alarms Panel**



	Feature	Description
1	List of alarm types	Click to select an alarm type to configure.
2	Scroll bar	Click and drag the scroll bar to view all listed alarms.
3	Enable Alarm check-box	Click the <b>Enabled</b> check-box to enable the currently selected alarm.
4	Edit / Save button	Click to edit an alarm, or save configured alarm settings when in edit mode.
5	Alarm Severity Setting	Click the drop-down arrow to select an alarm severity setting.
6	Close button	Click to close the panel

# **Alarm Dissemination Panel**

Alerts for each alarm severity level are configured using the Alarm Dissemination panel.



	Feature	Description
•	List of alarm severity levels	Click to select an alarm severity level to configure it.
	Front panel alarm & Toolbox check-box	Select the check-box (default enabled) to deliver front panel <b>ALARM LED</b> notifications and HTML5 Toolbox Web-GUI alarm notifications.
	Close button	Click to close the panel.
4	Relay drop-down selection	Click the drop-down arrow to select a relay to open when an alarm using the current severity level is activated.

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5	SNMP Trap Target text-box	Click in the text box in edit mode to enter the SNMP trap target for alarms using the currently selected severity level.	
6	Edit / Save button	Click to edit alarm dissemination settings, or save	
		configured settings when in edit mode.	
7	Send SNMP trap check-box	Select the check-box to enable SNMP traps to be sent	
		(for alarms using the selected severity level).	

# **Current Alarms**

Severity	Time 🔨	State	Туре	Asset
Critical	2010-04-27T21:35:46	Active	PSU Failure	Power Supply: 1

	Feature	Description
1	Current alarm description	View a list of active alarms in the codec
2	Close button	Click to close the panel

# Alarm History

Juited 2010-04-21121.33.40 2010-04-21121.30.22 FS0 Failure Power Su	оргу. т
Purao alarm history	

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	Feature	Description
1	Alarm history description	View the history of previous alarms in the codec.
2	Close button	Click to close the Alarms panel.
3	Purge History button	Click to clear the alarm history.

#### **Settings Panels**

There are 9 **Settings** panels which can be opened in the Web-GUI. Each panel provides specific codec configuration settings and options. Click to select and open each panel.

As an example, the **Network panel** is displayed with network interface configuration options. A brief description of the other panel options is also provided.



#### **Settings panels**



	Feature	Description
1	Network tab	Click to select and edit, or view network configuration settings for each Ethernet and VLAN interface.
2	Network Interface	Control and streaming configuration options for each network interface.
3	IPv4 details	IPv4 address details and configuration.
4	DNS details	Select the check-box and specify DNS addresses and domains to search.
5	Edit / Save button	Click to edit Network settings, or save configured settings.
6	IPv6 details	IPv6 address details and configuration.
7	Reset	Click to open the panel; reset codec default settings and perform backup/restore of codec programs and settings.
8	Licensing tab	Click to open the panel; select a license file and install it in the codec.

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9	Firmware tab	Click to open the panel; view software versions and perform an upgrade.	
10	POTS Answer tab	Click to open the panel and configure POTS Answering settings.	
11	ISDN Answer tab	Click to open the panel and configure ISDN Answering settings.	
12	Modules tab	Click to edit hardware module configuration.	
13	SIP tab	Click to open the panel and edit or view SIP configuration settings.	
14	Options tab	Click to open the panel; configure RS232 and QoS data settings, lock a loaded user Program and adjust Session Port settings and SNMP. Also configure the AES Output Clock sample rate.	
15	MAC Address / Link Local	Click to open the panel and view the device MAC address and IPv6 local network address created by the codec.	

#### Help Panels

#### Resources



	Feature	Description
1	Close button	Click to close the panel.
2	User manual link	Click to open the codec user manual in a new browser, or view support information (Note: the codec name displayed will vary by product type)
3	Support website link	Click to visit the support page on the Tieline website.
4	Email Support	Click to email Tieline support.
5	Event Logs	Click to download user-viewable event logs
6	Support Logs	Click to download diagnostic information that can be sent to Tieline support

#### **About Panel**

Details of the codec Toolbox and firmware version, as well as the codec serial number. Note: the codec name displayed will vary by product type.

About	× 🔶
Merlin	
Serial Number: 90571	
Firmware Version: v2.14.79	
Build Date: Aug 19 2015 06:56:50	
Toolbox Version: 2.3.0.15	

# Language Selection

The HTML5 Toolbox Web-GUI offers language support for several languages.

- 1. Click on the **Language** drop-down menu arrow in the top right-hand corner of the Web-GUI page.
- 2. Select the preferred language to display.



# 23.1 Using the HTML5 Toolbox Quick Connect Web-GUI

The HTML5 Quick Connect Web-GUI is designed for simple peer-to-peer connections and non-technical users. It has a reduced feature-set and allows users to:

- 1. Load existing programs in a codec via the **Program Loader panel** and then dial via the **Quick Connect panel**.
- 2. Use the **Quick Connect panel** to create and dial a simple peer-to-peer connection using IP/ SIP, ISDN or POTS.



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**Important Note:** Simple peer-to-peer connections are not saved as programs with unique names. Details of the last ad hoc dial are retained in the **Quick Connect panel**, even after a program is loaded and unloaded using the **Program Loader panel**.

# Launching the HTML5 Quick Connect Web-GUI

- 1. Type the codec IP address in your web-browser.
- 2. Click to launch the HTML5 Toolbox Quick Connect Web-GUI.
- 3. Enter the authentication Password for the codec and click OK.
- 4. The panels in the Quick Connect Web-GUI will automatically be displayed.

Online	Tieline 🖌 🛯 🖻 Language -		Disconnected	
	PPMs	Program Loader LA Studio 2 My Program 3 NYC Studio 1 Stenographer dial	Quick Connect Ad Hoc Dial Transport IP • Algorithm Music Mono • Sample Rate 28.8 kbps • Destination Connect	

**Important Note:** To change the password using the codec front panel navigate to **Settings > WebGUI > Password** and press the button. Use the keypad to enter a new password and press the button to save the new setting.

# Loading and Unloading an Existing Program

If programs are saved in the codec they are displayed in the Program Loader panel.

1. Click to select a program in the **Program Loader panel** and click the **Load button** to load it in the codec.



2. The **Check-box symbol** appears next to the program name to confirm it has been loaded and the **Load button** changes to an **Unload button**.



To unload a program click the Unload button.

# **Dial a Loaded Program**

1. Click the **Connect button** in the **Quick Connect panel** to dial a loaded program. Note: After connecting, the **Connect button** changes to a **Disconnect button**.



# **Disconnect a Loaded Program**

1. Click the **Disconnect button** in the **Quick Connect** panel.



2. Click Yes in the confirmation dialog to disconnect the connection.



# **Dial Peer-to-Peer over IP with Quick Connect**



#### **Important Notes:**

- Click the **Unload button** in the **Program Loader panel** if a program is currently loaded.
- The transcriptor algorithm is for closed captioning and not normal broadcast configurations.
- 1. Click the drop-down Transport menu arrow in the Quick Connect panel and select IP.



2. Click the drop-down **Algorithm** menu and select an algorithm.



- 3. Click the select the appropriate **Sample Rate** and **Bit Rate** for the connection. Note: If only one sample rate is available this will be automatically selected.
- 4. Click in the **Destination** text box and enter the IP address of the destination codec.



5. Click the Connect button to dial.

# **Dial Peer-to-Peer over ISDN with Quick Connect**

# Important Notes:

- Click the **Unload button** in the **Program Loader panel** if a program is currently loaded.
- The transcriptor algorithm is for closed captioning and not normal broadcast configurations.
- 1. Click the drop-down Transport menu arrow in the Quick Connect panel and select ISDN.
- 2. Click the drop-down **Algorithm** menu and select an algorithm.
- 3. Click the drop-down **B Channels** menu and select the number of channels required for this connection.



- 4. Click to select the appropriate **Sample Rate** for the connection.
- 5. Click in each **Destination** text box in turn to enter the ISDN number for each B Channel.
- 6. Click the Connect button to dial.

# **Dial Peer-to-Peer Over POTS with Quick Connect**

<b>(1)</b>	Imp
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## **Important Notes:**

- Click the **Unload button** in the **Program Loader panel** if a program is currently loaded.
- The transcriptor algorithm is for closed captioning and not normal broadcast configurations.
- 1. Click the drop-down Transport menu arrow in the Quick Connect panel and select POTS.
- 2. Click the drop-down Algorithm menu and select an algorithm. The connection bit rate is configured automatically. Note: G5 POTS modems initially attempt to establish a link at the lowest Max Bit rate setting configured in the two modules being connected. If the POTS line doesn't support this bit rate, the modems will attempt to connect at the highest possible bit rate to suit the prevailing line quality at each end of the link.
- 3. Enter the phone number in the **Destination** text box.



4. Click the Connect button to dial.

# **Monitoring PPMs**

Set audio levels so that audio peaks average at the nominal 0vu point indicated below on the PPM meters. This represents a program level of +4 dBu leaving the codec. Audio peaks can safely reach +22 dBu without clipping, providing 18dBu of headroom from the nominal 0vu point. Note: the audio metering reference scale is automatically adjusted by default when a Merlin codec connects to a Commander G3 codec. The G3 metering scale is between -11dBu and +18dBu.



## Mono and Stereo PPM Metering

When connected with a mono program the codec will display a mix of inputs 1 and 2 on **PPM1**. **PPM 3** displays the level of return audio.

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When connecting with a stereo program, the codec displays audio on **PPM1** and **2** for inputs 1 and 2 and **PPM 3** and **4** for the return audio.



(Encoders 1 & 2)

# 23.2 Configuring IP Settings

Open the HTML5 Toolbox Web-GUI and click **Settings** and then click **Network** to view and configure Ethernet and VLAN interface settings in the Web-GUI.



**Important Note:** For assistance with configuration of IPv4 or IPv6 network connections contact your IT Administrator.

# IPv4 versus IPv6

An IP address is a unique address to identify a device on a TCP/IP network. Your codec uses dual IP protocol stacks to allow your codec to work on both IPv4 and IPv6 networks. Tieline codecs support both DHCP (default) IP addressing and static IP addresses for dialing IPv4 connection endpoints.

If you want to dial a codec with a public IP address you simply dial the IP address to connect. If you want to dial a codec with a private IP address you need to perform network address translation (NAT). NAT allows a single device, such as a broadband router, to act as an agent between the

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public internet and a local private LAN. Usually this will be set up at the studio end so you can dial into the studio from the remote codec.

Support for IPv6 connections allows you to use IPv6 infrastructure to connect to other codecs globally.

## **Configuring Ethernet Ports and VLANs**

The codec features two physical Ethernet port interfaces and up to four additional VLAN interfaces.

VLAN interfaces have features similar to physical Ethernet interfaces. However, your network administrator will need to configure VLAN support throughout your network for them to be supported in your codec.

As an example, if only one physical Ethernet interface is available, VLANs can be used to operate SmartStream PLUS or to separate codec **Control and Streaming** functions if required. Ethernet and VLAN interfaces can be configured for:

- Controlling audio: codec control and command only from the Ethernet port.
- Controlling and Streaming: stream audio and control and command the codec via the Ethernet port.
- Streaming audio: stream audio only from an Ethernet port (ETH2 and VLANs only).
- Nothing: Disable the Ethernet port from streaming audio and codec command and control (VLANs only).



The **Name** text box, e.g. **Primary** or **Secondary**, is an interface identifier used when configuring new programs via the **Programs panel**.



## **IPv4 Address Configuration**

Click the **Edit** button in the **Network** panel to configure settings. The codec is capable of automatic DHCP address assignment, or manually configured static IPv4 address configuration via the dropdown **Configure IPv4** menu. If you want to ignore IPv4 settings select **Off**.



DHCP IP addresses are automatically assigned and can change each time you connect to your Internet Service Provider, or to your own local area network (LAN). By default the codec is programmed for DHCP-assigned IP addresses.



Static IP addresses are fixed addresses that are recommended for studio installations, so that IP address dialing remains the same over time for incoming codec connections.

Configure IPv4:	Static -	5
Address:	10.1.1.10	
Subnet Mask:	255.255.255.0	
Gateway:	10.1.1.254	ľ

Click Save to store all configuration settings.



Note: The Subnet Mask is used by the TCP/IP protocol to determine whether a host is on the local subnet or on a remote network. The default **Gateway** is the router linking the codec's subnet to other networks. See your IT administrator for more details.

# **IPv6 Address Configuration**

An IPv6 address is represented by 8 groups of 16-bit hexadecimal values separated by colons (:). The drop-down **Configure IPv6** menu provides three address configuration options:

- 1. Automatically: An address is automatically assigned to the codec when you connect the codec to an IPv6 router. This process is similar to how an IPv4 DHCP address is assigned.
- 2. Manually: Select to enter static IPv6 address details.
- 3. Off: Select to ignore IPv6 address details.

**Important Note:** Select **Off** in the drop-down **Configure IPv6** menu if you are not using IPv6 to connect to another device. This ensures your codec will attempt to connect using IPv4 at all times.

## Types of IPv6 Addresses

There are two types of addresses displayed in the IPv6 section:

- 1. IPv6 address (normally global): A router-allocated IP address with 'global' visibility, details of which are displayed in the **Address**, **Prefix size** and **Gateway** text boxes.
- 2. Link Local: A local address which can only be used to connect to another device directly

over a LAN. This address is allocated by the codec internally based on MAC address details.

#### Auto Address Assignment

- 1. Click the **Edit** button in the **Network** panel to configure settings.
- 2. By default the codec is programmed for connecting to an IPv6 router which automatically allocates IPv6 address details, as displayed in the following example.

Configure IPv6:	Automatically -	
Address:	fe80:0:0:0:201:c0ff:fe	
Prefix Size:	64	1
Gateway:	172.16.0.2	D
	and a state of the second	

3. Click **Save** to store all configuration settings.

#### Manual IPv6 Address Assignment

- 1. Click the Edit button in the Network panel to configure settings.
- 2. To configure IPv6 address details into the codec manually, select Manual and enter details into the **Address**, **Prefix** and **Gateway** text boxes.

Configure IPv6:	Manually	-		
Address:	Automatically			
Prefix Size:	Manually	3	Ł	
Gateway:			1	
We Contract of Land				

3. Click Save to store all configuration settings.

#### Specifying DNS Settings

It is possible to specify Domain Name Server (DNS) settings to allow easy look up of codecs within the specified **DNS Addresses** or **Domains**.

1. Click the Edit button in the Network panel to configure settings.

	Specify DNS Settings	~
DNS Addresses	Search Domains	
		<
and the second second	and a stand of the	and the second second

2. Click Save to store all configuration settings.

#### **Configuring QoS**

1. Open the HTML5 Toolbox Web-GUI and click **Settings** and then click **Options** to open the **Options panel**.

- 2. Click the Edit button.
- 3. Click in the **DSCP** field and enter the priority setting recommended by your IT administrator.
- 4. Click **Save** to store configuration settings.

Options		
Tieline Session		RS232
Session Port:	9002	Baud rate: 9600 👻
Alt. Session Port:	9012	Enable flow control
Programs		QOS DSCP: 20
-1-15	and and a	- particular and the

4. Click **Save** to store the new configuration.

**Important Note:** Check with your IT administrator before changing this setting. By default the codec is configured for Assured Forwarding and more details about DSCP are available on Wikipedia at <a href="http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Dscp">http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Dscp</a>.

# 23.3 Configuring ISDN

Two slots are available for inserting optional ISDN modules into the codec. These can be configured using the codec front panel or the HTML5 Toolbox Web-GUI. See <u>About ISDN Modules</u> for additional information on ISDN.

You can use the Java Toolbox Web-GUI to configure a dial and/or answer program with ISDN settings. You may also need to:

- 1. Configure ISDN module settings.
- 2. Configure ISDN Answering settings.

# 23.3.1 Configuring ISDN Modules

ISDN settings in the **Modules panel** determine how each codec module operates at a particular site. You can copy similar programs between codecs installed at different locations and also configure site-specific settings for how each ISDN module should connect. ISDN module settings may need to be adjusted depending on your country and network requirements.

1. Open the HTML5 Toolbox Web-GUI and click **Modules** to view and configure ISDN site settings.

¹ 

Modules		×	
Module 1	Iodule 2		
Status			
Туре	ISDN		
Accept	Data Only	-	
Network	EU-ETSI	-	
Line Type	Point to Multipoin	-	
DN1/MSN1			
DN2/MSN2			
SPID 1			
SPID 2			
	Edit		

- 2. Click to select Module 1 or Module 2.
- 3. Click the Edit button to configure settings.
- 4. Click the drop-down arrow for **Accept** to select whether to allow or disallow circuit switched voice and data calls. The default setting allows **Data only**.

Module 1	Nodule 2	
Status		ð
Туре	ISDN	1
Accept	Data Only	?
Network	Voice and Data	
Line Type	Data Only	2
O DN1/MSN1	None	



Important Note: G.711 is the algorithm used when Voice Only is selected.

 Click the drop-down Network arrow and select the Network Type corresponding to the region in which you are using the codec (see <u>ISDN Module Settings</u> for more details).



6. Click the drop-down Line Type arrow and select your preferred option. Ask your Telco whether your ISDN line is Point-to-Point or Point-to-Multipoint. By default select **Point-to-Multipoint**, unless your switch type is an AT&T 5ESS custom point-to-point.


- 7. If you are in the US enter DN and SPID numbers as required, or in other regions enter DN or MSN numbers as required.
- 8. Click **Save** when configuration is complete.

#### Important Notes:

#### Directory Numbers and Multiple Subscriber Numbers

Directory Numbers (DN) in North America and Multiple Subscriber Numbers (MSN) in the rest of the world are simply phone numbers associated with an ISDN B channel, like lines listed in a typical phone directory. Your Telco will normally supply 2 DN/MSN numbers for each pair of B channels. However, these numbers may or may not be associated with a specific B channel.

Often broadcasters prefer to predict which B channel will answer an incoming call to ensure audio routing is consistent. However, if a DN or MSN number is not entered in the codec and multiple B channels are available, the codec may use any channel to answer an incoming call. To ensure calls are routed consistently, enter a DN/MSN number (without the country or area code) as the DN/MSN for a B channel, then only that corresponding B channel will answer an incoming call to that number. Programming DN/ MSN numbers for each B channel allows the codec to ignore calls without matching DN/ MSN numbers. This is the best way to answer calls from codecs in a predictable manner.

#### SPID Numbers in North America

ISDN relies on an initialization procedure for associating Service Profiles with specific terminating equipment (e.g. your audio codec) rather than lines. In the US Telcos assign a Service Profile ID (SPID) number which assists in identifying different ISDN services across the network. Your Telco must provide a SPID for each B channel you order when connecting over US-Nat or US-AT&T networks in the US. A SPID is not required when using the AT&T PTP protocol.

Typically, each ISDN BRI service in the US will have two SPIDs and these must be entered correctly. When you enter a SPID into your codec and connect it to an ISDN line, an initialization and identification process takes place, whereby the terminating equipment (your codec) sends the SPID to the switch. The switch then associates the SPID with a specific Service Profile and directory number.

Note: SPID numbers normally include the phone number and additional prefix or suffix digits up to 20 digits long.

#### 23.3.2 Configuring ISDN Answering

**ISDN Answer Configs** are used to determine how codec ISDN modules will behave when answering ISDN calls.

The following image explains the difference between answering calls from Tieline codecs sending session data, and non-Tieline codecs making sessionless ISDN calls. Codecs sending Tieline Session Data contain all the information required to connect, e.g. algorithm and audio stream routing settings. When answering sessionless calls it is necessary to configure the answering codec with an **ISDN Answer Config**, which tells the answering codec how a sessionless call will try and connect.



It is possible to save up to four different **ISDN Answer Configs**, which allow up to 4 ISDN B channels to be individually configured for unique answering behaviors. ISDN answering can be configured to suit:

- Hardware available in the codec, i.e. the number of B channels available.
- Expected dialing behaviors, e.g. if B channels should bond or not, and whether audio streams need to use **Dial** and **Answer Route** tags.
- The type of call being received by the codec, e.g. Tieline (with Tieline Session Data) versus non-Tieline sessionless calls.
- The algorithm expected when receiving sessionless calls.

Each of the four available **Configs** allows you to select which B channel or channels are used to answer a call or calls from incoming ISDN codecs. A maximum of up to 4 B channels can be selected if 2 ISDN modules are installed in the codec.





**Important Note:** B channels can only be selected once and are greyed out once they have been selected in one of the four ISDN **Configs**.

## Single B Channel Config

To use a single 64kbps B channel for a connection (e.g. a 1 x Mono Peer-to-Peer audio stream):

- 1. Click the Edit button to configure settings.
- 2. Select a B channel from those available and then click Save. Unbonded Only is the default

setting if only one B channel is selected.

Config 1	Config 2	Config 3	Config 4	Default	5
Module 1			Onbonded	l Only	1
B Channe	el 1		Bonded o	r Unbonded	
🔲 B Channe	el 2		Bonded C	nly	
Module 2					- 7
B Channe	el 1		Sessionle	ss Only 🚯	
B Channe	el 2				- 8
	and the second second	- Alexandresia	- and the state of	A mas	1

## Multiple B Channel Bonding Config

A point-to-point audio stream can also bond multiple B channels to create higher bandwidth connections.

- 1. Click the Edit button to configure settings.
- In the following example, two B channels from Module 2 have been selected within Config 2. Note that B Channel 1 in Module 1 has already been selected in Config 1 and is therefore greyed out and unavailable in Config 2.



3. Configure the bonding setting that best suits the audio stream with which this **Config** is associated. **Bonded or Unbonded** is the best setting in most situations.

Bonding Setting	Behavior
Unbonded Only	Unbonded single B Channel
Bonded or Unbonded (May Bond)	Calls using the same algorithm from the same Tieline codec, or sessionless calls, will attempt to bond when received. Calls using incompatible algorithms will not be bonded
Bonded Only	Will only bond compatible algorithms. This mode will reject incompatible calls which cannot be bonded, e.g. G.711 and G.722

3. Click **Save** to apply changes to the **Config**.

#### **Dial and Answer Route Settings in Programs**

**Dial Route** and **Answer Route** tags allow you to associate a B channel (or channels) in a **Config** with a particular incoming audio stream from either Tieline or non-Tieline codecs. This is not necessary in simple point-to-point ISDN audio stream configurations, however it is very useful in multiple audio stream codecs using multiple B channels. When dialing Tieline to Tieline over ISDN using the Merlin or Genie family of codecs, you can configure a **Dial Route** in the dialing codec's

program and a corresponding **Answer Route** in the answering codec's program. This will ensure a particular audio stream is routed between two codecs consistently.



In principle, the concept of 'routes' operates similarly to how audio ports are used to route multiple audio streams over IP. Selecting different IP audio port numbers allows users to define which incoming IP audio stream is routed to a specific answering audio stream configuration on the codec. This ensures inbound calls from multiple codecs can be consistently routed to the same answering codec audio streams, and therefore the same inputs and outputs. Following is an example of how to consistently route incoming ISDN audio streams using dial and answer routes.



#### Answer Routes for Non-Tieline (Sessionless) ISDN Calls

In some situations you may receive a call from a non-Tieline codec which doesn't support session data and **Dial Route** tags. In this situation you can still specify the audio stream **Route** on the answering codec using **Config 1-4** in **ISDN Answer**. You can also select the default algorithm.

For example, if a call from a non-Tieline codec is being received via **B Channel 1** on **Module 1** (i.e. no **Dial Route** has been specified in the dialing codec):

- 1. Click the Edit button to configure settings.
- Select a Route for this B channel in one of the four Configs within ISDN Answer, e.g. Route1, then select the default Encoding algorithm to use when connecting (default setting is G.722).

Non-Tieline Codecs           None           Route 1           Route 2           Route 3	<ul> <li>Route 4</li> <li>Route 5</li> <li>Route 6</li> </ul>	Encoding	G.722	
- Marine and	Save		-	

- 3. Click Save when configuration is complete to store the new Config settings.
- 4. This will associate the incoming call with a corresponding **Answer Route** configured in the answering codec program, e.g. **Answer Route 1**.

This audio stream is named Audio S	Stream 1
The connections associated with thi	is audio stream will allow this codec to:
O Dial or answer	
O Dial only	
Answer only	
Answer Route: Route 1	

More detailed information about how to configure the codec to answer and route multiple sessionless ISDN calls is available in <u>Using ISDN Answer Routes for Sessionless ISDN Calls</u>. This uses examples to explain how to set up consistent deterministic routing of multiple incoming sessionless calls.

#### Answering both Tieline Session and Sessionless ISDN Calls

Leave the **Sessionless Only** check-box in the **ISDN Answering Config** unchecked if the codec is expected to receive ISDN calls from Tieline codecs, or both Tieline and non-Tieline codecs (i.e. you are not sure which type of codec may call). In this mode, when the codec answers a call it initially expects to receive Tieline session data from the dialing codec and configure its own algorithm settings according to that. If it fails to receive Tieline session data within 5 seconds (i.e. a non-Tieline codec is calling, or a Tieline codec with session data disabled), it will use the settings in the **ISDN Answering Config** instead.

The following image displays how the answering codec will behave in this mode when receiving calls from both Tieline and non-Tieline codecs.



#### Allow Answering of Sessionless ISDN Calls Only

Select **Sessionless Only** when answering ISDN calls from non-Tieline codecs only. When **Sessionless Only** is selected, the codec will not wait to receive the Tieline session data. This reduces the time taken to answer an inbound sessionless call.

The following image displays how the answering codec will respond with **Sessionless Only** selected, i.e. calls from both Tieline and non-Tieline codecs are always regarded as sessionless.



#### Answering Multiple ISDN Calls from Tieline and non-Tieline Codecs

Tieline codecs capable of answering multiple incoming audio streams can be configured to answer both Tieline session data and sessionless ISDN calls at different times. They can also support connections using other transports such as IP or POTS. The following example shows how a Tieline codec can be configured to answer up to 4 separate mono ISDN calls at different times from both Tieline and non-Tieline codecs, as well as two mono IP audio streams.



#### **Default Answering Settings**

When a B channel is not associated with a Config it inherits the following default settings:

- Tieline Session
- Unbonded
- · G.722 algorithm
- Audio route: None

# 23.4 Configuring POTS

Two slots are available for inserting optional POTS modules into the codec. These can be configured using the codec front panel or the HTML5 Toolbox Web-GUI. See <u>About POTS Modules</u> for additional information on POTS.

You can use the Java Toolbox Web-GUI to configure a dial and/or answer program with POTS settings. You may also need to:

- 1. Configure POTS module settings.
- 2. Configure POTS Answering settings.

## 23.4.1 Configuring POTS Modules

POTS settings in the **Modules panel** menu determine how your codec will connect at a particular site. You can copy similar programs between codecs installed at different locations and also configure site-specific settings for how each module should connect. The default **Config** settings for POTS modules are designed to suit Tieline codecs. These settings will need to be adjusted to connect to non-Tieline POTS codecs or connect in **Analog Phone** mode.

## **Configuring POTS G5 Modules**

1. Open the HTML5 Toolbox Web-GUI and click **Modules** to view and configure POTS site settings.

Modules		×	
Module 1	Nodule 2		
Status Ready			
Туре	POTS		
Ountry	United States		
Answer Mode	POTS Codec	-	
Max Bitrate	28800	-	
Dialing Method	Tone	-	
Dial Tone Detect	Wait for Dial Tone	-	
Monitor Modem	Enabled	-	
Ione			
	Edit		



**Important Notes:** The POTS module **Status** is displayed in the **Modules panel**. **No Phone Line** is displayed when a cable is detached; **Ready** is displayed when a cable is attached and the line voltage is good.

- 2. Click to select Module 1 or Module 2.
- 3. Click the Edit button to configure settings.
- 4. Click the drop down arrow to adjust the **Answer Mode** and select how the module in the codec will be able to answer incoming POTS calls. Options include:
  - POTS Codec: allows the POTS G5 module to receive incoming audio data over a POTS line.
  - Analog Phone: configures the POTS G5 module to receive a standard analog phone call.
  - **Disabled:** disables the POTS G5 module from receiving a **POTS Codec** or **Analog Phone** call.



Calls are answered based on the **POTS Answer settings** in **Config 1 & 2**. Adjustments to these **Config** settings are not normally necessary when connecting between Tieline codecs. They are usually adjusted when connecting to non-Tieline codecs over POTS (see <u>Configuring</u> <u>POTS Answering</u> for more info).

5. Click the Max Bitrate drop-down arrow to adjust the maximum bit rate (dialing and answering). The default setting is 28800 (28.8kbps) and this only affects POTS Codec calls. The range of the setting is 9.6kbps to 33.6kbps. Even if the line is capable of establishing a connection at a higher bit rate, the Max Bitrate setting is the highest bit rate that will be attempted. Reducing this value can improve connection reliability on poor quality lines. If two codecs are not configured with the same setting, they will attempt to connect at the lowest of the two Max Bit rate settings.



**(i)** 

**Important Note:** G5 POTS modems initially attempt to establish a link at the lowest **Max Bitrate** setting configured in the two modules being connected. If the POTS line doesn't support this bit rate, the modems will attempt to connect at the highest possible bit rate to suit the prevailing line quality at each end of the link.

6. Click the drop-down arrow for **Dialing Method** to select **Tone** (DTMF) or **Pulse** dialing over POTS Codec connections. Tone dialing is used always when the **Answer Mode** is **Analog Phone**.



- 7. Click the drop-down arrow for Dial Tone Detect to select either:
  - Wait for Dial Tone: The module will only be allowed to dial when a dial tone is present on the line.

• Blind Dialing: Allows the module to dial when no dial tone is present.



8. Click the drop-down arrow for **Monitor Modem Tone** to select either **Enabled** or **Disabled**.



When enabled the module will allow audio monitoring of modem tones during connection in **POTS Codec** mode via the phone input. By default, the following phone input monitoring rules apply when multiple POTS G5 modules are installed in a codec and multiple POTS connections are dialed.

Module 1	Module 2	Audio Rule
POTS Codec	POTS Codec	The phone input receives a mix of modem tone
(Monitor Modem Tone)	(Monitor Modem Tone)	audio from both modules
POTS Codec	Analog Phone	The phone input receives analog phone input
(Monitor Modem Tone)		audio only and mutes modem tone monitoring
Analog Phone	Analog Phone	The phone input receives audio from the oldest
		active connection only

#### Important Notes:

- Modem tone monitoring will work even if Phone Input Enable is Off via Settings > Audio > Phone Input > Phone Input Enable [Off].
- Modem tone monitoring is only enabled during the initial connection training and negotiation period in **POTS Codec** mode.
- The monitoring volume can be adjusted using the codec front panel via Settings > Audio > Phone Input > Level, or by opening the Inputs panel in the Web-GUI and adjusting the Phone input volume slider.
- Country displays the current country setting in the codec. To adjust this setting select Settings > System > Country.

10.Click **Save** when configuration is complete.

## 23.4.2 Configuring POTS Answering

It is possible to store a different **POTS Answer Config** for each POTS module installed in the codec. POTS answering can be configured to suit:

- The type of call being made, e.g. Tieline (with Tieline Session Data) versus non-Tieline (Sessionless).
- Expected dialing behaviors and encoding, e.g. whether audio streams use **Route** tags and which algorithm is used.

If you answer a call from a non-Tieline codec you will need to create an answering "Config" to determine which module in the codec will answer the call and the settings used when connecting.

**Important Notes:** 

1

- POTS Answer Config settings are applied to POTS Codec connections and not Analog Phone connections.
- When receiving a call from a Tieline codec with session data enabled (i.e. not **Sessionless**), the algorithm setting from the dialing codec overrides the setting in the **POTS Answer Config** menu.

## **POTS Config Settings**

The default **POTS Answer** module **Config** settings, which can be viewed in the **POTS Answer panel** are:

- Tieline Codecs Session Data,
- The **Other** algorithm.

This configuration will accept the settings from an incoming Tieline codec when it dials with session data enabled. It will also allow the codec to answer a call from a Comrex POTS codec supporting the **Other** algorithm setting.

POTS Answer	×			
Config 1 Co	onfig 2			
✓ Module 1				
Sessionless Only				
Non-Tieline Codeo	S			
Encoding	Other -			
None				
Route 1	Route 4			
Route 2	Route 5			
Route 3	Route 6			
	Edit			

## Answering Calls from Non-Tieline POTS Codecs

- 1. Click the Edit button to configure settings.
- Select the Sessionless Only check-box when only non-Tieline codecs are dialing a Tieline codec over POTS. This allows you to choose the default encoding setting and Route the incoming call to a nominated audio stream via a corresponding Answer Route in the answering codec program if required.



3. Click Save to apply changes to the Config.

**Important Note:** Select **Other** in the **Encoding** drop-down menu when connecting to Comrex® Vector, Matrix® and BlueBox® codecs. On the Comrex codec select its "Music" algorithm. Please note that 9.6kbps connections are not supported by the Comrex codecs.

#### **Dial and Answer Route Settings in Programs**

**Dial Route** and **Answer Route** tags allow you to associate a POTS **Config** with a particular incoming audio stream from either Tieline or non-Tieline codecs.



In principle, this operates similarly to how audio ports are used to route multiple audio streams over IP. Selecting different IP audio port numbers allows users to define which incoming IP audio stream is routed to a specific answering audio stream configuration on the codec. This ensures inbound calls from multiple codecs can be consistently routed to the same answering audio streams, and therefore the same inputs and outputs.

This is not necessary in simple point-to-point POTS audio stream configurations, however it is very useful in multiple audio stream codecs which support POTS connections. When dialing Tieline to Tieline over POTS using the Merlin or Genie family of codecs, you can configure a **Dial Route** in the dialing codec's program and a corresponding **Answer Route** in the answering codec's program. This will ensure a particular audio stream is routed between two codecs consistently.



#### **Answer Routes for Non-Tieline POTS Codecs**

In some situations you may receive a call from a non-Tieline POTS codec which doesn't support

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**Dial Route** tags. In this situation you can still specify the audio stream **Route** on the answering codec using **Config 1 or 2** in **POTS Answer**. You can also select the default algorithm.

For example, if a call from a non-Tieline codec is received via POTS **Module 1** (i.e. no **Dial Route** has been specified in the dialing codec):

- 1. Click the Edit button to configure settings.
- Select an answering Route for this POTS module in one of the two Configs available in the POTS Answer panel, e.g. Route1, then select the default Encoding algorithm Other (Note: Other is used for connecting to Comrex POTS codecs).

Non-Tieline Code	25	
Encoding	Other	•
O None		
Route 1	Route 4	
Route 2	Route 5	$\sim$
Route 3	Route 6	
	Save	5
And and a second second second	and the second second	

- 3. Click Save Settings to store the new Config settings.
- 4. This will associate the incoming call with a corresponding **Answer Route** configured in the answering codec program, e.g. **Answer Route 1**.

This audio stream is nam	ed Audio Stream 1	
The connections associa	ted with this audio stream will allow this codec to:	
O Dial or answer		۲ ۲
O Dial only		(
Answer only		
Answer Route: Route 1		K

# 23.5 Configuring Codec Input/Output Settings

Open the HTML5 Toolbox Web-GUI and click **Inputs** to display the **Inputs panel**.

**Important Note:** 15 volt phantom power can only be supplied on the Auxiliary input; this is disabled by default.

## **Configuring Input Channel Settings**

### **Renaming Input Channels:**

- 1. Click the Input Settings 🗡 symbol on the input you want to rename.
- 2. Click in the Name text box to enter a new name, or edit an existing name.

WNet Pa	ir 1
Name	WNet Pair 1
Туре	WNet 1
IGC	Auto 🔻
	Save

3. Click Save to confirm the name change.

#### **Selecting Analog and Digital Audio Sources:**

Codec inputs are configured for analog line level audio sources by default.

- 1. Click the Input Settings *F* symbol.
- 2. Select Type and click to select either Analog or WNet.

WNet Pa	iir 1
Name	WNet Pair 1
Туре	WNet 1
IGC	Analog
	WNet 1
	Save
	Press Production of Streeman

3. When you select **WNet**, the display changes to reflect 100% input levels; input level and input on/off controls are unable to be adjusted.



Important Note: Input levels can only be adjusted on analog inputs.

#### Setting Analog Audio Levels

Audio levels on the **Input panel** should be set to ensure audio peaks average at the first yellow indications on the PPM meters, which represents +4dBu. These levels should also be checked against the **Input PPM Meters** on the **Master panel**.

#### **Other Input Controls**





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additional noise in program audio.

# 23.6 Configure SIP Settings

The codec is fully EBU N/ACIP Tech 3326 compliant when connecting using SIP (Session Initiation Protocol) to other brands of IP codecs.

## **About SIP**

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SIP provides superior interoperability between different brands of codecs due to its standardized protocols for connecting devices and is intended to be used when connecting Tieline codecs to non-Tieline devices. Devices primarily use SIP to dial another device's SIP address and find its location with a minimum of fuss. This task is usually performed by SIP servers, which communicate between SIP-compliant devices to set up a call.

When connecting two devices, SDP performs similar tasks to Tieline's proprietary session data, which is used to configure all non-SIP IP connections. There are two very distinct parts to a call when dialing over IP. The initial stage is the call setup stage and this is what SIP is used for. The second stage is when data transference occurs and this is left to the other protocols used by a device (i.e. using UDP to send audio data).

All the mandatory EBU N/ACIP 3326 algorithms are supported (G.711, G.722, MPEG-1 Layer 2 and 16 bit PCM), as well as optional algorithms including LC- AAC, HE-AAC and aptX Enhanced. The default algorithm selected when connecting using SIP is G.711.



#### **Important Notes:**

- Each codec should be registered to a different SIP server account to avoid connection conflicts.
- SIP account registration can only be configured via Ethernet port 1.
- SIP dialing is only supported over point-to-point connections, not multi-unicast connections.
- Tieline G3 codecs do not support connections using AAC and will default to MPEG Layer 2 if an incoming call is programmed to use this algorithm.
- Failover and SmartStream PLUS redundant streaming are not available with SIP connections.
- When connecting to a Tieline G3 codec using SIP you need to manually select the G3 audio reference level in the codec. To do this select SETTINGS > Audio > Ref Level > Tieline G3. In addition, select the following on the G3 codec prior to dialing.
  - Select either a mono or stereo profile
  - Select [Menu] > [Configuration] > [IP1 Setup] > [Session Type] > [SIP]
  - Select [Menu] > [Configuration] > [IP1 Setup] > [Algorithm] > [G711/G722 or MP2]

#### SIP Server Connections: Getting Started

Registering codecs for SIP connectivity is simple. First, choose the SIP server that you wish to register your codec with. On a LAN this may be your own server, or it could be one of the many internet servers available. We recommend that you use your own SIP server and configure it to use G.711, G.722, MP2 and AAC algorithms. This is because most internet SIP servers are for VoIP phones and are only configured for G.711 and GSM algorithms.

When you register an account with a SIP server you will be provided with:

- The SIP server IP address.
- A username (often the same as a SIP number).

- A password.
- Domain details.
- Realm details (sometimes).

## Configure the Codec for SIP using the Web-GUI

Use the HTML5 Toolbox Web-GUI to configure SIP account registration details in your codec. Once these details have been entered into the codec, each time it is connected to a public IP address it will contact the SIP server automatically to acknowledge its presence over a wide area network.

- 1. Connect your codec to a LAN connection with a public IP address, then login to the HTML5 Toolbox Web-GUI.
- 2. Click Settings at the top of the screen and then click SIP to display the SIP panel.



- 3. Click the Edit button to configure settings.
- 4. Enter the account details into the relevant text boxes.
- 5. Enter the **Registration Timeout** (this shouldn't need to be adjusted from the default setting).
- 6. Click to select the **Activate Account** check-box and click **Save** to create the account in the codec.

SIP	×	
Session Port:	5060	
SIP Server:	sip.iptel.org	
Port:	5060	
Username:	TielineTest3	
Password:	•••••	
Domain:	iptel.org	
Realm:		
Reg. Timeout:	3600	
Activate account		
Edit		

7. Navigate to SETTINGS -> SIP > Accounts to verify that the account has been

registered to the SIP server. The registration symbol variable appears when it is activated successfully.



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Important Notes: Some ISPs may block SIP traffic over UDP port 5060.

# 23.7 Load, Unload and Dial a Program

To load and dial a program it is necessary to open the **Program Loader panel** and **Connections panel**. Use the **Program Loader panel** to load a program and then manage connecting and disconnecting using the **Connections panel**.



**Important Notes:** The HTML5 Toolbox Web-GUI currently does not support the creation of new programs. Use the <u>Java Toolbox Web-GUI</u> to create a new program.

## Loading a New Program

- 1. Open the HTML5 Toolbox Web-GUI and click **Master** and then click **Program Loader** to open the **Program Loader panel**.
- 2. Click to select a program in the **Program Loader panel** and then click **Load** to load the program in the codec.

Program Loader		×
LA Studio 2		
NYC Studio 1	4 b	
	Load	

Note: the currently loaded program has the check-box symbol displayed next to its name.



## **Connecting a Program**

To connect audio streams and connections within an existing program there are three options:

1. Click the program **Connect/Disconnect** symbol and then click **Connect**; this connects all active audio streams and connections associated with the program.



2. Click the audio stream **Connect/Disconnect** symbol and then click **Connect**; this connects all connections associated with this audio stream.

Conne	ections	1
٩.	NYC Studio 1	1
5	Stream/Cxn	
<b>S</b>	<ul> <li>Audio Stream 1</li> </ul>	- 💎
	See Cure 1	
Conne	ect 👆	1
		Í
1		5

3. Click the connection **Connect/Disconnect** symbol and then click **Connect**; this connects an individual audio stream connection.

Conne	ections	1
S.	NYC Studio 1	3
	Stream/Cxn	1
٩.	<ul> <li>Audio Stream 1</li> </ul>	-5
	✓ Cxn 1	5
		2
Conne	ect 🖑	$\mathbf{X}$
		$\mathbf{Z}$
	and a second second	

#### **Disconnect a Program**

To disconnect audio streams and connections within an existing program there are three options:

1. Click the program **Connect/Disconnect** symbol and then click **Disconnect** to disconnect a program; this includes all audio streams and connections associated with the program.



2. Click the audio stream **Connect/Disconnect S** symbol and then click **Disconnect** to disconnect an individual audio stream and all associated connections.



3. Click the connection **Connect/Disconnect** symbol to disconnect an individual audio stream connection.



#### Unloading a Program

1. Click to select the loaded program in the **Program Loader panel** and then click **Unload** to unload the program in the codec.

Program Loader	×
LA Studio 2	
NYC Studio 1	C
Unloads	

# 23.8 Reset Factory Default Settings

There are several options which allow you to restore factory default settings within the codec. See <u>Reset and Restore Factory Defaults</u> for more details on each option.

1. Open the HTML5 Toolbox Web-GUI and click **Settings** at the top of the screen, then click **Reset** to display the **Reset panel**.



2. Click one of the available reset options to adjust codec settings, or reboot the codec. Note: Hover with the mouse pointer over the **Information (B** symbol to view a tool-tip for each reset option..

Click to re configuration saved co	estore the codec n from a previously onfiguration file.	×
	<ul> <li>Restore</li> <li>Reset Audio and Connect Settings</li> <li>Restore Factory Defaults</li> <li>Delete Programs &amp; Call History</li> <li>Clear Codec Log</li> <li>Reboot Codec</li> </ul>	

4. A confirmation dialog appears for each option; click Yes to proceed.

Re	set	×
0	Please confirm	
0 0 0	Are you sure you want to restore factory default settings,	L
1 Ret	excluding user defined programs and call history? This will reboot the codec.	L
	Yes	L

# **23.9 Backup and Restore Functions**

The HTML5 Toolbox Web-GUI can be used to backup and restore codec settings, including:

- Programs containing a variety of connection settings.
- All system settings that have been adjusted to change the factory default codec settings (current runtime settings).

Files can also be used to copy configurations onto other similar codecs. Programs are essentially connection profiles that may include:

- Program, audio stream and connection names.
- IP address, port, algorithm, jitter buffer, FEC and bit rate settings (etc.) for audio stream connections.

## **Creating Backup Files**

1. Open the HTML5 Toolbox Web-GUI and click **Settings** at the top of the screen, then click **Reset** to display the **Reset panel**.

Reset	×
<ol> <li>Backup</li> <li>Restore</li> <li>Reset Audio and Connect Settings</li> <li>Restore Factory Defaults</li> <li>Delete Programs &amp; Call History</li> <li>Clear Codec Log</li> <li>Reboot Codec</li> </ol>	

- 2. Click Backup.
- 3. Click to select the check-boxes to confirm your backup requirements, then click Backup.

Reset		×
6 <u>Bac</u> 6 Res	Select the items to backup	
<ul><li>Res</li><li>Res</li><li>Deli</li></ul>	<ul><li>✓ Include programs</li><li>✓ Include system</li></ul>	
Clea Reboot	Backup	

4. Select a location on your PC to save the configuration file. Note: You may need to "allow" your browser to display the pop-up dialog.

## **Restoring Configuration File Settings**

- 1. Open the HTML5 Toolbox Web-GUI and click **Settings** at the top of the screen, then click **Reset** to display the **Reset panel**.
- 2. Click Restore.
- 3. Click to select the check-boxes and confirm your restore settings. For example, you could select the **Include programs** check-box and deselect the **Include system** check-box if you are only copying programs onto codecs.

Reset	×	
<ul> <li>Bac</li> <li>Res</li> <li>Res</li> <li>Res</li> <li>Delé</li> <li>Clea</li> <li>Reboot</li> </ul>	Select the items to restore  Select the items to restore  Include programs Include system Restoring system settings will reboot the codec.  Restore	

4. Click **Restore** and select the .tgz file you want to load onto the codec. A **Success** dialog confirms the files are restored.



Note: The codec will automatically reboot if you restore system settings.

## 23.10 Lock or Unlock Programs

It is possible to lock a loaded custom program in a codec to ensure the currently loaded program type, e.g. mono, cannot be unloaded by a codec dialing in with a different program type, e.g. stereo. For example, if you require the codec at the studio to always connect in mono, simply load and lock a mono program in the codec. Generally programs will be up or down-mixed by the answering codec to match the loaded program type. In some situations incompatible program types will be rejected.

- 1. Open the HTML5 Toolbox Web-GUI and click **Settings** at the top of the screen, then click **Options** to display the **Options panel**.
- 2. Click the Edit button to configure settings.
- Click the Lock Loaded User Program check-box to lock or unlock a user program in the codec.

Options				×
Tieline Session Session Port: Alt. Session Port:	9002 9012	RS232 Baud rate: Enab	9600	•
Programs Lock	Loaded User Program	QOS DSCP:	20	
SNMP		Miscellaneous Country	Australia	•
Codec Location		AES Output	Fixed 48 kHz	•
R/O Community	public	Clock		_
R/W Community	tielineRW			
		Save		

4. Click Save to store the new configuration.

#### Important Note:

• A black **Padlock** symbol appears next to the program name in the **Connections panel** and in the **Program Loader panel**, to indicate a program is locked in the

codec.

- It is only possible to lock custom programs in a codec.
- If Lock Program is enabled and you load a new custom program in the codec, Lock Program remains enabled and locks the most recently loaded custom program.

# 23.11 Configuring SNMP in the Codec

The codec supports Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP) for managing devices on IP networks. There are two elements to configuring SNMP in your codec:

- 1. Configure SNMP Device settings in your codec.
- 2. Configure SNMP Traps via the **Alarms Panel** in the Web-GUI (see <u>SNMP Trap Configuration</u> in Configuring Alarms, or to configure using the codec front panel see <u>Configuring SNMP Settings</u>).

## **Description of SNMP Settings in the Codec**

Features	Operation Button Descriptions	
Codec Name	A user-specified alphanumeric identifier which may be used by third- party SNMP software to identify a device. The device name corresponds to the ".iso.org.dod.internet.mgmt.mib- 2.system.sysName" SNMP attribute and is completely independent of DNS, NIS, WINS or other device naming and identification schemes, though convention is to use the device's fully-qualified domain name.	
Codec Location	A user-specified alphanumeric string which may be used by third- party SNMP software to identify a device. Device location corresponds to the ".iso.org.dod.internet.mgmt.mib- 2.system.sysLocation" SNMP attribute.	
Contact	A text identifier for the contact person for this managed node, together with information on how to contact this person.	
R/O Community	SNMP provides two types of access, namely Read-Only access and Read-Write access. The R/O Community identifier allows Read Only level access.	
R/W Community	The R/W Community identifier allows Read/Write level access.	

## **Configuring SNMP Settings in the Codec**

- 1. Open the HTML5 Toolbox Web-GUI and click **Settings** at the top of the screen, then click **Options** to display the **Options panel**.
- 2. Click the Edit button to configure settings.
- 3. Click in the text boxes to enter SNMP configuration settings.

Options		5
Tieline Session Session Port: Alt. Session Port: Programs	9002 9012	RS232
SNMP Contact	Loaded User Program	Miscen
Codec Location R/O Community R/W Community	public tielineRW	
		Save

4. Click **Save** to store the new configuration.

## **MIB Files for SNMP Configuration**

Management Information Base (MIB) files are required for SNMP applications to interact with your Tieline codec and interpret SNMP data. The codec supports SNMPv1 and SNMPv2 MIB protocols. The required MIB files can be downloaded from the codec using the following link in a PC web browser connected to the same network as your codec:

http://<YOUR_CODEC_ADDRESS>/mibs/tieline-mibs.zip

Save the .zip file to your PC and import the contents into the MIB browser you use to manage SNMP-enabled network devices.



**Important Note:** The codec supports the attributes specified in the MIB-II standard. Please verify that your SNMP software contains the required files as specified in <u>RFC</u> 1213.

# 23.12 Download Logs

The codec is capable of providing diagnostic information via user logs, which can either be sent to Tieline support, or downloaded for user diagnostics.

#### **Procedure for Sending Logs to Tieline**

- 1. Open the HTML5 Toolbox Web-GUI and click **Settings** in the **Menu Bar**, then click **Help** to display the **Help panel**.
- 2. Click Download Logs.

Resources	×
View the Merlin user manual Visit the Tieline Support website	
Email Tieline Support	
Download Event Log	

3. Save the file to your computer and then send it as a .zip file to Tieline support via support@tieline.com

#### **Download Event Logs**

Event logs can be downloaded from the codec and viewed in your browser.

- 1. Open the HTML5 Toolbox Web-GUI and click **Settings** in the **Menu Bar**, then click **Help** to display the **Help panel**.
- 2. Click **Download Event Log** to view the log in a new web-browser window.

Resources	×
View the Merlin user manual	
Email Tieline Support	
Download Event Log Download Logs	

## **Clearing Logs**

This option should only be used if instructed to by Tieline support staff. To clear all event and other logs in the codec via the front panel, see the <u>Reset and Restore Factory Default Settings</u> section of this manual, or see <u>Reset Factory Default Settings</u> to clear recent log history using the Web-GUI.

# 23.13 Configuring Alarms

Open the HTML5 Toolbox Web-GUI and click **Alarms** to open and view panels used to configure and monitor a range of alarms.



## **Configure and Enable Alarms**

1. Open the HTML5 Toolbox Web-GUI and click **Alarms**, then click **Configure alarms** to open the panel.

Configure alarms		×
PSU Failure	Alarm Severity Critical 💌	
Chassis Fan Failure	✓ Enabled	
Temperature Too High	Edit	
Input Silence	•	
AFOL III I		

- 2. Click to select an alarm from the list on the left side of the panel.
- 3. Click Edit to configure alarm settings.
- 4. Click the **Enabled** check-box to activate the alarm and then select an Alarm Severity level from the drop-down menu.



3. Click Save to store the new settings.

Note: The following **System** and **Audio** alarms are available:

Alarm	Alarm Type	Explanation
PSU Failure	System	Raises an alarm if one or both PSUs fail
Chassis Fan Failure	System	Raises an alarm if the internal fan fails
Temperature Too High	System	Raises an alarm if the temperature is too high
Input Silence	Audio	Raises an alarm if input audio is lost (according to preconfigured silence detection threshold parameters)
AES Input Lost	Audio	Raises an alarm if the AES input signal is lost (not available in WheatNet-IP capable codecs)
AES Reference Lost	Audio	Raises an alarm if the AES reference clock signal is lost (not available in WheatNet-IP capable codecs)

## **Configuring an Alarm's Severity Level**

Codec alarms can be configured for three different severity levels:

1. Click to select an alarm from those displayed in the **Configure alarms** panel.

Configure alarms		×
PSU Failure 🖑	Alarm Severity Critical 🔻	
Chassis Fan Failure	Inabled	
Temperature Too High	Edit	
Input Silence		
AE01		

- 2. Click Edit to configure alarm settings.
- 3. Click the Alarm Severity drop-down menu and select the preferred severity level.



4. Click **Save** to store the new settings for the selected alarm.

#### **Configuring Alarm Dissemination Severity Alerts**

Alerts for each alarm severity level are configured using the Alarm Dissemination panel.

1. Open the HTML5 Toolbox Web-GUI and click **Alarms**, then click **Alarm Dissemination** to open the panel..

2. Click to highlight the Alarm Severity level you want to configure.

Alarm Diss	semination	×
Severity	Front panel alarm & Too	olbox
Critical	Relay: None	-
Major	Send SNMP trap:	_
Minor	0	)
	Edit	

- 3. Click Edit to configure notification settings.
- 4. Click Save to store the new settings.

#### **SNMP Trap Configuration**

Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP) is a protocol used to manage devices on IP networks. SNMP provides the ability to send traps (notifications or alerts), which are packets containing data relating to a system component. These packets are generated by agents on a managed device and may be either statistic or status related. Please see your system administrator if you require more information.

1. Click to select the Send SNMP trap check-box.

<b>V</b>	Send SNMP trap: 🧉
0	
	Save

2. Enter the SNMP trap target in the text box, then click Save to store the new settings.

## **Configuring Input Silence Detection Parameters**

When configuring an **Input Silence** alarm it is also necessary to configure the audio silence thresholds and timeout duration.

1. Click Input Silence to select the alarm.

Configure alarms		×
PSU Failure	Alarm Severity	Major
Chassis Ean Eailure	Duration (s):	30
	Input 1 (dBFS):	-48 🔻 Enabled
Temperature Too High	Input 2 (dBFS):	-48 - Enabled
Input Silence 🖑	•	Edit
AFOL		

- 2. Click Edit to configure alarm settings.
- 3. Configure the dBFS threshold and timeout duration in seconds and ensure the input **Enabled** check-boxes are selected. An alarm will be raised when these thresholds are breached.

Alarm Severity	Major	• 5
Duration (s):	30	E <
Input 1 (dBFS):	-48	<ul> <li>Enabled</li> </ul>
Input 2 (dBFS):	-48	<ul> <li>Enabled</li> </ul>
	Save	s and

4. Click Save to store the new input silence alarm settings.

## 23.13.1 Managing Alarms

Open the HTML5 Toolbox Web-GUI and click **Alarms**, then click **Current Alarms** to view active alarms.

Severity	Time 🔨	State	Туре	Asset
Лаjor	2010-04-25T22:56:21	Active	AES Input Lost	AES Inputs: 1,2
,				,,-

#### **Viewing Current Alarms**

Active alarms are indicated by:

1. The red Alarm Symbol flashing in the toolbar of the HTML5 Toolbox Web-GUI screen.

Master 🗸 Inputs Rules Alarms 🗸 Settings 🗸 Help 🗸 Theme 🛪 📑 Language 🗸	Master 👻	Inputs	Rules	Alarms 🗣	Settings 👻	Help 👻	Theme 🗸	📕 Language 🗸
-----------------------------------------------------------------------	----------	--------	-------	----------	------------	--------	---------	--------------

- 2. All new alarms being listed in the Current Alarms panel.
- 3. Other alerts as per Alarm Dissemination panel settings.
- 4. The codec front panel ALARM LED flashing red.



**Important Note:** When a connection is active the front panel **CONNECTED LED** is illuminated solid green. Illumination will ceases if a connection is lost.

#### **Acknowledging Alarms**

To acknowledge an alarm in the Current Alarms panel:

1. Click to select the alarm in the Current Alarms panel.

Current Alar	ms			
Severity	Time 🔨	State	Туре	Asset
Major	2010-04-25T23:47:28	Active	AES Input Lost	AES Inputs: 1,2
	Ackno	wledge select	ed alarm	

#### 2. Click Acknowledge selected alarm.

After acknowledging the alarm:

- 1. The State will change from Active to Acknowledged.
- The red Alarm Symbol will stop flashing but remain visible in the toolbar of the HTML5 Toolbox Web-GUI screen.
- 3. The codec front panel ALARM LED will stop flashing and illuminate solid red.
- 4. The state of other alerts may change, as per Alarm Dissemination panel settings.

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Alarm State	Front Panel Alarm LED	Web-GUI Alarm Symbol
Active	Flashing red	Flashing
Acknowledged	Solid red	Stops flashing, remains solid red

## **Deactivating Alarms**

An alarm is deactivated automatically when the alarm state is reversed. E.g. if power is restored after a **PSU Failure** alarm, or if audio is restored after an **Input Silence** alarm.

#### **Deactivating Input Silence Alarms**

An **Input Silence** alarm is activated when the configured audio and duration thresholds have been breached. To recover from this alarm state the codec must detect input audio higher than the failure threshold. When audio at this level is detected, the codec monitors input audio to ensure it doesn't drop below the recovery threshold setting more than 5 times within the nominated **Input Silence** duration time. The alarm is then deactivated automatically.

### **Alarm History**

1. Open the HTML5 Toolbox Web-GUI and click **Alarms**, then click **Alarm History** to display a record of all system alarms which have been raised.

Severity     Time raised ▲     Time cleared     Type     Asset       Major     2010-04-25T22:56:21     2010-04-25T23:41:34     AES Input Lost     AES Inputs: 1,2       Critical     2010-04-25T23:42:05     2010-04-25T23:42:10     PSUL Eailure     Power Supply: 2	Alarm Hist	ory			
Major         2010-04-25T22:56:21         2010-04-25T23:41:34         AES Input Lost         AES Inputs: 1,2           Critical         2010-04-25T23:42:05         2010-04-25T23:42:10         PSI L Failure         Power Supply: 2	Severity	Time raised ٨	Time cleared	Туре	Asset
Critical 2010-04-25T23:42:05 2010-04-25T23:42:10 PSULEailure Power Supply: 2	Major	2010-04-25T22:56:21	2010-04-25T23:41:34	AES Input Lost	AES Inputs: 1,2
Condical 2010-04-20120.42.00 2010-04-20120.42.10 1 00 1 and e Power Supply. 2	Critical	2010-04-25T23:42:05	2010-04-25T23:42:10	PSU Failure	Power Supply: 2
			Purge alarm history		

Click the Purge alarm history button to clear all alarms from the Alarm History panel.

# 23.14 RS232 Data Configuration

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The codec supports both in-band and out-of-band data depending on the connection transport and algorithm you are using. RPTP data is automatically enabled when using the Tieline Music or MusicPLUS algorithms over any transport. Over IP it is also possible to enable synchronized out-of-band data using any algorithm.

Algorithm Selected	IP	ISDN and POTS
Tieline Music and MusicPLUS	<ul> <li>In-band RPTP data enabled automatically</li> <li>Synchronized out-of-band data can be enabled and disabled</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>In-band RPTP data enabled automatically</li> </ul>
All other algorithms	<ul> <li>Synchronized out-of-band data can be enabled and disabled</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>No in-band or out-of-band data available</li> </ul>

The codec can be connected to external devices and send RS232-compatible data via the serial port on the rear panel of the codec. To enable RS232 data within a connection, select **Enable Auxiliary Data** when creating a program in the **Programs panel** wizard. Alternatively, select using the codec **Setup** menu (see <u>Enabling RS232 Data</u>).

## Setting RS232 Data Rates and Flow Control

- 1. Open the HTML5 Toolbox Web-GUI and click **Settings** in the **Menu Bar**, then click **Options** to display the **Options panel**.
- 2. Click the Edit button to configure settings.
- 3. Click the **Baud rate** drop-down menu arrow to select the serial port baud rate which matches the baud rate of the external device connected to the RS232 port on the codec.
- 4. Click to select the **Enable flow control** check box and enable flow control, then click **Save** to store the new settings.





#### Important Notes:

- When connecting to G3 codecs over IP, ISDN or POTS only in-band data is available via the Music and MusicPLUS algorithms.
- Use firmware higher than 2.8.xx in the Bridge-IT, Genie and Merlin families of codecs to enable auxiliary data over multicast connections.
- It is important to enable serial port flow control as it regulates the flow of data through the serial port. If disabled, data will flow unregulated and some may be lost.
- Ensure you configure the serial port baud rate to match the setting of the external device to which you are connecting. Ideally the settings on both codecs should match, or you could have data overflow issues.
- Only the dialing codec needs to be configured to send RS232 data. Session data sent from the dialing codec will configure all other compatible codecs (non-G3) when you connect.

# 23.15 Creating Rules

The **Rules panel** in the Toolbox Web-GUI is used to program events for specific codec actions. Typically these 'rules' are based on a change in the state of a GPIO control port or the codec being connected or disconnected. Rules can only be created with the Web-GUI while the codec is disconnected.

**Important Note:** Data transmission is disabled by default. **Data** must be enabled in the **Connection** menu to enable contact closure operation and RS232 data.

- 1. Press the **HOME** button to return to the **Home** screen
- 2. Use the navigation buttons on the front panel to select **Connect** and press the W button
- 3. Select **IP** and press the W button
- 4. Select your preferred **IP Mode** and press the W button.
- 5. Use the down  $\checkmark$  navigation button to select **Setup** and press the button.
- 6. Navigate to **Data** and press of to toggle between **Enabled** and **Disabled**.

For more information please see Enabling Relays & RS232 Data.

### **Programming Rules**

Default rules have been preprogrammed into the codec to facilitate programming the most common events required by broadcast engineers. To view rules options:

- 1. Open the Toolbox HTML5 Web-GUI and click **Rules** in the **Menu Bar** to display the **Rules** panel.
- 2. Click Add New Rule.
- 3. Click to select the appropriate rule for your requirements. See the <u>Rules panel</u> section in <u>Using</u> <u>the Toolbox HTML5 Web-GUI</u> for an explanation of the action each rule can perform.



Note: When rules have been configured previously they are listed when the Rules panel is opened.

### Rule 1: Toggle a Control Port Input to Connect and Disconnect a Program

This rule is used to connect and disconnect a selected program when a control port input is toggled.

- 1. Click the first rule in the Rules panel titled Connect and disconnect a program when an input is toggled.
- 2. Click the drop-down **Input** arrow and select the control port input which will trigger program connection and disconnection.
- 3. Click the drop-down **Program** arrow to select the program to be connected.

Connect and disc an in	connect a program whe put is toggled
Input:	1
Program:	LA Studio 2 💌
Rule summary: Connect "LA Studio	o 2" when Input 1 is
Rule summary: Connect "LA Studio switched ON, and o is switched OFF.	o 2" when Input 1 is disconnect it when Input 1
Rule summary: Connect "LA Studic switched ON, and o is switched OFF.	o 2" when Input 1 is disconnect it when Input 1

4. Check the Rule Summary and click Create Rule to save the settings.

# Rule 2: Switch Different Control Port Inputs On to Connect and Disconnect a Program

This rule is used to connect and disconnect a selected program when different codec control port inputs are turned on.

- 1. Click the second rule in the **Rules panel** titled **Connect a program when an input is** switched ON and disconnect it when another input is switched ON.
- 2. Click the drop-down arrows to select the control port input used to connect and the alternative input for disconnecting.
- 3. Click the drop-down **Program** arrow to select an individual program which will be connected and disconnected by the change in the control port input states.

Rules	×
Connect a program w switched ON and disc another input is sy	hen an input is onnect it when witched ON
Input for connecting:	1 🔻
Program:	LA Studio 2 💌
Input for disconnecting:	2 🔻
Rule summary: Connect "LA Studio 2" whe switched ON, and disconne is switched ON.	en Input 1 is ect it when Input 2
Create rule	Back

4. Check the Rule summary and click Create Rule to save the settings.

## Rule 3: Synchronise Local Control Port Input Status with a Remote Relay Output

Use this rule allow a local codec's control port input to change the state of a remote relay output.

- 1. Click the third rule in the **Rules panel** titled **Synchronise a local input to a remote relay**.
- Click the drop-down arrow to select the local control port input used to control a remote relay output.

Rules	×
Synchronise a local input to a ren relay	note
Relay: 3	•
Rule summary: Set remote relay 3 to the value of input	3.
Create rule Back	

3. Check the Rule summary and click Create Rule to save the settings.

#### Rule 4: Toggle a Relay Output with each Change in Connection Status

This rule is used to toggle a codec's control port relay output each time a program connects and disconnects.

- 1. Click the fourth rule in the Rules panel titled Toggle a relay based on a connection's status.
- 2. Click the drop-down Relay arrow and select the relay output you want to toggle.
- 3. Click the drop-down **Program** arrow to select a specific program which will affect the relay toggle function, or use the default setting whereby any program will toggle the relay output.

Rules	×
Toggle a relay l	based on a connections status
Relay:	4
Program:	LA Studio 2
Rule summary: Switch relay 4 ON connected, and sw 2 is disconnected.	when LA Studio 2 is itch it OFF when LA Studio
Create	e rule Back

4. Check the Rule summary and click Create Rule to save the settings.

## **Deleting Rules**

- 1. Open the Toolbox HTML5 Web-GUI and click **Rules** in the **Menu Bar** to display the **Rules panel**.
- 2. Click to select the rule you want to delete.
- 3. Click the **Delete** button.

Connect "LA Studio 2" when Input 1 is switched ON, and disconnect it when Input 1 is switched OFF.
Connect "LA Studio 2" when Input 1 is switched ON, and disconnect it when Input 2 is switched ON.
Set remote relay 3 to the value of input 3
Switch relay 4 ON when LA Studio 2 is connected, and switch it OFF when LA Studio 2 is disconnected.

4. Click **Yes** in the confirmation dialog.
# 23.16 Upgrading Codec Firmware

To download the latest codec firmware visit http://www.tieline.com/Support/Latest-Firmware.

# Firmware Upgrades

The following procedure explains how to perform codec firmware upgrades with a downloaded firmware file saved to your PC.

1. Open the Toolbox HTML5 Web-GUI and click **Settings** in the **Menu Bar**, then click **Firmware** to display the **Firmware panel**.

Firmware	×
Installed version: v2.14.81 Build Date: Sep 3 2015 08:06:12 Update from a selected file Browse firmware	

- 2. Click **Browse firmware** to search for the firmware for your codec and download it to your computer.
- 3. Once the firmware has been saved, click Update from a selected file in the Firmware panel.
- 4. Select the .bin file you are using to perform the upgrade and click **Open** to start the upgrade.

Firmware	×
This might take several minutes.	
Ð	

# 24 Front Panel Configuration Tasks

The following sections explain how to configure codec settings using the front panel LCD screen and KEYPAD.

# 24.1 Configuring IP via the Front Panel

# Checking IP Address Details in the Codec

- 1. Press the **SETTINGS button**.
- 2. Select **Unit** and press the witton.
- 3. IP address details and other unit details are listed. Use the arrow up 🔺 and down 🗡 buttons to scroll and view all details listed.

Unit Details	
ETH1-IP	172.16.112.219
ETH1-Sub	255.255.0.0
ETH1-IPv6	fe80:0:0:0:201:c0ff:fe0c:e5eb%eth0 🗸 🦞



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**Important Note:** See the <u>Configuring IP Connections</u> sections for more details about IP connections. For assistance with configuration of IPv4 or IPv6 network connections contact your IT Administrator.

# **Ethernet and VLAN Configuration Options**

The codec features two physical Ethernet port interfaces and up to four additional VLAN interfaces.

VLAN interfaces have features similar to physical Ethernet interfaces. However, your network administrator will need to configure VLAN support throughout your network for VLANs to be supported in your codec.

As an example, if only one physical Ethernet interface is available, VLANs can be used to operate SmartStream PLUS or separate codec Control and Streaming functions if required.

Following are a range of options which can be configured in the LAN menu. After completing configuration ensure you navigate to Apply Setting and press the button to apply the new settings.

ETH1: Config				
	Apply Setting			
Usage	Control & Streaming			
IPv4 Mode	DHCP	¥		

# **Configure an IPv4 DHCP Address**

By default the codec is programmed for DHCP-assigned IP addresses. DHCP IP addresses are automatically assigned and can change each time you connect to your Internet Service Provider or by a router on your local area network (LAN).

- 1. Press the **SETTINGS** button.
- 2. Select LAN and press the web button.
- 3. Use the down ravigation button to select ETH1, ETH2 or a VLAN interface.

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- 4. Select **Usage** and choose the appropriate control and/or streaming mode for the connection, then press the or button.
- 5. Select **IPv4 Mode** and press the or button.
- 6. Select **DHCP** and press the button.
- 7. Use the up A navigation button to scroll to the top of the menu and select **Apply Setting**, then press the button to confirm the new settings.

### Configure a Static IPv4 Address

Static IP addresses are fixed addresses which are recommended for studio installations. Using a static IP address ensures remote codecs can connect reliably using the same IP address over time.

- 1. Press the **SETTINGS button**.
- 2. Select LAN and press the work button.
- 3. Use the down V navigation button to select ETH1, ETH2 or a VLAN interface.
- 4. Select **Usage** and choose the appropriate control and/or streaming mode for the connection, then press the or button.
- 5. Select **IPv4 Mode** and press the witton.
- 6. Select **Static** and press the W button.
- 7. Navigate to IPv4 Static and enter the IP address, then press the W button.
- 8. Navigate to IPv4 Subnet and enter the Subnet Mask, then press the or button.
- 9. Navigate to IPv4 Gateway and enter the Gateway details, then press the or button.

ETH1 Config (PrimarV)					
IPV4 Statici	10.1.1.10	$\mathbf{\Phi}$			
IPV4 Subne	255.255.255.0				
IPV4 Gatewa	10.1.1.254	$\Psi$			

- 10.Use the up A navigation button to scroll to the top of the menu and select **Apply Setting**, then press the button to confirm the new settings.
- 11. Check the **Unit Details** menu to ensure the new static IP address has been entered correctly.

#### **IPv6 Address Assignment**

There are three IPv6 settings available for each Ethernet port on the codec and any VLANs which are configured.

- 1. Auto: An address is automatically assigned to the codec when you connect the codec to an IPv6 router. This process is similar to how an IPv4 DHCP address is assigned.
- 2. Manual: Select to manually enter IPv6 address details.
- 3. Off: Select to ignore IPv6 address details.



**Important Note:** Select **Off** if you are not using IPv6 to connect to another device. This ensures your codec will attempt to connect using IPv4 at all times.

To adjust this setting:

- 1. Press the **SETTINGS** button.
- 2. Select LAN and press the or button.
- 3. Use the down ravigation button to select ETH1, ETH2 or a VLAN interface.
- 4. Select IPv6 Mode and press the Or button.

5. Select Auto, Manual or Off and press the W button.

By default the codec is configured to allow the codec to automatically receive IPv6 address information from an IPv6 enabled router.

#### Manual IPv6 Address Assignment

Select **Manual** mode using the previous procedure and enter information into the **IPv6 Static** (Address), **IPv6 Prefix** and IPv6 **Gateway** fields in the codec to manually configure address details.

#### **DNS Server**

It is possible to specify Domain Name Server (DNS) settings to allow easy look up of codecs within the specified **DNS Addresses** or **Domains** <u>section within the Web-GUI</u>. This feature can be turned on or off in the LAN codec menu.

- 1. Press the **SETTINGS** button.
- 2. Use the navigation buttons on the front panel to select LAN and press the W button.
- 3. Use the down **v** navigation button to select **ETH1**, **ETH2** or a **VLAN** interface.
- 4. Use the down 🗡 navigation button to scroll to Auto DNS.
- 5. Press the or button to toggle between Yes and No.

### VLAN ID (VLAN configuration only)

The VLAN ID is encapsulated in IP packets to facilitate routing throughout your network.

- 1. Press the **SETTINGS button**.
- 2. Use the navigation buttons on the front panel to select LAN and press the Or button.
- 3. Use the down **v** navigation button to select a **VLAN** interface.
- 4. Select **Usage** and press the or button.
- 5. Select the mode of operation for this VLAN (e.g. Control & Streaming, Streaming only, Control Only) and press the or button.
- 6. Use the down **v** navigation button to scroll to **VLAN ID**.
- 7. Press the Mutton to enter a number between 1-4094 inclusive.
- 8. Press the or button to confirm this setting.

## VLAN Priority (VLAN configuration only)

The **VLAN Priority** setting represents a prioritization scheme for forwarding data packets throughout Virtual Local Area Networks.

- 1. Press the **SETTINGS button**.
- 2. Use the navigation buttons on the front panel to select LAN and press the M button.
- 3. Use the down V navigation button to select a VLAN interface.
- 4. Select **Usage** and press the without button.
- 5. Select the mode of operation for this VLAN (e.g. Control & Streaming, Streaming only, Control Only) and press the or button.
- 6. Use the down  $\checkmark$  navigation button to scroll to VLAN Priority.
- 7. Press the or button to enter a number from 0 to 7 inclusive.
- 8. Press the button to confirm this setting.

# VLAN Interface (VLAN configuration only)

This setting applies the VLAN settings to a physical Ethernet port in the codec.

- 1. Press the **SETTINGS button**.
- 2. Use the navigation buttons on the front panel to select LAN and press the or button.
- 3. Use the down **v** navigation button to select a **VLAN** interface.
- 4. Select **Usage** and press the or button.
- 5. Select the mode of operation for this VLAN (e.g. Control & Streaming, Streaming only, Control Only) and press the or button.
- 6. Use the down **v** navigation button to scroll to **Interface**.
- 7. Press the *w* button to select **ETH1** or **ETH2**, then press the *w* button.

# 24.2 Selecting an Algorithm

The codec offers uncompressed linear audio as well as aptX® Enhanced, LC-AAC, HE-AAC v.1 and HE-AAC v.2, AAC-LD, AAC-ELD, AAC-ELDv2, MPEG Layer 2, G.711 and G.722, Tieline Music and MusicPLUS algorithms. There is a range of pre-programmed connection profiles to simplify codec configuration. See <u>Choosing Dialing Profiles</u> for more details.

## **Overview of Tieline Algorithms**

- 1. The Tieline Music algorithm is optimized for audio bit rates as low as 19.2kbps with only a 20 millisecond encode delay. It offers 15 kHz mono from 24kbps to 48kbps.
- Tieline MusicPLUS delivers up to 20 kHz mono from 48kbps upwards. It can also deliver up to 20 kHz stereo from 96kbps upwards, offering huge savings on your IP data bills and outstanding audio quality.

# **Overview of AAC Algorithms**

#### AAC-LC

LC-AAC is optimized for audio bit rates of 64kbps per channel or higher using a sample rate of 48kHz. Tieline recommends using LC-AAC instead of HE-AAC if bandwidth of 64kbps or higher per channel is available, to optimise audio quality. If lower bandwidth than 64kbps is available consider using HE-AAC, Tieline Music or Tieline MusicPLUS.

#### AAC-HE

Codecs include both HE-AAC v.1 and HE-AAC v.2, which are optimized for low bit rate connections. Selection of HE-AAC v.1 and v.2 is automatically managed within the codec, so only **AAC-HE** is displayed on the screen. When used for mono connections, HE-AAC v.1 performs best at bit rates of 24kbps per channel or higher. HE-AAC v.1 is also used for stereo connections when audio connection bandwidth is 48kbps or higher.

HE-AAC v.2 is used for stereo connections when audio connection bandwidth is below 48kbps and is capable of delivering 15kHz quality stereo audio at audio bit rates as low as 24kbps.

A sample rate of 32kHz is used in the codec's default profiles to achieve ultra-low bit-rate connections, but this is adjustable to 44.1kHz or 48kHz if required.

#### AAC-LD

AAC-LD (Low Delay AAC), AAC-ELD (Enhanced Low Delay AAC) and AAC-ELDv 2 are optimized for low latency real-time communication. AAC-LD is suited to bit rates of 96kbps or higher for stereo audio.

# AAC-ELD

AAC-ELD is optimised for high quality stereo connections from 48 - 96kbps and performs better at these bit rates when compared with AAC-LD.

#### AAC-ELD v 2

For stereo connections below 48kbps AAC-ELD v2 will deliver better performance than AAC-ELD down to 24kbps.

#### **Overview of aptX Enhanced Audio Coding**

aptX® Enhanced audio coding is used by thousands of radio stations to deliver very low delay audio for IP broadcasts and is ideal for high quality studio-to-transmitter links and audio distribution. It delivers outstanding audio quality with exceptionally low delay across a range of IP networks.

32kHz or 48kHz sample rates are available at either 16 bit or 24 bits per sample. aptX Enhanced has a minimum connection bit rate of 128kbps per channel and offers 10Hz to 24kHz frequency response. 24 bit, 48kHz aptX Enhanced at the maximum bit rate of 576kbps delivers >120dB of dynamic range.

aptX® Enhanced is supported over ISDN at the following sample and bit rates:

Encoding	Bit rate Required	B Channels Required
aptX® Enhanced Mono 16 bit, 32 kHz	128 kbps	2
aptX® Enhanced Mono 16 bit, 48 kHz	192 kbps	3
aptX® Enhanced Mono 24 bit, 32 kHz	192 kbps	3
aptX® Enhanced Stereo 16 bit, 32 kHz	256 kbps	4

#### **Overview of Opus Algorithm**

Opus is a highly versatile open source audio coding algorithm. It incorporates technology from the well-known SILK and CELT codecs to create a low latency speech and audio codec. It is a variable bit rate algorithm ideal for live broadcast situations because of its capacity to deliver high quality, real-time Audio over IP (AoIP) at low bit rates. Visit <u>http://www.opus-codec.org</u> for more info.

There are three Opus algorithm configurations available:

Algorithm	Recommended connection for on-air use					
Opus Voice	High quality low bit rate remotes (9.6kbps -64kbps)					
Opus Mono	Very high quality mono remotes, STLs and audio distribution (48kbps -128kbps)					
Opus Stereo	Very high quality stereo remotes, STLs and audio distribution (64kbps -256kbps)					

# **Configuring an Algorithm in the Codec**

1. Press the **HOME** button to return to the **Home** screen.

2. Use the navigation buttons on the front panel to select **Connect** and press the Or button.

- 3. Select IP and press the or button.
- 4. Select your preferred **IP Session** mode and press the or button.
- 5. Use the down V navigation button to select **Setup** and press the W button.
- 6. Navigate to Algorithm and press .
- 7. Navigate to **Manual** to configure all settings manually, or **Profile** to choose a pre-configured algorithm profile, then press

## How do I choose the right algorithm?

The algorithm you select will not only affect the quality of the broadcast but it will also contribute to the amount of latency or delay introduced. For example, if MP2 algorithms are used, program delays will be much longer than when using Tieline Music or MusicPLUS algorithms. This is due to the additional inherent encoding delays involved when using MP2 algorithms. This can be a major consideration for live applications that integrate remotes into a broadcast. The algorithm you choose to connect with will also depend upon:

- The codecs you are connecting to (Tieline versus non-Tieline)
- Whether you are creating multi-unicast connections.
- Whether you are connecting using SIP or not.
- The uplink bandwidth capability of your broadband connection.

Important Notes: Music and MusicPLUS algorithms cannot be used over SIP connections. Use MP2 algorithms at 64kbps mono or 128kbps stereo for high quality connections when using SIP, or use G.711 and G.722 if required. Tieline G3 codecs do not support connections using AAC and will default to MPEG Layer 2 if an incoming connection is programmed to use this algorithm.

It can be a good idea to listen to the quality of your program signal using each algorithm and to see how it sounds when it is sent at different connection bit rates (as well as different FEC and jitterbuffer millisecond settings). This will assist you to determine which is the best algorithm setting for the connection you are setting up. Please see the following table for details on the connection requirements of the different algorithms available.

Algor- ithm	Audio Band- width	Algor- ithmic Delay	IP bit rate per channel	IP over- head per connectio n	Audio Quality and Features	Recommended applications for on-air use
Linear/PCM (Uncom- pressed)	16/24 bit up to 45kHz	0ms	sample rate x bits per sample x no. channels; 512kbps minimum (16bit;32kHz) to 4.6 Mbps (24bit; 96 kHz)	80kbps	<ul> <li>Full bandw idth, perfect audio quality for voice and music</li> <li>No error concealment/ correction or artefacts</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Extremely high quality uncompressed audio for STLs and audio distribution.</li> <li>Ideal for fiber or high bandw idth links.</li> </ul>
Tieline Music	Up to 15kHz	20ms	24 kbps minimum	16kbps	<ul> <li>High quality voice and music</li> <li>Very low delay at low bit rates</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Great for live voice or music remotes as well as STLs and audio distribution with limited connection bandwidth (e.g. POTS or 3G wireless)</li> <li>Suitable when bidirectional communication betw een announcers is required</li> <li>Deliver 15kHz stereo over 1 x 64kbps ISDN B Channel.</li> </ul>
Tieline Music- PLUS	Up to 22kHz	20ms	48 kbps minimum (Optimised for 64kbps per audio channel)	16kbps	<ul> <li>Very high quality voice and music</li> <li>Very low delay at low to moderate bit-rates</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Very high quality, very low delay STLs and audio distribution</li> <li>Remote connections able to achieve 48kbps for each audio channel</li> <li>Suitable w hen bidirectional communication betw een announcers is required</li> </ul>
G.711	3kHz	1ms	64kbps minimum	80kbps	<ul> <li>Low quality 3kHz POTS phone quality audio</li> <li>Very low delay at moderate bit rates</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Highly compatible with other brands of audio codec</li> <li>Low quality and used generally for compatibility</li> </ul>
G.722	7kHz	1ms	64kbps minimum	80kbps	<ul> <li>Good quality 7kHz voice</li> <li>Better quality than a standard POTS phone call</li> <li>Very low delay at moderate bit rates</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Highly compatible with other brands of audio codec</li> <li>Good voice quality audio for remotes and other voice quality applications</li> </ul>
MPEG Layer 2	Up to 22kHz	24 to 36ms	64kbps minimum	8.5 - 13.3kbps	<ul> <li>Very high quality voice and music</li> <li>Low to moderate delay at moderate to high bit rates</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Highly compatible with other brands of audio codec</li> <li>Very high quality audio for remotes, STLs and audio distribution</li> </ul>

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MPEG Layer 3	Up to 15kHz	100ms	64kbps	8.5 - 13.3kbps	<ul> <li>High quality voice and music</li> <li>Moderate bit rates</li> <li>High delay</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>High quality remotes, STLs and audio distribution</li> <li>Use w hen bidirectional communication betw een announcers is not required</li> </ul>
LC-AAC	Up to 15kHz	64ms	64kbps	15kbps	<ul> <li>High quality voice and music at low est bit rate; better quality at higher bit rates</li> <li>Moderate delay at moderate to high bit rates</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Voice or music remotes as w ell as STLs and audio distribution w here some delay is tolerable</li> <li>Tieline Music or MusicPLUS deliver low er delay</li> </ul>
HE-AAC v.1	Up to 15kHz	128ms	48kbps	7.4kbps	<ul> <li>High quality voice and music at the low est bit rate; better quality at higher bit rates</li> <li>Low to Moderate bit rates</li> <li>High delay</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Live voice or music remotes as well as STLs and audio distribution with limited connection bandwidth</li> <li>Use when bidirectional communication betw een announcers is not required</li> </ul>
HE-AAC v.2	Up to 15kHz	128ms	Minimum 16kbps (Mono); 24kbps (stereo)	7.4kbps	<ul> <li>High quality voice and music</li> <li>Low bit rates</li> <li>High delay</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Used for DAB+ radio streaming</li> <li>Ideal for low bit rate remotes</li> <li>Use w hen bidirectional communication betw een announcers is not required</li> </ul>
AAC-LD	Up to 20kHz	20ms at 48kHz	48kbps minimum	30kbps	<ul> <li>Very high quality voice and music</li> <li>Very low delay at low to moderate bit rates</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Very high quality, very low delay STLs and audio distribution</li> <li>Remote connections able to achieve 48kbps for each audio channel requiring</li> <li>Suitable w hen bidirectional communication betw een announcers is required</li> </ul>
AAC-ELD	Up to 20kHz	15-30ms	24 kbps minimum	15-30kbps	<ul> <li>Very high quality voice and music</li> <li>Very low delay at low bit rates</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Great for live voice or music remotes</li> <li>Suitable w hen bidirectional communication betw een announcers is required</li> </ul>
AAC-ELDv.2	Up to 20kHz	35ms	Pending release	Pending release	<ul> <li>High quality voice and music</li> <li>Low delay at low bit rates</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Great for live voice or music remotes w here limited connection bandw idth is available</li> <li>Suitable w hen bidirectional communication betw een announcers is required</li> </ul>
aptX Enhanced	10Hz- 24kHz	2.5ms at 48kHz	128kbps minimum (16bit; 32kHz) to 288kbps	80kbps	<ul> <li>Very high quality voice and music</li> <li>Extremely low delay at high bit</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Ideal for STLs and audio distribution w here high connection bandw idth</li> </ul>

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			(24bit;48kHz)		rates <ul> <li>Highly cascade resilient</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>is available and very low delay is highly desirable.</li> <li>Resilient w ith multiple encodes/decodes w hen required</li> </ul>
Opus	4Hz- 20kHz	20ms	9.6-256kbps	16kbps	<ul> <li>Very high quality voice and music</li> <li>Very low delay at low bit rates</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>"Opus Voice" is ideal for high quality, and low delay voice quality remotes at extremely low bit rates.</li> <li>"Opus Mono" and "Opus Stereo" are perfect for high fidelity remotes, STLs and audio distribution at higher bit rates</li> </ul>
TxTran / RxTran					NOT FOR BROADCAST USE	NOT FOR BROADCAST USE

# **Algorithm Selection Guide**

Algorithm	Very Low Delay	Moderate to High Delay	Excellent Performance at Low Bit rates	Preferred for Live Remotes	Preferred for STLs and Audio Distribution	Highly Compatible with other Codecs
Linear/PCM	$\checkmark$				$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$
Opus	$\checkmark$		$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$		
Tieline Music	$\checkmark$		$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$		
Tieline MusicPLUS	$\checkmark$		$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	
apt-X Enhanced	$\checkmark$				$\checkmark$	
LC-AAC		$\checkmark$			$\checkmark$	
HE-AACv1		$\checkmark$			$\checkmark$	
HE-AACv2		$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	<b>√</b> *		
AAC-LD	$\checkmark$			$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	
AAC-ELD	$\checkmark$		$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$		
AAC-ELDv2	$\checkmark$		$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$		
MPEG Layer 2	$\checkmark$				$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$
MPEG Layer 3		$\checkmark$				✓
G.722	$\checkmark$					$\checkmark$
G.711	$\checkmark$					$\checkmark$

* Use with caution for remotes due to high delay; not suitable when bidirectional communications is required.

# **IP Connection Bit rates Supported**

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#### **ISDN Encoding Options**

The codec supports ISDN connections using the following algorithms and B Channel assignments.

ISDN Encoding	1B	2B	3B	4B
E-AptX Mono 16bit 32KHz		$\checkmark$		
E-AptX Mono 16bit 48KHz			$\checkmark$	
E-AptX Mono 24bit 32KHz			$\checkmark$	
E-AptX Stereo 16bit 32KHz				✓
Music Mono	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$
Music Stereo	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$
Music Plus Mono	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$
Music Plus Stereo	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	✓
MP2 Mono 32KHz	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$		
MP2 Stereo 32KHz		$\checkmark$		
MP2 Mono 48KHz	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$		
MP2 Stereo 48KHz		$\checkmark$		
MP2 J-Stereo 32KHz		$\checkmark$		
MP2 J-Stereo 48KHz		$\checkmark$		
G.711	$\checkmark$			
G.722	$\checkmark$			

# 24.3 Configuring the Jitter Buffer

Jitter, (also known as latency or delay), is the amount of time it takes for a packet of data to get from one point to another. A jitter buffer is a temporary storage buffer used to capture incoming data packets. It is used in packet-based networks to ensure the continuity of audio streams by smoothing out packet arrival times during periods of network congestion. Data packets travel independently and arrival times can vary greatly depending on network congestion and the type of network used, i.e. LAN versus wireless networks. The concept of jitter buffering is displayed visually in the following image.



Jitter-buffer management is encompassed within Tieline's SmartStream IP technology which can:

- Remove duplicate packets.
- Re-order packets if they arrive out-of-order.
- Repair the stream in the event of packet loss (error concealment).
- Manage delay dynamically based on current network congestion.
- Manage forward error correction (FEC).

Tieline codecs can be used to program either a fixed or automatic jitter buffer and the setting you

use depends on the IP network you are connecting over. Over LANs, WANs and wireless networks the automatic jitter buffer generally works well. It adapts automatically to the prevailing IP network conditions to provide continuity of audio streaming and minimizes delay.

A fixed jitter buffer is preferable over satellite connections to ensure continuity of signals.



**CAUTION:** If a Tieline codec connects to a device that is using non-compliant RTP streams then the last fixed setting programmed into the codec will be enabled (default is 500ms). Non-compliant devices include some other brands of codec, web streams and other devices.

## **Tieline 'Auto Jitter Buffer' Settings**

**Least Delay:** This setting attempts to reduce the jitter buffer to the lowest possible point, while still trying to capture the majority of data packets and keep audio quality at a reasonable level. This setting is the most aggressive in its adaptation to prevailing conditions, so jitter buffer may vary more quickly than with the other settings. It is not recommended in situations where jitter variation is significant and/or peaky. (E.g. 3G/multi-user wireless networks). It is best for stable and reliable links such as dedicated or lightly-loaded WAN/LANs.

**Highest Quality:** This setting is the most conservative in terms of adapting down to reduce delay. The jitter-buffer setting will actually stay high for a longer period after a jitter spike is detected – just in case there are more spikes to follow. This setting is best used where audio quality is most highly desired and delay is not so critical. Unless delay is irrelevant, this setting is also not recommended over peaky jitter networks (such as 3G) and is best used on more stable networks where large jitter peaks are not as common.

**Best Compromise:** This (default) setting is literally the midpoint between the jitter buffer levels that would have been chosen for the Highest Quality and Least Delay settings. It is designed to provide the safest level of good audio quality without introducing too much extra delay.

**Good Quality** and **Less Delay**: These two settings lie between the mid-point setting of Best Compromise and two settings Highest Quality and Least Delay. They indicate a slight preference and may assist in achieving better performance from a connection without incurring extreme delays in transmission or packet loss.

# Which Algorithms can use Automatic Jitter Buffering?

The following table provides an overview of which algorithms are capable of using the automatic jitter buffer feature over SIP and non-SIP connections.

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Algorithm	Non-SIP Connections	SIP Connections
Linear (Uncompressed)	×	×
Tieline Music	✓	×
Tieline MusicPLUS	✓	×
G.711	×	✓
G.722	×	✓
MPEG Layer 2	✓	✓
MPEG Layer 3	✓	*
LC-AAC	✓	✓
HE-AAC v.1	✓	√
HE-AAC v.2	✓	√
AAC-LD	✓	√
AAC-ELD	✓	✓
Opus	✓	✓
aptX Enhanced	×	×

# **Configuring Automatic Jitter Buffering (Default Setting)**

- 1. Press the **HOME** button to return to the **Home** screen.
- 2. Use the navigation buttons on the front panel to select **Connect** and press the W button.
- 3. Select IP and press the W button.
- 4. Select your preferred **IP Session** mode and press the witton.
- 5. Use the down 🗡 navigation button to select **Setup** and press the 🖾 button.
- 6. Navigate to Jitter Buffer and press .
- 7. Select Auto Jitter Adapt and press OK.
- 8. Select your preferred jitter buffer setting and press .

#### Important Notes:

- Automatic jitter buffering is disabled for a PCM (linear uncompressed) audio connection.
- There is no jitter buffer setting on a multicast server codec because it only sends and never receives audio packets.

#### How to get the Best Jitter Buffer Results

When programming automatic jitter buffer settings, establish the IP connection for a while before 'going live', to let the codec evaluate the prevailing network conditions. The initial jitter buffer setting when a codec connects is 500ms and it is kept at this level for the first minute of connection (as long as observed delay values are lower than this point).

After the initial connection period the jitter buffer is adapted to suit the current network conditions and is usually reduced. Establish a connection for at least 5 minutes prior to broadcasting, so that the codec has been provided with enough jitter history to ensure a reliable connection.

There are five jitter buffer states. Jitter buffer and connection status statistics can be viewed via **HOME**  $\square$  > **Cxns** and use the down  $\checkmark$  and up  $\blacktriangle$  navigation buttons to scroll through

connection statistics. The first four stages are observed in "auto" jitter buffer mode.

- 1. **Stabilization period (a1):** A few seconds at the start of a connection where no action is taken at all while the establishment of a stable connection means analysis of jitter data is not valid.
- 2. Stage 2 (a2): A compatibility check to ensure the RTP connection is compliant and RTP clocks are synchronized enough to perform jitter analysis.
- 3. **Stage 3 (a3):** If the compatibility check is successful, this is the analysis hold-off period. During a minute, the jitter buffer is held at a safe, fixed value of 500ms while enough history is recorded to start jitter buffer adaptation.
- 4. **Stage 4** "**live**" (A): This is where the codec determines it is safe enough to start broadcasting using the auto-jitter buffer level. We recommend running the codec for a few more minutes to obtain a more comprehensive history of the connection's characteristics.
- 5. Fixed (F): This state is displayed if the jitter buffer is fixed.

# Auto Jitter Buffer and Forward Error Correction (FEC)

If forward error correction is programmed then additional data packets are sent over a connection to replace any data packets lost. There is no need to modify jitter buffer settings if you are sending FEC data, only if you are receiving FEC data.

The jitter buffer depth on the receive codec needs to be increased if forward error correction is employed. We recommend you add 100ms to the jitter buffer on a codec receiving FEC at a setting of 20% and 20ms at a setting of 100%.

Tieline's auto jitter buffer detects the amount of FEC that is being used and automatically compensates to increase the codec jitter buffer if FEC is being used.

# **Fixing Jitter Buffer Settings**

The default jitter-buffer setting in Tieline codecs is 500 milliseconds. This is a very reliable setting that will work for just about all connections. However, this is quite a long delay and we recommend that when you set up an IP connection you test how low you can set the jitter-buffer in your codec.

- 1. Press the **HOME** button to return to the **Home** screen.
- 2. Use the navigation buttons on the front panel to select **Connect** and press the OC button.
- 3. Select IP and press the Or button.
- 4. Select your preferred IP Session mode and press the M button.
- 5. Use the down 🗡 navigation button to select **Setup** and press the 🖾 button.
- 6. Navigate to **Jitter Buffer** and press
- 7. Select Fixed Buffer Level and press
- 8. Use the numeric KEYPAD to enter the fixed buffer value in milliseconds and press

If you change the jitter buffer setting in a codec it will only adjust to the new level when link quality is high (e.g. above 70%). This is done to ensure audio quality is not compromised. When manually programming the jitter-buffer delay in a codec it is necessary to think carefully about the type of connection you will be using. Following is a table displaying rule of thumb settings for programming jitter-buffer delays into your codec.

Connection	Jitter-Buffer Recommendation		
Private LAN	60 milliseconds		
Local 100 - 200 milliseconds			
National	100 - 300 milliseconds		
International	100 – 400 milliseconds		
Wireless Network	250 - 750 milliseconds		
Satellite IP	500 - 999 milliseconds		

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**Important Note:** The preceding table assumes Tieline Music is the algorithm in use. Do not use PCM (uncompressed) audio over highly contended DSL/ADSL connections without enough bandwidth to support the high connection bit rates required.

# 24.4 Configuring Forward Error Correction

Forward Error Correction (FEC) is designed to increase the stability of UDP/IP connections in the event that data packets are lost. FEC works by sending a secondary stream of audio packets over a connection so that if your primary audio stream packets are lost or corrupted, then packets from the secondary stream can be substituted to replace them. The amount of FEC required depends on the number of data packets lost over the IP connection.

Both the local and remote codec FEC settings can be configured in your codec before dialing. These settings can also be changed 'on the run' while the codecs are connected. FEC should only be used if the Send/Return link quality percentage displayed on the codec is below 99, as it is of no benefit otherwise.

# **Programming FEC into the Codec**

- 1. Press the **HOME** button to return to the **Home** screen.
- 2. Use the navigation buttons on the front panel to select **Connect** and press the Or button.
- 3. Select IP and press the Or button.
- 4. Select **Tieline** and press the W button.
- 5. Use the down 🗡 navigation button to select **Setup** and press the 🖾 button.
- 6. Navigate to FEC and press O.
- 7. Select the local codec FEC setting in the Local FEC screen and press .
- 8. Select the remote codec FEC setting in the **Remote FEC** screen and press

The four FEC settings in Tieline codecs are outlined in the following table with their bit rate ratios.

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FEC Setting	Bit rate Ratios	Connection Use		
100% (Lowest delay)	A simultaneous dual-redundant stream (1:1 ratio) is sent from the codec. Twice the connection bit rate is required to operate the codec using the 100% setting. E.g. if your connection is 14,400kbps, you will require an additional 14,400 kbps of bandwidth to allow for the FEC data stream.	Recommended to be used over wireless and international connections.		
50%	Additional data is sent using FEC in a ratio of 2:1.	Recommended for international & national connections		
33%	Additional data is sent using FEC in a ratio of 3:1.	Recommended for national and local connections.		
20% (Highest delay)	Additional data is sent using FEC in a ratio of 5:1.	Recommended for local and LAN connections.		
Off	FEC is off in the codec and the connection bandwidth is equal to the connection bit rate setting in the codec.	Recommended for wired LAN connections & managed T1 & E1 connections for STLs that have connections that aren't shared & have quality of service (QoS).		

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**Important Note:** FEC can only be programmed for use with the Music and MusicPLUS algorithms.

# How does FEC work?

If you program a FEC setting of 20% and you are losing one packet in every five sent, the lost packet will be replaced by FEC to maintain the quality of the connection. If you are losing more packets than this, say one in three, it will be necessary to increase the FEC setting to 33% to compensate.

**Note**: There is an inverse relationship between FEC settings and the jitter-buffer millisecond setting that you use for IP connections.

So why not use 100% FEC every time? The answer is because you need twice the bit rate to achieve full redundancy and depending on the link conditions, this could potentially cause more dropouts because of network congestion than it fixes. Here is a simple rule to remember: Your maximum uplink speed is all the bandwidth you have to play with. As a rule of thumb, try not to exceed more than 80% of your maximum bandwidth. If your link is shared, be even more conservative.

You should also consider the remote end too. What is their maximum upload speed? Is the connection shared at either end? Your bit rates, FEC settings and buffer rates must be pre-configured at both ends before you connect, so it's always better to set your connection speed and balance your FEC according to the available uplink bandwidth at each end for best performance.

As an example, if you want 15 kHz mono (using the Tieline Music Algorithm) you will need at least a 24kbps connection for audio. Adding 100% FEC will add another 24kbps making your bit rate 48kbps plus some overhead of around 10kbps is required. If you're on a 64kbps uplink, you should consider reducing your FEC to minimize the likelihood of exceeding your bandwidth capacity.

Here is another example, if you want 15 kHz stereo, you need at least 56kbps for the audio. 100% FEC requires at least 112kbps and 50% FEC requires at least 84kbps. If your uplink speed is 256kbps and you're on a shared connection, then choosing a lower FEC setting of 20%-33% may give you better results.

#### **Conserving Bandwidth with FEC**

There is a trade-off between the quality and the reliability of an IP connection – particularly when FEC is activated on your codecs. However, it is possible in certain situations to set different FEC on each codec to match connection bandwidth requirements at either end of the link, conserve bandwidth and create more stable IP connections.

For example, if your broadcast is a one-way broadcast from a remote site, i.e. you are not using the return path from the studio, or only using it for communications purposes, it is possible to reduce or turn off FEC at the studio codec. This effectively reduces the bandwidth required over the return link (communications channel) and increases the overall bandwidth available for the incoming broadcast signal from the remote site.

# 24.5 Configuring Encode/Decode Direction

By default the codec by is configured to both encode and decode data. However, it is possible to configure the codec to either encode or decode audio data only. This is useful for:

- Conserving connection bandwidth when unidirectional data streaming is required.
- Lowering data costs.
- Increasing overall connection reliability.

Program the transmitting codec to encode only and program the receive codec to decode only when using this feature. To adjust this setting:

- 1. Press the **HOME** button to return to the **Home** screen.
- 2. Use the navigation buttons on the front panel to select **Connect** and press the Or button.
- 3. Select IP and press
- 4. Select your preferred IP Session mode and press the or button.
- 5. Use the down  $\checkmark$  navigation button to select **Setup** and press
- 6. Navigate to **Dir** and press .
- 7. Select Encode Only or Decode Only and press OK.

# 24.6 Enabling Relays & RS232 Data

Data must be enabled to activate contact **CONTROL PORT** closure operation and RS232 data. Please see <u>Appendix A for RS232 and Control Port Wiring</u> information.

- 1. Press the **HOME** button to return to the **Home** screen.
- 2. Use the navigation buttons on the front panel to select **Connect** and press the or button.
- 3. Select IP and press the witton.
- 4. Select **Tieline** (or **Sessionless**) and press the Or button.
- 5. Select **Peer-to-Peer** and press the button.
- 6. Use the down  $\checkmark$  navigation button to select **Setup** and press the button.
- 7. Navigate to **Data** and press of to toggle between **Enabled** and **Disabled** (Note: default setting is **Disabled**)

(1

Important Note: Data transmission is disabled by default.

# **Configuring Control Port Contact Closure Operation**

The **Rules panel** in the Web-GUI can be used to configure switch inputs and relay outputs. See the section titled <u>Creating Rules</u> for more information.

## **Configuring RS232 Data**

Once **Data** is enabled, the codec can be connected to external devices and transport RS232compatible data via the serial port on the rear panel of the codec.

- 1. Press the **SETTINGS button**.
- 2. Navigate to **System** and press .
- 3. Select RS232 Config and press
- 4. Use the navigation buttons to select the correct baud rate.
- 5. Select **Enable** for flow control and press or to save all settings.



#### Important Notes:

- When connecting to G3 codecs over IP, ISDN or POTS only in-band data is available via the Music and MusicPLUS algorithms. See <u>RS232 Data Configuration</u> for more details.
- It is important that you enable serial port flow control within the codec. Flow control
  regulates the flow of data through the serial port. If disabled, data will flow unregulated
  and some may be lost.
- Ensure you match the serial port baud rate to match the rate of the external device you
  are connecting to. Ideally the settings on both codecs should match, or you could have
  data overflow issues.
- Only the dialing codec needs to be programmed to send RS232 data. Session data sent from the dialing codec will program all other compatible codecs (non-G3) when you connect.

# 24.7 Configuring TCP/UDP Ports

In TCP and UDP networks the codec port is the endpoint of your connection. Software network ports are doorways for systems to communicate with each other. For example, several codecs in your studio may use the same public static IP address. Unique port numbers can be used to route audio to each codec.

# **Tieline Codec Default Port Settings**

By default, the codec uses a TCP session port to send session data and a UDP port to send audio. The session port is programmed to use the TCP protocol because it is the most likely protocol to get through firewalls – ensuring critical session data (including dial, connect and hang-up data) will be received reliably.

The default session and audio port settings in Tieline codecs, for both TCP and UDP connections, are outlined in the <u>Installing the Codec at the Studio</u> section of the manual. This section also contains useful information for configuring port forwarding and troubleshooting IP connections.

# **Changing Codec Port Numbers**

Reasons for adjusting the port setting on your codec include:

- Creating a path through gateways and firewalls.
- Another IP device is already using a codec's port number.
- More than one studio codec is in use and each codec requires a different port number.

# Configuring the Session and Audio Port Numbers used when Dialing a Program

For two codecs to connect, they need to be configured with matching port numbers. If there is a need to change codec port settings, in most situations you should consult your organization's resident IT professional. To adjust either the session or audio port numbers for a particular connection within a program:

- 1. Press the **HOME** button to return to the **Home** screen.
- 2. Use the navigation buttons on the front panel to select **Connect** and press the Or button.
- 3. Select IP and press the W button.
- 4. Select your preferred IP Session mode and press the M button.
- 5. Use the down  $\checkmark$  navigation button to select **Setup** and press the button.
- 6. Navigate to either **Session** (session protocol) or **Protocol** (audio protocols) and press .
- 7. Select the session or audio port you want and press .
- 8. Use the numeric **KEYPAD** to add a new port number and press .

### Changing the Tieline Session Ports when Answering

To adjust the local Tieline session data port used by your codec:

- 1. Press the **HOME** button to return to the **Home** screen.
- 2. Use the navigation buttons on the front panel to select **Settings** and press the O button.
- 3. Select Tieline Session and press
- 4. Navigate to Session Port or Alternative Session Port and press .
- 5. Adjust the setting and press the or button to store the new configuration.

#### Audio Port Settings for Tieline Session Data and Sessionless IP Calls

The codec supports sessionless IP streaming, whereby the codec does not send Tieline session data when attempting to connect. When using this mode you need to configure the "send" audio port (codec port at the remote end of the link to which you are sending audio) and "return" audio port (port used by the local codec to receive audio from the remote codec).

It is also possible to configure the send and return audio ports for a codec using Tieline session data to establish IP connections. This may be required because some firewalls require symmetric port configuration.

### **Sessionless Audio Port Configuration**

When you select Sessionless as the Session Protocol:

• The default value for both the Send and Return (audio) Ports is 9000

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- The range of values for the audio ports is 2000 to 65535
- The audio port values can be set independently
- Both audio ports can always be configured, i.e. there is no dependency on encode/ decode direction

### "Tieline Codec" Port Configuration

If using the **Tieline Codec** setting for call establishment (i.e. Tieline session data is enabled), you can also change the default audio ports if required.

- The default value for the Send (audio) Port is 9000
- The range of values for the Send Port is 2000 to 65535
- The default port value for the **Return** (audio) **Port** is **Automatic**. Note: **Automatic** indicates that the codec will allocate the return port value and send this information to the codec to which you are dialing
- The range of values for the Return Port is 2000 to 65535

#### **Sessionless Multicast Connections**

For a sessionless multicast server connection:

- Only the Send Port is available
- The default value for the port is 9000
- The range of values for the port is 2000 to 65535

For a sessionless multicast client connection:

- Only the Return Port is available
- The default value for the port is 9000
- The range of values for the port is 2000 to 65535

# 24.8 Configuring QoS for IP Packets

It is possible for IP networks to prioritize and differentiate between data packets transmitted through routers across networks. This is useful because in modern data networks many different IP services like email, voice, web pages, video and streaming music coexist within the same network infrastructure.

#### **Prioritizing IP Data Packets when Broadcasting**

IP audio data packets can be programmed for expedited or assured forwarding (Quality of Service or QoS) when traversing different networks. Routers can also be programmed to ignore these forwarding priorities so they are not assured across all networks.

The codec can be programmed to tag IP data packets sent across a network by entering a value into the Differentiated Services Code Point (DSCP) field within the header of data packets transmitted over the network. Check with your IT administrator before changing this setting. By default the codec is programmed for Assured Forwarding and more details about DSCP are available on Wikipedia at <u>http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Dscp</u>.

### **Configuring QoS**

- 1. Press the **SETTINGS button**.
- 2. Use the navigation buttons to select **QoS** and press the OK button.

Configure		
SIP	QoS	<b>Φ</b>
Legal		

- 3. Press the button and use the **RETURN** button to delete numbers already entered, then use the numeric **KEYPAD** to enter the new setting recommended by your IT administrator.
- 4. Press the or button to save the new setting.

# 24.9 Reset and Restore Factory Default Settings

There are several options in the **Reset** menu which allow you to restore factory default settings within the codec.

	Function	Description	
1	Reset Audio and	Click to restore factory default settings for Audio and Connect	
	'Connect' Settings	menu settings	
2	Restore Factory	Click to restore factory default settings, excluding user defined	
	Defaults	programs and call history	
3	Delete Programs &	Deletes custom programs and recent calls in the codec; speed	
	Call History	dial contacts are retained	
4	Reboot Codec	Click to restart the codec	
5	Clear Logs Deletes codec event and log history. Note: This should only be		
		performed if instructed to by Tieline support staff.	



**Important Note:** After restoring factory defaults, always reboot the codec using the **Reboot Codec** function, not by removing power from the codec.

- 1. Press the **SETTINGS button**.
- 2. Use the navigation buttons to select **Reset** and press the or button.

Settinas		
Tie Server	Licenses	≁
Time	Reset	¥

3. Navigate to the preferred option from those available and press the or button.

Reset Functions	
Reset Audio and 'Connect' Settings	
Restore Factory Defaults	
Delete Programs & Call History	¥

4. Select **Yes** and press the button to confirm the reset function.

**Important Note:** To ensure the continuous and regular flow of tagged data packets along the path from point to point, all routers and switching equipment must respect the QoS setting of the packets sent. Any bandwidth partitioning schemes should partition over a small interval to ensure the codec jitter buffer does not empty and audio remains continuous.

# **Reset and Restore Factory Defaults using the Web-GUI**

The Web-GUI can also be used to reset and restore factory defaults. See <u>Reset Factory Default</u> <u>Settings</u> for more details.

# 24.10 Configuring SNMP Settings

The codec supports Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP) for managing devices on IP networks. To configure SNMP settings:

- 1. Press the **SETTINGS** <del>Marchaeler button</del>.
- 2. Use the navigation buttons to select **SNMP** and press the Or button.

Settings		
Qo 5	SNMP	<b></b>
Legal		

3. Navigate to each setting in turn and press the or button to adjust and save each new setting.

SNMP Settings		
R/O Community	public	
R/W Community	fieline RW	
Codec Name		÷



**Important Note:** For more information on SNMP codec settings see <u>Configuring SNMP</u> in the Codec.

# 24.11 Test Mode

Test mode is used by the codec to perform an input/output loopback test of audio. E.g. Input 1 is routed to Output 1, Input 2 is routed to Output 2 etc.

- 1. Press the **SETTINGS button**.
- 2. Navigate to Audio and press .
- 3. Navigate to Test Mode and press
- 4. Navigate to Info and press of to view the Audio Loopback Test Mode summary.

Loopback input/output test mode is enabled while the **Audio Loopback Test Mode** dialog appears on the screen. When you navigate out of this screen this test mode ceases.

ÅΨ		
De	Audio Loopback Test Mode	
	HPL = Input1 + Input3 + Input5 + Dec1 + Dec3 + Dec5	_ <b>≜</b> Î
ΡI	HPR = AUX in + Input2 + Input4 + Input6 + Dec2 + Dec4 +	
Te	Dec6	-

#### 25 Reference

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The following sections contain reference and troubleshooting information.

#### 25.1 **Regular Maintenance**

Tieline recommends the codec undergoes regular maintenance to ensure operational efficiency and prolong its life.



WARNINGS: All work should be carried out by suitably qualified personnel. Remove both power leads from the codec before removing the cover. All parts are mounted on plugs and only a Philips screwdriver is required. Ensure that fan mounting lugs are not hooked out by the cover.

## **Maintenance Schedule**

Tieline recommends a three year maintenance schedule which includes the following procedures to be completed:

- 1. Evacuate all dust from the unit and clean vents.
- 2. Replace both PSUs.
- 3. Replace the fan.

Controlled rack environments may allow a longer maintenance cycle. Uncontrolled environments, where temperatures are elevated, may require a shorter maintenance cycle.

Tieline recommends that the racks in which codecs are installed are thoroughly evacuated to ensure proper airflow from the bottom to the top. Where space is available, a 1RU gap between codecs will assist in minimizing internal temperature build up. Tieline has incorporated dual redundant PSUs and backup alarm features to assist in maintaining reliable operations. The fan has been carefully chosen for long life operation and should not be replaced by a cheaper equivalent. Fan speed control circuitry reduces the fan speed as internal rack temperatures fall below 25 degrees Celsius. This greatly extends the working life of the fan and the codec. If rack temperatures are elevated above 25 degrees Celsius, the fan speed will increase to reduce CPU temperature.

# 25.2 Installing the Codec at the Studio

# **Studio IP Streaming Setup for Tieline Audio Codecs**

The following instructions are intended to help you configure your internet connection and Tieline codecs at the studio to enable incoming calls over the internet from a remote Tieline codec. It is assumed that you have a basic understanding of your IP network and how to configure IP devices. If you have limited IT network knowledge, we recommend you engage the services of an IT professional to install the public IP address and perform the Network Address Translation (NAT) and port forwarding between the public internet and your private Local Area Network (LAN) at the studio.

# **Prerequisites**

The following procedures are valid for:

- All firmware versions in the Genie and Merlin codec families.
- All Bridge-IT Basic and Pro and Bridge-IT XTRA codecs with firmware release v.2.x or higher.
- All Commander G3 and i-Mix G3 codecs.

## **Getting Started at the Studio**

To perform a typical codec installation at the studio you will need to:

- 1. Contact your Internet Service Provider and organize a dedicated high speed broadband connection at the studio for your codec with a public static IP address. Do not share this connection with other devices.
- Install your codec at the studio and attach an active RJ-45 LAN cable to the "LAN" or "Ethernet" port on the rear of the codec. Please note:
  - The green LED underneath the "LAN" or "Ethernet" port will illuminate and the orange LED will flash steadily if you are connected to an active LAN connection.
  - The Genie and Merlin families of IP codecs support two simultaneous Ethernet connections.
- 3. If you are connecting a single codec to a router without a firewall you can enter the public IP address, Subnet Mask and Gateway directly into the codec and your work is done. Note: your Telco should be able to provide this information.
- 4. Alternatively, if you are connected to a router with a firewall, configure Network Address Translation (NAT) in your router. NAT is performed between the public internet and your private Local Area Network (LAN) by your router. Your remote codec sends IP data packets to the studio router's public static IP address and the router performs NAT, which forwards these data packets to the private IP address allocated by the router to your codec. As part of this process we recommended you:
  - Connect to your router using a web-browser.
  - Configure it to allocate a static private IP address for each codec.

- 5. Ensure your router's firewall is configured with the relevant TCP and UDP IP ports open to allow data traffic between your codec and the remote codec. The process is fairly simple if you use the following procedure:
  - a. Connect to your router using a web-browser.
  - b. Navigate to <u>http://portforward.com/english/applications/port_forwarding/Tieline-G5/</u> <u>default.htm</u> (Note: when configuring a Commander or i-Mix G3 codec at the studio use

**Important Note:** The IP address may change if the codec is allocated a DHCP IP address by the router and it loses power or is temporarily disconnected from the LAN. This will cause problems for remote codecs attempting to dial and connect.

#### http://portforward.com/english/applications/port_forwarding/Tieline-G3/default.htm )

- c. Click to select your router manufacturer from the list.
- d. Next, click to select your router model from the list.
- e. Follow the instructions to complete port forwarding
- 6. Visit <u>www.portforward.com</u> and download the port checking application to verify your router's ports are open.
- 7. Configure the static IP address in your codec using the instructions in the next section. To allow multiple codecs to share a single public static IP address behind a firewall and route the calls correctly, your codecs and the firewall need to be configured similarly to the example diagram which follows. Ensure the port, IP address, Subnet Mask and Gateway settings in your codecs match those configured in your router.



#### Port Forwarding to 3 Studio Codecs Sharing a Public Static IP Address

#### Important Note:

- The most common studio configuration issue is a firewall which blocks the incoming and/or outgoing TCP and UDP ports, or not configuring NAT and port forwarding correctly. The following table lists the firewall ports you need to open for each model of Tieline codec if they are dialing your router at the studio. If the remote codec is also connected to a LAN with a firewall you may also need to open the ports at the remote end of the link to connect successfully.
- Some firewalls require symmetric port configuration. The codec supports configuration of the "send" audio port (codec port at the remote end of the link to which you are sending audio) and "return" audio port (port used by the local codec to receive audio from the remote codec).

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Firewall Ports					
Commander G3/i-Mix G3		Bridge-IT/Bridge-IT XTRA		Merlin and Genie Codec Families	
TCP	UDP	TCP	UDP	TCP	UDP
IP1 Session	IP1 Audio Port:	Session Port	Audio (Proto):	Session Port:	Audio Port
Port: 9002	9000	(Sess): 9002	9000	9002	Stream 1: 9000
IP2 Session	IP2 Audio Port:	Web-GUI: 80	SIP Session:	Alternative	Audio Port
Port: 9012	9010		5060	Session: 9012	Stream 2: 9010
Toolbox	Toolbox	Alternative	SIP Audio:	Web-GUI: 80	Audio Port
Software: 5550	Software: 5550	Session: 9012	5004		Stream 3: 9020
	SIP Session:	Alternative		Alternative	Audio Port
	5060	Web-GUI: 8080		Web-GUI: 8080	Stream 4: 9030
	SIP Audio:				Audio Port
	5004				Stream 5: 9040
					Audio Port
					Stream 6: 9050
					SIP Session:
					5060
					SIP Audio:
					5004, 5006,
					5008, 5010,
					5012, 5014

# Configuring a Static Public or Private IP Address in Genie, Merlin and Bridge-IT (v.2.x firmware) Codecs

To enter a static IP Address into the codec for NAT:

- 1. Press the **HOME** button to return to the **Home** screen.
- 2. Use the navigation buttons to select Settings and press
- 3. Use the down navigation button to select LAN and press .
- 4. Select Eth1 and navigate to IPv4 mode and press or.

ETH1 Config	(Primary)	
IPv4 Mode	DHCP	$\Phi$
IPv6 Mode	Auto	
Auto DNS	Yes	

5. DHCP is enabled by default. Select Static and press or.

Select ETH1 IPv4 Mode	
DHCP	Static
off	

6. The Static IP address menu is revealed after DHCP is disabled. Use the navigation buttons to select IPv4 Static IP and press

ETH1 Config (Primary)				
IPv4 Mode	Static	۰		
IPV4 Statici	127.0.0.1			
IPv4 Subne	255.255.255.0	¥		

7. Use the numeric **KEYPAD** to enter the IP address and press it to store the setting. Note: use the * or # buttons to enter the periods in the IP address and use the **RETURN** button to delete any numbers already entered.

ETH1: Enter IPv4 Static Address
172.16.1.2
OK to continue

- 8. Enter changes to the **IPv4 Subnet** (Subnet Mask) or **IPv4 Gateway** (Default Gateway) in the same way if they are required (check with your network administrator for these settings).
- 9. After all changes have been made use the navigation buttons to scroll to the top of the menu and select **Apply Setting**, then press the OK button to save all changes.
- 10. From the **Home** screen select **Settings > Unit > Eth** in the codec menus to ensure the new static IP address has been entered correctly.

# Configuring a Static IP Address in Commander G3 and i-Mix G3 Codecs

To set up a static IP address in Commander G3 and i-Mix G3 codecs select Menu > Configuration > Advanced > LAN settings > IP Setup > Setup > Static > IP Address > [enter IP address] > press OK > Subnet Mask [enter Subnet Mask] > press OK > Gateway [enter Gateway] > press OK > reboot the codec.

IPv4 Static IP Address								
IP Address				-				
Subnet Mask								
Default Gateway								
IPv6 Mode: Manual	Pv6 Mode: Manual (Bridge-IT, Genie and Merlin codecs only)							
IP Address		:	:	:	:	:	:	
	:							
IPv6 Prefix Size								
IPv6 Gateway		:	:	:	:	:	:	
	1:							

# **Record IP Address Details**

#### **Getting Connected**

Once the studio codec is configured you are now ready to receive an incoming call from the remote codec over the internet. Always dial from the field codec to the studio codec over the internet unless the remote codec is assigned a public static IP address and you know this address.

If you dial the studio using a cell-phone data network at the remote site you will not normally experience any firewall or port blocking issues at the remote end of the link using default Tieline ports.

# Troubleshooting: How to Determine Where Firewall Port Blocking is Occurring

If you find you are unable to either send or receive audio between the studio and remote codecs you can use Tieline's Link Quality reading to diagnose where ports are being blocked. LQ can be displayed on the front LCD screen of Tieline's Bridge-IT, Merlin and Genie codecs by selecting

**Cxns**, then select the connection you want to view and press the **OK** button. LQ readings are also displayed on the home screen of all Commander and i-Mix G3 codecs.

#### Link Quality (LQ) Readings

Send and Return LQ numbers help you to determine if a problem is occurring at either end of a connection. For example, on an IP connection the Return LQ reading represents the audio being downloaded from the network locally (i.e. audio data is being sent by the remote codec). Conversely, the Send LQ reading represents the audio data being sent by the local codec (i.e. being downloaded by the remote codec). To ensure a stable connection, try to maintain a reliable reading of 80 or higher for both the **Send** and **Return** LQ reading.

#### Important Note:

- The **Return** link quality reading is the same as the Local (L) setting displayed on a G3 codec.
- The **Send** link quality reading is the same as the Remote (**R**) setting displayed on a G3 codec.

#### Diagnosing Port Blocking via the Studio Codec LQ

If the studio codec **Return** LQ reading is **01** then incoming audio from the remote codec is being blocked by a firewall at either point A or B in the following diagram. If the studio codec **Send** LQ reading is **01** then outgoing audio from the studio is being blocked by a firewall at either point C or D in the following diagram.



#### Diagnosing Port Blocking via the Remote Codec LQ

If you attach your Tieline codec at the remote site to a LAN with access to the internet you can often dial and connect to the studio without any problem. It is less likely that a firewall will block outgoing TCP and UDP ports. However, if there is a firewall at the remote site it may block incoming data packets from the studio.

The principle is the same at the remote codec for diagnosing blocked ports. If the remote codec **Return** LQ reading is 01 then incoming audio from the studio codec is being blocked by a firewall at either point C or D in the preceding diagram. If the remote codec **Send** LQ reading is 01 then the outgoing audio from the remote codec is being blocked by a firewall at either point A or B in the preceding diagram.

## **Troubleshooting TCP Port Blocking**

Error messages on the codec screen can help to diagnose TCP port blocking.

- "Connection Refused" usually means that the firewall is configured correctly but the codec is not using the expected port. For example, the firewall is set up to forward via port 9002 but codec is 'listening' to port 10,000. "Connection Refused" is not normally shown if the firewall is not configured correctly because a firewall will by design silently drop any forwarding requests to ports that it doesn't have open (see next point). Note: "Connection Refused" will also be displayed if the Commander G3 or i-Mix G3 codec you are calling is already connected.
- 2. "Connection Timeout" can mean one of two things:
  - The firewall is not configured correctly and the attempted codec connection is being

silently dropped, e.g. a remote codec is dialing to port 9002 but the studio firewall port forwarding is not configured.

• The UDP port is not port forwarded correctly. Tieline codecs send test data during connection establishment to make sure that the audio path is configured correctly; if this process fails then it will also result in a "Connection Timeout".

#### How do I determine which end is blocking data flow?

Tieline test codec firewalls have the default Tieline TCP and UDP ports open. You can dial into these test codecs (or other codecs you know are configured correctly) from your recently configured studio and remote codecs and use the LQ readings to diagnose whether your studio or remote codec firewall is blocking your data packets. If one codec connects ok and the other one doesn't, then you will know which end is likely to be causing the problem. As an example:

- 1. Dial from site 1 to a Tieline test codec.
- 2. Dial from site 2 to Tieline test codec.

If both of these connect successfully then the "outbound" TCP path for session data is OK, and the inbound UDP audio path is OK.

- 3. Dial to site 1 from a codec you know is configured correctly.
- 4. Dial to site 2 from a codec you know is configured correctly.

If either of these calls fail then TCP and/or UDP inbound data is being blocked on the failed connection (see "Troubleshooting TCP Port Blocking" above).

#### **Testing your Codec**

- Visit <u>http://www.tieline.com/Support/Test-lines</u> for a list of test IP codec addresses you can use to verify your codec is configured correctly.
- See <u>Testing IP Network Connections</u> for more IP test information.

#### Learning More About IP Networks

For more IP network information please see the section titled <u>Understanding IP Networks</u> which discusses:

- Private versus public IP addresses.
- Static versus DHCP assigned IP addresses.
- Network Address Translation (NAT), port forwarding and firewalls.

# 25.3 Understanding IP Networks

# **Types of IP Addresses Available**

	Type of IP Address	How the IP Address is Allocated	Description
Public	Static Public IP Address	Internet Service Providers (ISPs)	ISP's allocate a static public IP address to allow network devices to communicate with each other over the internet. It works like a public telephone number and will allow your remote codec to call your studio codec over the Internet.
	Dynamically Assigned Public IP Address	Internet Service Providers (ISPs)	ISP's usually allocate dynamically (automatically) assigned public IP addresses to allow network devices to communicate with each other over the Internet. (Not recommended for studio installations because each time you connect to your ISP the IP address can change).
Private	Dynamically Assigned Private IP Address	DHCP Server/Router on your own private LAN network.	A DHCP server-allocated IP address that is automatically assigned to a device on a LAN to allow it to communicate with other devices and the internet. This address can change each time a device connects.
	Static Private IP Address	LAN Administrator	A network administrator-allocated static address which is programmed into a device to allow it to connect to a LAN. Often a security measure to only allow access to devices approved by a network administrator.

# **Obtaining Public IP Addresses**

To send audio streams over the public internet you need to use a public IP address assigned to you by your ISP (Internet Service Provider).

A public IP address is like your public telephone number and allows you to be contacted over the internet in much the same way people dial your public telephone number. They come in two forms; dynamic (DHCP) and static. Most ISPs assign a dynamic public IP address by default, which can often change without you knowing. This is suitable for a quick demo of your Tieline codec, but for a permanent installation you will need to request a permanent static public IP address.

Once the Static Public IP address is assigned to your internet connection (router) at the studio you need to create a link between the public IP address and your codec's private IP address on the LAN. This is called Network Address Translation.

Depending upon how your network is configured, it may also be possible to simply connect your Tieline codec directly into your ADSL modem/router and receive a public address from the router.

# Private LAN IP Addresses

By default your Tieline codec will normally be automatically assigned a private IP address when you connect it to a typical router over a LAN.

Private IP Addresses are associated with LANs and normally reside behind a firewall and are not visible to the internet. They are generally in the ranges: 10.0.0.1 - 10.255.255.255, 169.254.0.0 - 169.254.255.255, 172.16.0.0 - 172.31.255.255 and 192.168.0.0 - 192.168.255.255 and are assigned by network DHCP servers and routers.

These IP Addresses are generally assigned for a predefined period (known as a lease) by your network's DHCP server or router. This IP address will generally expire after the lease period. DHCP assigned IP Addresses may also change if the device is disconnected for lengthy periods or if power to the device is turned off and back on. As a result, it is advised that you make this IP address permanent by assigning it as a Static DHCP IP Address. This will ensure you are able to always forward incoming audio packets to your codec using the same private IP address at the studio using port forwarding (see the section on port forwarding for more details). Consult your Network Administrator if you are unsure how to do this.

#### **Network Address Translation (NAT)**

Network Address Translation (NAT) is a method of connecting multiple devices to the internet using one public IP address.

The best way to explain NAT is to use the example of a phone system at an office that has one public telephone number and multiple extensions. This type of telephone system allows people to call you on a single public telephone number and performs the translation and routing of the public number to a particular private extension. Similarly, in order to receive an IP call from a remote codec over the public internet, the same network address translation principle applies. NAT and port forwarding allows a single device, such as a broadband router, to act as an agent between the public internet and a local private LAN.

The relationship between public and private IP addresses and NAT is displayed in the following diagram and the following section explains port forwarding configuration in more detail.

#### Port Forwarding: Tieline TCP and UDP Port Settings

For your Tieline Codec to communicate over the public internet an IP Address alone is not sufficient. In TCP/IP and UDP networks the codec port is the endpoint of your connection. Ports are doorways for IP devices to communicate with each other. Picture a house and imagine the front door is the entry point represented by a public or private IP address. Then you want to get to several codecs in different rooms of the same house and ports represent the doors to each of those rooms. In principle this is how port addressing works.

For example, several codecs may dial into your studio using the same public static IP address. In this situation it is necessary to configure codec 'programs' with audio streams using different audio ports for discretely routing each incoming and outgoing audio stream. By doing this your studio's network routers know where IP packets for each audio stream should be routed, i.e. to which codec and respective audio outputs.

When data packets are received from remote codecs at a particular public IP address, port information is translated from data packets to ensure the correct packets are sent to the correct studio codecs. This process is performed by PAT (Port Address Translation), which is a feature of NAT (Network Address Translation) devices.

Tieline codecs use TCP ports for setting up the communication session and UDP ports for streaming audio. While TCP ports are generally open, UDP ports are generally blocked by network devices which contain firewalls and will stop you delivering your audio. Depending on the codecs you are using, you need to configure your firewall to allow TCP and UDP protocols to pass through the ports listed in the table below.

# 25.4 Tips for Creating Reliable IP Connections

The following 10 tips are provided to help obtain the best possible IP connection between two codecs, without paying for Quality of Service (QoS).

- 1. Always use the best quality Internet Service Provider (ISP). Tier 1 service providers are best as their infrastructure actually makes up the internet 'backbone'. Wikipedia lists the major service providers that make up the internet backbone at: http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/ internet_backbone. In Australia Telstra is equivalent to one of these service providers.
- 2. You will get the best quality connection if both the local (studio) and remote codecs use the same ISP. This can substantially increase reliability, audio bandwidth and reduce audio delay. Using the same service provider nationally can give better results than using different local service providers. This is especially true if one of the service providers is a cheap, low-end domestic service provider, which buys its bandwidth from other ISPs. Second and third tier providers sublease bandwidth from first tier providers and can result in connection reliability issues due to multiple switch hops. We also highly recommend using First Tier ISPs if connecting two codecs in different countries.
- 3. Sign up for a business plan that provides better performance than domestic or residential plans. Business plans typically have a fixed data limit per month with an additional cost for data beyond that limit. In addition, Service Level Agreements (SLA) will often provide better support and response times in the event of a connection failure. Domestic plans are often speed-limited or "shaped" when usage exceeds a predefined limit. These plans are cheap but they are dangerous for streaming broadcast audio.
- 4. Ensure that the speed of the connection for both codecs is adequate for the job. The minimum upload speed recommended is 256 kbps for a studio codec and 64 kbps for a field unit connection.
- 5. Use good quality equipment to connect your codecs to the internet. (Tieline successfully uses Cisco® switching and routing equipment.):
- If you are using a DSL or ADSL connection make sure you purchase a high quality modem that can easily meet your speed requirements. This is especially important if you are over 4 kms from an exchange.
- If you have multiple codecs connected to a local area network (LAN) please ensure that your network infrastructure is designed for media streaming and not domestic usage. Tieline has tested several cheap 8-port switches that lose more packets between local computers than an international IP connection between Australia and the USA!
- If using a wireless connection ensure that the antenna signal strength received is strong. The type of antenna used and the amount of output gain also affects connection quality.

**Important Note:** You should be able to stream audio between two codecs on your LAN and get high percentage send/return 'link quality' readings of around 99. If you see anything less than this then you should get a network engineer to investigate the issue.

- 6. Once your internet connection is installed at the studio check that the connection performance is approximately what you ordered and are paying for. A connection can perform below advertised bit rates if:
- There is an error in ISP configuration;
- There is an error in modem configuration;
- There is a poor quality line between the studio and the exchange;
- There are too may phones or faxes connected to the phone line; or
- · Line filters have been connected incorrectly.

- 7. Use a dedicated DSL/ADSL line for your codecs. Do not share a link with PCs or company networks. The only exception to this rule is if an organization has network equipment and engineers that can implement and manage quality of service (QoS) on its network.
- 8. Use UDP as the preferred audio transport protocol.
- 9. When using UDP ensure the total bit rate (audio bit rate plus header bit rate) is no more than 80% of the ISP connection rate. IP headers require around 20 kbps in addition to the audio bit rate. For example, with a 64 kbps connection the audio bit rate should be (64-20) x 0.8 = 31.2 kbps or lower.
- 10.Wireless IP connections can easily become congested and result in packet loss and audio drop-outs. It is very difficult to guarantee connection quality when there is no way of knowing how many people are sharing the same wireless connection.



**Important Note:** Be careful when using cell-phone connections at special events where thousands of people have mobile phones. This can result in poor quality connections and audio drop-outs if cell-phone base stations are overloaded.

# **IP Connection Checklist**

Complete the following check list and aim for a score of at least 8 out of 10 before going live.

Number	Check	Result
1	Using a reputable Tier1 ISP that's part of internet backbone.	
2	The same ISP is being used for both codec connections.	
3	The ISP Plan is a Business Plan or equivalent.	
4	The ISP connection speed is adequate.	
5	Equipment is high quality and suitable for media streaming.	
6	The ISP connection speed has been tested and is suitable.	
7	The ISP connection is not shared with other PCs or devices.	
8	UDP is being used as the audio transport protocol.	
9	No more than 80% of ISP connection bandwidth is being used.	
10	There are no wireless connections being used.	

# 25.5 Testing IP Network Connections

There are a few very simple tools that you can use to test whether a codec can be reached over an IP network.

- Visit <u>http://www.speedtest.net/</u> to test the upload and download speed of your IP connections and identify your public IP address.
- Visit <u>www.portforward.com</u> and download the port checking application to verify your router's ports are open. Note: Using a port scanner to test a codec will be unsuccessful if you try to scan and the port is already in use, i.e. the codec is connected.
- Visit <u>www.subnetonline.com</u> and use an online port scanner to check for open and closed TCP ports. This site also has numerous other software tools, including an online ping webtool for IPv4, plus TraceRoute and TracePath software tools.

#### **Ping the Codec**

A ping test can be used to test whether it is possible to reach a codec or any device over an IP network. A ping test measures:

- The round-trip time of packets.
- Any packet loss.

There are two types of ping tests:

- 1. Short test: sends 4 packets and delivers statistics.
  - i. Point to the start menu on your PC and click once.
  - ii. In the search text box type Run and press Enter.
  - iii. Type CMD in the Run dialog text box and click OK.
  - iv. Type **ping** and the IP address of the codec you are pinging (i.e. **ping 192.168.0.159**) and press the **Enter** key on your keyboard.
  - v. The round trip time of the packets is displayed, as well as any packet loss.

Administrator: C:\Windows\system32\cmd.exe	
C:\Users\Glenn>ping 172.16.104.235	
Pinging 172.16.104.235 with 32 bytes of data: Reply from 172.16.104.235: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=64	
Reply from 172.16.104.235: bytes=32 time=208ms TLL=64 Reply from 172.16.104.235: bytes=32 time=407ms TTL=64 Reply from 172.16.104.235: bytes=32 time=6ms TTL=64	
Ping statistics for 172.16.104.235: Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss), Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds: Minimum = 0ms, Maximum = 407ms, Average = 155ms	
C:\Users\Glenn>	

- 2. Long test: sends packets continuously until stopped.
  - i. Point to the start menu on your PC and click once.
  - ii. In the search text box type Run and press Enter.
  - iii. Type CMD in the Run dialog text box and click OK.
  - iv. Type **ping**, the IP address of the codec you are pinging, and then **-t** (i.e. **ping 203.36.205.163 -t**) and press the **Enter** key on your keyboard.
  - v. Let the test run for several minutes and then press CTRL C.
  - vi. The round trip time of the packets is displayed, as well as any packet loss for the period of time that the test occurred.

## **Trace the Route of IP Packets**

Another utility available on your PC is traceroute. This tool can be used to determine the route and number of hops that data packets are taking to their destination (codec). This is useful because the more routers that packets traverse, the more latency your connection will have, and the less reliable it will be.

- i. Point to the start menu on your PC and click once.
- ii. In the search text box type Run and press Enter.
- iii. Type CMD in the Run dialog text box and click OK.
- iv. Type **tracert**, the IP address of the codec you are contacting (i.e. **tracert 203.36.205.163**) and press the **Enter** key on your keyboard.

# 25.6 Testing ISDN Connections

To test your ISDN line is working you can dial a standard phone line or your cell-phone number. If the call is successful this verifies the line is active. To verify ISDN data is being sent you can:

- Dial a codec you know is connected to an active ISDN line, e.g. another codec in your network or a Tieline test codec.
- Dial the test ISDN data number provided by your Telco (when available).
- Create a program and perform a loopback test by dialing out on the main ISDN number and receive the call on the auxiliary ISDN number. (Note: To create a loopback program create a 2 x Mono or Stereo Peer-to-Peer program and configure a dial only audio stream using your main ISDN number. For the second audio stream create an answer only audio stream connection configured for ISDN. If you dial the connection and can hear the audio you are sending on the return B channel, you have confirmed ISDN data is being sent successfully.

If you dial using a loopback program and a "disconnect" error message similar to the following image appears, you may have the incorrect **Line Type** configured.

ŝ	92497622 Disconnected	
	Call clearing unspecified	
		¥

Change the Line Type setting and this should hopefully resolve the issue.

#### **On-Demand ISDN Services**

If **Sync** appears for approximately 60 seconds when you connect an ISDN line to the codec and then disappears, or if **Sync** does not appear and you know you are connected to an active ISDN interface, then the line may have 'On-demand' enabled by your Telco. To test this you can dial a codec on an ISDN line known to be operational. Dial over ISDN and if **Sync** appears after connecting it indicates the service has now been activated. Disconnect and then dial again. If this dial is successful 'On Demand' is enabled. We recommend you contact your network service provider and get them to disable 'On Demand' to circumvent any possible connection issues.

# 25.7 Connecting Tieline ISDN to other Codecs

To dial from a Tieline codec to a non-Tieline codec it is necessary to disable 'Session Data' and use an algorithm like G.722 or MPEG Layer 2 for compatibility. The same settings must be configured at both ends for:

- · Mono or stereo
- Encoding (Algorithm)
- Sample Rate
- Other relevant settings on the non-Tieline codecFollowing are configuration instructions for dialing to several non-Tieline codec brands over ISDN.

## 25.7.1 Connecting to APT Wordcast Equinox ISDN

#### Configuring the WorldCast Equinox to Make an ISDN Call

- 1. Plug your ISDN line into the back of the codec and attach power.
- 2. Press the "Menu" button on the codec to access the codec menus.
- 3. Press the "Menu" button to select the "USER" menu.
- 4. Select "Primary Connection" and press the "Ent/Dial" button.
- 5. Next select "Codec ISDN" > "Use Audio Profile" [No] > "Eapt-X16", or "Eapt-X24", "MPEG1-L2" or G.722.
- 6. Select the appropriate bit rate and whether you are dialing in mono, stereo or Joint Stereo, and then the sample rate.
- 7. For bonded "MPEG1-L2" connections select "CCS IMUX".
- 8. Complete the profile setup. The codec is now ready to dial or answer.

### Configuring the Tieline Codec to Dial the Equinox over ISDN

- 1. Press the **HOME** button to return to the **Home** screen and select **Connect > ISDN**.
- 2. Navigate to **Setup** and press the W button.

ISDN Dial Setud		
	Connect	
Setup	Tieline Codecs, Music Mono, 32k, 64kbps	
Dest 1	Press OK to edit	÷

- Select Session Type [Sessionless] > Select Dial Route [None] > Number of B Channels [Choose the number of B-channels (between 1 and 4) required for your connection] > Algorithm [Choose G.722, E apt-X Mono or Stereo, MP2 Mono or Stereo or MP2 J-Stereo (Note: select 32kHz or 48kHz sample rate for MP2 and E apt-X depending on available B-channels)].
- 4. Navigate to a Destination (e.g. **Dest 1** or **Dest 2**) and press the *button to select each one in turn.* Enter the number for each B channel you want to dial and press the *button, then select which B channel will dial using that number and press the button.*
- 5. Navigate down to **Auto Reconnect** and press the *state* button to toggle between **Enabled** and **Disabled**. Note: This is normally enabled on the dialing codec only.

ISDN Dial Se	tuo	
Dest 1	Press OK to edit	$\mathbf{T}$
Auto Reconr	Enabled	
Save as Program		¥

- 6. Navigate down to **Save as Program** and press the 🖾 button to save these settings as a program.
- 7. Navigate down to **Module Configuration** and press the OM button.

ISDN Dial Setup	
Auto Reconr Disabled	$\mathbf{\Phi}$
Save as Program	
Module Configuration	

8. Select the ISDN module you want to configure and press the M button.

Module Settings		
Module 1	ISDN-ST (Sync)	
Module 2	ISDN-ST (Sync)	

9. Configure the following settings:

- Accept > Voice and Data
- Network > Check with your Telco (EU-ETSI in Australia; Europe & most countries outside

North America; [US Nat] is the most common in the US, but check with your Telco).

- Line Type > Check with your Telco and select either **Point-to-Multi** (point-to-multipoint) or **Point-to-Point** (point-to-point).
- **DN/MSN** > Enter the "SPID" and "DN" numbers if required in your region, e.g. a SPID is normally required in the US.
- 10. Navigate up to Apply Settings and press the or button.

### **Dialing from the Tieline Codec**

### **Program Dialing**

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- 1. If you have saved the ISDN program as previously instructed, press the **HOME** button to return to the **Home** screen and select **Connect > Programs**.
- 2. Select the saved program you want to load and press the OV button.
- 3. Select Load and press the button to load the program.
- 4. Press the **CONNECT D** button to dial the ISDN program connections.

### Ad Hoc Dialing

- 1. If you haven't save the program but have entered the dialing numbers and other settings, press the **HOME** button to return to the **Home** screen and select **Connect > ISDN > Connect**.
- 2. Press the web button to dial using the settings previously entered.

**Important Note:** If you select different algorithm settings on each codec and dial from the Tieline codec, the connection will be unsuccessful and the **CONNECTED LED** on the front panel of the Tieline codec will continuously flash. Adjust the algorithm settings and attempt to reconnect.

### **Dialing from the WorldCast Equinox**

**Important Note:** Configure **ISDN Answer Config** settings in the codec before attempting to dial from the Equinox to the Tieline codec. Select the following settings in the Tieline codec in one of the **Configs** (see <u>ISDN Answering Configuration</u> for more detail):

- May bond.
- Sessionless.
- Algorithm: G.722, MP2 Mono, MP2 Stereo, MP2 J-Stereo or E apt-X Mono or Stereo.
- Sample Rate: 32kHz or 48kHz
- 1. Navigate to the B-channel you want to dial over and press the "Ent/Dial" button.
- 2. Use the keypad to enter the number of the line you are dialing.
- 3. Press the "Ent/Dial" button again to make the outgoing call from the codec.
- 4. If dialing two B-channels, navigate to the second B-channel and use the keypad to enter the number, then press the "Ent/Dial" button. Note: the codec screen will display IMUX UNLOCKED until you dial additional connections when bonding multiple channels.



**Important Note:** When dialing a mono or stereo connection over two B-channels audio is not available until the second connection is successful.

### 25.7.2 Connecting to CDQ Prima ISDN

Use the following information to connect a Tieline codec to a Musicam CDQ Prima codec.

### Programming the CDQ Prima for a Mono Connection

Select a mono profile in the Prima codec for the connection:

- 1. Press the "SDIAL" button on the front panel of the codec.
- 2. When "ID NUM" is displayed press "8" and then press "Enter" using the down arrow.
- 3. "MPEG2/64K:QS" will be displayed briefly followed by "WORKING".
- "OK" will be displayed momentarily and then the LCD screen will return to the default screen and be programmed for:
  - A Mono connection.
  - 64Kbps Bit-Rate.
  - 48K Sample Rate.
  - MPEG Layer 2 algorithm.
  - 1 ISDN B channel.
  - Decoder Independent No.
- 5. Press the right arrow on the "Enter" button and navigate to "Interface". Push the down arrow on the "Enter" button to select this menu.
- 6. Use the "Enter" button and navigate to the type of interface you are using. Note: During Tieline tests we used an "Internal TA".
- 7. Select the actual terminal adapter connected to your codec. Note: During Tieline tests we used the internal "TA301".
- 8. Use the "Enter" button and select the switch type for the country you are in. Check with your Telco for the correct setting if you are unsure. Note: During Tieline tests we used the internal "NI1" setting for the USA.
- 9. Use the "Enter" button and keypad to enter the "SPID 1" and "SPID 2" numbers if required.
- 10.Use the "Enter" button and keypad to enter the "ID 1" and "ID 2" (Directory/MSN) numbers if required.
- 11. The codec should now be configured.

### Programming the CDQ Prima for a Stereo Connection

- 1. Press the "SDIAL" button on the front panel of the codec.
- 2. When "ID NUM" is displayed press "27" and then press "Enter" using the down arrow.
- 3. "Zephyr/128K:QS" will be displayed briefly followed by "WORKING".
- 4. "OK" will be displayed momentarily and then the LCD screen will return to the screen displayed prior to programming. The codec is now programmed for:
  - A Joint Stereo connection.
  - 128Kbps Bit-Rate.
  - 48K Sample Rate.
  - MPEG Layer 2 algorithm.
  - 2 ISDN B Channels
  - Decoder Independent Yes
- 5. Press the right arrow on the "Enter" button and navigate to "Interface". Push the down arrow on the "Enter" button to select this menu.
- 6. Use the "Enter" button and navigate to the type of interface you are using. Note: During Tieline tests we used an "Internal TA".
- 7. Select the actual terminal adapter connected to your codec. Note: During Tieline tests we used the internal "TA301".
- 8. Use the "Enter" button and select the switch type for the country you are in. Check with your Telco for the correct setting if you are unsure. Note: During Tieline tests we used the internal "NI1" setting for the USA.
- 9. Use the "Enter" button and keypad to enter the "SPID 1" and "SPID 2" numbers if required.

10.Use the "Enter" button and keypad to enter the "ID 1" and "ID 2" (Directory/MSN) numbers if required.

11. The codec should now be configured.

### Configuring the Tieline Codec to Connect to the CDQ Prima

- 1. Press the **HOME** button to return to the **Home** screen and select **Connect > ISDN**.
- 2. Navigate to **Setup** and press the W button.



- Select Session Type [Sessionless] > Select Dial Route [None] > Number of B Channels [Choose 1B (mono) or 2B (stereo)] > Algorithm [Choose MP2 Mono or MP2 J-Stereo (Note: select 48kHz sample rate for MP2 algorithms)].
- 4. Navigate to a Destination (e.g. **Dest 1** or **Dest 2**) and press the button to select each one in turn. Enter the number for each B channel you want to dial and press the button, then select which B channel will dial using that number and press the button.
- 5. Navigate down to **Auto Reconnect** and press the 🖾 button to toggle between **Enabled** and **Disabled**. Note: This is normally enabled on the dialing codec only.

ISDN Dial Setud		
Dest 1	Press OK to edit	4
Auto Reconn	Enabled	
	Save as Program	¥

- 6. Navigate down to **Save as Program** and press the Motion to save these settings as a program.
- 7. Navigate down to Module Configuration and press the OM button.

ISDN Dial Setud		
Auto Reconr Disabled	Ŧ	
Save as Program		
Module Configuration		

8. Select the ISDN module you want to configure and press the watch.

Module Setti	ngs	
Module 1	ISDN-ST (Sync)	
Module 2	ISDN – ST (Sync)	

1	P	
	4	

**Important Note: ISDN Sync** should be displayed when an ISDN line is connected to the codec. This appears regardless of whether you have configured the 'ISDN Line Type' correctly.

### 9. Configure the following settings:

- Accept > Voice and Data
- Network > Check with your Telco (EU-ETSI in Australia; Europe & most countries outside North America; [US Nat] is the most common in the US, but check with your Telco).
- Line Type > Check with your Telco and select either Point-to-Multi (point-to-multipoint) or

**Point-to--Point** (point-to-point).

• **DN/MSN** > Enter the "SPID" and "DN" numbers if required in your region, e.g. a SPID is normally required in the US.

10. Navigate up to **Apply Settings** and press the Mutton.

### **Dialing from the Tieline Codec**

### **Program Dialing**

- 1. If you have saved the ISDN program as previously instructed, press the **HOME** button to return to the **Home** screen and select **Connect > Programs**.
- 2. Select the saved program you want to load and press the W button.
- 3. Select Load and press the button to load the program.
- 4. Press the **CONNECT D** button to dial the ISDN program connections.

### Ad Hoc Dialing

- 1. If you haven't save the program but have entered the dialing numbers and other settings, press the **HOME** button to return to the **Home** screen and select **Connect > ISDN > Connect**.
- 2. Press the we button to dial using the settings previously entered.

After dialing successfully "FRAMED" should illuminate on the CDQ Prima screen. Tieline codecs also support 32kHz sampling.

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**Important Note:** Configure **ISDN Answer Config** settings in the codec before attempting to dial from the Equinox to the Tieline codec. Select the following settings in the Tieline codec in one of the **Configs** (see <u>ISDN Answering Configuration</u> for more detail):

- May bond.
- Sessionless.
- Algorithm: MP2 Mono, MP2 J-Stereo.
- Sample Rate: 48kHz

### Making a Mono Call from the CDQ Prima Codec

- 1. Press the "Dial" button on the front panel of the codec.
- 2. Navigate right using the "Enter" button and select "1".
- 3. Enter the number to dial using the numeric keypad.
- 4. Press the "Enter" button (bottom arrow) and the screen will briefly display "Working", then "Connect" and then the green "Framed" light should illuminate on the front panel.

### Making a Stereo Call from the CDQ Prima Codec

- 1. Press the "Dial" button on the front panel of the codec.
- 2. Use the "Enter" button and select "Both".
- 3. Enter the first number to dial using the numeric keypad.
- 4. Press the "Enter" button (bottom arrow) and the screen will briefly display "Dialling line 1" and then "Connect".
- 5. Enter the second number to dial using the numeric keypad and press the "Enter" button (bottom arrow).
- 6. The screen will briefly display "Dialling line 2", then "Connect" and then the green "Framed" light should illuminate on the front panel.



**Important Note:** When connecting in stereo, the Prima expects both B channel dials to occur within 5 seconds. This can be performed by the Tieline codec.

It has also been noted that the CDQ Prima codec will not connect if no audio is present when dialing. It may connect Prima > Tieline, but not Tieline > Prima. If audio is present, the codec should connect and stay connected even if audio is removed subsequently. The J-Stereo light on the Prima may also flash when in this mode.

Ideally, have audio connected when dialing and the codec will frame immediately after the first dial and then dial the second B channel quickly afterwards.

### 25.7.3 Connecting to Mayah ISDN

### Configuring the Mayah Sporty to Make an ISDN Call

- 1. Plug your ISDN line into the codec and attach power.
- 2. Press "F2 Codec".
- 3. Press "F3 Setup"
- 4. Press "F2 Quality"
- 5. Use the navigation buttons to select an algorithm setting from "G.722", "L2 Mono, Stereo or J-Stereo" or "E apt-X Mono or Stereo", then press the "OK" button to save the setting.
- 6. Press "F4 ESC" to return to the home screen.
- 7. Press "F2 Codec", then "F1 Connect", then "F3 Direct".
- 8. Navigate to "interface" and press "OK" to select ISDN.
- 9. Navigate to "number1" and press "OK" to enter the ISDN number using the keypad, then press "OK".
- 10.If you are bonding multiple channels navigate to "number2" and press "OK" to enter the ISDN number using the keypad, then press "OK".

### Configuring the Tieline Codec to Dial the Mayah Sporty over ISDN

- 1. Press the **HOME** button to return to the **Home** screen and select **Connect > ISDN**.
- 2. Navigate to **Setup** and press the witton.

ISDN Dial Setud		
	Connect	
Setup	Tieline Codecs, Music Mono, 32k,64kbps	
Dest 1	Press OK to edit	¥

- Select Session Type [Sessionless] > Select Dial Route [None] > Number of B Channels [Choose the number of B-channels (between 1 and 4) required for your connection] > Algorithm [Choose G.722, E apt-X Mono or Stereo, MP2 Mono or Stereo or MP2 J-Stereo (Note: select 32kHz or 48kHz sample rate for MP2 depending on available B-channels)].
- 4. Navigate to a Destination (e.g. **Dest 1** or **Dest 2**) and press the 🖾 button to select each one in turn. Enter the number for each B channel you want to dial and press the 🐼 button, then select which B channel will dial using that number and press the 🐼 button.
- 5. Navigate down to **Auto Reconnect** and press the *state* button to toggle between **Enabled** and **Disabled**. Note: This is normally enabled on the dialing codec only.

ISDN Dial Setup		
Dest 1	Press OK to edit	Ŧ
Auto Reconn	Enabled	
	Save as Program	¥

6. Navigate down to **Save as Program** and press the 🖾 button to save these settings as a program.

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7. Navigate down to **Module Configuration** and press the Or button.



8. Select the ISDN module you want to configure and press the M button.

Module 1	ISDN-ST (Sync)	
Module 2	ISDN-ST (Sync)	

- 9. Configure the following settings:
  - Accept > Voice and Data
  - Network > Check with your Telco (EU-ETSI in Australia; Europe & most countries outside North America; [US Nat] is the most common in the US, but check with your Telco).
  - Line Type > Check with your Telco and select either **Point-to-Multi** (point-to-multipoint) or **Point-to-Point** (point-to-point).
  - DN/MSN > Enter the "SPID" and "DN" numbers if required in your region, e.g. a SPID is normally required in the US.
- 10. Navigate up to **Apply Settings** and press the W button.

### **Dialing from the Tieline Codec**

### **Program Dialing**

- 1. If you have saved the ISDN program as previously instructed, press the **HOME** button to return to the **Home** screen and select **Connect > Programs**.
- 2. Select the saved program you want to load and press the W button.
- 3. Select Load and press the button to load the program.
- 4. Press the **CONNECT D** button to dial the ISDN program connections.

### Ad Hoc Dialing

- 1. If you haven't save the program but have entered the dialing numbers and other settings, press the **HOME** is button to return to the **Home** screen and select **Connect > ISDN > Connect**.
- 2. Press the button to dial using the settings previously entered.

**Important Note:** If you select different algorithm settings on each codec and dial from the Tieline codec, the connection will be unsuccessful and the **CONNECTED LED** on the front panel of the Tieline codec will continuously flash. Adjust the algorithm settings and attempt to reconnect.

### **Dialing from the Mayah Sporty**

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**Important Note:** Configure **ISDN Answer Config** settings in the Tieline codec before attempting to dial from the Equinox to the Tieline codec. Select the following settings in the Tieline codec in one of the **Configs** (see <u>ISDN Answering Configuration</u> for more detail):

May bond.

- Sessionless.
- Algorithm: G.722, MP2 Mono, MP2 Stereo, MP2 J-Stereo or E apt-X Mono or Stereo.
- Sample Rate: 32kHz or 48kHz
- 1. Press "F4 ESC" to return to the home screen.
- 2. Press "F2 Codec", then "F1 Connect", then "F3 Direct".
- 3. Use the navigation buttons to select "dial" and press the "OK" button to dial all B-channels.

### 25.7.4 Connecting to Telos Zephyr Xstream ISDN

### Configuring the Xstream to Make an ISDN Call

- 1. Plug your ISDN line into the back of the codec and press the "Codec" button below the LCD screen on the Xstream.
- "Transmit" should be highlighted and this lets you select your transmit algorithm of choice. If it is not selected use the arrow buttons on the right-hand side of the LCD screen to navigate to this menu item and press the "SEL" button to the right of the LCD screen to select the menu.
- 3. Use the arrow buttons to navigate to:
- "G.722".
- "L2 J-Stereo" (for an MPEG Layer 2 stereo connection), or
- "L2 Mono 64" or "L2 Mono 128" (for a mono connection, depending on whether you have one or two B channels available).
- 4. Press the "SEL" button to store your setting and use the arrow down button to navigate to "Receive".
- 5. Press the "SEL" button and select the same algorithm that you selected for "Transmit" previously and then press the "SEL" button to store your setting.
- **Important Note:** It you don't select the same algorithm for "Transmit" and "Receive" algorithms then it can take a long time to connect as the algorithms are scanned by the codec, or the wrong algorithm could be selected.
- 6. Use the arrow buttons to navigate to "Bitrate" and check that it displays "64kbps" this is a per channel rate so both ISDN channels are programmed.
- Use the arrow buttons to navigate to "Sample" and check that the sample rate is set at "48kHz". Press the "SEL" button and use the arrow buttons to make any adjustments to the current setting.
- 8. Press the "Tel" button below the codec LCD screen and press it again to display the "SPID" and "DN/MSN" screen. If these numbers need to be entered (check with your Telco), use the arrow buttons to navigate to each SPID and DN/MSN field in turn and when it is highlighted press the "SEL" button and enter the number using the keypad. Press "SEL" again to store each number once it has been entered.
- Press the "Tel" button if you are not entering these SPID/DN/MSN numbers, or if you have already entered them, and check the local ISDN switch type setting is configured for your region.
- 10.Press the "SEL" button and use the arrow buttons to adjust the setting.
- Select "ETS300" if you are connecting to a Euro ISDN service.
- "Natl.I-1" is the most common in the US but check with your Telco.
- 11.Press the "SEL" button to store the ISDN switch type setting that you have selected.

Your codec should now be configured. Press the "Tel" button on the front panel until it displays the "ISDN Status" screen. "Ready" should be displayed next to any active lines. If this is not displayed, check your connections and settings to make sure they are correct.

### **Configuring the Tieline Codec to Dial the Xstream over ISDN**

- 1. Press the **HOME** button to return to the **Home** screen and select **Connect > ISDN**.
- 2. Navigate to **Setup** and press the web button.

ISDN Dial S	Setuo	
	Connect	
Setup	Tieline Codecs, Music Mono, 32k,64kbps	
Dest 1	Press OK to edit	Ψ

- 3. Select Session Type [Sessionless] > Select Dial Route [None] > Number of B Channels [Choose 1B or 2B] > Algorithm [Choose G.722, MP2 Mono or MP2 Stereo (Note: select 48kHz sample rate for MP2)].
- 4. Navigate to a Destination (e.g. **Dest 1** or **Dest 2**) and press the ^{CK} button to select each one in turn. Enter the number for each B channel you want to dial and press the ^{CK} button, then select which B channel will dial using that number and press the ^{CK} button.
- 5. Navigate down to **Auto Reconnect** and press the *state* button to toggle between **Enabled** and **Disabled**. Note: This is normally enabled on the dialing codec only.

ISDN Dial Setup		
Dest 1	Press OK to edit	*
Auto Reconn	Enabled	
	Save as Program	¥

- 6. Navigate down to **Save as Program** and press the Motion to save these settings as a program.
- 7. Navigate down to Module Configuration and press the W button.

ISDN Dial Setup	
AutoReconr Disabled	$\mathbf{T}$
Save as Program	
Module Configuration	

8. Select the ISDN module you want to configure and press the M button.

DN-ST (Sync)
DN-ST (Sync)

- 9. Configure the following settings:
  - Accept > Voice and Data
  - Network > Check with your Telco (EU-ETSI in Australia; Europe & most countries outside North America; [US Nat] is the most common in the US, but check with your Telco).
  - Line Type > Check with your Telco and select either Point-to-Multi (point-to-multipoint) or Point-to--Point (point-to-point).
  - **DN/MSN** > Enter the "SPID" and "DN" numbers if required in your region, e.g. a SPID is normally required in the US.
- 10. Navigate up to Apply Settings and press the or button.

### **Dialing from the Tieline Codec**

### **Program Dialing**

- 1. If you have saved the ISDN program as previously instructed, press the **HOME** button to return to the **Home** screen and select **Connect > Programs**.
- 2. Select the saved program you want to load and press the OM button.
- 3. Select Load and press the button to load the program.
- 4. Press the **CONNECT D** button to dial the ISDN program connections.

### Ad Hoc Dialing

- 1. If you haven't save the program but have entered the dialing numbers and other settings, press the **HOME** button to return to the **Home** screen and select **Connect > ISDN > Connect**.
- 2. Press the or button to dial using the settings previously entered.

**Important Note:** If you select different algorithm settings on each codec and dial from the Tieline codec, the connection will be unsuccessful and the **CONNECTED LED** on the front panel of the Tieline codec will continuously flash. Adjust the algorithm settings and attempt to reconnect.

### Dialing from the Zephyr Xstream

Important Note: Configure ISDN Answer Config settings in the codec before attempting to dial from the Xstream to the Tieline codec. Select the following settings in the Tieline codec in one of the Configs (see ISDN Answering Configuration for more detail):

- May bond.
- Sessionless.
- Algorithm: G.722 or MP2 Mono, or MP2 Stereo.
- Sample Rate: 48kHz
- 1. Press the "Dial" button once.
- 2. Use the keypad to enter the number of the line you are dialing.
- 3. Press the "Dial" button again to make the outgoing call from the Xstream.
- 4. The codec screen will briefly display "Outgoing Ring" and then "Conn" is displayed after a successful connection.
- 5. If you are making a stereo connection and need to dial the second line press the "Dial" button again and a screen for "Line 2" is displayed.
- 6. Use the keypad to enter the second number and press the "Dial" button again.
- The "TEL" screen will briefly display "Outgoing Ring" and then "Conn" is displayed after a successful connection.



**Two ISDN B Channels Connected** 



**Important Note:** When dialing a stereo connection over two ISDN B lines audio is not heard until the second connection is successful.

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### 25.7.5 Connecting to Comrex Matrix ISDN

To connect your Tieline codec to a Comrex Matrix rack mount codec:

- 1. Use the G.722 algorithm.
- 2. Connect using only one 64Kbps ISDN B Channel (bonding of G.722 over two ISDN B channels is not possible).

### Configuring the Matrix to Make an ISDN Call

- 1. Connect an ISDN line to the Matrix codec and power up the unit.
- 2. Press "2" to select "ISDN Status".
- 3. Press "Enter" to configure the connection.
- 4. Press "4" to select the "Configure" menu.
- 5. Press "2 to select the "Network" menu.
- 7. Press "4" to select "Profiles" and then press "1" to select "Load Profile".
- 8. Press "2" to select "Store" and program a new profile using the codec wizard.
- 9. Press ""Enter" to enter a profile number between 1 and 10. Note: This will overwrite any previously stored profile.
- 10.Next select the number for the ISDN "Switch Type" setting that is appropriate for your region.
- Press "4" to select "Euro" if you are connecting to a Euro ISDN service.
- Press "1" to select "NI1", which is the most common in the US, but check this with your Telco.
- 11.If prompted by the menu, use the keypad to enter the "SPID" number the line being used if this is required in your region. Press "Enter" to store the new number. Note: Use the "Cancel" button to delete numbers.
- 12.Next use the keypad to enter the "LDN" (DN/MSN) number for the line being used. Press "Enter" to store the new number. Note: Use the "Cancel" button to delete numbers.
- 13.Enter a "Qdial" (Quick Dial) number.
- 14.Press "1" to select "G.722" as the algorithm.
- 15.Press "2" to select "64" as the bit rate.
- 16. The codec is now programmed to dial.

### Configuring the Tieline Codec to Connect to the Matrix over G.722

- 1. Press the **HOME** button to return to the **Home** screen and select **Connect > ISDN**.
- 2. Navigate to **Setup** and press the witton.

ISDN Dial Setud		
	Connect	
Setup	Tieline Codecs, Music Mono, 32k,64kbps	
Dest 1	Press OK to edit	¥

- 3. Select Session Type [Sessionless] > Select Dial Route [None] > Number of B Channels [Select 1B] > Algorithm [Select G.722].
- 4. Navigate to a Destination (e.g. **Dest 1** or **Dest 2**) and press the button to select it. Then enter the number you want to dial and press the button, then select which B channel will dial using that number and press the button.
- 5. Navigate down to **Auto Reconnect** and press the button to toggle between **Enabled** and **Disabled**. Note: This is normally enabled on the dialing codec only.

ISDN Dial Setud		
Dest 1	Press OK to edit	$\Phi$
Auto Reconn	Enabled	
	Save as Program	$\Psi$

- 6. Navigate down to **Save as Program** and press the *State* button to save these settings as a program.
- 7. Navigate down to **Module Configuration** and press the or button.

ISDN Dial Setud	
Auto Reconr Disabled	*
Save as Program	
Module Configuration	

8. Select the ISDN module you want to configure and press the watton.

Module Setti	ngs	
Module 1	ISDN-ST (Sync)	
Module 2	ISDN-ST (Sync)	

1		1
-	1	
2	4	1
	1	i

**Important Note: ISDN Sync** should be displayed when an ISDN line is connected to the codec. This appears regardless of whether you have configured the 'ISDN Line Type' correctly.

- 9. Configure the following settings:
  - Accept > Voice and Data
  - Network > Check with your Telco (EU-ETSI in Australia; Europe & most countries outside North America; [US Nat] is the most common in the US, but check with your Telco).
  - Line Type > Check with your Telco and select either Point-to-Multi (point-to-multipoint) or Point-to-Point (point-to-point).
  - **DN/MSN** > Enter the "SPID" and "DN" numbers if required in your region, e.g. a SPID is normally required in the US.
- 10. Navigate up to **Apply Settings** and press the or button.

### **Dialing from the Tieline Codec**

### **Program Dialing**

- 1. If you have saved the ISDN program as previously instructed, press the **HOME** button to return to the **Home** screen and select **Connect > Programs**.
- 2. Select the saved program you want to load and press the W button.
- 3. Select Load and press the button to load the program.
- 4. Press the **CONNECT D** button to dial the ISDN program connections.

### Ad Hoc Dialing

- 1. If you haven't save the program but have entered the dialing numbers and other settings, press the HOME button to return to the Home screen and select Connect > ISDN > Connect.
- 2. Press the button to dial using the settings previously entered.

### **Dialing from the Comrex Matrix**



**Important Note:** Configure **ISDN Answer Config** settings in the codec before attempting to dial from the Comrex Matrix to the Tieline codec. Select the following settings in the Tieline codec in one of the **Configs** (see <u>ISDN Answering Configuration</u> for more detail) :

- May bond.
- Sessionless.
- G.722 Algorithm
- 1. Use the "Cancel" button to return to the main LCD connection screen.
- 2. Press "Enter", then press "1" ("Dial") and use the numeric keypad to enter the number you wish to dial.
- 3. Press "Enter" to make the call.



Matrix Codec Screen when Connected

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### 25.8 Using Answer Routes for Sessionless ISDN Calls

Tieline Genie Distribution and Merlin PLUS audio codecs support multiple connections using a variety of connection transports such as IP, ISDN and POTS. Tieline codecs support using Tieline session data, which assists with configuration and routing of multiple incoming calls to these codecs. In addition, audio ports can be used to successfully route IP calls to your preferred codec inputs/outputs.

If you are accepting calls from multiple non-Tieline ISDN codecs then you will be making "sessionless" connections which require the codecs at both ends to be configured with the same connection settings. In addition you can use "Answer Routes" and 'site-specific' module settings in Genie Distribution and Merlin PLUS to route incoming calls to specific codec outputs. (Note: Merlin codecs can also be configured to accept 2 ISDN calls from non-Tieline codecs and would use similar settings).

In the following example we will configure two incoming sessionless ISDN audio stream connections (Note: Genie Distribution and Merlin PLUS support up to 4 sessionless ISDN audio streams/connections using 2 ISDN modules and 4 B channels).

If you want 2 incoming mono ISDN calls to use input/outputs 1 and 2, then use answering audio stream connections 1 and 2 in your codec program. If you want to use other inputs/outputs then simply select the corresponding audio stream, e.g. answering audio streams 5 and 6 will route audio via inputs/outputs 5 and 6.

So let's get started. There are 2 or 3 steps to ensure this is configured correctly, depending on whether you want specific incoming calls to always use the same B channels and codec outputs or not.

# Step 1: Configure the Answer Route for the two ISDN Audio Stream answering connections in the codec program.

Setup two ISDN audio stream answering connections in your program and use the **Answer Route** setting in the program wizard (as displayed in the following image):



You can use any **Answer Route**, for example **Route 1** for ISDN Audio Stream 1 and **Route 2** for ISDN Audio Stream 2. The **Answer Route** number doesn't have to match the audio stream number because the route you select will be used by the incoming ISDN call. This is similar to how an "extension number" is used to route a phone call.

### Step 2: Configure the ISDN Module to accept two sessionless ISDN calls.

This can be configured via **Settings > Modules** or use the Toolbox Web-GUI via **Settings panel > Modules**.

1. Select **Config 1** and **Sessionless Only** and **Route 1**. Select your preferred algorithm, then click **Save Settings**. This means that Module 1 B channel 1 will answer a sessionless ISDN call using these settings.

Config 1   Config 2	Config 3   Config 4   Default	
Iodule 1 B Channel 1 B Channel 2 Iodule 2 B Channel 1 B Channel 2 B Channel 2 B Channel 2	<ul> <li>Unbonded Only</li> <li>Bonded or Unbonded</li> <li>Bonded Only</li> <li>Sessionless Only ⁽²⁾</li> </ul>	ج ج
<ul> <li>None</li> <li>Route 1  <ul> <li>Route 2</li> <li>Route 5</li> <li>Route 3</li> <li>Route 6</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	Encoding G.722	۲ ۲

2. Next select **Config 2** and **Sessionless Only** and **Route 2**. Select your preferred algorithm, then click **Save Settings**. This means that Module 1 B channel 2 will answer a sessionless ISDN call using these settings.

🔆 Settings	
Network   Options   Au	udio   SIP   Modules   ISDN Answer
Config 1 Config 2	Config 3   Config 4   Default
Module 1 B Channel 1 B Channel 2 Module 2 B Channel 1 B Channel 2	Unbonded Only     Bonded or Unbonded     Bonded Only
Non-Tieline Codecs	
<ul> <li>None</li> <li>Route 1 O Route 4</li> <li>Route 2 O Route 5</li> </ul>	Encoding G.722
Route 3      Route 6	
	Save settings

Both ISDN B channels can now answer incoming sessionless ISDN calls. If it doesn't matter which incoming codec call is answered by which B channel then that's all you need to do. If, however, you want each non-Tieline codec to use the same B channel and be routed to the same codec output consistently, you must configure this in the site config for the ISDN module via **Settings > Answering > ISDN Answer Configs**, or via the Web-GUI using the **Settings panel > Modules**.

# Step 3: Configuring the module to answer calls from a specific non-Tieline codec consistently.

If a Directory Number (DN) or MSN number is not entered in the codec and multiple B channels are available, the codec may use any channel to answer an incoming call. To ensure calls are routed consistently, enter a DN/MSN number (without the country or area code) as the DN/MSN for a B channel, then only that corresponding B channel will answer an incoming call to that number.

Enter the number for the first B channel into the field for **Directory Number/MSN1**. (This has been allocated **Route 1** previously.) Enter the number for the second B channel into the field for **Directory Number/MSN2**. (This has been allocated **Route 2** previously.) Next, click **Save Settings**.

ISDN			
Contraction of the second s			
Accept V	pice and Data		Ę
Network	S-AT&T		
Line Type	oint to Multipoint	-	
Directory Number/MSN 1 92	2496688		
Directory Number/MSN 2 92	2496689		
SPID 1			
SPID 2			<
			5
			٤ ا

If codec 1 always uses the first directory number to call then it will always be routed via **Route 1** to the Answering Audio Stream Connection using **Answer Route 1** (configured in step 1). Codec 2 should always use the second directory number and then it will always be routed via **Route 2** to the Answering Audio Stream Connection configured with **Answer Route 2**.

### 25.9 POTS Connection Tips & Precautions

### **POTS Operation Precautions**

POTS performance is greatly affected by the quality of the line being used. Precautions must be taken to ensure the Tieline codec is not sharing the line with other devices. Please remove these possible sources of interference:

- DSL or ADSL Modems
- Other telephone handsets
- Portable phone base stations
- Unused parallel phone sockets
- Fax machines
- Computer modems
- Burglar alarm systems
- Extension bells
- Call waiting

### **Call Waiting**

Call waiting tones may cause the codec to malfunction. Most phone companies supply call waiting as a feature and you will need to turn it off. Your Telco should be able to provide a number you can dial to disabling the call waiting feature on the line.

### **Private Branch Exchanges**

Avoid connecting the codec to a digital PBX or PABX system, key station, business system or

any other local switchboard. It may sometimes be tricky to detect if you are connected to one of these systems, however, as a general guide, these devices require you to dial an additional digit to access the POTS network.

WARNING: Many of these systems are digital and have non standard telephone line operating voltages. If you attach your POTS module to a digital PABX or PBX system permanent damage may result from the high voltage pulses these systems generate. Even if the PBX is not digital, the performance of the codec is unlikely to be as good as a normal POTS line.

If you have no option other than to use a PBX or PABX System, search for a fax machine. The overwhelming majority of fax machines are designed for analog POTS line operation and are normally on an extension optimized for fax machines and data transmission. Substitute a normal phone for the fax machine to verify correct operation. Use a normal phone, not a venue-supplied phone, because this may have characteristics to match the existing PBX/PABX and not a POTS line. After confirming correct phone operation, you can unplug the phone and attach the phone line to the codec.

### Check the Length of the Line

It is desirable to have a local loop which is as short as possible, i.e. the line from your location to the local Central Office or Local Exchange. Optimum performance can be expected for lines up to about 2 miles (3 kilometers) in length. Line quality will be reduced over longer distances and the codec can be expected to perform at lower bit rates. Line quality will also be affected by the age, condition and type of cabling used, e.g. plastic insulation or paper insulation, water or moisture entering the cable, age and state of repair of joins.

### **POTS Party Lines or Stubs**

In some countries, it was the practice to have more than one phone service attached to one line - sometimes called a 'Party Line'. As more lines are installed, services are separated but the redundant cabling may remain connected across the line, causing problems with the operation of your codec.

### Leakage Problems on the Line

A good line should have an earth isolation of better than ten mega-ohms. If your line is located in an area where water is a problem, ask your Telco to check out the earth leakage.

### Equipment Problems at the CO or Local Exchange

Although there are many factors at the Telco end that can cause problems, a problem that does occasionally occur is that the clock on the interface codec to your line is not synchronized to the network. A drifting clock will cause instability and unreliable codec performance. If you suspect that this could be the problem, contact your local Telco.

### **POTS Exchange Problems**

On most good POTS lines, Tieline codecs can achieve a 28.8kbps connection at a line quality of approximately 50% or greater. If you are not able to achieve this level of operation, you may have a problem with your line, or the line at the other end of the connection.

### **Tips for Successful POTS Operation**

1. Take a phone when you are doing a remote broadcast. Connect it to the line you want to use and

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dial the number to check for any unusual noises. If present, these may be caused by other devices connected to the line.

- Take an ADSL/DSL filter to all remote locations. ADSL/DSL modems can generate noise on a line which will degrade the performance of your codec. Simply place the ADSL/DSL filter between the POTS line and your codec to remove the interference.
- 3. Tieline USA has a POTS test codec you can dial on +1-317-913 6911 to facilitate line tests at each end of your connection to diagnose line problems.
- 4. Tieline recommends that you confirm your broadcast POTS line works well before you try to go live.

### 25.10 Merlin Compliances and Certifications

### **Declaration of Conformity**

This Merlin codec meets the requirements of directives for CE and C-Tick certifications. Technical documentation required by the conformity assessment procedure is kept at the head office of Tieline Technology; 1/25 Irvine Drive, Malaga, Western Australia 6090.

### EN 55 022 Statement

This is to certify that Tieline Merlin is shielded against the generation of radio interference in accordance with the application of EN 55 022: 2006 Class A. Technical documentation required by the conformity assessment procedure is kept at the head office of Tieline Technology; 1/25 Irvine Drive, Malaga, Western Australia 6090.

### **Canadian Department of Communications Radio Interference Regulations**

This digital apparatus (Tieline Merlin) does not exceed the Class B limits for radio-noise emissions from digital apparatus as set out in the Radio Interference Regulations of the Canadian Department of Communications.

# Règlement sur le brouillage radioélectrique du ministère des Communications

Cet appareil numérique (Tieline Merlin) respecte les limites de bruits radioélectriques visant les appareils numériques de classe B prescrites dans le Règlement sur le brouillage radioelectrique du ministère des Communications du Canada.

### 25.11 FCC Compliance Statements

### FCC Part 15

Compliance: TIELINE PTY LTD, 25 Irvine Drive, Malaga. Western Australia 6090.

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a class B digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference when the equipment is operated in a commercial environment. This equipment generates, uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instruction manual, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. Operation of this equipment in a residential area may cause harmful interference, in which case the user will be required to correct the interference at his/her own expense. Changes or modifications not expressly approved by Tieline Pty Ltd could void the user's authority to operate the equipment.

If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try and correct the problem by one or more of the following measures:

- 1. Increase the separation between the equipment and the receiver;
- 2. Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different to that used by the receiver;
- 3. Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician.

### FCC Part 68

FCC Registration Number: 6NAAUS-34641-MD-E Ringer Equivalence Number (REN):0.5B

A label containing, among other information, the FCC registration and Ringer Equivalence Number (REN) for this equipment is prominently posted on the bottom, near the rear of the equipment. If requested, this information must be provided to your telephone company. USOC Jacks: This device uses RJ11C terminal jacks. The REN is used to determine the quantity of devices, which may be connected to the telephone line. Excessive RENs on the telephone line may result in the devices not ringing in response to an incoming call. In most, but not all areas, the sum of RENs should not exceed five (5). To be certain of the number of devices that may be connected to the line, as determined by the total RENs, contact the telephone company to obtain the maximum RENs for the calling area.

If this equipment causes harm to the telephone network, the telephone company will notify you in advance that temporary discontinuance of the service may be required. If advance notice is not practical, the company will notify the customer as soon as possible. Also you will be advised of your right to file a complaint with the FCC if you believe it is necessary.

The Telephone Company may make changes in its facilities, equipment, operations or procedures that could affect the operation of the equipment. If this happens the Telephone Company will provide advance notice for you to make the necessary modifications in order to maintain uninterrupted service.

If you experience problems with this equipment, contact TIELINE Pty Ltd, 25 Irvine Drive, Malaga. Western Australia, 6090. Ph +61 8 9249 6688 Fax +61 8 9249 6858 email info@tieline.com (web page www.tieline.com) for repair and warranty information.

If the problem is causing harm to the telephone network, the Telephone Company may request you remove the equipment from the network until the problem is resolved.

No user serviceable parts are contained in this product. If damage or malfunction occurs, contact TIELINE Pty Ltd for instructions on repair or return. This equipment cannot be used on a telephone company provided coin service. Connection to Party Line service is subject to state tariffs.

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Input/Output Specifications		
Analog Audio Inputs	2 x Female XLR line inputs	
Analog Audio Outputs	2 x Male XLR	
Auxiliary Input	1 x 6.35mm (1/4") Mic/Line level Jack on rear panel (15V phantom power available)	
Headphones Out/ Aux Out	1 x 6.35mm (1/4") Jack on rear panel and 1 x 6.35mm (1/4") Jack on the front panel	
Control Port In/Out	Four relay inputs and four opto-isolated outputs for machine control via a DB15 connector.	
Audio Input Impedance	High Impedance > 5K ohm	
Output Impedance	<50 ohm Balanced	
Clipping Level	+22dBu (input and outputs)	
A/D & D/A Converters	24 bit	
Frequency Response at 48kHz	20Hz to 22kHz	
THD and Noise (Analog)	<0.0035% at +16dBu or -89dBu unweighted	
THD and Noise (Digital)	<0.000056%	
Analog Signal To Noise Ratio	>98.5dB at +22dBu, unweighted	
Sample Frequencies	S	
IP Sample	16kHz, 32kHz, 44.1kHz, 48kHz	
Algorithms	Г	
IP	Tieline Music, Tieline MusicPLUS, G.711, G.722, MPEG-1 Laver 2, MP3	
	LC-AAC, HE-AAC and HE-AACv2, AAC-LD, AAC-ELD, Opus, 16/24 bit	
	aptX Enhanced	
IP (uncompressed)	Linear PCM16/24 bit 48kHz sampling	
Data and Control Int	erfaces	
USB	USB 2.0 Host port on the front panel	
LAN	2 x 10/100/1000 RJ45 connectors	
Advanced	VLAN tagging (IEEE 802.1Q,802.1p)	
Networking		
WheatNet-IP LAN	1 x 10/100 RJ45 connector to distribute WheatNet-IP audio	
Serial	RS232 up to 115kbps with or without CTS/RTS flow control via female DB9	
	connector, can be used as a proprietary data channel	
Protocols Supported	Tieline, DHCP, SNMP, DNS, HTTP, IGMP, ICMP, VLAN, IPv4/v6, FEC,	
	SIP/SDP (EBU N/ACIP Tech 3326 compliant), RTP, I3P EBU3347	
	Compliant, AES67	
	Optional via module slot	
Front Panel Interfee		
Uisplay	256 X 64 MONOChrome LCD	
Nevigation	21 DUITON KEYPAD	
General		

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Size	1U x 19" Rackmount		
Dimensions	19" x 1.75" x 13.5" [482mm (W) x 44mm (H) x 343mm (D) including rear		
	connectors]		
Weight	6lb 5.59oz/2.88kg		
Power Consumption	Dual AC 100-240V IEC power inlets; 1A - 50-60Hz		
Operating	0°C to 45°C (32°F to 113°F)		
Temperature			
Humidity Operating	20% ≤RH ≤70% (0 to 35°C/32°F to 95°F), non-condensing		
Range			

#### Appendix A: RS232 and Control Port Wiring 27

### Relays

The codec uses a DB15 connector to facilitate use of four CMOS solid state relays for the control of equipment, consisting of four relay closures and four opto-isolated outputs.

### Inputs

The input signal is referenced to chassis ground, i.e. the ground reference terminal on the connector is connected the chassis. The input device is a high impedance CMOS device with a 330 ohm pull-up resistor to +5 volts.

Operation is as simple as joining the input pin to the ground terminal. This can be via a remote relay contact or the open circuit collector of a transistor or FET. DO NOT feed voltages into the inputs.

### Outputs

CMOS field effect transistors switch a low impedance path between the two pins when activated. These are opto-isolated and floating above ground. It is important to current-limit the source as damage will result where the current exceeds 100mA peak-to-peak. No more than 48 volts peak-to-peak should be used as a safety precaution. The resistance of the CMOS element is approximately 25 ohms in the ON state.

### **Control Port Pin-outs**

A closing contact across Inputs 1-4 to Ground will provide a closing contact on the remote codec Outputs 1 to 4. If your codec supports multi-unicast connections to multiple codecs, a contact closure will appear on each of the compatible (non-G3) remote codecs' corresponding contacts. I.e. Input 1 shorted, Output 1 contacts on all connected codecs closed.



Pins	Pin Function	
1	Ground	
2	Output 4	
3	Output 3	
4	Output 2	
5	Output 1	
6	Ground	
7	Input 3	
8	Input 1	
9	Output 4	
10	Output 3	
11	Output 2	
12	Output 1	
13	Ground	
14	Input 4	
15	Input 2	

**Codec Connector** 

Important Note: For more information about how to program relay operations with a PC using the Toolbox Web-GUI, please see Creating Rules.

Pin	INTERFACE Female DB9 (RS232) DCE	DATA Male DB9 (RS232) DTE	
1	No Connection	No connection	
2	TX Data	RX Data	
3	RX Data	TX Data	
4	No connection	No connection	
5	Signal Ground	Signal Ground	
6	No Connection	No connection	
7	CTS	RTS	
8	RTS	CTS	
9	No connection	No connection	
$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$			

### **RS232 Pin-outs and Data Connections**



### Important Notes:

Connector Pins

- The codec cannot send RS232 data to, or activate relays on Tieline G3 codecs.
- It is important that you enable serial port flow control within the codec. Flow control regulates the flow of data through the serial port. If disabled, data will flow unregulated and some may be lost.
- Ensure you match the serial port baud rate to match the rate of the external device you
  are connecting to. Ideally the settings on both codecs should match, or you could have
  data overflow issues.

**Connector Pins** 

 Only the dialing codec needs to be programmed to send RS232 data. Session data sent from the dialing codec will program all other compatible codecs (non-G3) when you connect.

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