

Mystery Electronics, LLC 6438 Morton Road Greenbrier, TN 37073 800 798 2256 sales 615 643 8460 voice 615 643 8464 fax

www.mysteryelectronics.com

RE: Installation Instructions for BB1000, BB2000 and BB3000 Backboxes

Important Note:

Mystery Electronics backboxes are UL listed and conform to all applicable N.E.M.A. Standards. While locally available boxes may seem acceptable as substitutes, there are differences in certain critical dimensions. For a fast and easy installation and to avoid costly onsite rework, the user is strongly cautioned to use only Mystery Electronics backboxes. They are proven to be the lowest cost alternative.



Notes:

- 1) Low voltage conduits below line indicated by F see Fig.1
- 2) R Option (120VAC duplex receptacle) conduit below line indicated by G use X k.o.'s only see Fig.1
- 3) Conduits to 3" use extra depth backboxes bottom of k.o. at .4" from bottom of box
- 4) Backbox shall be mounted such that cover of box shall be not less than 1/2" or not more than 1" below finished floor to allow proper depth to mount appropriate FMCA series floor box.
- 5) All conduits shall enter backbox at or below the minimum distances indicated at 'F' & 'G'. see Notes 1 & 2
- 6) On projects where fork lifts and other heavy equipment are present during construction, cover the backbox with adequate material (steel plate or equal) affording maximum protection as required.
- 7) Backboxes installed in floating floors require special consideration contact factory for details.

Wooden construction - see Fig.2

As floor box may be subjected to long-term traffic and occasional heavy loads, it is strongly recommend that firm attachment of the backbox to the framing be made with four (4) each #8 or larger screws fastened on at least two (2) planes (sides), minimum. Nails will not offer long term installation integrity as they work loose over a very short time period. Additional blocking or framing may be required to provide solid attachment of the backbox as per Notes & details herein.

When placement adjacent to structural framing is not possible, blocking must be placed at the sides of the hole that is cut for the backbox. Blocking of 1" x 2" minimum must be screw attached to the floor decking on each side of the hole. Blocking should be a few inches longer than the dimension of the hole on the two sides that are parallel to the hinge of the FMCA unit. Feed each strip down into the cutout hole and pull it up against the underside of the floor. Place #8 or larger flat head wood screws on 3" centers thru the floor 1" back from edge of hole along each side into the blocking. Secure backbox to blocking as above. When FMCA unit is installed, the floor will be clamped securely between the FMCA cover and the blocking strip.

Fig.2: Wood Floor



Fig.3: Concrete Floor



Concrete construction - see Fig.3

The Mystery Electronics FMCA Series are not recommended for unprotected outdoor or indoor wet, damp or severe weather locations. Certain local building codes may require that the backbox be coated with pitch for below ground applications. This can be done by spraying the outer surface of the box with automotive undercoating material available in spray cans from most auto parts or discount department stores (Wal-Mart, etc.). It is additionally advised that the contractor close all open cracks with packaging tape, duct tape, or similar to prevent concrete slurry from seeping into backbox during the concrete pour.

To automatically adjust for proper backbox depth before concrete is poured, attach a piece of ½" plywood of the same dimension as the backbox to the top of the box with screws. Screed concrete flush to the top of the plywood. This will result in the box being at the proper depth of ½" below the finished concrete surface as per Notes & details herein. Adjust depth accordingly when composite floor structures and materials are built over concrete.

R Option requirements - see also Note 2

When an R option (120 VAC duplex receptacle) is specified, the power circuit in a ½" conduit is brought into the side of the backbox at any of the ½" knockouts, pre-punched for the purpose (see Fig.1). The R option of the FMCA unit comes with all needed hardware and is equipped with a 16" flexible metallic conduit terminated with a straight flex connector. This pigtail is then connected to the power conduit with a ½" rigid coupling.

Bringing the power conduit into the bottom of the backbox should be avoided if possible, as extreme care is needed to assure the proper clearances for the FMCA unit are maintained. When this is the only alternative, the straight flex connector must be replaced with a 90-degree flex connector and the aforementioned $\frac{1}{2}$ " rigid coupling must be cut down to $\frac{1}{2}$ " in length to provide proper clearance for the FMCA unit. The short threaded ring in the center of a $\frac{1}{2}$ " (Ericson' (Appleton EC50 or equal) three piece coupling or a $\frac{3}{4}$ x $\frac{1}{2}$ reducing bushing can usually be used as a substitute.

A ½" conduit for the power circuit is recommended. A ¾" conduit can be allowed, provided a ½ x ¾ male adapter is used to mate the power conduit to the backbox. This will eliminate extensive field modification of the R option during installation of the FMCA unit.

Leave 24" of the power circuit conductors in the backbox at rough-in to allow connection to R option pigtail.