

3G/HD/SD-SDI Dual-Channel Frame Sync with Audio/Video Processing, AES/Analog Audio Embedding/ De-Embedding, and CVBS I/O

# **Product Manual**

|                | Cobalt Digital Inc.   |  |
|----------------|---|--|
| <u>COBALT.</u> | 2506 Galen Drive<br>Champaign, IL 61821<br>Voice 217.344.1243 • Fax 217.344.1245<br>www.cobaltdigital.com |  |

9922-2FS-OM (V1.6)

#### Copyright

#### ©Copyright 2016, Cobalt Digital Inc. All Rights Reserved.

Duplication or distribution of this manual and any information contained within is strictly prohibited without the express written permission of Cobalt Digital Inc. This manual and any information contained within, may not be reproduced, distributed, or transmitted in any form, or by any means, for any purpose, without the express written permission of Cobalt Digital Inc. Reproduction or reverse engineering of software used in this device is prohibited.

#### Disclaimer

The information in this document has been carefully examined and is believed to be entirely reliable. However, no responsibility is assumed for inaccuracies. Furthermore, Cobalt Digital Inc. reserves the right to make changes to any products herein to improve readability, function, or design. Cobalt Digital Inc. does not assume any liability arising out of the application or use of any product or circuit described herein.

#### **Trademark Information**

**Cobalt**<sup>®</sup> is a registered trademark of Cobalt Digital Inc.

openGear<sup>®</sup> is a registered trademark of Ross Video Limited. DashBoard<sup>TM</sup> is a trademark of Ross Video Limited.

**Dolby**<sup>®</sup> is a registered trademark of Dolby Laboratories, Inc. Other product names or trademarks appearing in this manual are the property of their respective owners.

Congratulations on choosing the Cobalt<sup>®</sup> 9922-2FS 3G/HD/SD-SDI Dual-Channel Frame Sync with Audio/ Video Processing, AES/Analog Audio Embedding/De-Embedding and CVBS I/O. The 9922-2FS is part of a full line of modular processing and conversion gear for broadcast TV environments. The Cobalt Digital Inc. line includes video decoders and encoders, audio embedders and de-embedders, distribution amplifiers, format converters, remote control systems and much more. Should you have questions pertaining to the installation or operation of your 9922-2FS, please contact us at the contact information on the front cover.

| Manual No.:   | 9922-2FS-OM  |
|---|--|
| Document Version:                                   | V1.6   |
| Release Date:                                       | December 7, 2016   |
| Applicable for<br>Firmware Version<br>(or greater): | V1.235 or greater  |
| Description of<br>product/manual<br>changes:        | <ul> <li>Update manual for latest card functionality, including new standard feature and available options. (This firmware version has significant user interface changes versus prior firmware versions and the use of this new Product Manual is <b>strongly</b> recommended.)</li> <li>Corrections of minor manual errata.</li> </ul> |

# Table of Contents

| Chapter 1 | Introduction   | 1-1  |
|-----------|--|------|
|           | Overview   | 1-1  |
|           | 9922-2FS Card Software Versions and this Manual          | 1-2  |
|           | Cobalt Reference Guides                                  | 1-2  |
|           | Manual Conventions                                       | 1-3  |
|           | Warnings, Cautions, and Notes                            | 1-4  |
|           | Labeling Symbol Definitions                              | 1-4  |
|           | Safety and Regulatory Summary                            | 1-5  |
|           | Warnings   | 1-5  |
|           | Cautions   | 1-5  |
|           | EMC Compliance Per Market                                | 1-5  |
|           | 9922-2FS Functional Description                          | 1-6  |
|           | 9922-2FS Input/Output Formats                            | 1-6  |
|           | Video Processor Description                              | 1-8  |
|           | Audio Processor Description                              | 1-12 |
|           | Control and Data Input/Output Interfaces                 | 1-16 |
|           | Alarm Function   | 1-17 |
|           | User Control Interface                                   | 1-18 |
|           | 9922-2FS Rear I/O Modules                                | 1-20 |
|           | Technical Specifications                                 | 1-20 |
|           | Warranty and Service Information                         | 1-23 |
|           | Cobalt Digital Inc. Limited Warranty                     | 1-23 |
|           | Contact Cobalt Digital Inc                               | 1-24 |
| Chapter 2 | Installation and Setup                                   | 2-1  |
|           | Overview   | 2-1  |
|           | Installing the 9922-2FS Into a Frame Slot                | 2-1  |
|           | Installing a Rear I/O Module                             | 2-3  |
|           | 9922-2FS Rear I/O Modules                                |      |
|           |  | 2-11 |
|           |  | 2-11 |
| Chapter 3 | Operating Instructions                                   | 3-1  |
|           | Overview   | 3-1  |
|           | Control and Display Descriptions                         |      |
|           | Function Menu/Parameter Overview                         |      |
|           | DashBoard <sup>TM</sup> User Interface                   |      |
|           | Cobalt <sup>®</sup> Remote Control Panel User Interfaces |      |
|           | Web HTML5 User Interface                                 |      |
|           |  | -    |

| Accessing the 9922-2FS Card via Remote Control                               | 3-6  |
|--|------|
| Accessing the 9922-2FS Card Using DashBoard <sup>TM</sup>                    | 3-6  |
| Accessing the 9922-2FS Card Using a Cobalt <sup>®</sup> Remote Control Panel |      |
| Checking 9922-2FS Card Information   |      |
| Ancillary Data Line Number Locations and Ranges                              |      |
| 9922-2FS Function Menu List and Descriptions                                 |      |
| Input Video Controls   |      |
| Output Video Mode Controls   |      |
| Framesync  |      |
| Input Audio Status   |      |
| Input Audio Buttus   | 3-18 |
| Video Quality Events   |      |
| Audio Detect Events Setup Controls   |      |
| Closed Captioning  |      |
| Video Proc/Color Correction  |      |
| Output Audio Routing/Controls  |      |
| Text-To-Speech Setup Controls  |      |
| Timecode   |      |
| Reticules  |      |
| Character Burner   |      |
| Moving Box Insertion   |      |
| Y/C Alignment Controls   |      |
| Wings Insertion  | 3-51 |
| Keyer  | 3-52 |
| Ancillary Data Proc Controls   | 3-55 |
| COMM Ports Setup Controls  | 3-58 |
| Presets  | 3-60 |
| GPO Setup Controls   | 3-61 |
| Event Setup Controls   | 3-62 |
| Admin (Log Status/Firmware Update - Card IP Address)                         | 3-66 |
| User Log   | 3-68 |
| Alarms Setup Controls  | 3-69 |
| Troubleshooting  | 3-73 |
| Error and Failure Indicator Overview   | 3-73 |
| Basic Troubleshooting Checks   | 3-77 |
| 9922-2FS Processing Error Troubleshooting                                    | 3-78 |
| Troubleshooting Network/Remote Control Errors                                | 3-79 |
| In Case of Problems  | 3-79 |

# Chapter 1

# Introduction

#### **Overview**

This manual provides installation and operating instructions for the 9922-2FS 3G/HD/SD-SDI 3G/HD/SD-SDI Dual-Channel Frame Sync with Audio/ Video Processing, AES/Analog Audio Embedding/De-Embedding, and CVBS I/O card (also referred to herein as the 9922-2FS).

This manual consists of the following chapters:

- **Chapter 1, "Introduction"** Provides information about this manual and what is covered. Also provides general information regarding the 9922-2FS.
- Chapter 2, "Installation and Setup" Provides instructions for installing the 9922-2FS in a frame, and optionally installing a 9922-2FS Rear I/O Module.
- Chapter 3, "Operating Instructions" Provides overviews of operating controls and instructions for using the 9922-2FS.

This chapter contains the following information:

- 9922-2FS Card Software Versions and this Manual (p. 1-2)
- Manual Conventions (p. 1-3)
- Safety and Regulatory Summary (p. 1-5)
- 9922-2FS Functional Description (p. 1-6)
- Technical Specifications (p. 1-20)
- Warranty and Service Information (p. 1-23)
- Contact Cobalt Digital Inc. (p. 1-24)

## 9922-2FS Card Software Versions and this Manual

When applicable, Cobalt Digital Inc. provides for continual product enhancements through software updates. As such, functions described in this manual may pertain specifically to cards loaded with a particular software build.

The Software Version of your card can be checked by viewing the **Card Info** menu in DashBoard<sup>TM</sup>. See Checking 9922-2FS Card Information (p. 3-8) in Chapter 3, "Operating Instructions" for more information. You can then check our website for the latest software version currently released for the card as described below.

**Note:** Not all functionality described in this manual may appear on cards with initial software versions.

Check our website and proceed as follows if your card's software does not match the latest version:

| Card Software <b>earlier</b> than latest version  | Card is not loaded with the latest software. Not all functions and/or specified performance described in this manual may be available.  |
|---|---|
|   | You can update your card with new Update software by going to the <b>Support&gt;Firmware Downloads</b> link at www.cobaltdigital.com. Download "Firmware Update Guide", which provides simple instructions for downloading the latest firmware for your card onto your computer, and then uploading it to your card through DashBoard <sup>TM</sup> .   |
|   | Software updates are field-installed without any need to remove the card from its frame.  |
| Card Software <b>newer</b> than version in manual | A new manual is expediently released whenever a card's software is updated <b>and specifications and/or functionality have changed</b> as compared to an earlier version (a new manual is not necessarily released if specifications and/or functionality have not changed). A manual earlier than a card's software version may not completely or accurately describe all functions available for your card. |
|   | If your card shows features not described in this<br>manual, you can check for the latest manual (if<br>applicable) and download it by going to the card's web<br>page on www.cobaltdigital.com.  |

# **Cobalt Reference Guides**

From the Cobalt<sup>®</sup> web home page, go to **Support>Reference Documents** for easy to use guides covering network remote control, card firmware updates, example card processing UI setups and other topics.

1

#### **Manual Conventions**

In this manual, display messages and connectors are shown using the exact name shown on the 9922-2FS itself. Examples are provided below.

• Card-edge display messages are shown like this:



• Connector names are shown like this: SDI IN A

In this manual, the terms below are applicable as follows:

- **9922-2FS** refers to the 9922-2FS 3G/HD/SD-SDI Dual-Channel Frame Sync with Audio/Video Processing, AES/Analog Audio Embedding/De-Embedding, and CVBS I/O card.
- **Frame** refers to the HPF-9000, OG3-FR, 8321, or similar 20-slot frame that houses Cobalt<sup>®</sup> or other cards.
- Device and/or Card refers to a Cobalt<sup>®</sup> or other card.
- **System** and/or **Video System** refers to the mix of interconnected production and terminal equipment in which the 9922-2FS and other cards operate.
- Functions and/or features that are available only as an option are denoted in this manual like this:

# Option 🖻

Most options are covered in this manual. However, if your card has DashBoard tabs that are not described in this manual it indicates that the optional function/feature is covered in a separate Manual Supplement.

If your have not received a Manual Supplement for options on your card, you can download a pdf for the option by going to the card's web page and clicking on **Product Downloads**, where you can select from any available option Manual Supplements for the card.

#### Warnings, Cautions, and Notes

Certain items in this manual are highlighted by special messages. The definitions are provided below.

#### Warnings

Warning messages indicate a possible hazard which, if not avoided, could result in personal injury or death.

#### Cautions

Caution messages indicate a problem or incorrect practice which, if not avoided, could result in improper operation or damage to the product.

#### Notes

Notes provide supplemental information to the accompanying text. Notes typically precede the text to which they apply.

#### **Labeling Symbol Definitions**

| Important note regarding product usage. Failure to observe may result in unexpected or incorrect operation.   |
|---|
| Electronic device or assembly is susceptible to damage from an ESD<br>event. Handle only using appropriate ESD prevention practices.<br>If ESD wrist strap is not available, handle card only by edges and avoid<br>contact with any connectors or components.                |
| <ul> <li>Symbol (WEEE 2002/96/EC)</li> <li>For product disposal, ensure the following:</li> <li>Do not dispose of this product as unsorted municipal waste.</li> <li>Collect this product separately.</li> <li>Use collection and return systems available to you.</li> </ul> |

# Safety and Regulatory Summary

#### Warnings

| ! WARNING ! | To reduce risk of electric shock do not remove line voltage service barrier cover on frame equipment containing an AC power supply. NO USER SERVICEABLE PARTS INSIDE. REFER SERVICING TO QUALIFIED SERVICE PERSONNEL.   |
|-------------|---|
| Cautions    |   |
| CAUTION     | This device is intended for environmentally controlled use only in appropriate video terminal equipment operating environments.   |
| CAUTION     | This product is intended to be a component product of an openGear® frame. Refer to the openGear® frame Owner's Manual for important safety instructions regarding the proper installation and safe operation of the frame as well as its component products.  |
| CAUTION     | Heat and power distribution requirements within a frame may dictate specific slot<br>placement of cards. Cards with many heat-producing components should be arranged to<br>avoid areas of excess heat build-up, particularly in frames using only convection cooling.<br>The 9922-2FS has a moderate power dissipation (<18 W). As such, avoiding placing the<br>card adjacent to other cards with similar dissipation values if possible. |
| CAUTION     | If required, make certain Rear I/O Module(s) is installed before installing the 9922-2FS into the frame slot. Damage to card and/or Rear I/O Module can occur if module installation is attempted with card already installed in slot.  |
| CAUTION     | If card resists fully engaging in rear I/O module mating connector, check for alignment and proper insertion in slot tracks. Damage to card and/or rear I/O module may occur if improper card insertion is attempted.   |
| CAUTION     | The 9922-2FS FPGA is designed for a normal-range operating temperature around 85° C core temperature. Operation in severe conditions exceeding this limit for non-sustained usage are within device operating safe parameters, and can be allowed by setting this control to Disable. However, the disable (override) setting should be avoided under normal conditions to ensure maximum card protection.                                  |

| Market                   | Regulatory Standard or Code   |
|--------------------------|---|
| United States of America | FCC "Code of Federal Regulations" Title 47 Part15, Subpart B, Class A   |
| Canada                   | ICES-003  |
| International            | CISPR 24:2010<br>IEC 61000-4-2:2008<br>IEC 61000-4-3:2006 with A1:2007 and A2:2010 IEC 61000-4-4:2004<br>IEC 61000-4-6:2008<br>IEC 61000-6-3:2006 with A1:2010<br>CISPR 22:2008 |

#### **EMC Compliance Per Market**

# 9922-2FS Functional Description

Figure 1-1 shows a functional block diagram of the 9922-2FS. The 9922-2FS dual-channel frame sync provides two independent signal paths (**Path 1** and **Path 2**) of frame sync / audio embedding and de-embedding on a single card. The two paths share an input and output SDI crosspoint to receive and send two discrete SDI inputs and outputs. The 9922-2FS also includes AES/analog audio support and CVBS video I/O. In addition to a basic signal presence input failover function, a Quality Check option allows failover to alternate inputs based on user-configurable subjective criteria such as black or frozen frame. Two discrete character burn strings and timecode burn (per path) can be inserted on output video, with each string inserted as static text and/or insert only upon LOS. A moving-box insertion can be enabled to serve as a dynamic raster confidence check even in cases where the input video image is static or lost.

The 9922-2FS also provides timecode/closed-captioning conversion from packet-based timecode formats and CEA608/708 HD formats to HD ATC, SD\_ATC, and SD VITC waveform-based timecode.

#### 9922-2FS Input/Output Formats

The 9922-2FS provides the following inputs and outputs (which can be independently used for Path 1 and/or Path 2:

- Inputs:
  - 3G/HD/SD SDI IN A thru SDI IN D four 3G/HD/SD-SDI inputs.
     SDI IN A or SDI IN B can be set to failover to A or B in absence of opposite channel of this pair.
  - CVBS IN CVBS coaxial analog video input.
  - AES IN BNC (AES-3id, 75 $\Omega$ ) ports as AES input (number of ports dependent on rear I/O module used).
  - AN-AUD IN Four balanced analog audio embed inputs.
- Outputs:
  - **3G/HD/SD-SDI OUT (1-4)** four 3G/HD/SD-SDI buffered video outputs. Each output can be independently set as processed output video or selected input video reclocked.
  - **AES OUT –** BNC (AES-3id, 75 $\Omega$ ) ports as AES outputs (number of ports dependent on rear I/O module used).
  - AN-AUD OUT Four balanced analog audio de-embed outputs.
  - **CVBS OUT** CVBS coaxial analog video usable with SD video streams.
- **Note:** Input select also allows internal connection from one processing path output to the opposite processing path input. This allows "serial" processing connections without requiring external jumpering on the card rear I/O module.

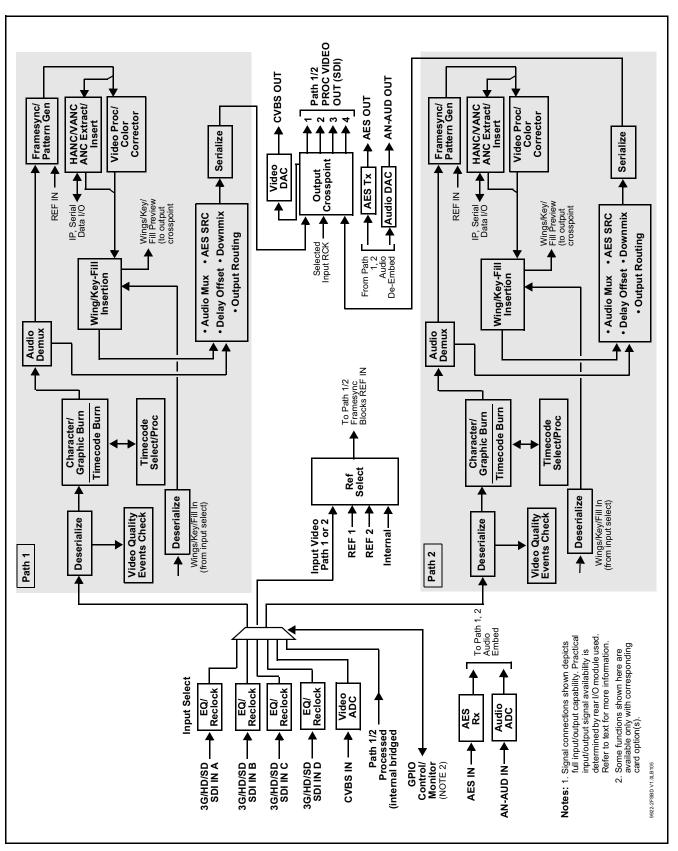


Figure 1-1 9922-2FS Functional Block Diagram

#### Video Processor Description

**Note:** Unless otherwise noted, the following functions are independently available for Path 1 and Path 2 processing paths.

The 9922-2FS video subsystem provides the functions described below.

#### Input Video Select/Quality Check Functions

Used in common as a routing source for both **Path 1/Path 2** is a GUI-based control that allows the card to select from up to four 3G/HD/SD-SDI inputs, and a SD CVBS analog video input. This function also allows processed outputs from one path to be routed to the alternate path input. For analog inputs, waveform-based ancillary data is preserved for extraction and usage later in the card processing chain.

The input can be selected using DashBoard manual control, set to failover to an alternate input upon loss of the target input, and can be externally selected via a GPIO interface. Reclocked copies of any SDI input can be outputted by the card when selected as a choice on the output crosspoint.

**Option** (Option +QC). Quality Check allows criteria such as black/ frozen frame events to propagate an event alert. This alert can be used by the card Presets function to invoke input video routing changes, GPO, and other actions.

#### **Timecode Processor**

(See Figure 1-2.) This function provides for extraction of timecode data from input video source, and in turn allow individual timecode strings to be embedded and/or burned into the output video. The function can monitor any of the video inputs of the card for supported timecode formats such as ATC\_LTC or ATC\_VITC for down-conversions to HD, and ATC\_VITC or VITC waveform (with selectable odd/even field line number control) for SD SDI or CVBS inputs. Waveform VITC timecode can also be extracted from a reference input and used as the output timecode value. If the preferred format is detected, the preferred format is used by the card; if the preferred format is not detected, the card uses other formats (where available) as desired. An internally-generated free-run timecode can be also be embedded on output video if desired.

The function also provides conversion between various timecode formats and provides independent insertion and line number controls for each SDI timecode output format.

**Option** Subscription When licensed with option +LTC, this function also can receive, send and translate between audio/RS-485 LTC timecode formats and the VBI formats described above.

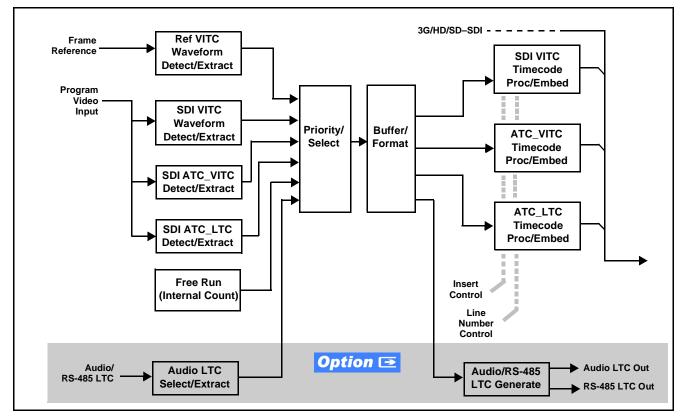


Figure 1-2 Timecode Processor

#### **Frame Sync Function**

This function provides for frame sync control using either one of two external **FRAME REF IN (1,2)** reference signals distributed with the card frame, selected input video, or internal timing as a frame sync reference.

This function also allows horizontal and/or vertical offset to be added between the output video and the frame sync reference.

Frame sync can select from either of two card frame reference sources, or free-run input video sync. Selectable failover allows alternate reference selection should the initial reference source become unavailable or invalid. In the event of input video loss of signal, the output can be set to disable video, go to black, go to an internal test signal generator pattern, or freeze to the last intact frame (last frame having valid SAV and EAV codes).

An internal test signal generator provides a selection of various standard patterns such as color bars, sweep patterns, and other technical patterns. The test patterns can be applied to the output video upon loss of input or manually inserted at any time.

#### Wings Insertion

Wings insertion allows a symmetrical L-R wings insertion to be integrated into the card program video output. Wings video is accommodated using a separate wings SDI input. The wings user interface displays wings timing relative to the card output video, allowing wings timing offset to be adjusted such that wings can be properly framed. (This function does not provide timing offset control of the wings video; offset must be provided by a external frame sync card or device controlling the wings video feed.)

#### Key/Fill Insertion **Option E**

Option **+KEYER** provides for three of the card SDI video inputs to be used as respective program video, key, and fill inputs. This function provides chroma keying using the **KEY VID IN** signal. The **FILL VID IN** signal provides the fill video that is inserted in the area "cleared out" by the key. The keying user interface displays key and fill timing relative to the card output video, allowing timing offset to be adjusted such that key and fill can be properly framed. (The option and its host card does not provide timing offset control of the key/fill video; offset must be provided by external frame sync cards or devices controlling the key and fill video feed.) The program video input when using keying accommodates either an SDI or an analog video input; key and fill inputs are SDI only.

Alpha threshold keyer modes allow full-color key/fill from cost-effective generic sources such as a standard PC (with appropriate HDMI-to-SDI output conversion) hosting simple .bmp, .jpeg, or .png graphic files. In these modes, a common key/fill SDI input provides both the key and fill input.

**EAS Text Crawl Generation Option C** Option **+EAS** provides for automated keying Emergency Alert System (EAS) text crawls in the active program video output. The function receives its text stream via a card serial data input. The EAS crawl start can be set to trigger upon receiving the serial data message, or be set to use a GPI to trigger start of the EAS crawl.

Embedded in the received serial data are commands which set the message severity to be shown by the keyed crawl (severity is correlated to user-specified text color and background color for the crawl). User controls allow control of the crawl speed and repeat of the crawl burn-in (if desired). Refer to +TTS Manual Supplement OPT-SW-PHXEAS-MS for detailed information and installation/setup instructions. This supplement is furnished with the option.

# Color Corrector **Option E**

Option **+COLOR** converts the YCbCr SDI input video to the 4:4:4 RGB color space (where the color correction is applied), and then back to YCbCr SDI on the output. Controls are available to adjust each RGB level independently for both white levels (gain) and black levels (offset). Gamma can also be independently adjusted for each RGB channels. Various controls can be ganged to provide adjustment for all three color channels simultaneously.

#### **Character/Image Burn-in Functions**

User text and timecode (as selected using the timecode function) can be burned into the output video. Burn-in attributes such as size, position, background, color, and opacity are user-configurable. Two discrete character burn strings can be inserted on output video, with each string inserted as static text and/or insert only upon LOS. A moving-box insertion can be enabled to serve as a dynamic raster confidence check even in cases where the input video image is static or lost.

**Option ⊡** Options **+T-SLATE** and **+LOGO** respectively provide for automated trouble slate and logo (such as ID "bug") into the output video raster. this function enables a second independent video/frame sync path in which the input and output crosspoints supply two video paths to and from the dual processing paths. Refer to +LOGO / +T-SLATE Manual Supplement OPT-SW-PHXLTS-MS for detailed information and installation/setup instructions. This supplement is furnished with either of these options.

#### Video Quality Events Detect Function **Option Detect**

Option +QC provides a Video Quality Events user interface and an Event Triggers user interface for setting an area of concern across the program raster which can be monitored for frozen or black video events. Threshold controls allow setting the sensitivity of the function, while engage and disengage threshold timing controls allow setting how fast the event detection engages and releases when triggered. The Event Triggers user interface allows instructing the card as to the action to take upon an event (such as go to a changed signal routing, activate a GPO, send an automated email, or go to a user-defined preset).

An **Event Triggers** user interface can detect Closed Caption Presence and Closed Caption Absence events. The **Event Triggers** user interface in turn allows instructing the card as to the action to take upon an event (such as go to a changed signal routing, activate a GPO, send an automated email, or go to a user-defined preset).

#### Ancillary Data Processor **Option E**

This function provides full VANC/HANC ancillary data de-embedding and embedding for 3G/HD/SD-SDI streams. Direct access to DID and SDID locations allows extraction or insertion of user data such as camera PTZ, SCTE 104, closed-captioning read/insert, GPI/GPO via ANC, or other specialized user payloads. Data can be extracted and inserted within the card (Bridge mode), or inserted and/or extracted to and from the card via serial or IP interfaces connecting to external devices/systems. A rear I/O module with a dedicated IP port can be used with the ancillary data processor function for data insertion or extraction via IP.

#### **Video Output Crosspoint**

Used in common as a routing source for both **Path 1/Path 2** is a four-output video matrix crosspoint that allows independently applying the card processed video output, reclocked input, or wings/key-fill previews to any of the four card discrete coaxial outputs (**SDI OUT 1** thru **SDI OUT 4**). For an SD output, a CVBS coaxial output is available as a processed video output.

#### **Audio Processor Description**

**Note:** Path 1 and Path 2 have individual independent digital audio embed and de-embed banks for each of the processing path's 16-channels of embedded audio. The card's 16 channels of AES embed/de-embed can be allocated individually to any or either path's embed or de-embed nodes. Similarly, four-channel analog audio can be individually allocated across any or either path's embed or de-embed nodes.

The audio processor operates as an internal audio router. This function chooses from the following inputs:

- 16 channels of embedded audio from the SDI video input (default 1-to-1 routing to SDI output)
- Up to 16 channels (8 pairs) of discrete AES input<sup>1</sup>
- Up to 4 channels of balanced analog audio input

(See Figure 1-3.) The audio processing subsection is built around a card internal 16-channel audio bus. This 16-channel bus receives inputs from an input routing crosspoint that routes de-embedded, and discrete AES and analog audio inputs, over the 16-channel card bus. Correspondingly, at the output end of the 16-channel bus is an output routing crosspoint that in turn distributes the 16-channel bus signals to embedded, and discrete AES and analog audio outputs.

An Input Audio Status display shows the presence and peak level of each input audio channel received by the card. In addition to SDI embedded audio channel sources, analog and coaxial AES inputs are available as input audio choices. For AES audio inputs, payload is identified (PCM or data such as Dolby<sup>®</sup> Digital or E). Each AES input pair has independent sample rate converters to align each input pair with video timing to accommodate cases where AES audio is not synchronous with input video (SRC automatically bypassed for non-PCM payloads). As such, the audio subsection provides a full crosspoint between all supported audio inputs and output types.

The audio output crosspoint for each path's embedded output allows embedded channel selection from the respective path's own channels, or channels from the alternate processing path.

<sup>1.</sup> Discrete audio I/O channel count is dependent on rear I/O module used.

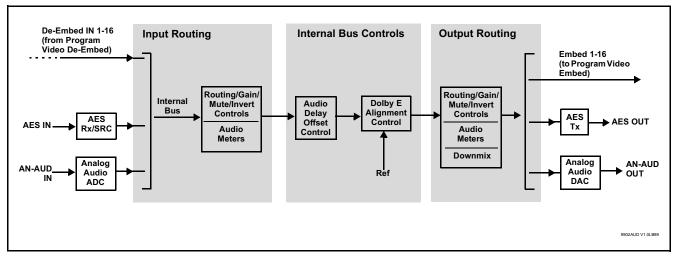


Figure 1-3 Basic Audio Processing Block Diagram

#### **Audio Down Mix Function**

(See Figure 1-4.) The Audio Down Mixer function provides for the selection of any five embedded channels serving as Left (L), Right (R), Center (C), Left Surround (Ls), and Right Surround (Rs) individual signals to be multiplexed into stereo pair Down Mix Left (DM-L) and Down Mix Right (DM-R). The resulting stereo pair DM-L and DM-R can in turn be routed to any embedded audio pair as desired (or de-embedded to an AES or analog audio output).

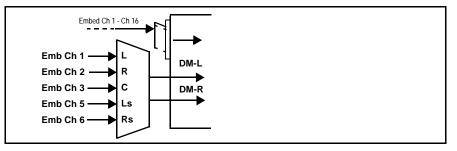


Figure 1-4 Audio Down Mix Functional Block Diagram with Example Sources

#### **Flex Buses**

For both input and output nodes before and after the card internal buses, flex buses provide flexible-structure mixer in which any of 16 summing nodes (**Flex Mix Bus A** thru **Flex Mix Bus P**) can receive any card audio input, thereby allowing several customizable mixing schemes. Similarly, any of the 16 card internal bus signals can be applied to an output flex bus mixer. The output flex bus allows cross-sourcing from both **Path 1** and **Path 2** embedded internal Audio Bus sources to the Path 1 and Path 2 discrete output audio crosspoints.

#### Text-To-Speech **Option E**

Cobalt Digital **+TTS** is a complete 21CVAA digital text-to-speech generation / audio insertion solution for embedded and discrete audio systems.

**+TTS** interfaces with industry standard Windows Share folder systems to receive non-proprietary text, XML, or similar plain text files, and converts and inserts realistic human-voice audio into user-configured audio channels (typically an SAP channel pair intended for this playout). **+TTS** allows for prioritization based on the organization's discretion (for example, severe weather alerts out-prioritizing school closings). Alert tones are inserted over the main program channels to alert the visually impaired that emergency content is to occur on the SAP channel. Alerts can be played a configurable number of times, and alerts with higher priority can interrupt current lists for breaking news. Once the interrupt message is broadcast, **+TTS** automatically reverts to normal audio programming. Refer to +TTS Manual Supplement OPT-TTS-MS for detailed information and installation/setup instructions. This supplement is furnished with the option.

#### Audio Events Detect Function **Option E**

Option +QC provides a Audio Detect Events user interface and an Event Triggers user interface for checking user-selected channels to detect audio silence conditions. The Event Triggers user interface in turn allows instructing the card as to the action to take upon an event (such as go to a changed signal routing, activate a GPO, send an automated email, or go to a user-defined preset).

#### 2.0-to-5.1 Upmixer **Option E**

Option +UM provides a 2.0-to-5.1 upmixer function that receives a normal PCM stereo pair from any internal audio bus channel pair. The stereo pair is upmixed to provide 5.1 channels (Left (L), Right (R), Center (C), Low Frequency Effects (LFE), Left Surround (Ls), and Right Surround (Rs)). Whenever the upmixer is active, it overwrites the six selected 5.1 output channels with the new 5.1 upmix signals (including replacing the original source stereo L and R inputs with new L and R signals).

The 2.0-to-5.1 upmixer can be set to upmix in any of three modes: Always upmix, Bypass upmix, or Auto enable/bypass upmixing. The Auto upmixing mode looks at the signal levels on the selected channels and compares them to a selectable level threshold. It then determines whether or not to generate 5.1 upmixing from the stereo pair as follows:

• If the upmixer detects signal level **below** a selected threshold on **all three** of the selected channels designated as **C**, **Ls**, and **Rs**, this indicates to the upmixer that these channels are not carrying 5.1. In this case, the upmixer produces new 5.1 content generated by the upmixer.

• If the upmixer detects signal level **above** a selected threshold on **any** of the three selected channels designated as **C**, **Ls**, and **Rs**, this indicates to the upmixer that the channel(s) are already carrying viable 5.1 content. In this case, the upmixer is bypassed and the channels fed to the upmixer pass unaffected to the upmixer outputs.

The examples in Figure 1-5 show the automatic enable/disable upmixing function applied to example selected channels **Bus Ch 1** thru **Bus Ch 6**. As shown and described, the processing is contingent upon the signal levels of the channels selected to carry the new 5.1 upmix relative to the selected threshold (in this example, -60 dBFS).

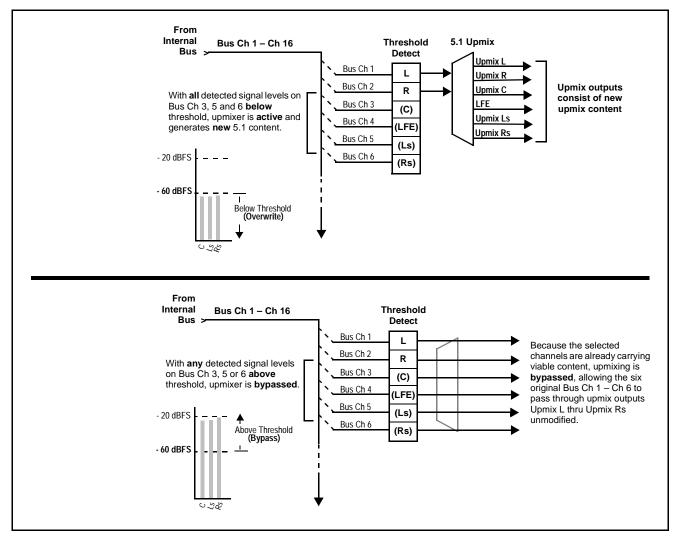


Figure 1-5 Upmixing Auto Enable/Bypass with Example Sources

#### Loudness Processor **Option E**

(See Figure 1-6.) The loudness processor (option +LP) function receives up to six selected channels from the internal bus and performs loudness processing on the selected channels. A loudness processing profile best suited for the program material can be selected from several loudness processing presets.

**Note:** Discussion and example here describes 5.1-channel loudness processor. Stereo and dual-stereo processors operate similar to described here.

The example in Figure 1-6 shows routing of embedded output channels Emb Out Ch 1 thru Ch 6 fed through the loudness processor. A master output gain control is provided which allows fine adjustment of the overall output level.

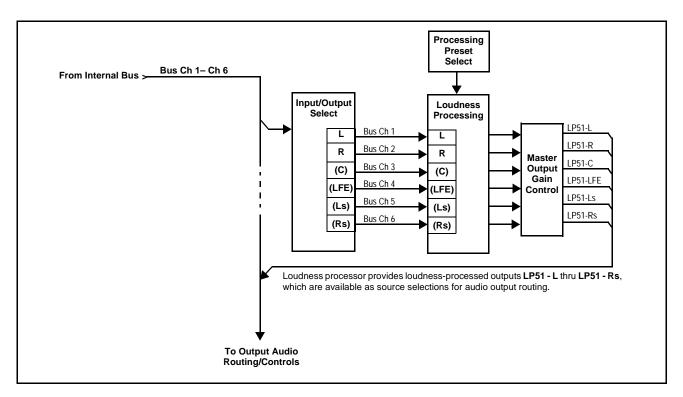


Figure 1-6 5.1-Channel Loudness Processor with Example Sources

#### **Control and Data Input/Output Interfaces**

#### **GPI Interface**

Two independent ground-closure sensing GPI inputs (**GPI 1** and **GPI 2**; each sharing common ground connection as chassis potential) are available. Associated with each GPI user control is a selection of one of 32 user-defined card presets in which GPI activation invokes a card control preset. Because the GPI closure invokes a user-defined preset, the resulting setup is highly flexible and totally user-defined. Invoking a user preset to effect a change involves card setup communication limited **only** to the items being changed; the card remains on-line during the setup, and the called preset is rapidly applied.

GPI triggering can be user selected to consider the activity on discrete GPI ports, or combinations of logic states considering both GPI inputs, as well as be set for level or edge triggering. This flexibility allows multistage, progressive actions to be invoked if desired. Indication is provided showing whenever a GPI input has been invoked.

#### **GPO Interface**

Two independent phototransistor non-referenced (floating) contact pairs (**GPO 1/1** and **GPO 2/2**) are available. A GPO can be invoked by setting a GPO to be enabled when a card preset is in turn applied (i.e., when a preset is invoked (either manually or via event-based loading), the GPO is correspondingly also activated.

#### Serial (COMM) Ports

The 9922-2FS is equipped with two, 3-wire serial ports (**COM 1 - Serial Port 1**, **COM 2 - Serial Port 2**). The ports provide for SMPTE 2020 de-embedding to an output port, and provide RS-485 LTC I/O (when licensed with option +LTC). Either port can be configured as RS-232 Tx/Rx or RS-4585 non-duplexed Tx or Rx.

#### +SCTE104 Insertion Option

Option +SCTE104 provides generation and insertion of SCTE 104 messages into baseband SDI. Message send can be triggered from automation GPI or other event action modes. The option can also execute card actions based on SCTE 104 messages received by the card, as well as send triggered SCTE 104 packets to other downstream systems.

The user interface is based on common SCTE 104 operations: Splice Start Normal, Splice Start Intermediate, Splice End Normal, Splice End Intermediate, and Splice Cancel (splice\_request\_data variants), offering full control of splice start, end, and cancel as well as pre-roll and break duration offsets. (A Manual Supplement is planned for this option. Please check product web page.)

#### **Alarm Function**

The card can be set to monitor input video/audio for input errors such as input LOS, frozen or black frame, loss of reference, closed captioning ancillary data loss, and/or per-channel audio absences. These alarms can be propagated as a card general error or warning message, and can be downloaded as basic .txt logs or via a Syslog function.

User setup tables configure the alarm severity escalation as well as trigger holdoff/release and other thresholds as applicable.

#### User Control Interface

Figure 1-7 shows the user control interface options for the 9922-2FS. These options are individually described below.

- **Note:** All user control interfaces described here are cross-compatible and can operate together as desired. Where applicable, any control setting change made using a particular user interface is reflected on any other connected interface.
  - DashBoard<sup>TM</sup> User Interface Using DashBoard<sup>TM</sup>, the 9922-2FS and other cards installed in openGear®<sup>1</sup> frames can be controlled from a computer and monitor.

DashBoard<sup>™</sup> allows users to view all frames on a network with control and monitoring for all populated slots inside a frame. This simplifies the setup and use of numerous modules in a large installation and offers the ability to centralize monitoring. Cards define their controllable parameters to DashBoard<sup>™</sup>, so the control interface is always up to date.

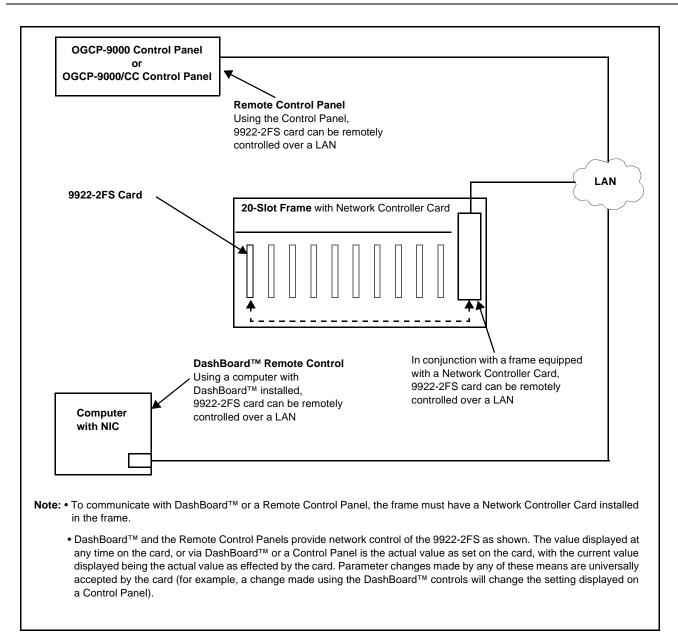
The DashBoard<sup>™</sup> software can be downloaded from the Cobalt Digital Inc. website: <u>www.cobaltdigital.com</u> (enter "DashBoard" in the search window). The DashBoard<sup>™</sup> user interface is described in Chapter 3, "Operating Instructions".

 Cobalt<sup>®</sup> OGCP-9000 and OGCP-9000/CC Remote Control Panels – The OGCP-9000 and OGCP-9000/CC Remote Control Panels conveniently and intuitively provide parameter monitor and control of the 9922-2FS and other video and audio processing terminal equipment meeting the open-architecture Cobalt<sup>®</sup> cards for openGear<sup>TM</sup> standard.

In addition to circumventing the need for a computer to monitor and control signal processing cards, the Control Panels allow quick and intuitive access to hundreds of cards in a facility, and can monitor and allow adjustment of multiple parameters at one time.

The Remote Control Panels are totally compatible with the openGear<sup>TM</sup> control software DashBoard<sup>TM</sup>; any changes made with either system are reflected on the other. The Remote Control Panel user interface is described in Chapter 3, "Operating Instructions".

<sup>1.</sup> openGear® is a registered trademark of Ross Video Limited. DashBoard<sup>TM</sup> is a trademark of Ross Video Limited.





Note: If network remote control is to be used for the frame and the frame has not yet been set up for remote control, Cobalt<sup>®</sup> reference guide **Remote Control** User Guide (PN 9000RCS-RM) provides thorough information and step-by-step instructions for setting up network remote control of Cobalt<sup>®</sup> cards using DashBoard<sup>™</sup>. (Cobalt<sup>®</sup> OGCP-9000 and OGCP-9000/CC Remote Control Panel product manuals have complete instructions for setting up remote control using a Remote Control Panel.)

Download a copy of this guide by clicking on the **Support>Reference Documents** link at www.cobaltdigital.com and then select DashBoard Remote Control Setup Guide as a download, or contact Cobalt<sup>®</sup> as listed in Contact Cobalt Digital Inc. (p. 1-24).

#### 9922-2FS Rear I/O Modules

The 9922-2FS physically interfaces to system video connections at the rear of its frame using a Rear I/O Module.

All inputs and outputs shown in the 9922-2FS Functional Block Diagram (Figure 1-1) enter and exit the card via the card edge backplane connector. The Rear I/O Module breaks out the 9922-2FS card edge connections to BNC and other connectors that interface with other components and systems in the signal chain.

The full assortment of 9922-2FS Rear I/O Modules is shown and described in 9922-2FS Rear I/O Modules (p. 2-4) in Chapter 2, "Installation and Setup".

# **Technical Specifications**

Table 1-1 lists the technical specifications for the 9922-2FS 3G/HD/SD-SDI Dual-Channel Frame Sync with Audio/Video Processing, AES/Analog Audio Embedding/De-Embedding, and CVBS I/O card.

| Item  | Characteristic  |
|---|---|
| Part number, nomenclature   | 9922-2FS 3G/HD/SD-SDI Dual-Channel Frame Sync with Audio/<br>Video Processing, AES/Analog Audio Embedding/De-Embedding,<br>and CVBS I/O               |
| Installation/usage environment  | Intended for installation and usage in frame meeting openGear™ modular system definition  |
| Power consumption   | < 18 Watts maximum  |
| Installation Density  | Up to 20 cards per 20-slot frame  |
| Environmental:<br>Operating temperature:<br>Relative humidity (operating or storage): | 32° – 104° F (0° – 40° C)<br>< 95%, non-condensing  |
| Frame communication   | 10/100 Mbps Ethernet with Auto-MDIX   |
| Indicators  | Card edge display and indicators as follows:<br>• 4-character alphanumeric display<br>• Status/Error LED indicator<br>• Input Presence LED indicators |
| Serial Digital Video Input  | Number of Inputs:<br>Up to (4), with manual select or failover to alternate input<br>Data Rates Supported:<br>SMPTE 424M, 292M, SMPTE 259M-C          |

Table 1-1 Technical Specifications

| Item  | Characteristic   |
|---|--|
| Serial Digital Video Input (cont.)                    | Impedance:<br>75 $\Omega$ terminating  |
|   | Return Loss:   |
|   | > 15 dB up to 1.485 GHz  |
|   | > 10 dB up to 2.970 GHz  |
| Analog Video Input                                    | Number of Inputs:  |
|   | One SD analog CVBS   |
|   | Impedance:   |
|   | 75 Ω   |
| AES Audio Inputs                                      | Standard:  |
|   | SMPTE 276M   |
|   | Number of Inputs:  |
|   | Up to 16 unbalanced; AES-3id   |
|   | Impedance:   |
|   | 75 Ω   |
| Analog Audio Inputs                                   | Number of Inputs:  |
|   | Up to four balanced using 3-wire removable Phoenix connectors;<br>0 dBFS => +24 dBu  |
| Input Select/Auto-Changeover Failover<br>(option +QC) | Failover to alternate input on loss of target input. Failover invoked upon LOS and/or (with option +QC) user configurable parametric criteria such as black/frozen frame or audio silence. |
|   | - Black frame trigger configurable for black intensity threshold and persistence time.   |
|   | <ul> <li>Frozen frame trigger configurable for frozen percentage<br/>difference and persistence time.</li> </ul>   |
| Post-Processor Serial Digital Video                   | Number of Outputs:   |
| Outputs   | Four 3G/HD/SD-SDI BNC  |
|   | Impedance:   |
|   | 75 Ω   |
|   | Return Loss:   |
|   | > 15 dB at 5 MHz – 270 MHz   |
|   | Signal Level:  |
|   | 800 mV ± 10%   |
|   | DC Offset:<br>0 V ± 50 mV  |
|   |  |

| Table 1-1 | Technical Specifications — continued |
|-----------|--------------------------------------|
|           | rediffical opeomoutions continued    |

| Item                                | Characteristic  |
|-------------------------------------|---|
| Post-Processor Serial Digital Video | Jitter (3G/HD/SD):  |
| Outputs (cont.)                     | < 0.3/0.2/0.2 UI  |
|                                     | Minimum Latency (frame sync disabled):  |
|                                     | SD: 127 pixels; 9.4 us  |
|                                     | 720p: 330 pixels; 4.45 us   |
|                                     | 1080i: 271 pixels; 3.65 us  |
|                                     | 1080p: 361 pixels; 2.43 us  |
| Analog Video Output                 | Number of Outputs:  |
|                                     | One SD analog CVBS  |
|                                     | Impedance:  |
|                                     | 75 Ω  |
| Embedded Audio Output               | 16-ch embedded. User crosspoint allows routing of any embedded channel to any embedded channel output. Multi-frequency tone generator for each audio output. Master delay control; range of -33 msec to +3000 msec. |
| AES Audio Outputs                   | Standard:   |
|                                     | SMPTE 276M  |
|                                     | Number of Outputs:  |
|                                     | Up to 16 unbalanced; AES-3id  |
|                                     | Impedance:  |
|                                     | 75 Ω  |
| Analog Audio Outputs                | Number of Outputs:  |
|                                     | Up to four balanced using 3-wire removable Phoenix connectors;<br>0 dBFS => +24 dBu   |
| Frame Reference Input               | Number of Inputs:<br>Two, REF 1 and REF 2 from frame with selectable failover   |
|                                     | Standards Supported:<br>SMPTE 170M/318M ("black burst")<br>SMPTE 274M/296M ("tri-level")  |
|                                     | Return Loss:<br>> 35 dB up to 5.75 MHz  |
| GPIO/COMM                           | (2) GPI configurable to select input routing. (2) GPO configurable to invoke upon input selected. (2) RS-232/485 comm ports.  |

 Table 1-1
 Technical Specifications — continued

# Warranty and Service Information

#### **Cobalt Digital Inc. Limited Warranty**

This product is warranted to be free from defects in material and workmanship for a period of five (5) years from the date of shipment to the original purchaser, except that 4000, 5000, 6000, 8000 series power supplies, and Dolby<sup>®</sup> modules (where applicable) are warranted to be free from defects in material and workmanship for a period of one (1) year.

Cobalt Digital Inc.'s ("Cobalt") sole obligation under this warranty shall be limited to, at its option, (i) the repair or (ii) replacement of the product, and the determination of whether a defect is covered under this limited warranty shall be made at the sole discretion of Cobalt.

This limited warranty applies only to the original end-purchaser of the product, and is not assignable or transferrable therefrom. This warranty is limited to defects in material and workmanship, and shall not apply to acts of God, accidents, or negligence on behalf of the purchaser, and shall be voided upon the misuse, abuse, alteration, or modification of the product. Only Cobalt authorized factory representatives are authorized to make repairs to the product, and any unauthorized attempt to repair this product shall immediately void the warranty. Please contact Cobalt Technical Support for more information.

To facilitate the resolution of warranty related issues, Cobalt recommends registering the product by completing and returning a product registration form. In the event of a warrantable defect, the purchaser shall notify Cobalt with a description of the problem, and Cobalt shall provide the purchaser with a Return Material Authorization ("RMA"). For return, defective products should be double boxed, and sufficiently protected, in the original packaging, or equivalent, and shipped to the Cobalt Factory Service Center, postage prepaid and insured for the purchase price. The purchaser should include the RMA number, description of the problem encountered, date purchased, name of dealer purchased from, and serial number with the shipment.

#### **Cobalt Digital Inc. Factory Service Center**

| 2506 Galen Drive        | Office: (217) 344-1243        |
|-------------------------|-------------------------------|
| Champaign, IL 61821 USA | Fax: (217) 344-1245           |
| www.cobaltdigital.com   | Email: info@cobaltdigital.com |

THIS LIMITED WARRANTY IS EXPRESSLY IN LIEU OF ALL OTHER WARRANTIES EXPRESSED OR IMPLIED, INCLUDING THE WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY AND FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE AND OF ALL OTHER OBLIGATIONS OR LIABILITIES ON COBALT'S PART. ANY SOFTWARE PROVIDED WITH, OR FOR USE WITH, THE PRODUCT IS PROVIDED "AS IS." THE BUYER OF THE PRODUCT ACKNOWLEDGES THAT NO OTHER REPRESENTATIONS WERE MADE OR RELIED UPON WITH RESPECT TO THE QUALITY AND FUNCTION OF THE GOODS HEREIN SOLD. COBALT PRODUCTS ARE NOT AUTHORIZED FOR USE IN LIFE SUPPORT APPLICATIONS.

COBALT'S LIABILITY, WHETHER IN CONTRACT, TORT, WARRANTY, OR OTHERWISE, IS LIMITED TO THE REPAIR OR REPLACEMENT, AT ITS OPTION, OF ANY DEFECTIVE PRODUCT, AND SHALL IN NO EVENT INCLUDE SPECIAL, INDIRECT, INCIDENTAL, OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES (INCLUDING LOST PROFITS), EVEN IF IT HAS BEEN ADVISED OF THE POSSIBILITY OF SUCH DAMAGES.

# **Contact Cobalt Digital Inc.**

Feel free to contact our thorough and professional support representatives for any of the following:

- Name and address of your local dealer
- Product information and pricing
- Technical support
- Upcoming trade show information

| Phone:               | (217) 344-1243            |
|----------------------|---------------------------|
| Fax:                 | (217) 344-1245            |
| Web:                 | www.cobaltdigital.com     |
| General Information: | info@cobaltdigital.com    |
| Technical Support:   | support@cobaltdigital.com |

# Chapter 2

# Installation and Setup

#### **Overview**

This chapter contains the following information:

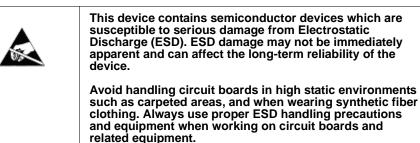
- Installing the 9922-2FS Into a Frame Slot (p. 2-1)
- Installing a Rear I/O Module (p. 2-3)
- Setting Up 9922-2FS Network Remote Control (p. 2-11)

### Installing the 9922-2FS Into a Frame Slot

#### CAUTION

Heat and power distribution requirements within a frame may dictate specific slot placement of cards. Cards with many heat-producing components should be arranged to avoid areas of excess heat build-up, particularly in frames using only convection cooling. The 9922-2FS has a moderate power dissipation (<18 W). As such, avoiding placing the card adjacent to other cards with similar dissipation values if possible.

#### CAUTION



Note: If installing the 9922-2FS in a slot with no rear I/O module, a Rear I/O Module is required before cabling can be connected. Refer to Installing a Rear I/O Module (p. 2-3) for rear I/O module installation procedure.

#### CAUTION

If required, make certain Rear I/O Module(s) is installed before installing the 9922-2FS into the frame slot. Damage to card and/or Rear I/O Module can occur if module installation is attempted with card already installed in slot.

**Note:** Check the packaging in which the 9922-2FS was shipped for any extra items such as a Rear I/O Module connection label. In some cases, this label is shipped with the card and to be installed on the Rear I/O connector bank corresponding to the slot location of the card.

Install the 9922-2FS into a frame slot as follows:

- 1. Determine the slot in which the 9922-2FS is to be installed.
- 2. Open the frame front access panel.
- **3.** While holding the card by the card edges, align the card such that the plastic ejector tab is on the bottom.
- 4. Align the card with the top and bottom guides of the slot in which the card is being installed.
- **5.** Gradually slide the card into the slot. When resistance is noticed, gently continue pushing the card until its rear printed circuit edge terminals engage fully into the rear I/O module mating connector.

#### CAUTION

If card resists fully engaging in rear I/O module mating connector, check for alignment and proper insertion in slot tracks. Damage to card and/or rear I/O module may occur if improper card insertion is attempted.

- **6.** Verify that the card is fully engaged in rear I/O module mating connector.
- 7. Close the frame front access panel.
- 8. Connect the input and output cables as shown in 9922-2FS Rear I/O Modules (p. 2-4).
- 9. Repeat steps 1 through 8 for other 9922-2FS cards.
- **Note:** The 9922-2FS BNC inputs are internally 75-ohm terminated. It is not necessary to terminate unused BNC inputs or outputs.
  - External frame sync reference signals are received by the card over a reference bus on the card frame, and not on any card rear I/O module connectors. The frame has BNC connectors labeled **REF 1** and **REF 2** which receive the reference signal from an external source such as a house distribution.
  - To remove a card, press down on the ejector tab to unseat the card from the rear I/O module mating connector. Evenly draw the card from its slot.
  - **10.** If network remote control is to be used for the frame and the frame has not yet been set up for remote control, perform setup in accordance with Setting Up 9922-2FS Network Remote Control (p. 2-11).

Note: If installing a card in a frame already equipped for, and connected to DashBoard<sup>™</sup>, no network setup is required for the card. The card will be discovered by DashBoard<sup>™</sup> and be ready for use.

# Installing a Rear I/O Module

**Note:** This procedure is applicable **only if a Rear I/O Module is not currently installed** in the slot where the 9922-2FS is to be installed.

If installing the 9922-2FS in a slot already equipped with a suitable I/O module, omit this procedure.

Install a Rear I/O Module as follows:

- 1. On the frame, determine the slot in which the 9922-2FS is to be installed.
- 2. In the mounting area corresponding to the slot location, install Rear I/O Module as shown in Figure 2-1.

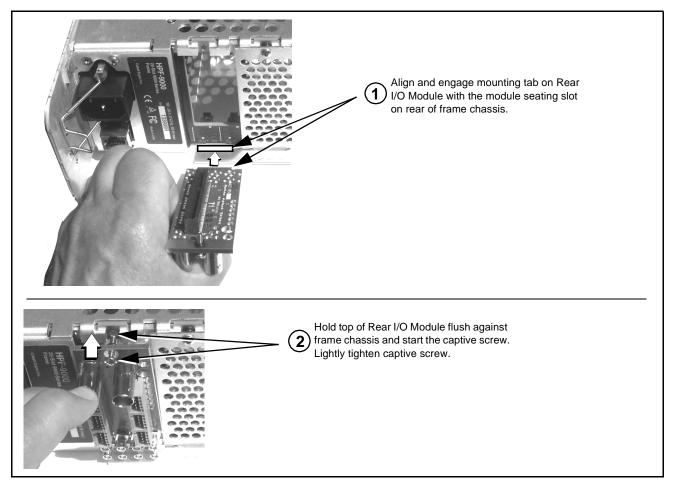


Figure 2-1 Rear I/O Module Installation

#### 9922-2FS Rear I/O Modules

Table 2-1 shows and describes the full assortment of Rear I/O Modules specifically for use with the 9922-2FS.

**Notes:** Rear I/O Modules equipped with 3-wire Phoenix connectors are supplied with removable screw terminal block adapters. For clarity, the adapters are omitted in the drawings below.

| 9922-2FS Rear I/O Modu | lle   | Description   |
|------------------------|---|---|
| RM20-9922-2FS-A/S      | CARD 2     CARD 1       Image: SDI IN A     Image: SDI IN A       Image: SDI IN C     Image: SDI IN C       Ima | <ul> <li>Split Rear Module. Provides each of the following connections for two 9922-2FS cards:</li> <li>Two 3G/HD/SD-SDI coaxial input BNCs (SDI IN A and SDI IN C)</li> <li>Three 3G/HD/SD-SDI Video Out BNCs (SDI OUT 4 thru SDI OUT 3)</li> </ul>  |
|                        |   | <ul> <li>Provides the following connections:</li> <li>One 3G/HD/SD-SDI coaxial input BNC (SDI IN A)</li> <li>One analog video CVBS coaxial input BNC (CVBS IN)</li> <li>Two analog balanced audio inputs (AN-AUD IN 1 and AN-AUD IN 2)</li> <li>One AES input BNC (AES IN)</li> <li>One processed coaxial output BNC (SDI OUT)</li> <li>One analog video CVBS coaxial output BNC (CVBS OUT)</li> <li>Two analog balanced audio outputs (AN-AUD OUT 1 and AN-AUD OUT 2)</li> <li>One AES output BNC (AES OUT)</li> </ul> |

#### Table 2-1 9922-2FS Rear I/O Modules

#### 9922-2FS Rear I/O Module Description RM20-9922-2FS-C Provides the following connections: Four 3G/HD/SD-SDI video input BNCs (SDI IN A) thru SDI IN D) $\odot$ $\odot$ Four 3G/HD/SD-SDI video output BNCs SDI IN A SDI IN B (RCK/PROC 1 thru RCK/PROC 4; each GUI Note: RCK/PROC 1 thru selectable as processed out, selected-input $\odot$ $\odot$ RCK/PROC 4 are DA reclocked, or wings/key-fill preview where outputs which can be SDI IN C RI Y BYP F available) individually set as reclocked or processed GPIO $\odot$ One relay-protected SDI processed output BNC outputs of the COMN (RLY BYP B; outputs a copy of SDI OUT 1 under currently-selected input. SDI IN D normal conditions, or passive outputs the SDI input RLY BYP B is a relay- $\odot$ $\odot$ on SDI IN B as a relay failover if card power is lost) protected path which RCK/PROC 1 RCK/PROC carries processed • COMM/GPIO RJ-45 connector SDI out under normal conditions and passive $\odot$ $\odot$ Note: Refer to GPIO, Serial (COMM), and Analog routes SDI IN B to this Audio Connections (p. 2-11) for connector pinouts RCK/PROC 3 RCK/PROC 4 BNC upon loss of power. and important information regarding GPO electrical limits. RM20-9922-2FS-D Provides the following connections: Two 3G/HD/SD-SDI video inputs (VIDEO IN A and VIDEO IN B) CVBS Ô One CVBS video input (CVBS IN) 10 50 Two analog balanced audio inputs (AN-AUD IN 1 and AN-AUD IN 2) 20 60 • Eight AES audio inputs (AES IN 1 thru AES IN 8) AES • Two 3G/HD/SD-SDI video outputs (VIDEO OUT 1 30 70 and VIDEO OUT 2) G 40 80 One CVBS video output (CVBS OUT) Two analog balanced audio outputs VIDEO 0 (AN-AUD OUT 1 and AN-AUD OUT 2) $\odot$ 30 50 70 • Eight AES audio outputs (AES OUT 1 thru 60 AES OUT 8) Note: Available equipped with High-Density BNC (HDBNC) or DIN1.0/2.3 connectors as: RM20-9922-2FS-D-HDBNC or RM20-9922-2FS-D-DIN, respectively.

#### Table 2-1 9922-2FS Rear I/O Modules — continued

| 9922-2FS Rear I/O Module  | Description  |
|---|--|
| $\bigcirc A$ $B \bigcirc D \bigcirc$ $\bigcirc C$ $\bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc$ $\bigcirc C$ $\bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc$ $\bigcirc C$ $\bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc$ $\bigcirc 0$ $\bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc$ $\bigcirc 0$ | <ul> <li>Provides the following connections:</li> <li>Four 3G/HD/SD-SDI video inputs (SDI IN A thru SDI IN D)</li> <li>Eight AES audio inputs (AES IN 1 thru AES IN 8)</li> <li>Four 3G/HD/SD-SDI video outputs; selectable as processed or input reclocked out (SDI PROC/RCK OUT 1 thru SDI PROC/RCK OUT 1 thru SDI PROC/RCK OUT 4)</li> <li>Eight AES audio outputs (AES OUT 1 thru AES OUT 1)</li> <li>Eight AES audio outputs (AES OUT 1)</li> <li>Kote: Available equipped with High-Density BNC (HDBNC) or DIN1.0/2.3 connectors as: RM20-9922-2FS-E-DIN, respectively.</li> </ul>   |
| RM20-9922-2FS-F   | <ul> <li>Provides the following connections:</li> <li>Two 3G/HD/SD-SDI video input BNCs (SDI IN A and SDI IN B)</li> <li>Three 3G/HD/SD-SDI video output BNCs (SDI OUT 1A thru SDI OUT 4B; each GUI selectable as selected-input reclocked or processed out)</li> <li>One relay-protected SDI processed output BNC (RLY BYP A/B OUT)</li> <li>Two opto-isolated GPI inputs (terminals GPI 1-G and GPI 2-G)</li> <li>Two opto-coupled GPO (GPO 1/G and GPO 2/G)</li> <li>Note: Refer to GPIO, Serial (COMM), and Analog Audio Connections (p. 2-11) for connector pinouts and important information regarding GPO electrical limits.</li> </ul> |
| COBALT<br>RM20-9001-B/S-DIN<br>**SAMPLE-NOT FOR USE**   | Due to the density of connector placement on Rear Modules<br>using high-density connectors (e.g., RM20-9001-B/S-DIN),<br>these modules use a QR barcode label instead a regular label.<br>Simply scan the image with a smart phone and a link to the rear<br>module label (as shown in our catalog) will appear. (Smart<br>phone must have a QR reader app such as QuickMark QR<br>Code Reader or equivalent.)<br>Not all devices may be able to acquire the image. If this<br>occurs, use the device to access the web page for<br>card/rear module to view the diagram.  |

#### Table 2-1 9922-2FS Rear I/O Modules — continued

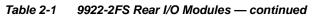
2

| 9922-2FS Rear I/O Module  | Description  |
|---|--|
| RM20-9922-2FS-G   | Provides the following connections:  |
|   | <ul> <li>Two 3G/HD/SD-SDI video inputs (SDI IN A and<br/>SDI IN B)</li> </ul>  |
|   | One CVBS video input (CVBS IN)   |
| A A A A D OUT   | <ul> <li>Four analog balanced audio inputs (AN-AUD IN 1<br/>thru AN-AUD IN 4)</li> </ul>   |
|   | • Four AES audio inputs (AES IN 1 thru AES IN 4)   |
|   | <ul> <li>Two 3G/HD/SD-SDI video outputs (SDI OUT 1 and<br/>SDI OUT 2)</li> </ul>   |
|   | One CVBS video output (CVBS OUT)   |
|   | <ul> <li>Four analog balanced audio outputs<br/>(AN-AUD OUT 1 thru AN-AUD OUT 4)</li> </ul>  |
| $1 \bigcirc 2 \bigcirc \\ AES IN \\ 3 \bigcirc 4 \bigcirc $ $3 \bigcirc 4 \bigcirc $ $3 \bigcirc 4 \bigcirc $   | <ul> <li>Four AES audio outputs (AES OUT 1 thru<br/>AES OUT 4)</li> </ul>  |
|   | <b>Note:</b> Available equipped with High-Density BNC (HDBNC) or DIN1.0/2.3 connectors as:<br>RM20-9922-2FS-G-HDBNC or<br>RM20-9922-2FS-G-DIN, respectively.           |
| RM20-9922-2FS-H   | Provides the following connections:  |
| VIDEO IN<br>$\bigcirc -A$ $B - \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc$<br>$\bigcirc -A$ $B - \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc$<br>$\bigcirc -A$ $B - \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc$<br>$\bigcirc -A$ $B - \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc$<br>$\bigcirc -A$ $B - \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc$<br>$\bigcirc -A$ $B - \bigcirc $ | <ul> <li>Two 3G/HD/SD-SDI video input BNCs (SDI IN A<br/>and SDI IN B)</li> </ul>  |
|   | <ul> <li>One SDI/CVBS video input; selectable as 3G/HD/<br/>SD-SDI or CVBS (D/CVBS IN)</li> </ul>  |
|   | <ul> <li>Four analog balanced audio inputs (AN-AUD IN 1<br/>thru AN-AUD IN 4)</li> </ul>   |
|   | <ul> <li>Two AES audio inputs (AES IN 1 and AES IN 2)</li> <li>Three 3G/HD/SD-SDI video outputs, selectable as processed or reclocked input (SDI OUT 1 thru</li> </ul> |
|   | SDI OUT 3)   |
| $\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$  | <ul> <li>3G/HD/SD-SDI video output pair, selectable as<br/>processed or reclocked input as a pair (SDI OUT<br/>4a and SDI OUT 4b)</li> </ul>                           |
|   | <ul> <li>Four analog balanced audio outputs<br/>(AN-AUD OUT 1 thru AN-AUD OUT 4)</li> </ul>  |
| <b>Note:</b> Refer to GPIO, Serial (COMM), and<br>Analog Audio Connections (p. 2-11) for<br>connector pinouts and important information<br>regarding GPO electrical limits.   | <ul> <li>Two AES audio outputs (AES OUT 1 and<br/>AES OUT 2)</li> </ul>  |
|   | One GPI / 6Hz coaxial input (GPI 1)  |
|   | • One coaxial GPO with isolated return (GPO 1)   |
|   | Note: Available equipped with High-Density BNC<br>(HDBNC) or DIN1.0/2.3 connectors as:<br>RM20-9922-2FS-H-HDBNC or<br>RM20-9922-2FS-H-DIN, respectively.               |

#### Table 2-1 9922-2FS Rear I/O Modules — continued

| 9922-2FS Rear I/O Module  | Description  |
|---|--|
| RM20-9922-2FS-J         Image: State of the state of | <ul> <li>Provides the following connections:</li> <li>Two 3G/HD/SD-SDI video input BNCs (SDI IN A and SDI IN B)</li> <li>One SDI/CVBS video input; selectable as 3G/HD/SD-SDI or CVBS (D/CVBS IN)</li> <li>Four analog balanced audio inputs (AN-AUD IN 1 thru AN-AUD IN 4)</li> <li>Two AES audio inputs (AES IN 1 and AES IN 2)</li> <li>Four 3G/HD/SD-SDI video outputs, selectable as processed or reclocked input (SDI OUT 1 thru SDI OUT 4)</li> <li>One CVBS video output (CVBS OUT)</li> <li>Four analog balanced audio outputs (AN-AUD OUT 1 thru SDI OUT 4)</li> <li>One CVBS video outputs (AES OUT 1 and AES OUT 2)</li> <li>One GPI / 6Hz coaxial input (GPI 1)</li> <li>One coaxial GPO with isolated return (GPO 1)</li> <li>Note: Available equipped with High-Density BNC (HDBNC) or DIN1.0/2.3 connectors as: RM20-9922-2FS-J-HDBNC or RM20-9922-2FS-J-DIN, respectively.</li> </ul> |
| RM20-9922-2FS-K   | <ul> <li>Provides the following connections:</li> <li>Four 3G/HD/SD-SDI video inputs (SDI IN A thru SDI IN D; IN D-to-OUT 1 as passive RLY bypass)</li> <li>SIx AES audio inputs (AES IN 1 thru AES IN 6)</li> <li>Two analog balanced audio inputs (AN-AUD IN 1 and AN-AUD IN 2)</li> <li>Four 3G/HD/SD-SDI video outputs (SDI OUT 1 thru SDI OUT 4)</li> <li>Four AES audio outputs (AES OUT 1 thru AES OUT 4)</li> <li>COMM/GPIO RJ-45 connector</li> <li>Note: • Refer to GPIO, Serial (COMM), and Analog Audio Connections (p. 2-11) for connector pinouts and important information regarding GPO electrical limits.</li> <li>Available equipped with High-Density BNC (HDBNC) or DIN1.0/2.3 connectors as: RM20-9922-2FS-K-DIN, respectively.</li> </ul>  |

#### Table 2-1 9922-2FS Rear I/O Modules — continued



| 9922-2FS Rear I/O Module  | Description  |
|---|--|
| RM20-9922-2FS-L   | Provides the following connections:  |
|   | <ul> <li>Four 3G/HD/SD-SDI video inputs (SDI IN A thru<br/>SDI IN D</li> </ul>   |
|   | CVBS video input (CVBS IN)   |
| ••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••  | <ul> <li>Eight 3G/HD/SD-SDI video outputs (SDI OUT 1A<br/>thru SDI OUT 4B; 1x2 DA output of each crosspoin<br/>output)</li> </ul>                        |
|   | • CVBS video output (CVBS OUT)   |
| 3B 4B   | COMM/GPIO RJ-45 connector  |
| OUT IN are DA pairs of  | • ETHERNET 100/1000 BaseT Ethernet connector   |
| O 2A     CVBS⊙     O       O 3A     Image: CVBS (Image: CVBS)     Image: CVBS (Image: CVBS)       O 4A     Image: CVBS (Image: CVBS)     Image: CVBS) | Note: Available equipped with High-Density BNC<br>(HDBNC) or DIN1.0/2.3 connectors as:<br>RM20-9922-2FS-K-HDBNC or<br>RM20-9922-2FS-K-DIN, respectively. |
| RM20-9922-2FS-M/S   | Split Rear Module. Provides <b>each</b> of the following connections for two 9922-2FS cards:   |
| O SDI IN A O SDI IN A   | <ul> <li>Four 3G/HD/SD-SDI coaxial input BNCs (SDI IN A<br/>and SDI IN D)</li> </ul>   |
| ⊙ SDI IN B ⊙ SDI IN B   | <ul> <li>Six 3G/HD/SD-SDI Video Out BNCs (SDI OUT 1A<br/>thru SDI OUT 4B)</li> </ul>   |
| <ul> <li>⊙ sdi in c</li> <li>⊙ sdi in d</li> <li>⊙ sdi in d</li> </ul>  | Note: Available equipped with High-Density BNC<br>(HDBNC) or DIN1.0/2.3 connectors as:<br>RM20-9922-2FS-M/S-HDBNC or                                     |
| $ \begin{array}{c} \textcircled{\bullet} 1A \\ SDI OUT \\ \textcircled{\bullet} 2A \\ \hline \                                 $                      | RM20-9922-2FS-M/S-DIN, respectively.   |

#### Table 2-1 9922-2FS Rear I/O Modules — continued

| 9922-2FS Rear I/O Module  | Description  |
|---|--|
| RM20-9922-2FS-N   | Double-width rear modules provides the following connections:  |
|   | <ul> <li>Four 3G/HD/SD-SDI video inputs (SDI IN A thru<br/>SDI IN D</li> </ul>   |
|   | CVBS video input (CVBS IN)   |
|   | <ul> <li>Four analog balanced audio inputs (AN-AUD IN 1<br/>thru AN-AUD IN 4)</li> </ul>   |
|   | • Eight AES audio inputs (AES IN 1 thru AES IN 8)  |
|   | <ul> <li>Four 3G/HD/SD-SDI video outputs (SDI OUT 1B<br/>thru SDI OUT 4B (OUT 1B with relay bypass<br/>protect)</li> </ul>   |
|   | • CVBS video output (CVBS OUT)   |
|   | <ul> <li>Four analog balanced audio outputs<br/>(AN-AUD OUT 1 thru AN-AUD OUT 4)</li> </ul>  |
| ETHERNET  | <ul> <li>Eight AES audio outputs (AES OUT 1 thru<br/>AES OUT 8)</li> </ul>   |
|   | COMM/GPIO RJ-45 connector  |
|   | ETHERNET 100/1000 BaseT Ethernet connector   |
|   | Note: Available equipped with High-Density BNC<br>(HDBNC) or DIN1.0/2.3 connectors as:<br>RM20-9922-2FS-N-HDBNC or<br>RM20-9922-2FS-N-DIN, respectively.                   |
| RM20-9922-2FS-P   | Provides the following connections:  |
| SDI IN A<br>SDI IN A<br>SDI IN B<br>SDI IN C<br>SDI IN C<br>SDI IN D<br>SDI IN D<br>SDI OUT<br>SDI OUT<br>SDI OUT<br>SDI OUT<br>SDI OUT | <ul> <li>Two 3G/HD/SD-SDI video input BNCs (SDI IN A<br/>and SDI IN C)</li> </ul>  |
|   | <ul> <li>Six 3G/HD/SD-SDI video output BNCs<br/>(SDI OUT 1A thru SDI OUT 4B; each GUI<br/>selectable as selected-input reclocked or<br/>processed out)</li> </ul>          |
| ⊙ 1B         LRLYBYP           ⊙ 1A         8 - GND           ⊙ 1A         7 - COM_A_RX           GPIO/COMM         6 - COM_A_TX        | <ul> <li>Two relay-protected SDI processed output BNC<br/>(RLY BYP SDI IN B &gt; SDI OUT 2B and<br/>RLY BYP SDI IN D &gt; SDI OUT 3B)</li> </ul>                           |
| <ul> <li>O 2A</li> <li>O 3A</li> <li>5 - GPO OUT 2</li> <li>4 - GPO OUT 1</li> <li>3 - GPO RTN</li> <li>2 - GPI IN 2</li> </ul>         | • Two opto-isolated GPI inputs (terminals GPI 1-G and GPI 2-G)   |
| 4A     1 - GPI IN 1     Note: A and B outputs     are DA pairs of   | <ul> <li>Two opto-coupled GPO (GPO OUT 1 and<br/>GPO OUT 2)</li> </ul>   |
| 4B     ETHERNET     are DA pairs of corresponding outputs       1 thru 4.   | Note: Available equipped with High-Density BNC<br>(HDBNC) or DIN1.0/2.3 connectors as:<br>RM20-9922-2FS-P-HDBNC or<br>RM20-9922-2FS-P-DIN, respectively.                   |
|   | <b>Note:</b> Refer to GPIO, Serial (COMM), and Analog<br>Audio Connections (p. 2-11) for connector pinouts<br>and important information regarding GPO electrica<br>limits. |

## GPIO, Serial (COMM), and Analog Audio Connections

Figure 2-2 shows connections to the card multi-pin terminal block connectors. These connectors are used for card serial comm, GPIO, and balanced analog audio connections.

**Note:** It is preferable to wire connections to plugs oriented as shown in Figure 2-2 rather than assessing orientation on rear module connectors. Note that the orientation of rear module 3-wire audio connectors is not necessarily consistent within a rear module, or between different rear modules. If wiring is first connected to plug oriented as shown here, the electrical orientation will be correct regardless of rear module connector orientation.

## Setting Up 9922-2FS Network Remote Control

Perform remote control setup in accordance with Cobalt<sup>®</sup> reference guide "Remote Control User Guide" (PN 9000RCS-RM).

Note: If network remote control is to be used for the frame and the frame has not yet been set up for remote control, Cobalt<sup>®</sup> reference guide Remote Control User Guide (PN 9000RCS-RM) provides thorough information and step-by-step instructions for setting up network remote control of Cobalt<sup>®</sup> cards using DashBoard<sup>™</sup>. (Cobalt<sup>®</sup> OGCP-9000 and OGCP-9000/CC Remote Control Panel product manuals have complete instructions for setting up remote control using a Remote Control Panel.)

Download a copy of this guide by clicking on the **Support>Reference Documents** link at www.cobaltdigital.com and then select DashBoard Remote Control Setup Guide as a download, or contact Cobalt<sup>®</sup> as listed in Contact Cobalt Digital Inc. (p. 1-24).

• If installing a card in a frame already equipped for, and connected to DashBoard<sup>™</sup>, no network setup is required for the card. The card will be discovered by DashBoard<sup>™</sup> and be ready for use.

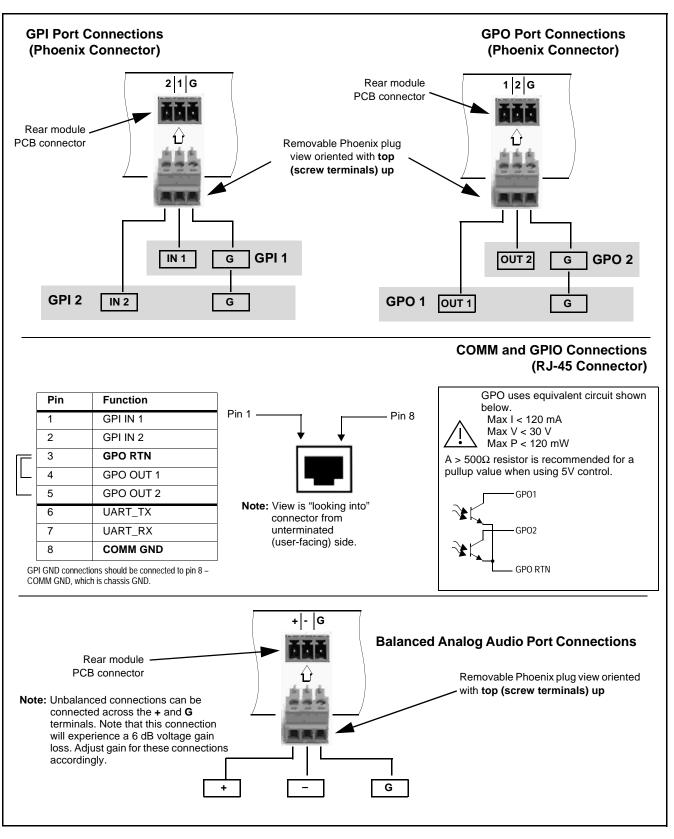


Figure 2-2 COMM, GPIO, and Analog Audio Connector Pinouts

## Chapter 3

# **Operating Instructions**

## **Overview**

This chapter contains the following information:

If you are already familiar with using DashBoard or a Cobalt Remote Control Panel to control Cobalt cards, please skip to 9922-2FS Function Menu List and Descriptions (p. 3-10).

- Control and Display Descriptions (p. 3-1)
- Accessing the 9922-2FS Card via Remote Control (p. 3-6)
- Checking 9922-2FS Card Information (p. 3-8)
- Ancillary Data Line Number Locations and Ranges (p. 3-9)
- 9922-2FS Function Menu List and Descriptions (p. 3-10)
- Troubleshooting (p. 3-73)

## **Control and Display Descriptions**

This section describes the user interface controls, indicators, and displays for using the 9922-2FS card. The 9922-2FS functions can be accessed and controlled using any of the user interfaces described here.

The format in which the 9922-2FS functional controls, indicators, and displays appear and are used varies depending on the user interface being used. Regardless of the user interface being used, access to the 9922-2FS functions (and the controls, indicators, and displays related to a particular function) follows a general arrangement of Function Menus under which related controls can be accessed (as described in Function Menu/Parameter Overview below).

Note: When a setting is changed, settings displayed on DashBoard<sup>™</sup> (or a Remote Control Panel) are the settings as effected by the card itself and reported back to the remote control; the value displayed at any time is the actual value as set on the card.

## **Function Menu/Parameter Overview**

The functions and related parameters available on the 9922-2FS card are organized into function **menus**, which consist of parameter groups as shown below.

Figure 3-1 shows how the 9922-2FS card and its menus are organized, and also provides an overview of how navigation is performed between cards, function menus, and parameters.

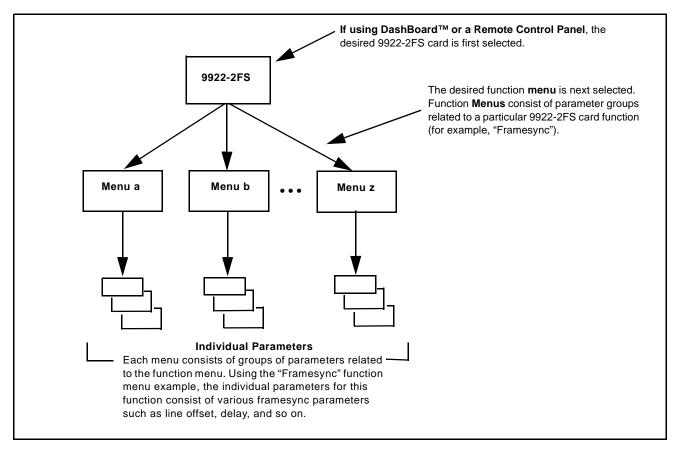


Figure 3-1 Function Menu/Parameter Overview

3

## DashBoard<sup>™</sup> User Interface

(See Figure 3-2.) The card function menus are organized in DashBoard<sup>™</sup> using tabs. When a tab is selected, each parametric control or selection list item associated with the function is displayed. Scalar (numeric) parametric values can then be adjusted as desired using the GUI slider controls. Items in a list can then be selected using GUI drop-down lists.

| Typical Selection List        |  | Typical Status Display | DashBoard Tabs  |
|-------------------------------|--|------------------------|---|
|                               |  |                        |   |
|                               |  |                        |   |
| Output Audio Routing/Controls | Timecode Closer Captioning                     |                        | Presets Admin<br>ving Box YC Alignment<br>o Silence Events Video Proc |
| Reference VII ¢ Status        | 00:34:01:01.0                                  |                        |   |
| Input VITC . Status           | Not Present                                    |                        |   |
| Input ATC LTC Status          | 00:34:00:28.0 Field 1 Line 10                  |                        |   |
| Input ATC VITC Status         | 00:34:00:28.1 Field 1 Line 9, Field 2 Line 571 |                        |   |
| Invested TC Cleans            | A Description                                  |                        |   |
| Input LTC Status              |  |                        |   |
| LTC Input                     | Embed Ch 1                                     |                        |   |
| Mute LTC Audio on Input Loss  | Disabled                                       |                        |   |
| Incoming ATC Packet Removal   | Disabled                                       |                        |   |
| Source Priority 1             | vee Run  |                        |   |
| Source Priority 2             | Free Run                                       |                        |   |
|                               |  |                        |   |
| Source Priority 5             | Free Run                                       |                        |   |
| Source Prior y 4              | Free Run                                       |                        |   |
| Offset                        | Advanced                                       |                        |   |
| ffset Field                   | 0  |                        |   |
|                               | 0  |                        |   |
| Offset Frame                  | ó  | 2                      | 5   |
|                               |  |                        |   |
| Typical Button Control        | Typical Parametric Control                     |                        |   |
|                               |  |                        |   |
|                               |  |                        |   |
|                               |  |                        |   |

Figure 3-2 Typical DashBoard Tabs and Controls

## **Cobalt® Remote Control Panel User Interfaces**

(See Figure 3-3.) Similar to the function menu tabs using DashBoard<sup>TM</sup>, the Remote Control Panels have a Select Submenu key that is used to display a list of function submenus. From this list, a control knob on the Control Panel is used to select a function from the list of displayed function submenu items.

When the desired function submenu is selected, each parametric control or selection list item associated with the function is displayed. Scalar (numeric) parametric values can then be adjusted as desired using the control knobs, which act like a potentiometer. Items in a list can then be selected using the control knobs which correspondingly act like a rotary switch. (In this manner, the setting effected using controls and selection lists displayed on the Control Panel are comparable to the submenu items accessed and committed using the 9922-2FS card edge controls.)

Figure 3-3 shows accessing a function submenu and its parameters (in this example, "Video Proc") using the Control Panel as compared to using the card edge controls.

Note: Refer to "OGCP-9000 Remote Control Panel User Manual" (PN OGCP-9000-OM) or "OGCP-9000/CC Remote Control Panel User Manual" (PN OGCP-9000/CC-OM) for complete instructions on using the Control Panels.

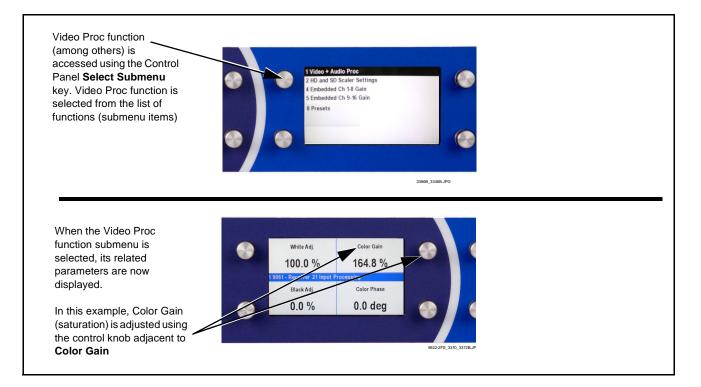


Figure 3-3 Remote Control Panel Setup of Example Video Proc Function Setup

## Web HTML5 User Interface

(See Figure 3-4.) When equipped with a rear I/O module having an Ethernet port, the 9922-2FS controls can be accessed via a web network connection with no additional remote control software needed. The web GUI shows the same tabs, controls and status displays as those accessed using DashBoard<sup>TM</sup>. This allows very convenient control access to the card, even if using a computer without DashBoard remote control or in case the frame network connection is down.

The card can be accessed in a web browser by entering the card IP address as set in the card **Admin** tab. (See Admin (Log Status/Firmware Update - Card IP Address) (p. 3-66) for more information.)

**Note:** Card must be equipped with a rear I/O module with an Ethernet port to use html access. The card address is entirely independent of, and requires no association with, the frame openGear IP address.

| incepa?                               | 10.99.11.119/                                  |   | P → C 🚥 9922   |
|---------------------------------------|--|---|--|
| A Alarm Table                         | * Settings                                     | About and Licensing   |  |
| Status<br>Input Video<br>Output Video | Menu tabs                                      | Input Video Source<br>SDI A Status<br>SDI B Status<br>SDI C Status<br>SDI D Status<br>CVBS Status | SDI A       ▼         720p_5994, OK Time 0:28:16, 0 Errors         1080i_50, OK Time 0:28:16, 0 Errors         1080i_5994, OK Time 0:28:16, 0 Errors         720p_5994, OK Time 0:28:16, 0 Errors         Unlocked |
|                                       | alphanumeric<br>with card model<br>ing message | D, II II<br>s I II II.  | ] [] []  |

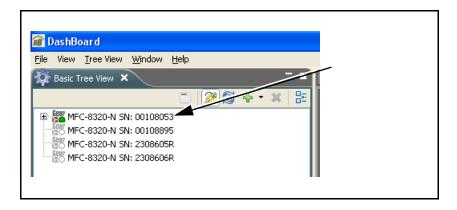
Figure 3-4 Typical Web GUI Tabs and Controls

## Accessing the 9922-2FS Card via Remote Control

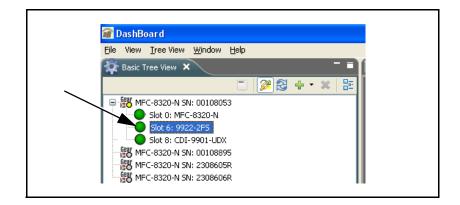
Access the 9922-2FS card using DashBoard<sup>TM</sup> or Cobalt<sup>®</sup> Remote Control Panel as described below.

## Accessing the 9922-2FS Card Using DashBoard™

- 1. On the computer connected to the frame LAN, open DashBoard<sup>TM</sup>.
- **2.** As shown below, in the left side Basic View Tree locate the Network Controller Card associated with the frame containing the 9922-2FS card to be accessed (in this example, "MFC-8320-N SN: 00108053").



**3.** As shown below, expand the tree to access the cards within the frame. Click on the card to be accessed (in this example, "Slot 6: 9922-2FS").

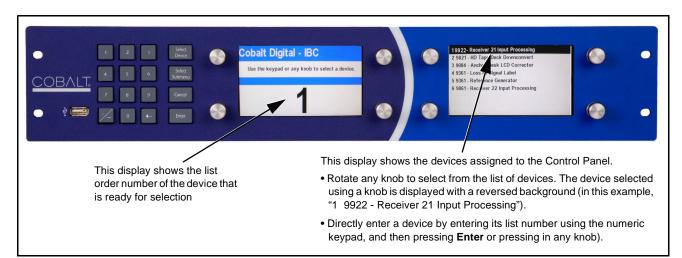


As shown on the next page, when the card is accessed in DashBoard<sup>TM</sup> its function menu screen showing tabs for each function is displayed. (The particular menu screen displayed is the previously displayed screen from the last time the card was accessed by DashBoard<sup>TM</sup>).

| Card Access/Navi  | gation                | Card Info                      |                 | Car                                      | d Function Menu and                    |   |
|---|-----------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------|--|--|---|
| Tree Pane   | -                     | Pane                           |                 |  | Controls Pane                          |   |
| /   |                       | /                              |                 |  | /                                      |   |
|   |                       | /                              |                 |  | /                                      |   |
| I I   | 1                     |                                |                 |  |  | I   |
| 🝘 DashBoar d  |                       |                                |                 |  |  |   |
| Ele View DB View Window Help                                      |                       |                                |                 |  |  | Current User: (none)                          |
| Basic Tree View × =   | O Software Test Frame | 2 D - Slot 6 - 9922-2FS 🗙 🔘    | Software Test F | Frame C - Slot 18 - 9901-UDX             |  | Current User: (none)                          |
| 📑   🗶 🤤 + 🛛 😫   |                       |                                | YC Alignn       | nent Wings/Keyer Ancillary Data Proce    | ssing Path 1 Ancillary Data Processin  | ng Path 2 COM Routing Presets Admin           |
| - 🙀 lmnts3<br>  | Slot 6: 9922-2FS      |                                | Video Pr        | oc Output Audio Routing/Controls         | Timecode Closed Captioning             | Reticules Character Burner Moving Box         |
| - 🐻 Mike S Open Top Frame   | Card state: OK        | N/T                            | Input Vide      | o Output Video Framesync Input           | Audio Status Input Audio Routing/Contr | ols Video Quality Events Audio Silence Events |
| B      B     Multidyne Dump     L     MEMO2                       | Connection: O ONL     | INC                            |                 |  |  |   |
| NFL Duplicate   | Status Produ          | ict Info                       |                 |  |  |   |
| - Boongear Network Card   |                       |                                |                 | Status                                   | Peak                                   | _   |
| OpenGear Network Card   |                       |                                | Emb 1-2         | Present - PCM                            | -80 dBFS/-80 dBFS                      |   |
| Rack B  | Path 1 Input Video    | 720p 59.94, OK Time 0:21:09, I | Emb 3-4         | Present - PCM                            | -80 dBFS/-80 dBFS                      |   |
| Rack B-10 Load Frame 0  | Path 2 Input Video    | 720p 59.94, OK Time 0:21:09, 1 | Emb 5-6         | Present - PCM                            | -80 dBFS/-80 dBFS                      |   |
| Rack B-15   |                       |                                |                 | Present - PCM                            | -80 dBFS/-80 dBFS                      |   |
| Rack B-20   | Path 1 Output Video   | 720p 59.94                     |                 |  | -20 dBFS/-20 dBFS                      |   |
| Rack B-25   | Path 2 Output Video   | 720p 59.94                     |                 | Present - PCM                            |  |   |
| Rack B-29 MV Frame  |                       |                                | Emb 11-12       | Present - PCM                            | -20 dBFS/-20 dBFS                      |   |
| Rack B-31 9001 DA Frame   | SDI Input A           | 720p 59.94, OK Time 0:21       | Emb 13-14       | Present - PCM                            | -20 dBFS/-20 dBFS                      |   |
| Rack B-33 UDX Frame   | SDI Input B           | 0 1080i 59.94, OK Time 0:2:    | Emb 15-16       | Present - PCM                            | -80 dBFS/-80 dBFS                      |   |
| Rack B-36 MPEG/ASI/X Code Fram                                    | SDI Input C           |                                |                 | Status                                   | Peak                                   | SRC   |
| Rack E<br>Rob   | SDI Input D           | Unlocked                       | AES 1-2         | Absent                                   |  | SRC On  |
| - B Rob's 10 Slot Patch   |                       |                                | AES 3-4         | Absent                                   | /                                      | SRC On  |
| - 🐻 Ryan's Open Frame   | CVBS Input            | Unlocked                       | ALS 5 F         | Absent                                   |  | SRC On  |
| Software Test C   | Reference             |                                |                 |  |  |   |
| 😟 🐻 Software Test Frame B   | Card Voltage          | 11.34 V                        | AES 7-8         | Absent                                   |  | SRC On  |
| Software Test Frame C Slot 0: MFC-8310-N                          | Card Power            | 18.13 W                        | AES 9-10        | Absent                                   |  | SRC On  |
| - Slot 2: CDI-9035 Timecode In<br>- Slot 4: CDI-9035 Source A/D F | Card Temp Front       | 23.6 C                         | AES 11-12       | Absent                                   |  | SRC On  |
| Slot 10: 9921-F5  | Card Temp Rear        | 50.1 C                         |                 |  |  |   |
| - Slot 14: 9501-DCDA-3G   | Card Temp FPGA        |                                | AES 13-14       |  |  | SRC On  |
| Slot 18: 9901-UDX   | Card Up Time          |                                | AES 15-16       | Absent                                   |  | SRC On  |
| Slot 0: MFC-8310-N<br>Slot 2: CDI-9121 test                       |                       |                                |                 |  | Peak                                   |   |
| - Slot 6: 9922-2F5  | Card Active IP        | 10.99.11.113                   |                 | 2 -80 dBFS/-80 dBFS<br>-80 dBFS/-80 dBFS |  |   |
| Slot 9: 9901-UDX  | Card Net Activity     | RX 1.108 Mb TX 0.260 Mb        | Analog 5-4      | -ouubrardUüBra                           |  |   |

## Accessing the 9922-2FS Card Using a Cobalt® Remote Control Panel

Press the **Select Device** key and select a card as shown in the example below.



## **Checking 9922-2FS Card Information**

The operating status and software version the 9922-2FS card can be checked using DashBoard<sup>TM</sup> or the card edge control user interface. Figure 3-5 shows and describes the 9922-2FS card information screen using DashBoard<sup>TM</sup> and accessing card information using the card edge control user interface.

Note: Proper operating status in DashBoard<sup>™</sup> is denoted by green icons for the status indicators shown in Figure 3-5. Yellow or red icons respectively indicate an alert or failure condition. Refer to Troubleshooting (p. 3-73) for corrective action.

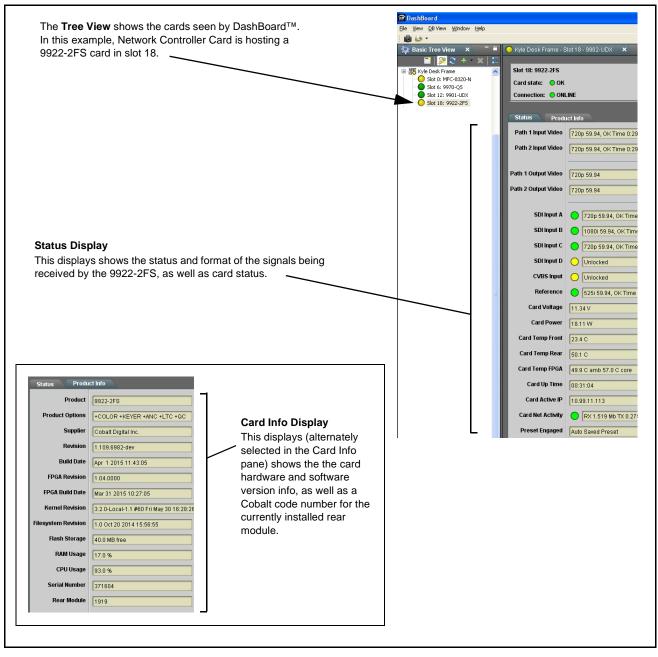


Figure 3-5 9922-2FS Card Info/Status Utility

## Ancillary Data Line Number Locations and Ranges

Table 3-1 lists typical default output video VANC line number locations for various ancillary data items that may be passed or handled by the card.

| Default Line No. / Range |  |  |  |
|--------------------------|--|--|--|
| SD                       | HD   |  |  |
| 12 (Note 2)              | 9 (Note 2)   |  |  |
| 13 (Note 2)              | 9/8 (Note 2)   |  |  |
| _                        | 10 (Note 2)  |  |  |
| 13 (Note 2)              | 13 (Note 2)  |  |  |
| 14/16 (Note 2)           | -  |  |  |
| 21 (locked)              | 10 (Note 2)  |  |  |
|                          | SD         12 (Note 2)         13 (Note 2)            13 (Note 2)         14/16 (Note 2) |  |  |

Table 3-1 Typical Ancillary Data Line Number Locations/Ranges

Notes:

- 1. The card does not check for conflicts on a given line number. Make certain the selected line is available and carrying no other data.
- 2. While range indicated by drop-down list on GUI may allow a particular range of choices, the actual range is automatically clamped (limited) to certain ranges to prevent inadvertent conflict with active picture area depending on video format. Limiting ranges for various output formats are as follows:

| Format | Line No. Limiting | Format | Line No. Limiting | Format | Line No. Limiting |
|--------|-------------------|--------|-------------------|--------|-------------------|
| 525i   | 12-19             | 720p   | 9-25              | 1080p  | 9-41              |
| 625i   | 9-22              | 1080i  | 9-20              |        |                   |

Because line number allocation is not standardized for all ancillary items, consideration should be given to all items when performing set-ups. Figure 3-6 shows an example of improper and corrected VANC allocation within an HD-SDI stream.

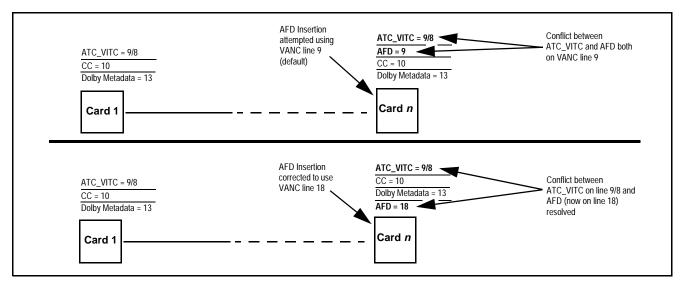


Figure 3-6 Example VANC Line Number Allocation Example

## 9922-2FS Function Menu List and Descriptions

Table 3-2 individually lists and describes each 9922-2FS function menu and its related list selections, controls, and parameters. Where helpful, examples showing usage of a function are also provided. Table 3-2 is primarily based upon using DashBoard<sup>TM</sup> to access each function and its corresponding menus and parameters.

Note: Option ⊡ For any DashBoard tabs on card not appearing in this manual, this indicates the function is an option and covered in a separate Manual Supplement. Please refer to card web page Product Downloads for pdf Manual Supplements covering these options.

On DashBoard<sup>TM</sup> itself and in Table 3-2, the function menu items are organized using tabs as shown below.

## Output Video

Framesync



ordinate tab along with its sub-tabs. Highlighted sub-tabs indicate that controls described are found by selecting this sub-tab (in this example, the **Path 1** sub-tab on the **Framesync** page). Note that selection of controls from one processing path to another is selected using this sub-tab which appears on many card function tabs.

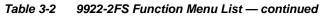
Some functions use sub-tabs to help maintain clarity and organization. In these instances, Table 3-2 shows the

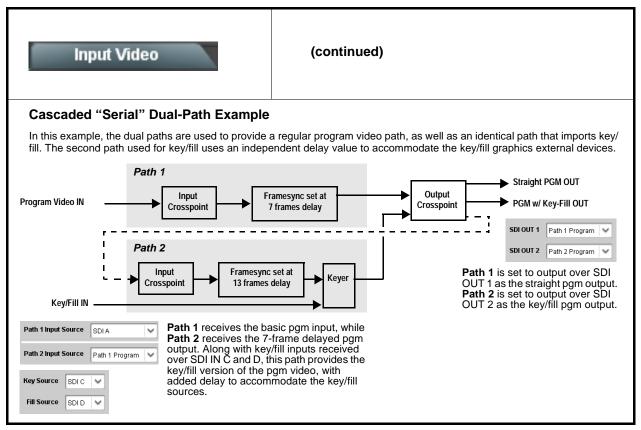
The table below provides a quick-reference to the page numbers where each function menu item can be found.

| Function Menu Item                    | Page | Function Menu Item                                      | Page |
|---------------------------------------|------|---|------|
| Input Video Controls                  | 3-11 | Character Burner  | 3-44 |
| Output Video Mode Controls            | 3-13 | Moving Box Insertion                                    | 3-49 |
| Framesync                             | 3-14 | Y/C Alignment Controls                                  | 3-50 |
| Input Audio Status                    | 3-17 | Wings Insertion   | 3-51 |
| Input Audio Routing/Controls          | 3-18 | Keyer   | 3-52 |
| Video Quality Events                  | 3-23 | Ancillary Data Proc Controls                            | 3-55 |
| Audio Detect Events Setup<br>Controls | 3-24 | COMM Ports Setup Controls                               | 3-58 |
| Closed Captioning                     | 3-25 | Presets   | 3-60 |
| Video Proc/Color Correction           | 3-26 | GPO Setup Controls                                      | 3-61 |
| Output Audio Routing/Controls         | 3-29 | Event Setup Controls                                    | 3-62 |
| Text-To-Speech Setup Controls         | 3-35 | Admin (Log Status/Firmware Update -<br>Card IP Address) | 3-66 |
| Timecode                              | 3-36 | User Log  | 3-68 |
| Reticules                             | 3-41 | Alarms Setup Controls                                   | 3-69 |

## Table 3-29922-2FS Function Menu List

| Inp  | out Video  |        | prog  | vs manual or failo<br>ram video inputs a<br>at of received SD | and display   |                     | -              |
|--|--|--------|---|---|---|---------------------|----------------|
| • Input Video  | Source/Status  |        |   |   | o be applied t  | o the card <b>P</b> | ath 1 and Path |
| ath 1 Input Source<br>Path 1 Input Video<br>ath 2 Input Source<br>Path 2 Input Video   | SDI A<br>SDI A<br>SDI B<br>SDI C<br>SDI D<br>Path 1 Program<br>Path 2 Program<br>Path 2 Key Preview<br>CVBS<br>Failover A to B<br>Failover A to B<br>Failover B to A<br>720p 59.94, OK Tim<br>SDI B<br>1080i 59.94, OK Tim | ~      | Errors SDI A Status 1080i_5994, OK Time 2:05:51, 0 Errors SDI B Status 1080p_5994, OK Time 0:29:54, 0 Errors SDI C Status Input Format Disabled by User SDI D Status Unlocked SDI D Status Unlocked |   | borts.<br>m one<br>sing path input.<br>nnections<br>rd rear I/O<br>her functions,<br>s with a delay<br>th from a video<br>th. Also, if<br>cted, the initial<br>to Input Path<br>h 2, this control<br>hru <b>SDI D</b> and<br><b>Status</b> show<br>bornat for all<br>buts. If signal is<br>sent or is<br><b>Unlocked</b> is<br>ed. (These<br>indications are<br>upagated to the<br>fo pane.)<br>d/or frame rate |                     |                |
| complement is determined by rear I/O module used.<br>Input SDI Raster Size / Frame Rate Filtering<br>The controls shown below allow user filtering to exclude selected raster or rate formats from being received by a card input.<br>Default settings have all raster sizes and frame rates "checked", thereby providing no filtering (exclusion.)<br>Allowed Raster Sizes 525 625 720p 1080 1080psf 1080p<br>2 2 2 29.97 30 50 59.94 60<br>2 2 2 29.97 30 50 59.94 60<br>2 2 2 29.97 30 50 59.94 60<br>1 0 1080 2 2 2 29.97 30 50 59.94 60<br>1 0 1080 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 |  |        |   |   |   |                     |                |
|  | zes <u>525i</u>  | 625i 7 | 20p 108   | 0i 1080psf  |   | 59.94               | alf-rate").    |





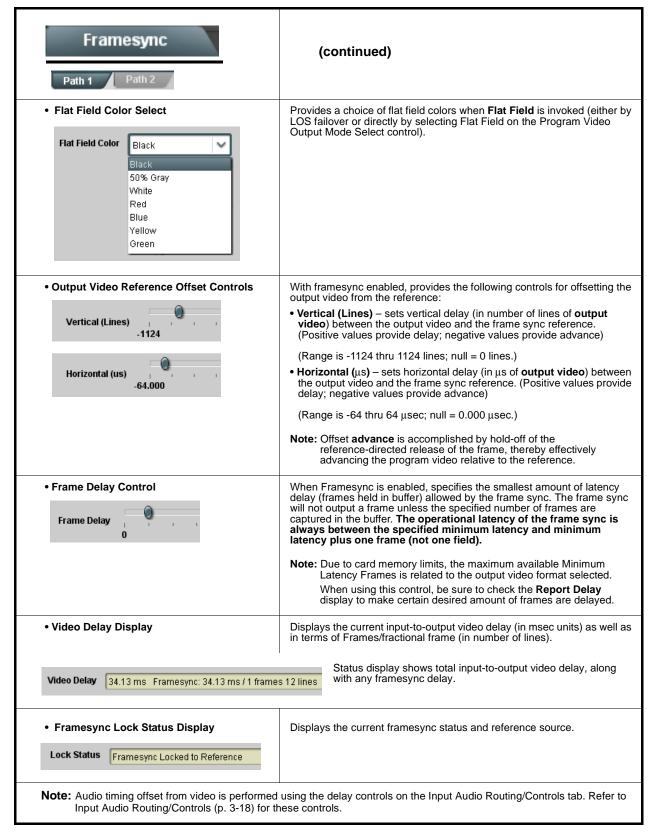
| Table 3-2         9922-2FS Function Menu List — continued  | inued  |
|--|--|
| Output Video Output Routing Analog Video   | Allows selection of each of the four video output coaxial<br>connectors as processed SDI out or reclocked SDI out.<br>Also provides CVBS parameter controls and test<br>pattern output controls for card CVBS output.  |
| • Output Video Crosspoint<br>SDI OUT 1 Path 1 Program<br>Path 1 Program<br>Path 1 Key Preview<br>Path 2 Program<br>Path 2 Key Preview<br>SDI Input A Reclock<br>SDI Input B Reclock<br>SDI Input D Reclock<br>SDI Input D Reclock<br>SDI OUT 2 Path 2 Program<br>SDI OUT 3 Path 1 Program<br>SDI OUT 4 Path 1 Key Preview<br>CVBS Out Path 1 Program | For each SDI output port supported by the card, provides a crosspoint for<br>routing Path 1 and Path 2 program processed video or selected-input<br>reclocked to an SDI output. Also selects Path 1 or Path 2 as the source<br>to be used for the card analog video (CVBS) output.<br>In this example:<br>- SDI OUT 1 set to use Path 1 Program video out<br>- SDI OUT 2 set to use Path 2 Program video out<br>- SDI OUT 4 set to use Path 1 Key Preview video out<br>- CVBS Out set to use Path 1 Program video out<br>Note: Choices shown here are examples only. Key preview available<br>only when equipped with +KEYER option. |
| Output Video Output Routing Analog Video   | Provides CVBS output parameter controls and test pattern output controls   |
| CVBS Output Source Select      CVBS Out     Path 1 Program     Path 1 Program     Path 2 Program   | Selects the card processing path to be sourced for the CVBS output.  |
| CVBS Oversampling and Color Controls     Oversampling Enable      Color Enable   | <ul> <li>Oversampling enables or disables video DAC oversampling.<br/>Oversampling can improve rendering of motion for down-conversions to<br/>the CVBS SD analog output.</li> <li>Color enables or disables chroma content in the CVBS output.</li> </ul>   |
| CVBS Test Pattern Generator Control Test Pattern Disable   | Enables manual insertion (replacement) of CVBS output video to instead output 75% color bars.  |

| Table 3-2 9922-2FS Function Menu L | ist — continued |
|------------------------------------|-----------------|
|------------------------------------|-----------------|

| Framesync Path 1 Path 2   | Provides video frame sync/delay offset control and output control/loss of program video failover selection controls.   |
|---|--|
|   | controls for both Path 1 and Path 2 using the <b>Path 1 / Path 2</b> sub-tabs.<br>wn here. Set controls for other path using the respective sub-tab.   |
| Framesync Enable/Disable Control      Framesync Enable     Framesync Enable     Framesync Bypassed  | Provides master enable/disable of all card framesync functions/controls.   |
| Framesync Enabled   |  |
| Lock Mode Select  | Selects Frame Sync functions from the choices shown to the left and described below.   |
| Lock Mode Reference 1 else Lock to Input<br>Reference 1 else Lock to Input<br>Reference 2 else Lock to Input<br>Lock to Input else Free Run<br>Free Run | Lock to Reference: Output video is locked to selected external reference received on the frame reference bus. (External reference signal Ref 1 / Ref 2 are distributed to the card and other cards via the Ref 1 / Ref 2 buses on the frame.)     Note: If valid reference is not received, the Card state: ○ Reference Invalid indication appears in the Card Info status portion of DashBoard <sup>™</sup> , indicating invalid frame synce  |
| Lock To Input Path I Input Path 1 Input Path 1 Input Path 1 Input Path 2  | <ul> <li>reference error.</li> <li>Lock to Input: Uses the selected program video for the path as the reference standard. Lock To Input Path selects the program video source which is used for ref.</li> <li>Note: If Lock to Input is used for framesync, any timing instability on the input video will result in corresponding instability on the output video.</li> </ul>   |
|   | <ul> <li>Free Run: Output video is locked to the card internal clock.<br/>Output video is not locked to external reference.</li> <li>For cases where minimum latency is desired (no framesync), Mode should be set to Lock to Input with Framesync set to Enabled. If Disabled is selected when using dual paths, severe video and audio corruption can occur.</li> </ul>  |
| Output Rate Select  | Allows frame rate to be outputted same as input video, or converted to   |
| Output Rate Match Input Video Match Input Video 23.98/29.97/59.94 24/30/60  | <ul> <li>from the choices shown to the left and described below.</li> <li>Auto – output video frame rate tracks with input video.</li> <li>23.98/29.97/59.94 – forces standard North American frame rates.<br/>Can be used to convert 24/30/60 Hz camera frame rates to corresponding 23.98/29.97/59.94 standard North American frame rates.</li> <li>24/30/60 – forces 24/30/60 frame rates. Can be used to convert 23.98/29.97/59.94 Hz frame rates to corresponding 24/30/60 Hz frame rates.</li> </ul> |

## Table 3-2 9922-2FS Function Menu List — continued

| Framesync Path 1 Path 2  | (continued)   |
|--|---|
| • Initial Startup Format Select  Initial Startup Format  | Selects a synthesized frame sync format/rate to be invoked (from the choices shown to the left) in the time preceding stable lock to external reference.<br>Set this control to that of the intended external reference to help ensure smoothest frame sync locking. This control also sets the card test pattern format where the card initial output at power-up is the internal pattern instead of program video.  |
| Program Video Output Mode Select     Output Mode     Input Video     Input Video     Flat Field     Freeze     Test Pattern     Snow                       | <ul> <li>Provides a convenient location to select between card program video output and other technical outputs from the choices shown to the left and described below.</li> <li>Input Video – card outputs input program video (or loss of signal choices described below).</li> <li>Flat Field (Black) – card outputs black flat field.</li> <li>Freeze – card outputs last frame having valid SAV and EAV codes.</li> <li>Test Pattern – card outputs standard technical test pattern (pattern is selected using the Pattern drop-down described below).</li> <li>Snow – card outputs synthesized snow multi-color pattern.</li> </ul> |
| • Loss of Input Signal Selection<br>On Loss of Video Disable Outputs<br>Disable Outputs<br>Flat Field<br>Freeze<br>Test Pattern<br>Snow                    | <ul> <li>In the event of program input video Loss of Signal (LOS), determines action to be taken as follows:</li> <li>Disable Outputs: Disable program video SDI outputs.</li> <li>Flat Field – go to flat field on program video output.</li> <li>Freeze – go to last frame having valid SAV and EAV codes on program video output.</li> <li>Test Pattern – go to standard technical test pattern on program video output (pattern is selected using the Pattern drop-down described below).</li> <li>Snow – output synthesized snow multi-color pattern.</li> </ul>   |
| • Test Pattern Select<br>Test Pattern 75% Bars<br>75% Bars<br>100% Bars<br>SMPTE Bars<br>Tartan<br>Pluge<br>Ramp<br>H Sweep<br>Pulse and Bar<br>Multiburst | Provides a choice of standard technical patterns (shown to the left) when<br><b>Test Pattern</b> is invoked (either by LOS failover or directly by selecting<br>Test Pattern on the Program Video Output Mode Select control).  |



| Table 3-2 | 9922-2FS Function Menu List — continued |
|-----------|---|
|-----------|---|

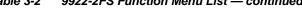
3

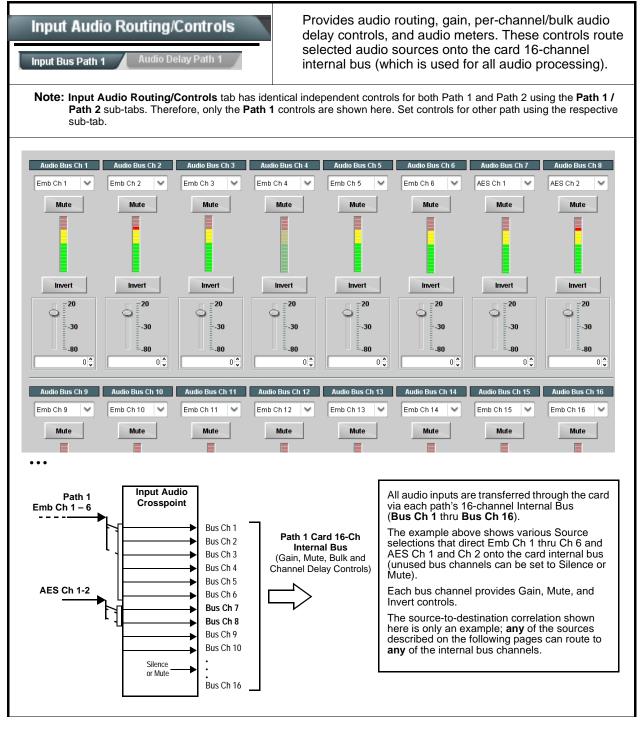
| _   | put Audio Status   | Displays signal st<br>discrete audio rec   |  |  | dded and                    |
|---|--|--|--|--|-----------------------------|
| Pa  | <b>uput Audio Status</b> tab has identical inde<br><b>ath 1 / Path 2</b> sub-tabs. Therefore, only the<br>sing the respective sub-tab.   | pendent controls/status displa<br>he <b>Path 1</b> controls are shown  | ays for both Pa<br>here. Access o  | th 1 and Path 2 usi controls and status                          | ng the<br>for other path    |
| • Absen<br>• Preser<br>• Dolby<br>• Dolby                           | gnal status and peak level displays for er<br>at: Indicates embedded channel or AES p<br>at - PCM: Indicates AES pair or embedded<br>E: Indicates embedded channel or AES<br>Digital: Indicates embedded channel or<br>: • Dolby status displays occur only for va<br>• AES Dolby-encoded inputs that are rou  | pair does not contain recognized<br>ed channel contains recognized<br>pair contains Dolby <sup>®</sup> E encod<br>AES pair contains Dolby <sup>®</sup> Dig<br>alid Dolby <sup>®</sup> signals meeting Sl<br>uted directly to card are directed | ed audio PCM<br>ed audio PCM<br>led data.<br>gital encoded d<br>MPTE 337M si<br>ed via a special | data.<br>data.<br>lata.<br>tandard.<br>path that automatic       | ally bypasses               |
|   | SRC. However, AES inputs to other de<br>disable SRC if Dolby-encoded data is<br>changes from PCM to Dolby, it is recor<br>that is expected to carry a Dolby signa  | nmended to set the AES SRC   | Dolby noise l<br>control for the   | burst" if an input on<br>pair to SCR Off for                     | these paths<br>an AES input |
| _   | changes from PCM to Dolby, it is recor   | nmended to set the AES SRC   | "Dolby noise is<br>"Dolby noise is<br>control for the  | purst" if an input on<br>pair to <b>SCR Off</b> for              | these paths<br>an AES inpu  |
| Emb 1-2   | changes from PCM to Dolby, it is recor<br>that is expected to carry a Dolby signa  | nmended to set the AES SRC<br>al   | ing) are first af<br>"Dolby noise I<br>control for the   | pairst <sup>a</sup> if an input on<br>pair to <b>SCR Off</b> for | these paths<br>an AES input |
| Emb 1-2<br>Emb 3-4  | changes from PCM to Dolby, it is recor<br>that is expected to carry a Dolby signa<br>Status  | nmended to set the AES SRC<br>al.<br>Peak  | ing) are inst a<br>"Dolby noise I<br>control for the   | purst" if an input on<br>pair to <b>SCR Off</b> for              | these paths<br>an AES input |
|   | changes from PCM to Dolby, it is recor<br>that is expected to carry a Dolby signa<br>Status<br>Dolby Digital   | nmended to set the AES <b>SRC</b><br>al.<br>Peak<br>Data   | ing) are inst at<br>"Dolby noise I<br>control for the  | pourst" if an input on<br>pair to SCR Off for                    | these paths<br>an AES input |
| Emb 3-4   | changes from PCM to Dolby, it is recor<br>that is expected to carry a Dolby signa<br>Status<br>Dolby Digital<br>Present - PCM  | nmended to set the AES SRC<br>al.<br>Peak<br>Data<br>-80 dBFS/-80 dBFS   | ing) are inst at<br>"Dolby noise I<br>control for the  | purst" if an input on<br>pair to <b>SCR Off</b> for              | these paths<br>an AES input |
| Emb 3-4<br>Emb 5-6  | changes from PCM to Dolby, it is recor<br>that is expected to carry a Dolby signa<br>Status<br>Dolby Digital<br>Present - PCM<br>Present - PCM   | nmended to set the AES SRC<br>al.<br>Peak<br>Data<br>-80 dBFS/-80 dBFS<br>-80 dBFS/-80 dBFS  | ing) are inst at<br>"Dolby noise I<br>control for the  | purst" if an input on<br>pair to <b>SCR Off</b> for              | these paths<br>an AES input |
| Emb 3-4<br>Emb 5-6<br>Emb 7-8                                       | changes from PCM to Dolby, it is recor<br>that is expected to carry a Dolby signa<br>Status<br>Dolby Digital<br>Present - PCM<br>Present - PCM   | nmended to set the AES SRC<br>al.<br>Data<br>-80 dBFS/-80 dBFS<br>-80 dBFS/-80 dBFS<br>-20 dBFS/-20 dBFS   | ing) are inst at<br>"Dolby noise I<br>control for the  | purst" if an input on<br>pair to <b>SCR Off</b> for              | these paths<br>an AES input |
| Emb 3-4<br>Emb 5-6<br>Emb 7-8<br>Emb 9-10                           | changes from PCM to Dolby, it is record that is expected to carry a Dolby signal         Status         Dolby Digital         Present - PCM         Present - PCM         Present - PCM         Present - PCM  | nmended to set the AES SRC<br>al.<br>Peak<br>Data<br>-80 dBFS/-80 dBFS<br>-80 dBFS/-80 dBFS<br>-20 dBFS/-20 dBFS<br>0 dBFS/-20 dBFS  | ing) are inst at<br>"Dolby noise I<br>control for the  | pourst" if an input on<br>pair to SCR Off for                    | these paths<br>an AES input |
| Emb 3-4<br>Emb 5-6<br>Emb 7-8<br>Emb 9-10<br>Emb 11-12              | changes from PCM to Dolby, it is record that is expected to carry a Dolby signate         Status         Dolby Digital         Present - PCM   | nmended to set the AES SRC<br>al.<br>Data<br>-80 dBFS/-80 dBFS<br>-80 dBFS/-80 dBFS<br>-20 dBFS/-20 dBFS<br>0 dBFS/-20 dBFS<br>-14 dBFS/-10 dBFS   | ing) are inst at<br>"Dolby noise I<br>control for the  | burst" if an input on<br>pair to <b>SCR Off</b> for              | these paths<br>an AES input |
| Emb 3-4<br>Emb 5-6<br>Emb 7-8<br>Emb 9-10<br>Emb 11-12<br>Emb 13-14 | changes from PCM to Dolby, it is recorrected to carry a Dolby signation         Status         Dolby Digital         Present - PCM   | Peak           Data           -80 dBFS/-80 dBFS           -80 dBFS/-80 dBFS           -20 dBFS/-20 dBFS           0 dBFS/-20 dBFS           -14 dBFS/-10 dBFS           -9 dBFS/-5 dBFS  | sec src  | burst" if an input on<br>pair to <b>SCR Off</b> for              | these paths<br>an AES input |
| Emb 3-4<br>Emb 5-6<br>Emb 7-8<br>Emb 9-10<br>Emb 11-12<br>Emb 13-14 | changes from PCM to Dolby, it is recorrected to carry a Dolby signation         Status         Dolby Digital         Present - PCM         Present - PCM | Peak           Data           -80 dBFS/-80 dBFS           -80 dBFS/-80 dBFS           -80 dBFS/-80 dBFS           -20 dBFS/-20 dBFS           0 dBFS/-20 dBFS           -14 dBFS/-10 dBFS           -9 dBFS/-5 dBFS           -3 dBFS/0 dBFS   | control for the  | burst" if an input on<br>pair to <b>SCR Off</b> for              | these paths<br>an AES input |

## Ta

#### Table 3-2 9922-2FS Function Menu List — continued

3

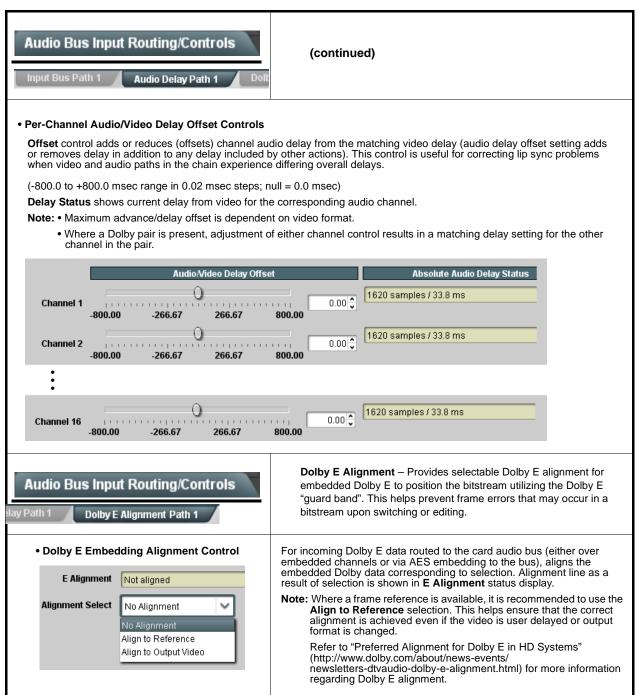




| able 3-2 9922-2FS Function Menu List — contin                                     | lued   |
|---|--|
| Input Audio Routing/Controls  | (continued)  |
| , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,   | edded Ch 1 thru Ch 16 to bus channels Audio Bus Ch 1 thru Ch 16.<br>dentical to the controls described here for <b>Bus Ch 1</b> . Therefore, only the  |
| • Bus Channel Source  | <ul> <li>Using the Source drop-down list, selects the audio input source to be routed to the card bus channel from the following choices:</li> <li>Embedded input channel 1 thru 16 (Emb Ch 1 thru Emb Ch 16)</li> <li>AES input channel 1 thru 16 (AES Ch 1 thru AES Ch 16)</li> <li>Analog input channel 1 thru 4 (Analog Ch 1 thru Analog Ch 4)</li> <li>Input Flex Bus summed mix output nodes A thru P (see Input Flex Mix (p. 3-21)</li> <li>Note: • AES pair and analog channel count are dependent on rear I/O module used. Current rear modules may not support full input complement.</li> <li>Embedded channel sources are only the embedded channels associated with the respective path.</li> </ul> |
| • Channel Mute/Phase Invert/Gain Controls<br>and Peak Level Display               | <ul> <li>Provides Mute and phase Invert channel controls, as well as peak level meter for each output channel. (Meter shows level as affected by Level control.)</li> <li>Gain controls allow relative gain (in dB) control for the corresponding destination Embedded Audio Group channel.</li> <li>(-80 to +20 dB range in 1.0 dB steps; unity = 0 dB)</li> <li>Note: Although the card can pass non-PCM data such as Dolby<sup>®</sup> E or AC-3, setting the gain control to any setting other than default 0 will corrupt Dolby data.</li> </ul>  |
| Audio Bus Input Routing/Controls Input Bus Path 1 Audio Delay Path 1 Dolt         | <b>Audio Delay</b> – Provides bulk (all four groups/master) and individual card audio bus channel delay offset controls and delay parametric displays.   |
| Bulk (Master) Audio/Video Delay Control  Audio Bulk Delay (msec)      -33     -33 | <b>Bulk Delay</b> control adds bulk (all four groups) audio delay from any video delay (net audio delay offset setting adds delay in addition to any delay included by other actions). This control is useful for correcting lip sync problems when video and audio paths in the chain experience differing overall delays. (-33 to +3000 msec range in 0.01-msec steps; null = 0 msec).   |

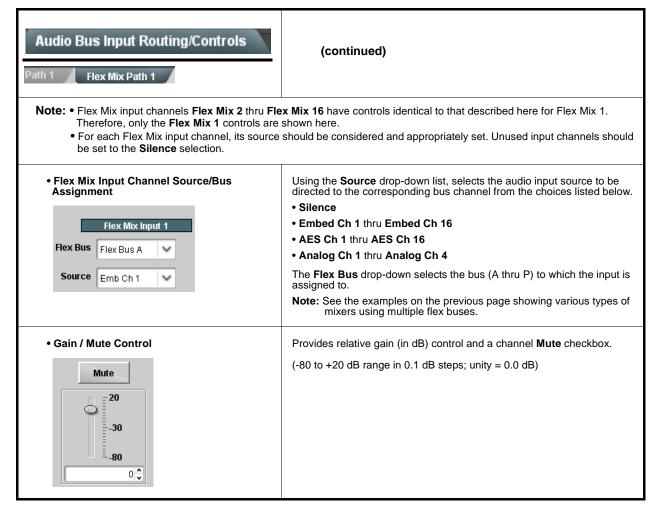
### Table 3-2 9922-2FS Function Menu List — continued

| Table 3-2 | 9922-2FS Function Menu List — continued |
|-----------|---|
|-----------|---|



### Table 3-2 9922-2FS Function Menu List — continued

| Audio       | Bus Input Ro         | outing/Controls        | Input Flex Mix – Provides a 16-channel mixer in which each of th<br>inputs can be mixed onto up to 16 independent output summing<br>nodes. Each input channel has independent gain and mute control   |
|-------------|----------------------|------------------------|---|
| Flex Mix 1  | Source<br>Embed Ch 1 | Flex Bus<br>Flex Mix A | In this example four, 4-input mono mixers are provided by selecting<br>Flex Mixer Bus A for the Flex Mix 1 thru Flex Mix 4 inputs, and Flex Mixer Bu<br>for the next four inputs, and so on as shown. |
| Flex Mix 2  | Embed Ch 2           | Flex Mix A 💙           | EmbCh 1 - Ch 16   |
| Flex Mix 3  | Embed Ch 3           | Flex Mix A             |   |
| Flex Mix 4  | Embed Ch 4           | Flex Mix A             | Anig Ch 1- Ch 4   |
| Flex Mix 5  | Embed Ch 5           | Flex Mix B             | Emb Ch 1 Flex Mix 1<br>Emb Ch 2 Flex Mix 2<br>Emb Ch 3 Flex Mix 3   |
| Flex Mix 6  | Embed Ch 6 🗸 🗸       | Flex Mix B             | Emb Ch 4 Flex Mix 4   |
| Flex Mix 7  | Embed Ch 11          | Flex Mix B             | Emb Ch 5 Flex Mix 5<br>Emb Ch 6 Flex Mix 6<br>Emb Ch 11 Flex Mix 7<br>To Audio Bus  |
| Flex Mix 8  | Embed Ch 12 💙        | Flex Mix B             | Emb Ch 12 Flex Mix 8  |
| Flex Mix 9  | Embed Ch 13 🛛 💙      | Flex Mix C             | Emb Ch 13 Flex Mix 9  |
| Flex Mix 10 | Embed Ch 14          | Flex Mix C             | Emb Ch 14 Flex Mix 10<br>Emb Ch 15 Flex Mix 11<br>Emb Ch 16 Flex Mix 12   |
| Flex Mix 11 | Embed Ch 15          | Flex Mix C             | Anig Ch 1 Flex Mix 13   |
| Flex Mix 12 | Embed Ch 16          | Flex Mix C             | Anig Ch 2 Flex Mix 14<br>Anig Ch 3 Flex Mix 15<br>Anig Ch 4 Flex Mix 16   |
| Flex Mix 13 | Analog Input 1 🛛 💙   | Flex Mix D             |   |
| Flex Mix 14 | Analog Input 2       | Flex Mix D             |   |
| Flex Mix 15 | Analog Input 3 🛛 💙   | Flex Mix D             |   |
| Flex Mix 16 | Analog Input 4       | Flex Mix D             |   |
| Flex Mix 1  | Source<br>Embed Ch 1 | Flex Bus               | In this example three, 2-input mono mixers are provided by selecting<br>Flex Mixer Bus A for the Flex Mix 1 and Flex Mix 2 inputs, and Flex Mixer Bus<br>for the next two inputs, and so on as shown. |
| Flex Mix 2  | Embed Ch 2           | Flex Mix A             |   |
| Flex Mix 3  | AES Ch 1             | Flex Mix B             |   |
| Flex Mix 4  | AES Ch 2             | Flex Mix B             | AES Ch 1 - Ch 16  |
| Flex Mix 5  | Analog Input 1       | Flex Mix C             | Emb Ch 1 Flex Mix 1   |
| Flex Mix 6  | Analog Input 2       | Flex Mix C             | Emb Ch 2 Flex Mix 2   |
| Flex Mix 7  | Silence 🗸            | Flex Mix D             | AES Ch 1 Flex Mix 3<br>AES Ch 2 Flex Mix 4<br>To Audio Bus  |
| Flex Mix 16 | Silence              | Flex Mix D             | Anig Ch 1 Flex Mix 5<br>Anig Ch 2 Flex Mix 6  |



#### Table 3-2 9922-2FS Function Menu List — continued

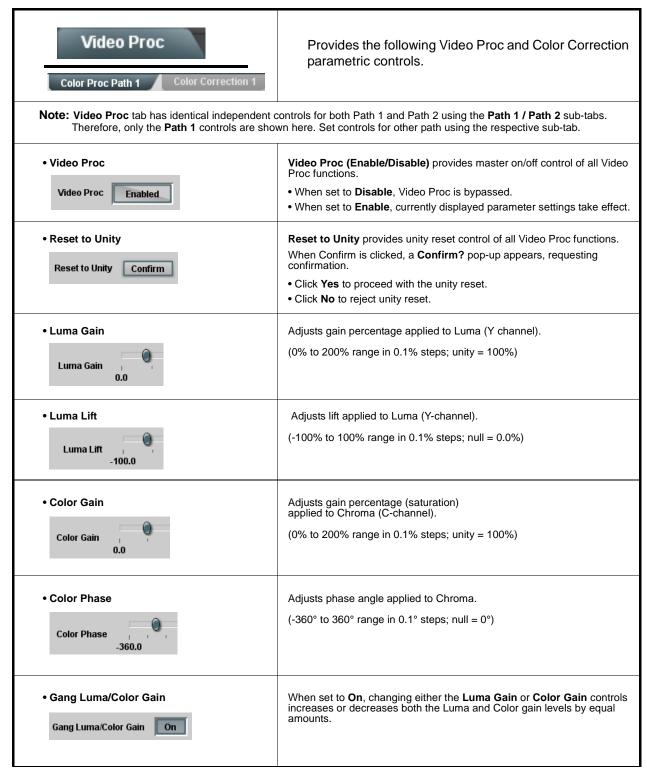
### Table 3-2 9922-2FS Function Menu List — continued

| Video Quality Events   | (Option <b>+QC</b> only) Sets quality check screening and thresholds for video quality event alerts. When a quality events occur, the event(s) can be used by the Presets function to invoke input routing or other changes.   |
|--|--|
|  | I to the controls described here for <b>Input A</b> sub-tab. Therefore, only the bls for other inputs using the respective sub-tab.  |
| Event Status Indicator      Event Status      Disabled      Event Status      No Input      Event Status      Video Ok      Event Status      Frozen video detected                              | Displays event status (based on criteria set below) for signal condition to<br>be considered OK (green), or signal condition considered to be a quality<br>alert event (red) due the condition exceeding the criteria threshold(s) set<br>below.   |
| Position and Width Controls     X position %     0 50 100     Y position %     0 50 100     Y position %     0 50 100     Width %     0 50 100     Height %     0 50 100     100                 | Position and Width controls set the area of concern to be screened by the<br>Quality Event function.<br>X and Y Position controls set the origin point for the area of concern<br>Origin (0,0)<br>y= 100%<br>X and Y Width controls set the size for the area of concern<br>x and y @ 20%<br>x and y @ 80%   |
| • Threshold and Event Type Controls Noise Immunity Engagement Holdoff (minutes) Disengagement Holdoff (minutes) Disengagement Holdoff (minutes) Event Type Event Type Black, Frozen, or No Input | <ul> <li>Sets the thresholds for black frame and event type to be considered.<br/>Also provides holdoff controls for event trigger engagement and<br/>disengagement.</li> <li>Noise Immunity sets the relative noise levels that are rejected in<br/>the course of black event assessment (Low, Medium, or High).</li> <li>Engagement Holdoff sets the time (in msec) where, when time is<br/>exceeded, an event is to be considered a valid alert event.</li> <li>Disengagement Holdoff sets the time (in msec) where, when<br/>event time is has ceased, an alert event is cleared.</li> <li>Event Type sets the type of event(s) to be considered by the event<br/>screening (Disabled, Frozen frame, Black frame, or either Black or<br/>Frozen frame).</li> </ul> |

| Table 3-2 | 9922-2FS Function | Menu List — | continued |
|-----------|-------------------|-------------|-----------|
|-----------|-------------------|-------------|-----------|

| Audio Det  | tect Eve   | ents<br>Option   | n 🔁  | thresho<br>embede<br>audio e                                 | olds for au<br>ded and/c<br>events occ<br>s function             | idio silen<br>or AES di<br>cur, the ev      | ce/preser<br>screte au<br>vent(s) ca          | l screening<br>nce event al<br>dio in. Whe<br>an be used l<br>uting or othe   | erts on<br>n an<br>oy the           |
|--|--|--|--|--|--|---|---|---|-------------------------------------|
| Note: Currently, A   | udio Detect  | is available   | only for Pat   | h 1 embedo   | led audio ar   | nd AES inp                                  | ut audio.                                     |   |                                     |
| Any combination of en<br>here, <b>Audio Detect E</b><br>for an interval exceed<br>on the configured three<br>Up to eight independe<br>Event 1 down to Even<br>preset engage, or oth  | Event 1 is se<br>ing the select<br>esholds.<br>ent audio sile<br>at 8). This sta | et to trigger<br>cted thresho<br>ence/presen<br>atus here ca | if audio on <b>a</b><br>Id. Status in<br>ce events ca<br>n be propag | any of chan<br>dicators for<br>an be set to<br>ated to the I | nels Emb C<br>each chann<br>be screenec<br><b>Presets &gt; E</b> | h 1 thru Ch<br>el show sile<br>d (with desc | 6 fall below<br>ence (S) / pr<br>ending prior | the selected t<br>esence (P) star<br>rity of considerations of consid | hreshold<br>tus based<br>ation from |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |   |   |   |                                     |
|  | Emb Chan 1   | Emb Chan 2   | Emb Chan 3   | Emb Chan 4   | Emb Chan 5   | Emb Chan 6                                  | Emb Chan 7                                    | Emb Chan 8  | AES Chan 16                         |
| Status: S=Silent P=Present   | S  | P  | P  | P  | P  | P   | P   | P   | S                                   |
| Audio Detect Event 1   | Silence 🗸 🗸  | Silence 🗸 🗸  | Don't Care 🖌 🗸   | Don't Care 💙   | Don't Care 💙   | Don't Care 🗸 🗸                              | Don't Care 🖌 🗸                                | Don't Care 🖌 🗸  | Don't Care 🗸 🗸                      |
| Audio Detect Event 2   | Presence 🗸   | Presence 🗸 🗸   | Don't Care 🖌 🗸   | Don't Care 🖌 🗸   | Don't Care 🖌 🗸   | Don't Care 🖌 🗸                              | Don't Care 🖌 🗸                                | Don't Care 🗸 🗸  | Don't Care 🗸                        |
|  | :  |  |  |  |  |   |   |   |                                     |
| Audio Detect Event 8   | Don't Care 🗸   | Don't Care 🗸 🗸   | Don't Care 🗸 🗸   | Don't Care 🗸   | Don't Care 🗸 🗸   | Don't Care 🗸                                | Don't Care 🗸                                  | Don't Care 🗸  | Don't Care 🗸                        |
| Audio Failover Threshold (dBFS)  | -60 🗘  |  |  |  |  | · · · · ·                                   |   |   |                                     |
| Trigger Holdoff (minutes)  | 00   |  |  |  |  |   |   |   |                                     |
| Trigger Holdoff (ms)   | 5000 🗘   |  |  |  |  |   |   |   |                                     |
| Trigger Release (minutes)  | 0  |  |  |  |  |   |   |   |                                     |
| Trigger Release (ms)   |  |  |  |  |  |   |   |   |                                     |
| <ul> <li>Audio Failover Threshold sets the dBFS level at which channel content is considered to be silent, and correspondingly also a transition back to an untriggered condition with resumption of audio for the selected embedded channels. If the selected channels maintain levels above the selected Audio Failover Threshold, no triggering is invoked.</li> <li>Trigger Holdoff sets the period of time in which selected channel silence must occur before an Audio Silence Event trigger goes true.</li> <li>Release Holdoff control sets the time in which the trigger is revoked upon an event false condition.</li> <li>Note: • Default threshold and holdoff settings shown here are recommended for typical use.</li> <li>"Don't Care" setting may be labeled as Don't Care, DC, or DSBL (disabled). All notations mean ignoring the channel from event triggering.</li> <li>Selections other than Don't Care work as an AND function. Where multiple selections are set, a true (trigger) condition is not propagated unless all selected channels experience the configured criteria. (In the example shown above, both channels Emb Ch 1 and Emb Ch 2 need to experience a Silence event for a trigger to be propagated.)</li> </ul> |  |  |  |  |  |   |   |   |                                     |

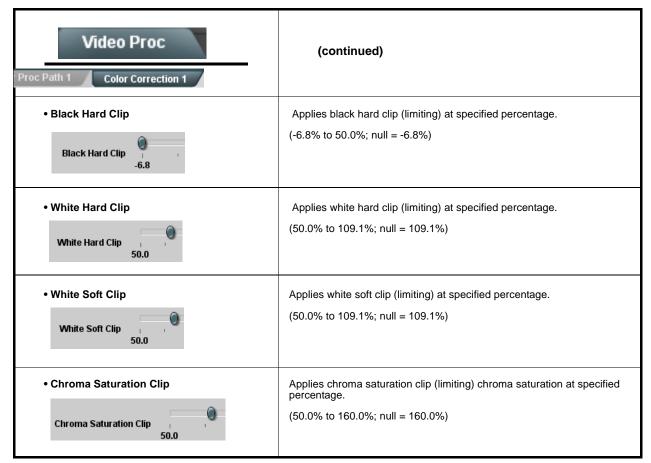
| Table 3-2     | 9922-2FS Function Menu List — conti  | nued   |   |  |  |
|---------------|--|--|---|--|--|
| Note          | sub-tabs. Therefore, only the Path 1 contra  | provides con<br>and presenc<br>ependent controls for b<br>rols are shown here. So<br>essing are correlated c   | oport for closed captioning setup.Also<br>trols for setting closed captioning absence<br>e detection thresholds.<br>oth Path 1 and Path 2 using the <b>Path 1 / Path 2</b><br>et controls for other path using the respective sub-tab.<br>inly to the path selected. CC data cannot be  |  |  |
| • Clo         | osed Captioning Input Status   | 1  | Closed Captioning status as follows:  |  |  |
|               | put Status CDP Packet on Line 16   | <ul> <li>If closed captioning</li> </ul>   | g is present, a message similar to the example shown  |  |  |
|               |  | <ul> <li>is displayed.</li> <li>If no closed captio</li> <li>Disabled is display</li> </ul>  | ning is present in the video signal, <b>Not Present</b> or  |  |  |
|               |  | Note: • Packet close<br>message ca<br>closed capti<br><i>cdp_frame_</i><br>items contai  | ed captioning status <b>Captioning Rejected Due To</b><br>n appear due to the items described below. The<br>oning function assesses <i>cdp_identifier</i> ,<br><i>rate</i> , <i>ccdata_present</i> , and <i>caption_service_active</i><br>ned in the packet header to make the determinations<br>Refer to CEA-708-B for more information. |  |  |
|               |  | Message  | Description   |  |  |
|               |  | Unsupported<br>Frame Rate  | Film rate closed-captioning (either as<br>pass-through or up/down conversion) is not<br>supported by the card.  |  |  |
|               |  | Data Not<br>Present  | Packet is marked from closed captioning source external to the card that no data is present.  |  |  |
|               |  | No Data ID   | Packet from closed captioning source<br>external to the card is not properly identified<br>with 0x9669 as the first word of the header<br>(unidentified packet).  |  |  |
|               |  | packet from<br>inactive. In<br>processed a   | vice is marked as inactive display indicates bit in<br>upstream source may inadvertently be set as<br>his case, closed captioning data (if present) is still<br>and passed by the card as normal.<br>captioning function does not support PAL closed  |  |  |
|               |  | captioning s   |   |  |  |
|               | osed Captioning Remove/Regenerate<br>d HD Insertion Line Controls  | Allows removal of closed captioning packets and regeneration of packets.<br>This is useful where closed captioning must be moved to a different line<br>than that received on.   |   |  |  |
| Incor<br>Pack | ming<br>ket Removal<br>If Regenerate Closed Captioning<br>is enabled incoming<br>packets will always be removed. | Note: • Although the output line drop-down will allow any choice within<br>the 9 thru 41 range, the actual range is automatically clamped<br>(limited to) certain ranges to prevent inadvertent conflict with<br>active picture area depending on video format. See Ancillary<br>Data Line Number Locations and Ranges (p. 3-9) for more<br>information. |   |  |  |
|               | erate Disabled<br>d Captioning Disabled<br>Output Line 90  | <ul> <li>The card does not check for conflicts on a given line number.<br/>Make certain selected line is available and carrying no other<br/>data.</li> </ul>  |   |  |  |
| - Dre         |  |  | as and/or channed event status. This status can be  |  |  |
|               | esence/Absence Check Controls  | Displays CC presence and/or absence event status. This status can be propagated to the <b>Presets &gt; Event Triggers</b> tab controls to issue a card GPO or other command when CC presence/absence events are detected.  |   |  |  |
|               | 0 Presence Event Status Active   | Controls for both presence and absence provide for a holdoff time (in seconds) where, when time is exceeded, an event is to be considered a  |   |  |  |
| At            | osence Event Delay (sec)   | valid alert event.   |   |  |  |
|               | Absence Event Status Inactive  |  |   |  |  |



3

#### Table 3-2 9922-2FS Function Menu List — continued

| Video Proc   | <b>Option E</b><br>(Option +COLOR only) Provides color corrector functions for the individual RGB channels for the card program video particular   |
|--|--|
| Color Corrector Color Corrector On   | <ul> <li>Color Corrector (On/Off) provides master on/off control of all Color Corrector functions.</li> <li>When set to Off, all processing is bypassed.</li> <li>When set to On, currently displayed parameters settings take effect.</li> </ul>  |
| Reset to Unity     Reset to Unity     Confirm  | <ul> <li>Reset to Unity provides unity reset control of all Color Corrector functions.</li> <li>When Confirm is clicked, a Confirm? pop-up appears, requesting confirmation.</li> <li>Click Yes to proceed with the unity reset.</li> <li>Click No to reject unity reset.</li> </ul>   |
| <ul> <li>Luma Gain R-G-B controls</li> <li>Green I Luma Gain I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I</li></ul>   | Separate red, green, and blue channels controls for Luma Gain, Black<br>Gain, and Gamma curve adjustment.<br>Gain controls provide gain adjustment from 0.0 to 200.0% range in 0.1<br>steps (unity = 100.0)<br>Gamma controls apply gamma curve adjustment in 0.125 to 8.000 ran<br>in thousandths steps (unity = 1.000)<br>Each of the three control groups (Luma, Black, and Gamma have a<br><b>Gang Column</b> button which allows settings to be proportionally chang<br>across a control group by changing any of the group's controls. |
| Black Gain         0.0 \$         Green       0.0 \$         -100.0       0.0       100.0         Blue       0.0 \$         -100.0       0.0       100.0         Red       0.0 \$         -100.0       0.0       100.0   |  |
| Gamma Factor R-G-B controls     Gamma  |  |
| Green 1.000 \$ |  |
| Red 0.125 3.125 5.000 8.000  |  |



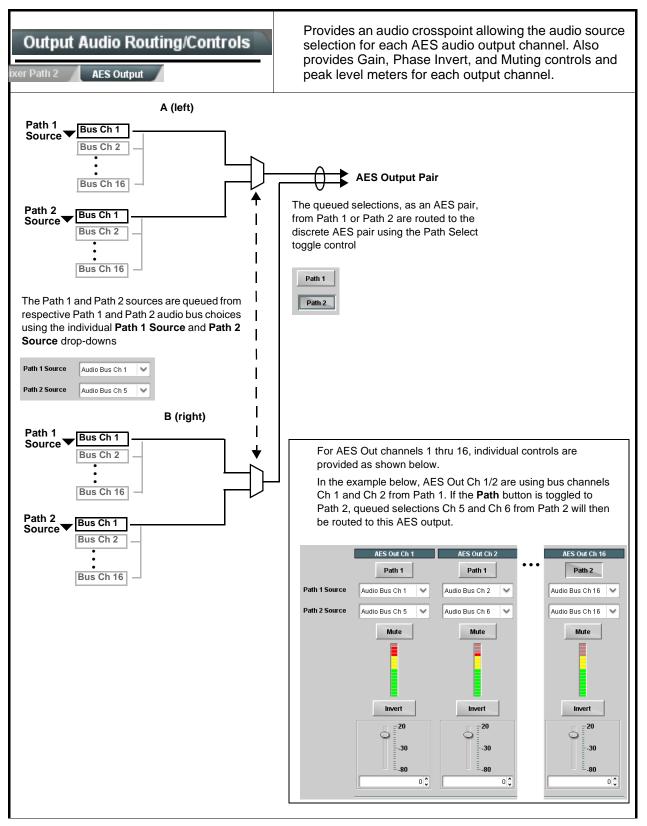
#### Table 3-2 9922-2FS Function Menu List — continued

#### Table 3-2 9922-2FS Function Menu List — continued Provides an audio crosspoint allowing the audio source Output Audio Routing/Controls selection for each embedded audio output channel. Also provides Gain. Phase Invert. and Muting controls Embedded Output Path 1 and peak level meters for each output channel. Note: • Output Audio tab has identical independent controls for both Embedded Path 1 and Path 2 using the Path 1 / Path 2 sub-tabs. Therefore, only the Path 1 controls are shown here. Set controls for other path using the respective sub-tab. • Embedded Ch 2 thru Embedded Ch 16 have controls identical to the Source, Gain, Mute, and Invert controls described here for Embedded Ch 1. Therefore, only the Embedded Ch 1 controls are shown here. Although either path can embed from, and de-embed to, discrete audio interfaces, the embedded channels within a path can only be cross-routed embedded within the respective path's 4-group embedded audio (e.g., Path 1 Emb Ch 1 can not be sourced from Path 2 Emb Ch 1). Group Enable/Disable Controls Allows enable/disable of embedded audio groups 1 thru 4 on card program video output to accommodate some legacy downstream Group 2 Group 3 Group 1 Group 4 systems that may not support all four embedded audio groups. Enabled Enabled Enabled Enabled Note: Changing the setting of this control will result in a noise burst in all groups. This control should not be manipulated when carrying on-air content. Embedded Output Channel Source Using the drop-down list, selects the audio input source to be embedded in the corresponding embedded output channel from the following choices: Emb Out Ch 1 • Card Audio Bus Ch 1 thru Ch 16 Audio Bus Ch 1 • Built-in Tone generators Tone n (-20 dBFS level tone generators with *n* being frequencies of 100, 200, 300, 400, 500, 600, 700, 800, 900, 1k, 2k, 4k, 6k, 8k, 12k, and 16k) • Flex Bus A thru P mixer sum node outputs • Option 🖃 Audio LTC Downmixer L Downmixer R • Option **Embedded Data L** and **R** (SMPTE 337 non-PCM data embedding with option +ANC) Note: Embedded data pair is pair associated with selected path only. Provides Mute and phase Invert channel controls, as well as peak level Channel Mute/Phase Invert/Gain Controls meter for each output channel. (Meter shows level as affected by Level and Peak Level Display control.) Gain controls allow relative gain (in dB) control for the corresponding Mute Mute destination Embedded Audio Group channel. (-80 to +20 dB range in 1.0 dB steps; unity = 0 dB) Note: Although the 9922-2FS can pass non-PCM data such as Dolby<sup>®</sup> E or AC-3, setting the gain control to any setting other than default 0 will corrupt Dolby data. Invert Invert 20 20 30 -30 -80 -80 0 🗘 0 🗘

| Table 3-2         9922-2FS Function Menu List — conti | nued   |
|---|--|
| Output Audio Routing/Controls                         | Provides audio down-mix audio routing selections that<br>multiplexes any five audio channel sources into a<br>stereo pair.   |
| Path 1 controls are shown here. Set cont              | pendent controls for both Embedded Path 1 and Path 2. Therefore, only the rols for other path using the respective sub-tab.<br>vailable only within a respective path (e.g., Path 1 downmixed channels can   |
| Downmixer Source Controls                             | Left Channel Input thru Right Surround Channel Input select the five audio bus source channels to be used for the downmix.   |
| Left Channel Input Audio Bus Ch 1                     | Downmix channels <b>Downmixer L</b> and <b>Downmixer R</b> are available as sources for embedded, AES, or analog audio outputs using the Channel   |
| Right Channel Input Audio Bus Ch 2                    | Source controls described above.   |
| Center Channel Input Audio Bus Ch 3                   |  |
| Left Surround Channel Input Audio Bus Ch 5            |  |
| Right Surround Channel Input     Audio Bus Ch 6       |  |
| Center Mix Ratio Control     Center Mix Ratio         | Adjusts the attenuation ratio of center-channel content from 5-channel source that is re-applied as Lt and Rt content to the DM-L and DM-R stereo mix.   |
| -80 -30 20  | <ul> <li>0 dB setting applies no ratiometric reduction. Center channel content is<br/>restored as in-phase center-channel content with no attenuation,<br/>making center-channel content more predominate in the overall mix.</li> </ul>   |
| -00 -30 20  | <ul> <li>Maximum attenuation setting (-80 dB) applies a -80 dB ratiometric<br/>reduction of center-channel content. Center-channel content is restored<br/>as in-phase center-channel content at a -80 dB ratio relative to overall<br/>level, making center-channel content less predominate in the overall<br/>mix.</li> </ul> |
|   | (20 dB to -80 dB range in 0 dB steps; default = 0 dB)  |
|   | <b>Note:</b> Default setting is recommended to maintain center-channel predominance in downmix representative to that of the original source 5-channel mix.  |
| Surround Mix Ratio Control     Surround Mix Ratio     | Adjusts the attenuation ratio of surround-channel content from 5-channel source that is re-applied as Lo and Ro content to the DM-L and DM-R stereo mix.   |
| -80 -30 20  | <ul> <li>0 dB setting applies no ratiometric reduction. Surround-channel content<br/>is restored with no attenuation, making Lo and Ro content more<br/>predominate in the overall mix.</li> </ul>   |
|   | <ul> <li>Maximum attenuation setting (-80 dB) applies a -80 dB ratiometric<br/>reduction of surround-channel content. Surround-channel content is<br/>restored at a -80 dB ratio relative to overall level, making<br/>surround-channel content less predominate in the overall mix.</li> </ul>                                  |
|   | (20 dB to -80 dB range in 0 dB steps; default = 0 dB)<br><b>Note:</b> Default setting is recommended to maintain surround-channel  |
|   | predominance in downmix representative to that of the original source 5-channel mix.   |

## Table 3-2 9922-2FS Function Menu List — continued

| Output Audio Routing/Controls  | <b>Output Flex Mix</b> – Provides a 16-channel mixer in which each of the inputs can be mixed onto up to 16 independent output summing nodes. The input sources include audio bus channels from the card two embedded audio paths. Each input channel has independent gain and mute controls. |             |  |             |                        |   |
|--|---|-------------|--|-------------|------------------------|---|
| In this example, audio bus channels 1 thru 8 from each path are summed with the like-channel of the other path. These summed outputs can then be outputted on any of the card audio outputs. The output flex bus allows cross-sourcing from both Path 1 and Path 2 embedded internal Audio Bus sources to the Path 1 and Path 2 discrete output audio crosspoints. |   |             |  |             |                        |   |
| 1 Flex Mix 2 Flex Bus A  |   | Flex Mix 1  | Source Source<br>Audio Bus Ch 1 Path 1         | V           | Flex Bus<br>Flex Bus A | ~ |
| Ou   | Path 1 / Path 2<br>Itput Audio<br>osspoints   | Flex Mix 2  | Audio Bus Ch 1 Path 2                          | ~           | Flex Bus A             | ~ |
|  |   | Flex Mix 3  | Audio Bus Ch 2 Path 1                          | ~           | Flex Bus B             | ~ |
|  |   | Flex Mix 4  | Audio Bus Ch 2 Path 2<br>Audio Bus Ch 3 Path 1 | ~           | Flex Bus B             | ~ |
|  |   | Flex Mix 5  | Audo Bas Cir St auto                           |             | 1167.043.0             |   |
| 8 Flex Mix 15  |   | Flex Mix 15 | Audio Bus Ch 8 Path 1                          | ~           | Flex Bus P             | ~ |
| Path 1   |   | Flex Mix 16 | Audio Bus Ch 8 Path 2                          | ~           | Flex Bus P             | ~ |
| <b>Note:</b> For each Flex Mix input channel, its source should be considered and appropriately set. Unused input channels should be set to the <b>Silence</b> selection.  |   |             |  |             |                        |   |
| Flex Bus Input Channel Source/Bus     Assignment   | Using the <b>Source</b> drop-down list, selects the audio input source to be directed to the corresponding bus channel from the choices listed below.   |             |  |             |                        |   |
| Flex Mix Input 1   | • Silence<br>• Audio Bus Ch 1 thru Ch 16  |             |  |             |                        |   |
| Flex Bus A   | • Tones (100 Hz thru 16 kHz)  |             |  |             |                        |   |
| Source Audio Bus Ch 1 Path 1   | • Downmix L or Downmix R<br>The Flex Bus drop-down selects the bus (A thru P) to which the input is<br>assigned to.   |             |  |             |                        |   |
| Gain / Mute Control  | Provides relative gain (in dB) control and a channel Mute checkbox.   |             |  |             |                        |   |
| Mute<br>30<br>80   | (-80 to +20 dB  | range in C  | ).1 dB steps; unity                            | r = 0.0 dB) |                        |   |

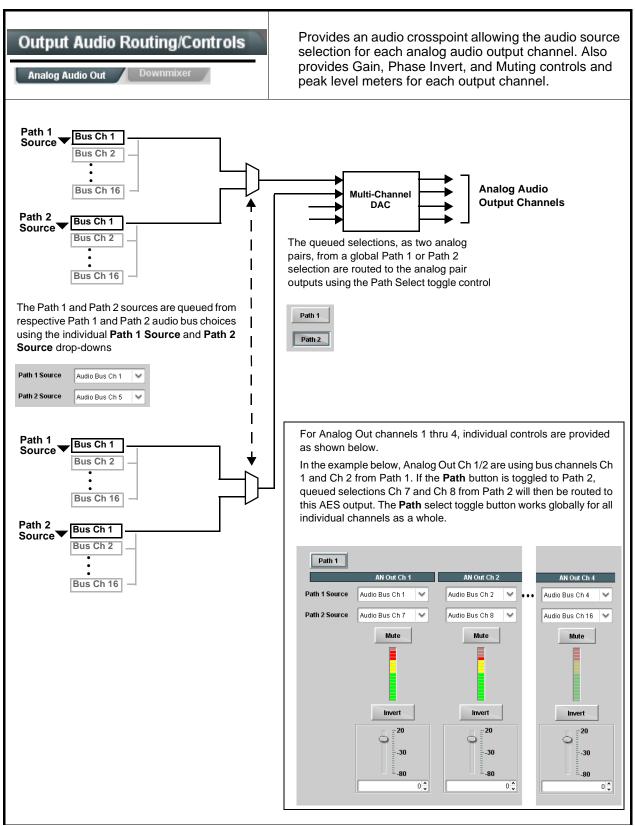


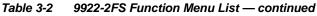
#### Table 3-2 9922-2FS Function Menu List — continued

9922-2FS Function Menu List — continued

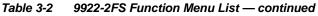
Table 3-2

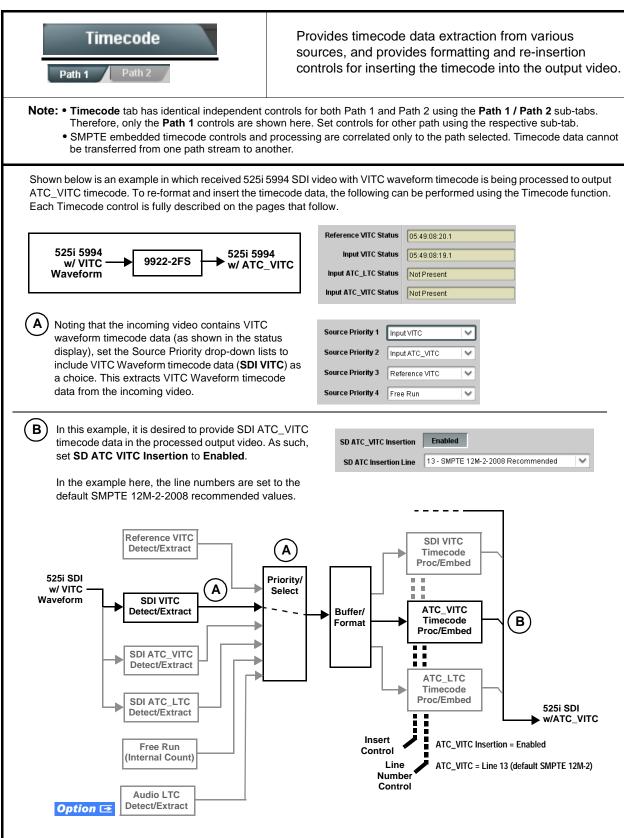
| Output Audio Routing/Controls   | (continued)   |
|---|---|
| Ch 1. Therefore, only the AES Out Ch 1  | ion should be considered and appropriately set. Unused destination  |
| • AES Output Channel Source          AES Out Ch 1         Path 1         Path 1 Source         Audio Bus Ch 1         Path 2 Source | <ul> <li>Using the Source drop-down list, selects the audio input source to be routed to the corresponding AES output channel from the following choices:</li> <li>Card Audio Bus Ch 1 thru Ch 16</li> <li>Built-in Tone generators Tone n (-20 dBFS level tone generators with n being frequencies of 100, 200, 300, 400, 500, 600, 700, 800, 900, 1k, 2k, 4k, 6k, 8k, 12k, and 16k)</li> <li>Flex Bus A thru P mixer sum node outputs</li> <li>Option ⊇ Audio LTC</li> <li>Downmixer L</li> <li>Downmixer R</li> </ul>                        |
| • Channel Mute/Phase Invert/Gain Controls<br>and Peak Level Display   | <ul> <li>Provides Mute and phase Invert channel controls, as well as peak level meter for each output channel. (Meter shows level as affected by Level control.)</li> <li>Gain controls allow relative gain (in dB) control for the corresponding destination AES output channel.</li> <li>(-80 to +20 dB range in 1.0 dB steps; unity = 0 dB)</li> <li>Note: Although the 9922-2FS can pass non-PCM data such as Dolby<sup>®</sup> E or AC-3, setting the gain control to any setting other than default 0 will corrupt Dolby data.</li> </ul> |





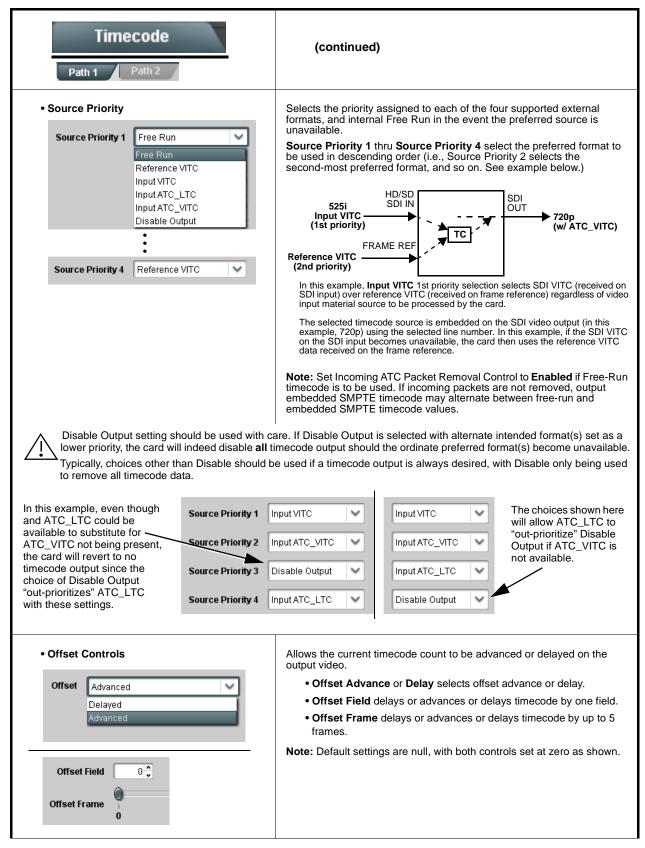
| Output Audio Routing/Controls Analog Audio Out                      | (continued)   |
|---|---|
| Analog Output Channel Source      AN Out Ch 1      Audio Bus Ch 1   | <ul> <li>Using the Source drop-down list, selects the audio input source to be routed to the corresponding analog audio output channel from the following choices:</li> <li>Card Audio Bus Ch 1 thru Ch 16</li> <li>Built-in Tone generators Tone n (-20 dBFS level tone generators with n being frequencies of 100, 200, 300, 400, 500, 600, 700, 800, 900, 1k, 2k, 4k, 6k, 8k, 12k, and 16k)</li> <li>Flex Bus A thru P mixer sum node outputs</li> <li>Option I Audio LTC</li> <li>Downmixer L</li> <li>Downmixer R</li> </ul> |
| • Channel Mute/Phase Invert/Gain Controls<br>and Peak Level Display | Provides <b>Mute</b> and phase <b>Invert</b> channel controls, as well as peak level<br>meter for each output channel. (Meter shows level as affected by Level<br>control.)<br><b>Gain</b> controls allow relative gain (in dB) control for each corresponding<br>destination analog audio out channel.<br>(-80 to +20 dB range in 1.0 dB steps; unity = 0 dB)  |
| Text to Speech<br><i>Option</i> 🖻                                   | Refer to Text-To-Speech option supplement <b>OPT-TTS-MS</b> supplied with this option.  |

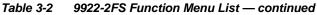




| Table 3-2 | 9922-2FS Function Menu List — continued |
|-----------|---|
|           |   |

| Timecode<br>Path 1 Path 2  | (continued)  |  |
|--|--|--|
|  | ow only appear on cards with <b>+LTC</b> licensed optional feature. This feature s a timecode source, with conversion to a selected SMPTE 12M format on  |  |
| Timecode Source Status Displays Reference VITC Status Input VITC Status Input ATC_LTC Status Input ATC_VTTC Status Input ATC_VTTC Status Input ATC_VTTC Status Input ATC_VTTC Status | <ul> <li>Displays the current status and contents of the four supported external timecode formats shown to the left.</li> <li>If a format is receiving timecode data, the current content (timecode running count and line number) is displayed.</li> <li>If a format is not receiving timecode data, Not Present is displayed.</li> </ul>   |  |
| • LTC Input Control<br>LTC Input COM 1 (RS485)<br>COM 1 (RS485)<br>COM 2 (RS485)<br>Embed Ch 1<br>•<br>Analog Input 8  | <ul> <li>Selects source to be used by card to receive LTC as listed below.</li> <li>RS-485 over COM1 or COM 2</li> <li>Audio LTC over Emb Ch 1 thru Ch 16</li> <li>Audio LTC over AES Ch 1 thru Ch 16</li> <li>Audio LTC over Analog audio Ch 1 thru Ch 4</li> <li>Note: • Audio LTC Source must be appropriately set for card to receive and process received LTC.</li> <li>If COM 1 or COM 2 is used for LTC receive, the port function must be set for LTC. See COMM Ports Setup Controls (p. 3-58) for more information.</li> <li>Card audio inputs will not center inputs with DC offset. If input has DC offset, the source may need to be capacitively coupled to remove the offset.</li> <li>LTC embedded channel selections are only channels associated with the selected path.</li> </ul>   |  |
| Mute LTC Control   | <ul> <li>Allows LTC audio or RS-485 output to mute upon loss of selected timecode inputs.</li> <li>When set to Enabled and input timecode is lost: <ul> <li>RS-485 LTC output goes to frozen state.</li> <li>Audio LTC output mutes.</li> </ul> </li> <li>When set to Disabled and input timecode is lost: <ul> <li>RS-485 LTC output mutes.</li> </ul> </li> <li>When set to Disabled and input timecode is lost: <ul> <li>RS-485 LTC output keeps counting, with count value being free-run count.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Audio LTC output is not muted, with count value being free-run count.</li> </ul> <li>Note: If muting upon loss of a particular input format is desired, set all Source Priority 1 thru 4 to that particular input format. If this is not done, the card failover timecode selection may substitute another format choice for the format not being received.</li> |  |
| Incoming ATC Packet Removal Control Incoming ATC Packet Removal Disabled   | Enables or disables removal of existing input video ATC timecode<br>packets from the output. This allows removal of undesired existing<br>timecodes from the output, resulting in a "clean slate" where only desired<br>timecodes are then re-inserted into the output. (For example, if both SDI<br>ATC_VITC and ATC_LTC are present on the input video, and only<br>ATC_LTC is desired, using the Removal control will remove both<br>timecodes from the output. The ATC_LTC timecode by itself can then be<br>re-inserted on the output using the other controls discussed here.)<br><b>Note:</b> Set this control to <b>Enabled</b> if Free-Run timecode is to be used. If<br>incoming packets are not removed, output embedded SMPTE timecode<br>may alternate between free-run and embedded SMPTE timecode values.   |  |

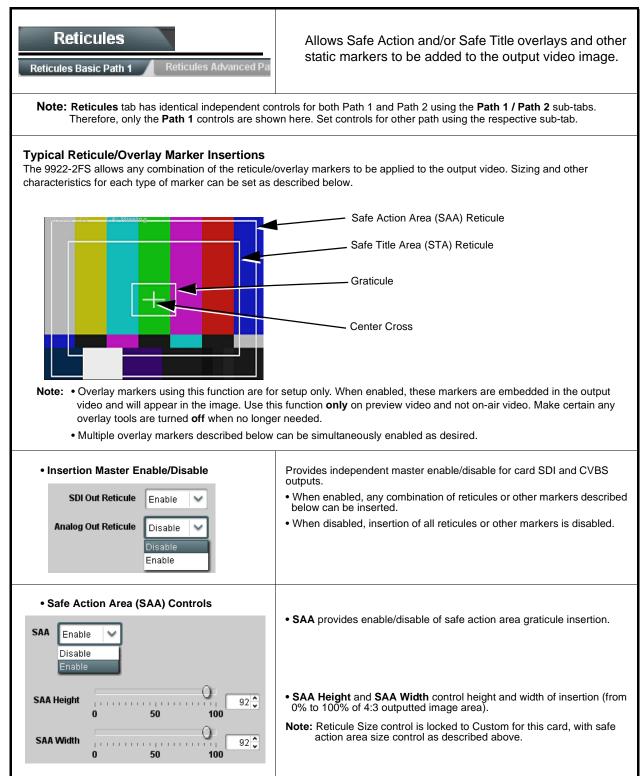


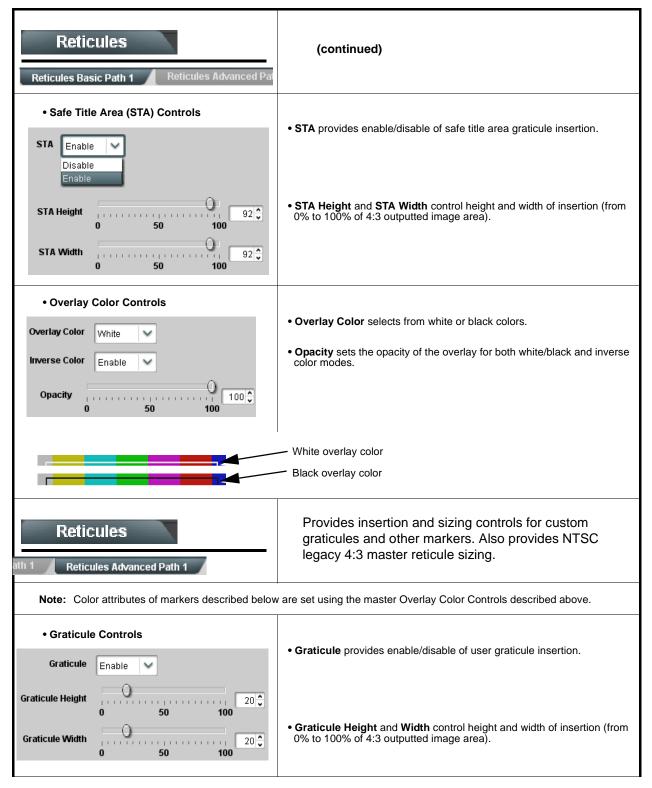


| Table 3-2 9922-2FS Function Menu List — continue | Table 3-2 | 22-2FS Function Menu List — con | tinued |
|--|-----------|---------------------------------|--------|
|--|-----------|---------------------------------|--------|

| Timecode<br>Path 1 Path 2  | (continued)  |
|--|--|
| Output Status Display Output Status 00:04:46:06.1 (Source: SDI VITC)   | <ul> <li>Displays the current content and source being used for the timecode data as follows:</li> <li>Output Status 00:04:46:06.1 (Source: SDI VITC)</li> <li>Output status OK (in this example, SDI VITC timecode received and outputted).</li> <li>Output Status Insertion Disabled</li> <li>Timecode Insertion button set to Disabled; output insertion disabled.</li> <li>Note: • If timecode is not available from Source Priority selections performed, timecode on output reverts to Free Run (internal count) mode.</li> <li>Because the 1's digit of the display Frames counter goes from 0 to 29, the fractional digit (along with the 1's digit) indicates frame count as follows:</li> <li>0.0 Frame 0</li> <li>0.1 Frame 1</li> <li>1.0 Frame 2</li> <li>1.1 Frame 3</li> <li>9</li> </ul> |
| Audio LTC Output     Option  | Audio LTC output is routed to desired embedded, AES, or analog audio<br>outputs using the Output Audio Routing/Controls (p. 3-29). Whatever<br>timecode is displayed on the Output Status is converted to audio LTC and<br>available as an LTC audio output.   |
| range is automatically clamped (limited) to depending on video format. See Ancillary   | controls described below will allow a particular range of choices, the actual<br>o certain ranges to prevent inadvertent conflict with active picture area<br>Data Line Number Locations and Ranges (p. 3-9) for more information.<br>I given line number. Make certain the selected line is available and carrying  |
| SD VITC Waveform Insertion Controls  SD VITC Waveform Output 1 Line Number  SD VITC Waveform Output 2 Line Number  SD VITC Waveform Insertion  Enabled | <ul> <li>For SD output, enables or disables SD VITC waveform timecode insertion into the output video, and selects the VITC1 and VITC2 line numbers (6 thru 22) where the VITC waveform is inserted.</li> <li>Note: If only one output line is to be used, set both controls for the same line number.</li> <li>SD VITC Waveform Insertion control only affects VITC waveforms inserted (or copied to a new line number) by this function. An existing VITC waveform on an unscaled SD SDI stream is not affected by this control and is passed on an SDI output.</li> </ul>   |
| SD ATC Insertion Control  SD ATC_VITC Insertion Enabled  SD ATC Insertion Line  13 - SMPTE 12M-2-2008 Recommended                                      | For SD output, enables or disables SD ATC_VITC timecode insertion into the output video, and selects the line number for ATC_VITC.   |

| Timecode<br>Path 1 Path 2  | (continued)   |
|--|---|
| HD ATC_LTC Insertion Control  HD ATC_LTC Insertion HD ATC_LTC Insertion Line 10 - SMPTE 12M-2-2008 Recommended   | For HD output, enables or disables ATC_LTC timecode insertion into the output video, and selects the line number for ATC_LTC timecode data.   |
| HD ATC_VITC Insertion Control  HD ATC_VITC Insertion  HD ATC_VITC Insertion Line Field 1  9 - SMPTE 12M-2-2008 Recommended  HD ATC_VITC Insertion Line Field 2  8 (571) - SMPTE 12M-2-2008 Recommended | For HD output, enables or disables ATC_VITC timecode insertion into the output video, and selects the line number for ATC_VITC1 and ATC_VITC2.  |
| ATC_VITC Legacy Support Control     ATC VITC Legacy Support Disabled   | <ul> <li>When enabled, accommodates equipment requiring ATC_VITC packet in both fields as a "field 1" packet (non-toggling).</li> <li>Note: Non-toggling VITC1 and VITC2 packets do not conform to SMPTE 12M-2-2008 preferences. As such, ATC_VITC Legacy Support should be enabled only if required by downstream equipment.</li> </ul>  |
| Free Run Timecode Controls     Free Run Hours     Free Run Minutes     O     Free Run Seconds     O     Apply Free Run Values     Confirm  | <ul> <li>Allows an initial (starting) count to be applied to output video timecode when Free Run insertion is enabled.</li> <li>Note: • Initialization can only be applied when card is outputting Free Run timecode (as shown by Output Status displaying "Free Run").</li> <li>• If failover to Free Run occurs due to loss of external timecode(s), the Free Run count assumes its initial count from the last valid externally supplied count.</li> </ul> |

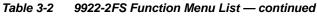


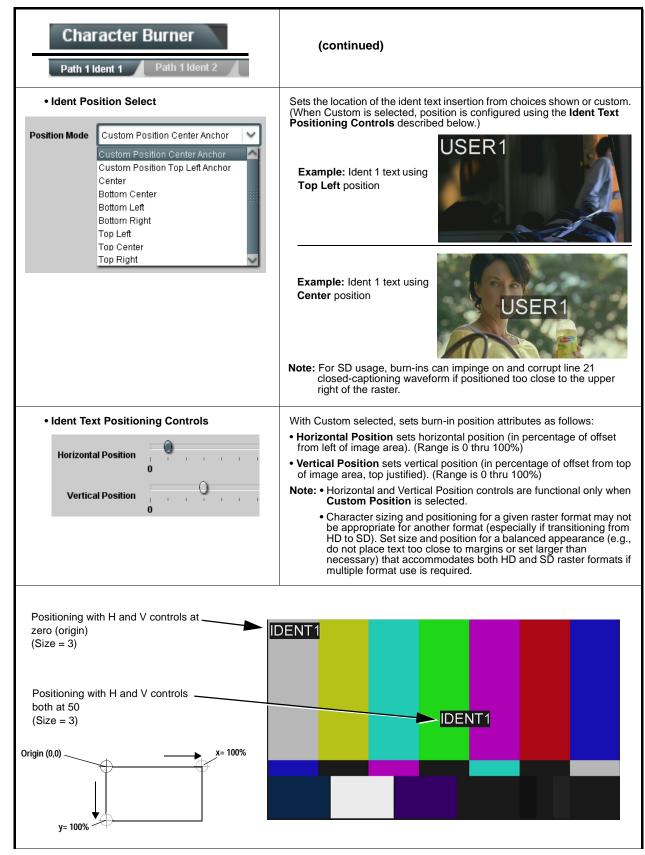


| Reticules ath 1 Reticules Advanced Path 1   | (continued)  |
|---|--|
| Center Cross Controls     Center Cross Enable   | Center Cross provides enable/disable of center cross insertion.  |
| Cross Height 0 50 100<br>Cross Width 0 50 100   | <ul> <li>Cross Height and Width control height of vertical line and width of<br/>horizontal line (from 0% to 100% of 4:3 outputted image area).</li> </ul> |
| Horizontal Line Controls      Horizontal Line Enable                                  | • Horizontal Line provides enable/disable of horizontal line insertion.  |
| Hor Line Size 0 40 0  | • Horizontal Line Size controls the width of the horizontal line (from 0% to 100% of 4:3 outputted image area).  |
| Hor Line Pos 50 50 100  | • Horizontal Line Pos controls the vertical positioning of the horizontal line (from 0% to 100% of 4:3 outputted image area).                              |
| Vertical Line Controls      Vertical Line Enable                                      | • Vertical Line provides enable/disable of vertical line insertion.  |
| Ver Line Size 40 40   | • Vertical Line Size controls the height of the vertical line (from 0% to 100% of 4:3 outputted image area).   |
| Ver Line Pos 50 50 50   | • Vertical Line Pos controls the horizontal positioning of the line (from 0% to 100% of 4:3 outputted image area).   |
| NTSC Legacy Reticule Fixed Control      NTSC Legacy     Enable     Disable     Enable | When set to enable, provides fixed-size safe action area 4:3 reticule suited for CRT-based displays.   |

| Table 3-2 | 9922-2FS | Function | Menu I | List — | continued |
|-----------|----------|----------|--------|--------|-----------|
|-----------|----------|----------|--------|--------|-----------|

| Character Burner Path 1 Ident 1  | Provides user-configurable burn-in of up to two text strings and timecode on output video.  |
|--|---|
| <ul> <li>Path 2 sub-tabs. Therefore, only the Path sub-tab.</li> <li>For both Path 1 and Path 2, Ident 1 and I independent text (identification) burn-in or</li> </ul> | endent controls for both Path 1 and Path 2 using the respective <b>Path 1 /</b><br><b>1</b> controls are shown here. Set controls for other path using the respective<br><b>Ident 2</b> sub-tabs provide identical, independent controls for inserting two<br>verlays on each path's output video. <b>Ident 2</b> has controls identical to the<br>Path 1 and Path 2 each have identical independent Ident 1 and Ident 2<br>s are shown here.)  |
| Ident Insertion Controls      Overlay     Always enabled     Always disabled     Always enabled     Enabled on loss of video   | Selects the rules for identification text burn-in overlay insertion into output video.<br>Note: Enable on Loss of Video setting is valid <b>only</b> for card licensed with <b>+FS</b> Framesync Option. If ident text insertion is desired for input LOS conditions, the Framesync <b>On Loss of Video</b> control <b>must</b> be set to provide a raster (from one of the choices shown) to support the text insertion.<br>If this control is set to "Disable Outputs", no raster or text insertion will be present on the output video under input LOS conditions. See Framesync (p. 3-14) for more information. |
| Display Type (Format) Select      Display Format     User Text     User Text     Video Type  | <ul> <li>Selects the type of data to be displayed as burn-in text from choices shown.</li> <li>User text allows user text to be entered using field described below.</li> <li>Video type inserts an overlay showing the video format of the input being used for processing.</li> </ul>   |
| • Display (Ident) Text Entry Field  Display Text IDENT1  Update  | <ul> <li>Dialog entry box that allows entry of desired ident text string. Enter desired text as click Update when done to input the text string.</li> <li>Note: • All normal keyboard alphanumeric characters are supported, in addition to ASCII characters (Windows ALT+<i>nnn</i>).</li> <li>• Up to 126 characters can be entered.</li> </ul>   |
| Ident Text Attributes Controls      Character Size 106      Text Justification Left      Character Color White      Character Opacity      0                           | <ul> <li>Sets burn-in size/position attributes as follows:</li> <li>Character Size sets character size (in pixels).</li> <li>Text Justification selects from left, right, or center-aligned justification within the text box overlay.</li> <li>Character Color selects text color.</li> <li>Character Opacity sets text opacity from 0% (least opacity) to 100% (full opacity).</li> </ul>   |
| Ident Text Background Attributes Controls      Background Color     Black     Background Opacity     0   | <ul> <li>Provides independent controls for setting the color and opacity of the burn-in text and its background.</li> <li>Color drop-down sets background color from multiple choices.</li> <li>Opacity control sets background opacity from 0% (least opacity) to 100% (full opacity).</li> </ul>  |

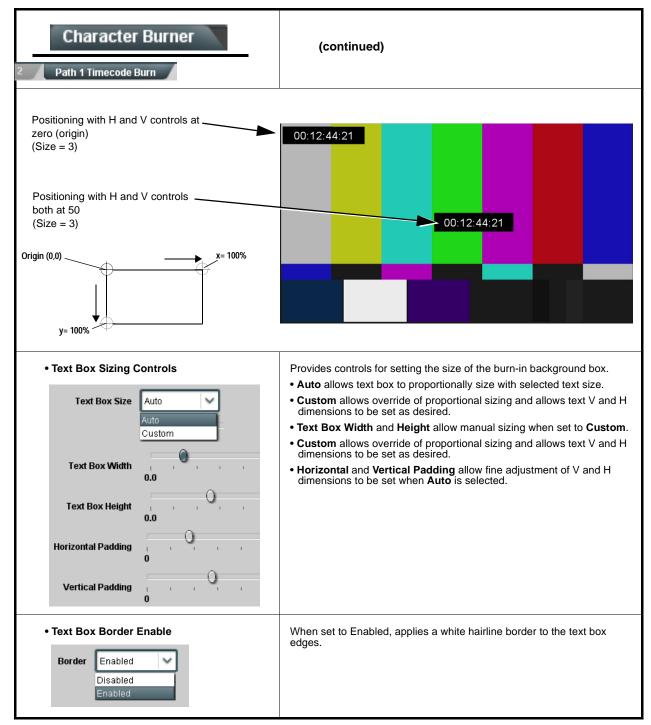


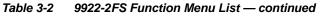


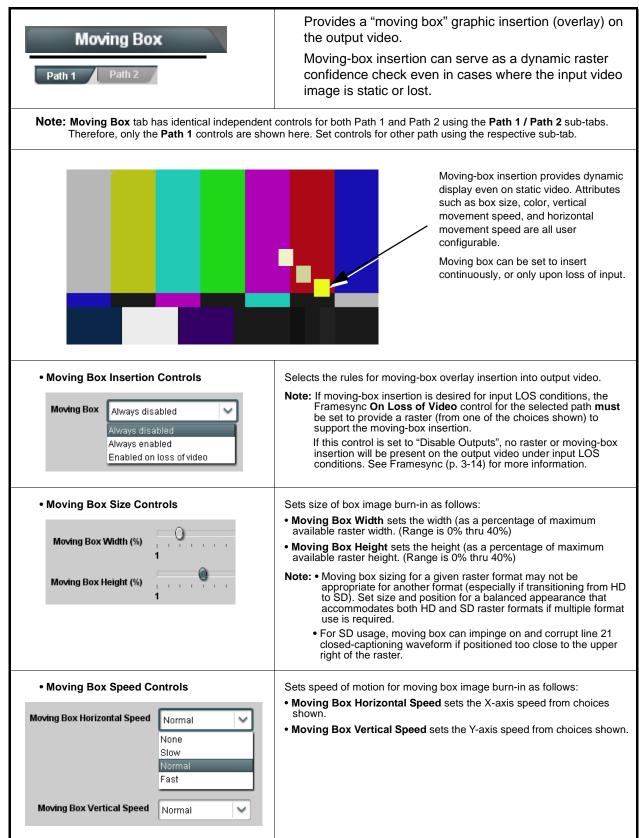
| Character Burner Path 1 Ident 1 Path 1 Ident 2  | (continued)  |
|---|--|
| Text Box Sizing Controls      Text Box Size     Auto     Auto     Custom  | <ul> <li>Provides controls for setting the size of the burn-in text background box.</li> <li>Auto allows text box to proportionally size with selected text size.</li> <li>Custom allows override of proportional sizing and allows text V and H dimensions to be set as desired.</li> <li>Text Box Width and Height allow manual sizing when set to Custom.</li> <li>Custom allows override of proportional sizing and allows text V and H</li> </ul>   |
| Text Box Width 0.0  | <ul> <li>dimensions to be set as desired.</li> <li>Horizontal and Vertical Padding allow fine adjustment of V and H dimensions to be set when Auto is selected.</li> </ul>   |
| 0.0<br>Horizontal Padding   |  |
| 0<br>• Text Box Border Enable<br>Border Enabled   | When set to Enabled, applies a white hairline border to the text box edges.  |
| Enabled<br>Enabled<br>Character Burner  | Provides controls for burn-in of timecode on output  |
|   | video.   |
| Timecode Insertion Control  | (p. 3-36) for information on using timecode controls.  |
| Overlay Always enabled<br>Always disabled<br>Always enabled<br>Enabled on loss of video   | <ul> <li>Selects the rules for timecode burn-in overlay insertion into output video.</li> <li>Note: Enable on Loss of Video setting is valid only for card licensed with +FS Framesync Option. If timecode insertion is desired for input LOS conditions, the Framesync On Loss of Video control must be set to provide a raster (from one of the choices shown) to support the timecode insertion.</li> <li>If this control is set to "Disable Outputs", no raster or timecode insertion will be present on the output video under input LOS conditions. See Framesync (p. 3-14) for more information.</li> </ul> |
| Timecode Format Display Selector      Display Format     HH:MM:SS:Frame     HH     HH:MM     HH:MM:SS     HH:MM:SS:Frame     HH:MM:SS:Frame:Field | Selects the format of timecode string burn-in overlay insertion into output video from choices shown.  |

| Table 3-2 9922-2FS Function Menu L | ist — continued |
|------------------------------------|-----------------|
|------------------------------------|-----------------|

| Character Burner   | (continued)  |
|--|--|
| Timecode Attributes Controls     Character Size 106     Text Justification Left     Character Color White     Character Opacity 0  | <ul> <li>Sets burn-in size/position attributes as follows:</li> <li>Character Size sets character size (in pixels).</li> <li>Text Justification selects from left, right, or center-aligned justification within the text box overlay.</li> <li>Character Color selects text color.</li> <li>Character Opacity sets text opacity from 0% (least opacity) to 100% (full opacity).</li> </ul>  |
| Timecode Background Attributes Controls     Background Color     Background Opacity     0  | <ul> <li>Provides independent controls for setting the color and opacity of the burn-in text and its background.</li> <li>Color drop-down sets background color from multiple choices.</li> <li>Opacity control sets background opacity from 0% (least opacity) to 100% (full opacity).</li> </ul>   |
| • Timecode Position Select<br>Position Mode Custom Position Center Anchor<br>Custom Position Top Left Anchor<br>Custom Position Top Left Anchor<br>Center<br>Bottom Center<br>Bottom Left<br>Bottom Right<br>Top Left<br>Top Center<br>Top Right | Sets the location of the timecode insertion from choices shown or custom. (When Custom is selected, position is configured using the Timecode Positioning Controls described below.)           Example: Timecode burn-in using Bottom Center position         Image: Control of the timecode burn-in using Top Left position   |
| Timecode Positioning Controls     Horizontal Position     Uertical Position     0     0     0  | <ul> <li>With Custom selected, sets burn-in position attributes as follows:</li> <li>Horizontal Position sets horizontal position (in percentage of offset from left of image area). (Range is 0 thru 100%)</li> <li>Vertical Position sets vertical position (in percentage of offset from top of image area, top justified). (Range is 0 thru 100%)</li> <li>Note: • Horizontal and Vertical Position controls are functional only when Custom Position is selected.</li> <li>• Character sizing and positioning for a given raster format may not be appropriate for another format (especially if transitioning from HD to SD). Set size and position for a balanced appearance (e.g., do not place text too close to margins or set larger than necessary) that accommodates both HD and SD raster formats if multiple format use is required.</li> </ul> |







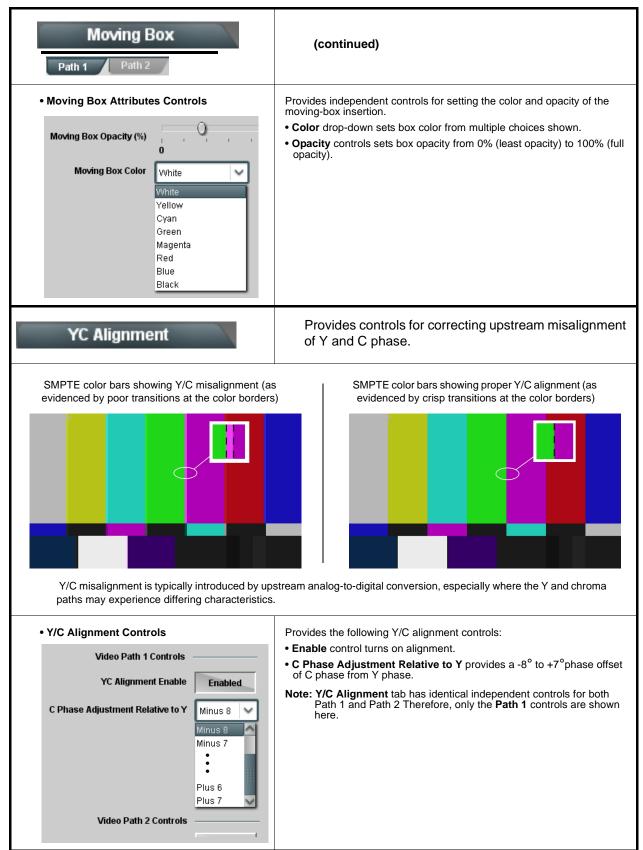
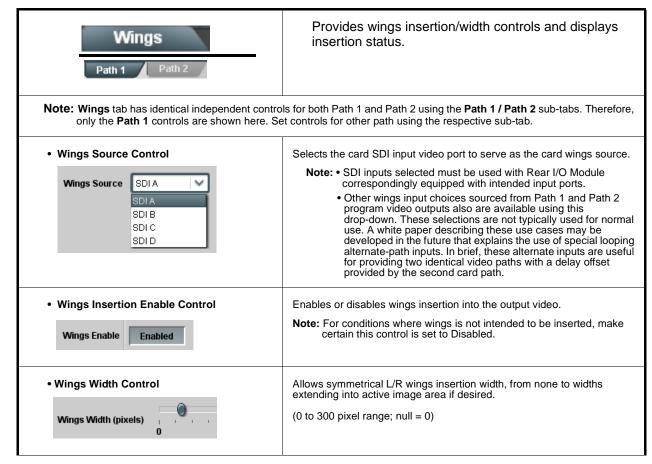


Table 3-2 9922-2FS Function Menu List — continued

3-50



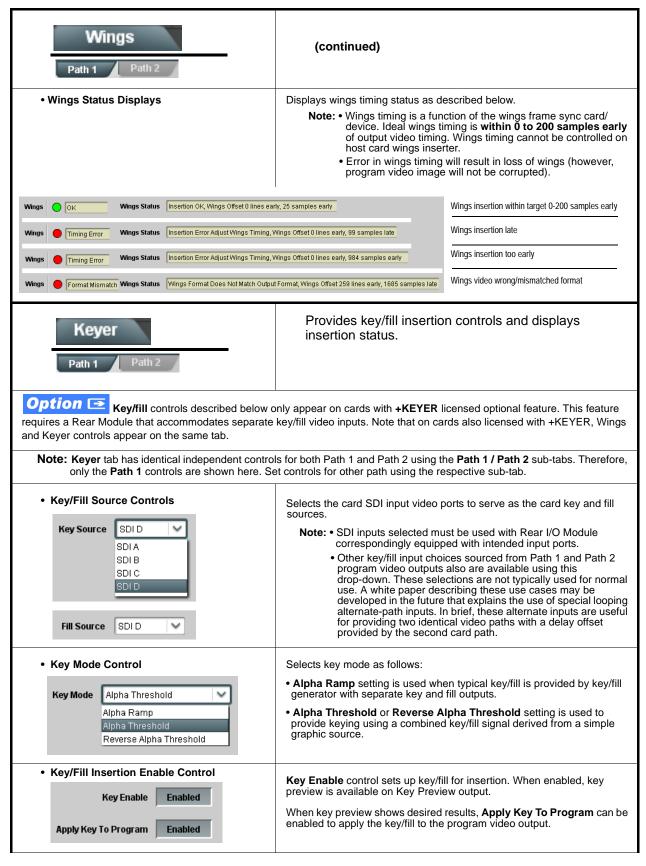
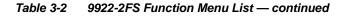
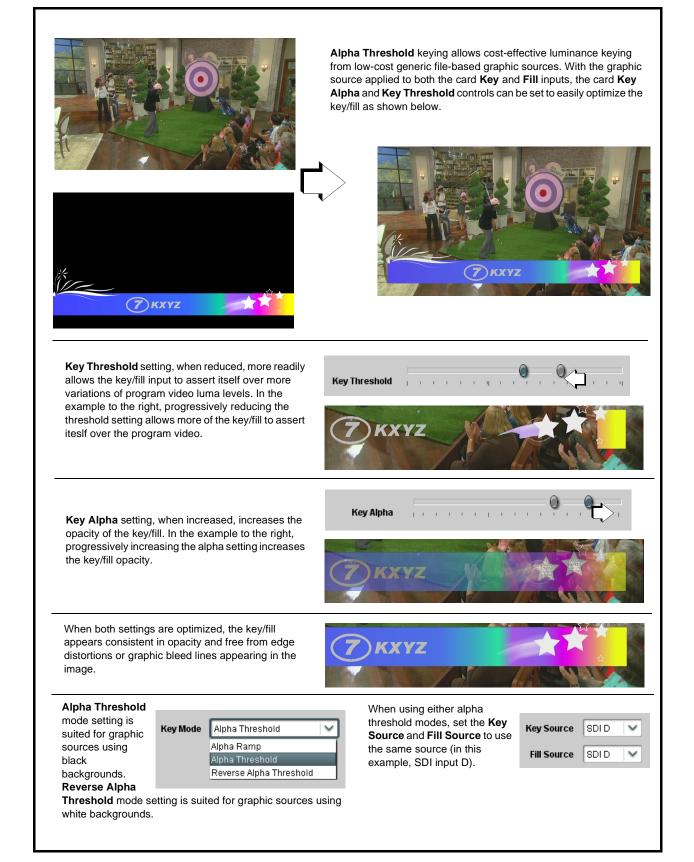


Table 3-2 9922-2FS Function Menu List — continued

| Keyer     Path 1   Path 2  | (continued)  |  |
|--|--|--|
| • Key/Fill Status Displays   | <ul> <li>Displays keyer timing status as described below.</li> <li>Note: • Key/fill timing is a function of the respective key and fill signa frame sync card/device(s). Ideal timing is within 0 to 200 sam early of output video timing. Key/fill timing cannot be controlled +KEYER host card.</li> <li>• Error in key/fill timing will result in loss of keying (however, program video image will not be corrupted).</li> </ul> |  |
| Keyer OK   | y Offset 0 lines early, 48 samples early<br>I Offset 0 lines early, 35 samples early   |  |
| Keyer 🔘 Key Vertical Alignment Error   | y Offset 749 lines early, 872 samples early<br>Offset 0 lines early, 54 samples early<br>Offset 0 lines early, 54 samples early  |  |
| Keyer 🔴 Key Format Mismatch  | s Not Match Output Format djust Fill Timing, Fill Offset Key or fill video missing/mismatched format   |  |
| <ul> <li>Key Alpha/Threshold Controls</li> <li>Key Alpha</li> <li>Key Threshold</li> <li>Key Threshold</li> <li>Key Threshold</li> </ul> | When keying is set to Alpha Threshold or Reverse Alpha Threshold m<br>sets luma thresholds, when crossed, allow key/fill onto program video<br>image.<br><b>Key Alpha</b> setting, when increased, increases the opacity of the key/<br><b>Key Threshold</b> setting, when reduced, more readily allows the key/fi<br>input to assert itself over more variations of program video luma level  |  |
|  |  |  |





| Ancillary Data Processing           ADP Routing         IP Port Setup           Option (Setup)   | Provides controls for VANC/HANC ancillary data<br>de-embedding and embedding to and from program<br>video stream. Data can be extracted and inserted<br>within the card (Bridge mode), or inserted and/or<br>extracted to and from external interfaces via serial or IP<br>interfaces.  |
|--|---|
|  | ded for this function with identical independent controls for both Path 1 and here. Set controls for other path using the other tab.  |
| Eight individual Ancillary Data Processors (ADPs) pro<br>program video SDI stream.   | vide for insertion, extraction, or bridging ancillary data to and from the card   |
| <ul> <li>Bridge extracts ANC from the deserialized input video and re-inserts in the output video, thereby allowing full control of specialized ANC packets</li> <li>Insert and Extract modes respectively allow insertion to the output stream or extraction from the input stream between external interfaces</li> <li>DID and S desired pa the correspectively</li> </ul> | Is select either card IP or       Insertion controls allow special insertions in HANC or the C-channel, as well as removal of incoming packets         DPS use IP only for external sertion/extraction.       Line Number controls select the VANC location of packet insertion/extraction         DID controls select the cket to be handled by ponding ANC Data       Line Number controls select insertion/extraction         SDID       Field 1 Line Number       Field 2 Line Number       Insert in HANC         SDID       Field 1 Line Number       Insert in HANC       Insert in C         Remove Incoming       10 0       Disabled       Disabled |
| ADP Proc 8 Disabled V IP V 0x0 C   | SDID     Field 1 Line Number     Field 2 Line Number     Insert in HANC     Insert in C     Remove Incoming       0x0 <sup>+</sup> / <sub>2</sub> 10 <sup>+</sup> / <sub>2</sub> 10 <sup>+</sup> / <sub>2</sub> Disabled     Disabled     Disabled  |
| IP), status is displayed as shown below.   | ode at DID60 <sub>h</sub> / SDID 60 <sub>h</sub> . Depending on the interface used to carry the extraction (COM or <b>COM</b> interface, displays rate and dropped data (if any)  |
|  | IP interface, displays rate and total amount transferred<br>numbers in decimal; newer DashBoard versions display DID and SDID numbers in<br>preceding the value.  |

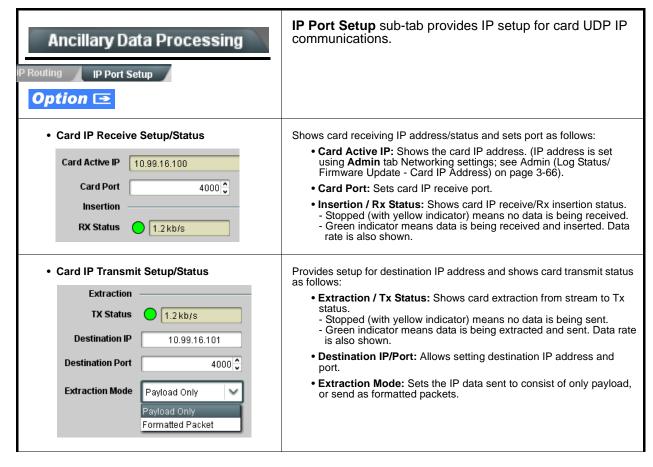
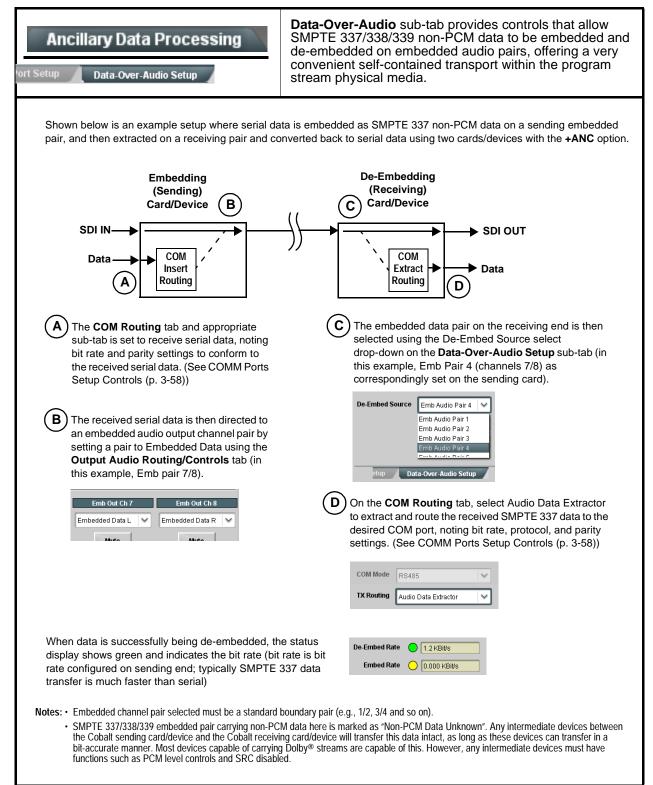


Table 3-2 9922-2FS Function Menu List — continued

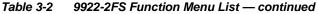


| Table 3-2 | 9922-2FS Function Menu List — continued |
|-----------|---|
|           |   |

| COM Routing  | Provides controls for setting up the two COMM (serial ports for LTC or ANC functions, and setting comm protocol for each port.   |
|--|--|
| <ul> <li>are described here.</li> <li>Controls provided here allow highly detai<br/>considered and set appropriately to corre<br/>result in loss of ANC serial comm.</li> <li>COM 1 and COM 2 are multi-function interesting the series of the series of</li></ul> | ependent controls for COM1 and COM2. Therefore, only the <b>COM 1</b> control<br>led setup of serial communications. Control settings must be carefully<br>espond to both sending and receiving systems. Incorrectly set controls materiate and must be set for ANC Data Extractor for port(s) is to be used he  |
| • COM Mode (Protocol)  | M Routing in COMM Ports Setup Controls (p. 3-58).<br>Selects serial comm protocol for the respective port as RS-232 or   |
| COM 1 Mode RS232<br>RS232<br>RS485   | RS-485.<br><b>Note:</b> Protocol choices should consider the payload to be carried.<br>Typically, LTC is sent or received using only RS-485 serial<br>protocol.  |
| COM Port Tx Routing Function      TX Routing     LTC Encoder      LTC Encoder      Anc Data Extractor      Audio Data Extractor  | Selects port function for the respective port as LTC Encoder input<br>output, or ANC Data Extractor / Audio (SMPTE 337) non-PCM inp<br>or output.  |
| Rx/Tx Status Display     RX Status     No data received     TX Status     15.0 Kbit/s  | Shows either no data received/sent, or where transfer is present show data rate (in kbit/sec).   |
| • Insertion Mode Control Insertion Mode Insert Any Data Received Insert Any Data Received Fixed Length Packet Break-Defined Packet Insertion Fixed Packet Size 64  | <ul> <li>Where data is being inserted (received), sets the insertion as follows:</li> <li>Insert Any Data Received: Insert all received data with no regar for packet size.</li> <li>Fixed Length Packet: Sets receive to wait and accumulate <i>n</i>-number of packet bytes (as set using Insertion Fixed Packet Size control) before inserting data.</li> <li>Break-Defined Packet: Card receiver looks for character-defined break from source being received to define breaks.</li> </ul>   |
| Insertion Flow Control      Insertion Flow Control      No Flow Control      XON/XOFF      Hold Break  | <ul> <li>Allows communication between card receive and sending source to regulate data receive as follows:</li> <li>No Flow Control: Data is received without buffering or checking see if data is being received faster than it can be inserted.</li> <li>XON / XOFF: The card UART Tx will tell the sending source whether it can or cannot accept data at current bit rate.</li> <li>Hold Break: Card, if close to not being able to accept new data, tells the sending source to hold, and releases this hold when the card is again able to accept new data.</li> </ul> |

9922-2FS PRODUCT MANUAL

| COM Routing<br>COM 1 Setup COM 2 Setup   | (continued)  |
|--|--|
| • Insertion Sync Byte Control Insertion Sync Byte Disabled Disabled Field Number at SOF Ack on Insertion | <ul> <li>Allows use of a sync byte from card receiver back to sending source to synchronize communication between card receive and sending source as follows:</li> <li>Disabled: No special synchronization.</li> <li>Field Number at SOF: The card sends a single byte telling sending source when start of field 1 or field 2 is occurring.</li> <li>Ack on Insertion: Card sends a single byte back to sending source when data has been inserted.</li> </ul>   |
| Extraction Mode Control      Extraction Mode     Payload Only     Payload Only     Full Anc Data Packet  | <ul> <li>Where data is being extracted from input video, sets the data to be sent as follows:</li> <li>Payload Only: Sends payload only (for example, for closed captioning this would be only the ASCII character string representing the CC content).</li> <li>Full Anc Data Packet: Sends the entire packet, including payload, DID, SDID, and any handling or marking characters.</li> </ul>   |
| • Extraction Flow Control  | <ul> <li>Allows communication between card transmit and receiving destinations to regulate data receive as follows:</li> <li>No Flow Control: Data is transmitted without buffering or checking to see if data is being transmitted faster than it can be received.</li> <li>XON / XOFF: The card UART Rx will acknowledge from the receiving system whether it can or cannot accept data at current bit rate.</li> <li>Hold Break: Card, if receiving notification from the receiving system that it is close to not being able to accept new data, tells the card to hold. Card releases this hold when the receiving system removes the break command, indicating destination is now ready again to accept new data.</li> </ul> |
| • Bit Rate/ Parity Gen Control<br>Bit Rate 115200 V<br>Parity Disabled V<br>Disabled<br>Odd<br>Even      | <ul> <li>For both Rx and Tx, sets UART for bit rate and parity as follows:</li> <li>Bit Rate: Sets Tx/Rx bit rate from 1 of 5 speeds ranging from 9600 to 230400 Baud.</li> <li>Parity: Sets card Rx to expect odd or even parity from incoming data, and sets card Tx to generate a parity bit to satisfy selected parity. Where parity is set, incoming data not conforming to parity selection is rejected.</li> </ul>  |



# Presets

Preset Enter/Save/Delete

Protected

New Preset Name

Save

Presets Controls

Create New Preset:

Save/Delete

Protected state -

changes locked out

Allows user control settings to be saved in a Preset and then loaded (recalled) as desired, and provides a one-button restore of factory default settings.

### Preset Layer Select

3

Allows selecting a functional layer (or "area of concern") that the preset is concerned with. Limiting presets to a layer or area of concern allows for highly specific presets, and masks changing card settings in areas outside of the layer or area of concern.

Default All setting will "look" at all card settings and save all settings to the defined preset with no masking.

| All      | In Audio Routing | Input Video | Video Proc | Framesync |
|----------|------------------|-------------|------------|-----------|
| Layers 🔽 |                  |             |            |           |
| All      | In Audio Routing | Input Video | Video Proc | Framesync |
|          |                  |             |            |           |
|          |                  |             |            |           |

Protect

IRD Rov122

Save

Ready (open) state -

changes can be applied

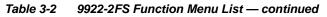
Selecting a layer (in the example, "In Audio Routing") will set the preset to only "look at" and touch" audio routing settings and save these ettings under the preset. When the preset is loaded recalled), the card will only "touch" the audio routing aver.

Example: Since EAS audio routing can be considered independent of video proc settings, if normal audio routing was set up with a particular

video proc setting in effect, and at a later time EAS audio routing is desired to be saved and invoked as a preset, selecting In Audio Routing here tells the preset save and load to not concern itself with video proc settings. In this manner, any video proc settings in effect when the EAS preset is invoked will not affect any video proc settings that might be currently in effect.

### Locks and unlocks editing of presets to prevent accidental overwrite as follows:

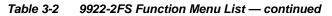
- Protect (ready): This state awaits Protected and allows preset Save/ Delete button to save or delete current card settings to the selected preset. Use this setting when writing or editing a preset.
- Protected: Toggle to this setting to lock down all presets from being inadvertently re-saved or deleted. Use this setting when all presets are as intended.
- Create New Preset: Field for entering user-defined name for the preset being saved (in this example, "IRD Rcv122").
- Save: Saves the current card settings under the preset name defined above
- Preset Save/Load Controls Select Preset: drop-down allows a preset saved above to be Load/Delete Existing Preset selected to be loaded or deleted (in this example, custom preset "IRD Rcv122"). Select Preset: IRD Rcv122 Load Selected Preset button allows loading (recalling) the IRD Rov122 selected preset. When this button is pressed, the changes called out in the preset are immediately applied. Local Area 23 • Delete Selected Preset button deletes the currently selected preset. Local Area 23 Load Factory Defaults button allows loading (recalling) the factory default preset. When this button is pressed, the Load Selected Preset changes called out in the preset are immediately applied. Note: Load Factory Defaults functions with no masking. The **Delete Selected Preset** Preset Layer Select controls have no effect on this control and will reset **all** layers to factory default. Load Factory Defaults Load Download Presets saving the preset files to a folder on the connected computer. **Download Presets** StoredPresets.bin Save

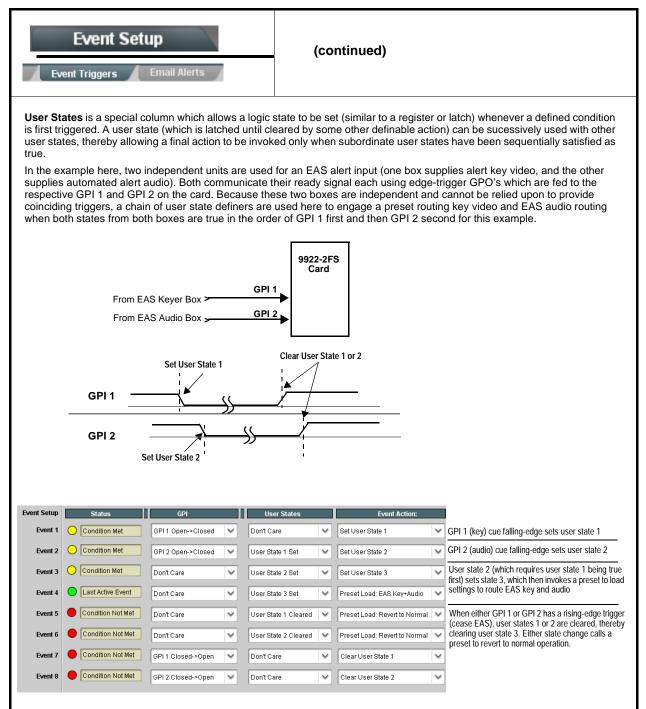


| Presets   | (continued)   |  |
|---|---|--|
| Download (save) card presets to a<br>network computer by clicking<br>Download Presets – Save at the<br>bottom of the Presets page.  | Upload (open) card presets from a network<br>computer by clicking Upload<br>at the bottom of<br>DashBoard.  |  |
| Browse to a desired save location (in this example, <i>My Documents\Cobalt Presets</i> ).<br>The file can then be renamed if desired ( <i>RCVR21 Presets</i> ) in this example) before committing the save. | <ul> <li>Browse to the location where the file was saved on the computer or drive (in this example, <i>My Documents\Cobalt Presets</i>).</li> <li>Select the desired file and click <b>Open</b> to load the file to the card.</li> <li>Note: • Preset transfer between card download and file upload is on a <b>group</b> basis (i.e., individual presets cannot be downloaded or uploaded separately).</li> <li>• After uploading a presets file, engagement of a desired preset is only assured by selecting and loading a desired preset as described on the previous page.</li> </ul> |  |
| GPO Setup   | Provides controls for setting up the two GPO's power-up states as well as forced manual or event action triggered.  |  |
| Note: This tab has identical independent controls   | for GPO 1 and 2. Therefore, only the GPO 1 controls are described here.   |  |
| GPO1 Current State Closed   | • Current State indicates GPO status regardless of any pre-setup.   |  |
| GPO1 Power-on State Open V<br>Open<br>Closed  | • <b>Power-on State</b> allows the power-up GPO state to be set (initialized) upon power-up   |  |
| GP01 Control Mode Follow Event Actions<br>Follow Event Actions<br>Force Open<br>Force Closed  | <ul> <li>Control Mode allows GPO manual asserted open or closed states<br/>or hands over control to Event Action triggering.</li> </ul>   |  |

| Event Trig                   | vent based preset loading is not passi<br>rocessing changes if not properly used   | Provides event-based loading allowing a defined action<br>to be automatically engaged upon various received<br>signal status. Actions can be "canned" control<br>commands or user-defined by going to a user preset.                                    |
|------------------------------|--|---|
| • B<br>ne                    |  | n apply card control changes by invoking presets, loading conditions cannot be<br>sed loading settings performed here cannot be saved to presets, although the<br>cles).  |
| event(s). For various areas  | each screened criteria, categories can<br>of concern.                              | teria, and in turn provide an Event Action "go to" in response to the detected<br>be set as "Don't Care" or set to specific criteria to broaden or concentrate on   |
|                              | Based Loading button serves as a ma  |   |
|                              |  | "canned" (hard-coded) selections (such as GPO triggers or routing changes),<br>nail Alerts (p. 3-65) for setting up e-mail alerts).   |
| to 32 separa                 | te events can be defined. In addition to<br>cted on the Alarms page (see Alarms \$ | screen for any or several Definer criteria as shown in the example below. Up o events screened for and triggered here, each Event can be set to trigger from Setup Controls (p. 3-69)). <b>Engage Mode</b> (True/False) allows triggering on an         |
| screening is<br>action taken | enabled, lower-priority events are serv  | aving the highest priority, descending down to Event 32. Where multiple event<br>viced first, with the highest-priority event being the final event serviced and last<br>nt History (see below). This helps ensure that a lower-priority event does not |
|                              |  | vation status of each Event. Green indicator means event is currently engaged.  |
|                              | ns in the DashBoard Event Setup table<br>ears only with option <b>+QC</b> ).       | e are present only when certain options are installed (for example, Video Quality   |
|                              |  |   |
|                              | Event Definers   |   |
|                              |  | set up for any of the condition types in these columns. Unless set to Don't will need to be true in order for the Event to be considered active   |
|                              | \  |   |
|                              | Status Acquired Video Format GPI   | Video Quality Audio Events ANC Data User States Event Action:   |
| Event 1 🔵 Last               | Active Event Don't Care Don't Care   | V Input A Event Engaged V Dont Care V Dont Care V go to B V   |
| Event 2 🔴 Con                | dition Not Met Don't Care 🛛 🖌 Don't Care   | V Input A Event Disengaged V Dont Care V Dont Care V Dont Care V normal path A V  |
| •                            |  |   |
| Event 32 Con                 | dition Not Met Don't Care Don't Care   | V Dont Care V Dont Care V Dont Care V Dont Care V   |
| Note: Event                  | criteria settings in any row comprise ar   | AND function. Where multiple criteria are selected, a true (trigger) condition  |
| is not p                     | propagated unless all specified criteria   | are true. To independently screen for multiple criteria, rows should be set up<br>vent row. Examples of this are shown on the following pages.  |
| Event History                | Time Event Number  | Event Action The Event History log shows any triggered  |
|                              | 19:22:39 02/05/15 2  | GPO 1 Close events in groups of five most recent events (newest at the top).  |
|                              | 19:22:39 02/05/15 4  | GP0 2 Close In the example here, log shows Event 2 as the   |
|                              | 19:22:17 02/05/15 2  | GPO 1 Close most recent event, and its user-selected action of GPO 1 Close.   |
|                              | 19:22:17 02/05/15 4  | OF 0 1 close           Pressing the Force Event Refresh button  |
|                              |  | updates the list.   |
| Card Time                    | 19:25:43 02/05/15  |   |
|                              | Force Event Refresh  |   |
|                              |  |   |

| separate Event rows for Video<br>ndependently detected and a<br>different actions can be taken<br>In this example, frozen video o<br>to burn a "no CC" message or  | o Quality set to "Input A<br>f "go to B" can be invo<br>original source, an eve<br>e an event action retu<br>Video Quality<br>Input A Event Engaged<br>Input A Event Disengage<br>o Quality and ANC Dat<br>cted upon with user ac<br>as selected).<br>calls a preset using an<br>o the raster. Both Even | A Event Eng<br>oked (which<br>ent could be<br>rrning routing<br>v Dont C<br>ed Dont C<br>ctively set fo<br>ta (closed-ca<br>ctions tailore<br>input video<br>hts 1 and 3 h<br>ormal path /  | Audio Events Audio Events Are Frozen video an aptioning absen d to the event ( routing change ave correspond ''). Audio Events Fre | a black or frozer<br>is a user prese<br>deo Quality here<br>video source (<br>Don't Care<br>Don't Care<br>Don't Care<br>nd closed capti<br>nce) screening a<br>(when either of<br>a, while loss of a<br>ding go-to action | n video detecte<br>t that changes<br>e looking for "li<br>in this example<br>oning absence<br>allows these co<br>the conditions<br>closed captioni | ed). Using the<br>card routing<br>nput A Event<br>e, user prese<br><u>event Action</u><br>go to B<br>normal path A<br>e detection. Us<br>onditions to b<br>are detected<br>ing calls a pre | Events to us |
|--|--|---|--|---|--|--|--|
| Video Quality Events<br>Event Status Frozen video det<br>Event Type Black or Frozen<br>Input A Input B<br>In the example here, Event 1 as<br>separate Event rows for Video<br>independently detected and ar<br>different actions can be taken<br>In this example, frozen video of<br>to burn a "no CC" message or<br>when the event ceases (in this<br>Event 1<br>Event 2<br>Condition Not Met<br>Event 3<br>Condition Met | Input A Event Engaged<br>Input A Event Disengage<br>of Quality and ANC Dat<br>cted upon with user ac<br>as selected).<br>calls a preset using an<br>the raster. Both Ever<br>s example, a preset "n<br><u>Video Quality</u><br>Input A Event Engaged   | Dont C      D | are frozen video an uptioning absend to the event (<br>routing change ave correspond<br>"").<br>Audio Events                       | Don't Care<br>Don't Care<br>nd closed captince) screening a<br>(when either of<br>a, while loss of a<br>ding go-to action<br>ANC Data   | oning absence<br>allows these co<br>the conditions<br>closed captioni<br>ons to resume i   | go to B<br>normal path A<br>e detection. Us<br>onditions to b<br>s are detected<br>ing calls a pre<br>normal opera   | lsing<br>be<br>d,<br>eset  |
| Input A Input B<br>In the example here, <b>Event 1</b> as separate Event rows for Video independently detected and ar different actions can be taken In this example, frozen video of to burn a "no CC" message or when the event ceases (in this <b>Status</b><br><b>Event 1 Status</b><br><b>Event 2 Condition Not Met</b><br><b>Event 3 Condition Met</b>   | Input A Event Engaged<br>Input A Event Disengage<br>of Quality and ANC Dat<br>cted upon with user ac<br>as selected).<br>calls a preset using an<br>the raster. Both Ever<br>s example, a preset "n<br><u>Video Quality</u><br>Input A Event Engaged   | Dont C      D | are frozen video an uptioning absend to the event (<br>routing change ave correspond<br>"").<br>Audio Events                       | Don't Care<br>Don't Care<br>nd closed captince) screening a<br>(when either of<br>a, while loss of a<br>ding go-to action<br>ANC Data   | oning absence<br>allows these co<br>the conditions<br>closed captioni<br>ons to resume i   | go to B<br>normal path A<br>e detection. Us<br>onditions to b<br>s are detected<br>ing calls a pre<br>normal opera   | lsing<br>be<br>d,<br>eset  |
| Input A Input B<br>In the example here, <b>Event 1</b> as separate Event rows for Video independently detected and ar different actions can be taken In this example, frozen video of to burn a "no CC" message or when the event ceases (in this <b>Status</b><br><b>Event 1 Status</b><br><b>Event 2 Condition Not Met</b><br><b>Event 3 Condition Met</b>   | Input A Event Disengage<br>and <b>Event 3</b> are respect<br>to Quality and ANC Data<br>to ted upon with user act<br>as selected).<br>calls a preset using an<br>the raster. Both Event<br>s example, a preset "n<br><u>Video Quality</u><br>Input A Event Engaged                                       | Don't C<br>ctively set fo<br>ta (closed-c:<br>ctions tailore<br>input video<br>hts 1 and 3 h<br>ormal path <i>i</i><br>Don't Ca   | are<br>frozen video ar<br>ptioning absen<br>d to the event (<br>routing change<br>ave correspond<br>").<br>Audio Events            | Don't Care<br>nd closed captince) screening a<br>(when either of<br>e, while loss of e<br>ding go-to action<br>ANC Data   | oning absence<br>allows these co<br>the conditions<br>closed captioni<br>ons to resume i   | normal path A<br>e detection. Us<br>onditions to b<br>s are detected<br>ing calls a pre<br>normal opera  | be<br>d,<br>reset<br>ation   |
| In the example here, <b>Event 1</b> as separate Event rows for Video independently detected and ad different actions can be taken. In this example, frozen video of to burn a "no CC" message or when the event ceases (in this <b>Status</b><br><b>Event 1 Status</b><br><b>Event 2 Condition Not Met</b><br><b>Event 3 Condition Met</b>   | and <b>Event 3</b> are respect<br>o Quality and ANC Dat<br>cted upon with user ac<br>as selected).<br>calls a preset using an<br>the raster. Both Ever<br>s example, a preset "n<br><u>Video Quality</u><br>Input A Event Engaged  | ctively set fo<br>ta (closed-c:<br>ctions tailore<br>input video<br>nts 1 and 3 h<br>ormal path <i>i</i>  | frozen video an<br>ptioning absen<br>d to the event (<br>routing change<br>ave correspond<br>").<br>Audio Events<br>re             | nd closed capti<br>nce) screening a<br>(when either of<br>e, while loss of e<br>ding go-to action<br>ANC Data   | allows these or<br>the conditions<br>closed captionions to resume i  | e detection. Us<br>onditions to b<br>are detected<br>ing calls a pre<br>normal opera   | be<br>d,<br>reset<br>ation   |
| In the example here, <b>Event 1</b> as separate Event rows for Video independently detected and an different actions can be taken. In this example, frozen video of to burn a "no CC" message on when the event ceases (in this <b>Status</b><br><b>Event 1 Status</b><br><b>Event 2 Condition Not Met</b>   | o Quality and ANC Dat<br>cted upon with user ac<br>as selected).<br>calls a preset using an<br>the raster. Both Ever<br>s example, a preset "n<br><u>Video Quality</u><br>Input A Event Engaged  | ta (closed-ca<br>ctions tailore<br>input video<br>nts 1 and 3 h<br>ormal path /   | ptioning absen<br>d to the event (<br>routing change<br>ave correspond<br>").<br>Audio Events                                      | nce) screening a<br>(when either of<br>e, while loss of d<br>ding go-to action<br>ANC Data  | allows these or<br>the conditions<br>closed captionions to resume i  | onditions to b<br>are detected<br>ing calls a pre<br>normal opera  | be<br>d,<br>reset<br>ation   |
| Event 2 Condition Not Met Event 3 Condition Met  |  |   |  | Dontoale  | *  | 30.00  |  |
|  |  |   | re 🗸 🗸   | Don't Care  | ~  | normal path A  | ~  |
| Event 4 Condition Not Met  | Don't Care   | ► Don't Ca  |  |   | bsence Event 🗸 🗸   | no-cc-msg  | ~  |
|  | Don't Care   | Don't Ca  | re 🗸   | Closed Caption P  | Presence Event 🗸   | normal path A  | ~  |
| <ul> <li>triggering event in ord</li> <li>If a desired user present at the bottom of the p</li> <li>Loss of true condition defined and then occurs</li> <li>Time required to engate a preset that invokes change.)</li> <li>Make certain all defined</li> </ul>  | et does not appear ir<br>age to update the lis<br>s does not disengag<br>ur to transition from o<br>age an event-based t<br>a video change will t  | n the Event<br>t in the dro<br>e an event-<br>one event-b<br>rigger depe<br>take longer   | b-down.<br>based triggerir<br>ased trigger to<br>nds upon com<br>to engage that  | ng. A new set<br>o another.<br>aplexity of the<br>n a preset inve   | of true conditi<br>called preset.<br>olving only an  | ions must be<br>(For examp<br>audio routir   | e<br>ole,<br>ng  |
| Event 1 thru Event 32<br>particular event occur<br>525i5994 stream, mak<br>of the Event 1 thru Ev<br>• Event Actions defined<br>or the removal or "ove   | Prows. This makes c<br>rs. For example, if the<br>certain both of the<br>vent 32 condition defi<br>using user presets m  | ertain that t<br>e card is ex<br>se conditior<br>inition rows<br>nust be use  | he card will alv<br>pected to "see<br>s are defined (<br>d with care to p  | ways have a d<br>e" a 720p5994<br>(with your desi   | defined "go-to'<br>stream or as<br>ired go-to pres   | " action if a<br>an alternate<br>sets) in any t<br>d cause loopi   | e, a<br>two  |
| <ul> <li>should be used such should be set to only</li> <li>Where multiple event higher priority than leasence). Also, this p</li> </ul>   | that only required as<br>touch the character l<br>screening is set up,<br>sser events (as show   | pects are to<br>burner laye<br>the event y<br>vn in the ex  | buched (for the<br>to invoke a cl<br>ou consider to<br>ample above v   | e example abo<br>haracter burn)<br>be the highes<br>where Video Q   | ove, the prese<br>).<br>St priority shou<br>Quality screeni  | t "no-cc-msg<br>uld be set as<br>ing trumps C  | s<br>CC  |

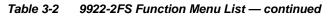




| Event S                                      |                                 | Provides three general-purpose timers that can be triggered to start, pause, reset, or stop upon event actions. The state of each timer, in turn, can also be used to invoke other actions.                  |
|--|---------------------------------|--|
| Reset Value (seconds)                        | Reset/Star<br>automated         | ers 1 thru 3 (Timer 1 shown) can be set with count-down values. The Pause/<br>t control here are manual controls. The timers are typically used with<br>cues to start and stop the timer(s), as shown below. |
| Event Setup<br>Event 1 GP<br>Event 2 GP      | GPI                             | er 1 Timeout v Logo Disable  |
| Event S                                      |                                 | Provides setup for automated Email alerts when an event has occurred.  |
| shown in the exar<br><b>Note:</b> Frame host | nple below.                     | sub-tab, an Email alert can be sent as a response. Set up email fields as  |
| Last Event:                                  | Frozen video detected           | When fields are filled-in to specify recipient and sender, and<br>email alert is selected for Event Action on Event Triggers   |
| To:  | joe.doe@xyzmedia.com            | sub-tab page, recipeient receives an email alert upon event,<br>with the triggering event shown (in this example, "frozen  |
| From:  | 9902slot8frame1A21@xyzmedia.cor |  |
| SMTP User:                                   | frame1A21                       |  |
| SMTP Password:                               | •••••                           |  |
| SMTP Server:                                 | smtp.gmail.com                  |  |
| SMTP Port:                                   | 25                              | ~  |

| Admin   | Provides a global card operating status and allows a log download for factory engineering support. Also provides controls for selecting and loading card firmware upgrade files, and for setting the card comm IP address.   |
|---|--|
| Card DashBoard Name Control                               | Allows card name In DashBoard to be changed as desired. Click return to engage change.   |
| Display Name  | <ul> <li>Append to Product Name appends (or adds to) existing OEM<br/>name (for example, "9922-2FS Processing 1A").</li> </ul>   |
| Display Name Mode Append to Product Name                  | <ul> <li>Replace Product Name completely replaces the OEM name OEM<br/>name (for example, "Processing 1A").</li> </ul>   |
| Append to Product Name<br>Replace Product Name            | <b>Note:</b> DashBoard instance(s) may have to be refreshed before name change appears.  |
| Log Status and Download Controls                          | Log Status indicates overall card internal operating status.   |
| Log Status Card OK Download Log File 9902-UDX.tar.gz Save | <ul> <li>Download Log File allows a card operational log file to be saved to<br/>a host computer. This log file can be useful in case of a card error or<br/>in the case of an operational error or condition. The file can be<br/>submitted to Cobalt engineering for further analysis.</li> </ul>  |
| Delete Log File Confirm                                   | <ul> <li>Delete Log File deletes the currently displayed log file. A second<br/>confirmation dialog is displayed to back out of the delete if desired.</li> </ul>  |
|   | <ul> <li>Thermal Shutdown enable/disable allows the built-in thermal<br/>failover to be defeated. (Thermal shutdown is enabled by default).</li> </ul>   |
| Thermal Shutdown Disable                                  | CAUTION  |
|   | The 9922-2FS FPGA is designed for a normal-range operating temperature around 85° C core temperature. Operation in severe conditions exceeding this limit for non-sustained usage are within device operating safe parameters, and can be allowed by setting this control to Disable. However, the disable (override) setting should be avoided under normal conditions to ensure maximum card protection. |

| Admin  | (continued)  |  |
|--|--|--|
| Firmware Upgrade Controls  | Firmware upgrade controls allow a selected firmware version (where multiple versions can be uploaded to the card internal memory) to invoke an upgrade to a selected version either instantly, or set to install on the next card reboot (thereby allowing card upgrade downtime to be controlled at a scheduled point in time). |  |
| <b>Note:</b> The page/tab here allows managing multiple firmware versions saved on the card. New upgrade firmware from our web site can always be directly uploaded to the card without using this page. Instructions for firmware downloading to your computer and uploading to the card can be found at the <b>Support&gt;Firmware Downloads</b> link at www.cobaltdigital.com.  |  |  |
| <ol> <li>Access a firmware upgrade file from a network cor<br/>bottom of DashBoard.</li> </ol>   | nputer by clicking <b>Upload</b> at the Refresh Upload Reboot  |  |
| 2. Browse to the location of the firmware upgrade file (in this example, <i>My Documents\v1.0.0019.bin</i> ).  |  |  |
| 3. Select the desired file and click <b>Open</b> to upload the   | e file to the card.  |  |
| <ul> <li>Immediate firmware upload. The card default setting of Automatically Reboot After Upgrade checked allow a selected firmware version to be immediately uploaded as follows:</li> <li>Click Firmware To Load and select the desired upgrade file to be loaded (in 199,0010)</li> </ul>  |  |  |
| <ul> <li>this example, "v10.0019").</li> <li>Click Load Selected Firmware. The card now reb firmware is loaded.</li> </ul>   | V0.9.0019  |  |
| <ul> <li>Deferred firmware upload. With Automatically Reboot After Upgrade unchecked, firmware upgrade loading is held off until the card is manually rebooted. This allows scheduling a firmware upgrade downtime event until when it is convenient to experience to downtime (uploads typically take about 60 seconds).</li> <li>Click Firmware To Load and select the desired upgrade file to be loaded (in this example, "v10.0019"). Note now how the display shows "Installs on Next Reboot".</li> </ul> |  |  |
| <ul> <li>2. Click Load Selected Firmware. The card holds directions to proceed with the upload, and performs the upload only when the card is manually rebooted (by pressing the Reboot button).</li> <li>3. To cancel a deferred upload, press Cancel Pending Upgrade. The card reverts to the default settings that allow an immediate upload/upgrade.</li> </ul>  |  |  |
| Card IP Physical Port Select Control   | Allows card dedicated IP interface (as set below) to use frame<br>communications or dedicated rear I/O module Ethernet RJ-45 port.   |  |
| Network Interface Frame<br>Frame<br>Rear I/O   | Note: • Frame net connection allows cards with per-card Ethernet<br>connection to connect with network via a shared frame Ethernet<br>port instead of per-card dedicated Ethernet connectors on the<br>card's rear module. Frame net connection is available only on<br>certain frame models.                                    |  |
|  | <ul> <li>Card slot must be fitted with a rear I/O module equipped with an<br/>Ethernet connector (such as RM20-9922-L) in order to use<br/>Rear I/O selection.</li> </ul>  |  |



| Admin   | (continued)   |
|---|---|
| Card Network Setup Controls     Networking     Card Active IP     10.99.16.100     Addressing Mode     DHCP     DHCP     Static     Static IP Address     10.99.16.100     Static Subnet Mask     255.255.255.0                       | <ul> <li>Note: • The IP address setting here is independent of a frame IP typically used for DashBoard or other frame/card remote control.</li> <li>• The IP address setting here is required if the card Ancillary Data Proc Controls function is to send or receive data via IP. If IP comm with Ancillary Data Proc Controls is not required, setting these fields can be ignored. See Ancillary Data Proc Controls (p. 3-55) for more information.</li> <li>• Addressing Mode allows setting address to static (user) address or via DHCP (where a DHCP server is available for the connection).</li> <li>• Static IP Address, Static Subnet Mask, and Static Default Gateway fields allow setting IP parameters when Static mode is selected.</li> <li>• Card Active IP shows the currently configured IP address (whether static or DHCP).</li> </ul> |
| Static Default Gateway     0.0.0.0      Card Check and Restore Utilities     Memory Test     FPGA Memory Test     Test  | Memory Test allows all cells of the card FPGA memory to be tested.<br>This control should <b>only</b> be activated under direction of product support. Exercising the memory test is <b>not</b> part of normal card maintenance.  |
| Memory Test Status         Running Memory Test: 8.99%           Memory Test Status         Memory test completed successfully, please reboot the card           Restore From SD Card         Confirm           Please contact support | Restore from SD Card allows card rendered inoperable to be restored using an SD memory card fitted to the card internal SD slot.<br>Product support must be contacted prior to performing this operation. Use of any SD card not supplied by support can corrupt the card.  |
| NTP Clock Setup     Clock Setup     NTP IP (use 0.0.0 for pool NTP)     0.0.0     Local Timezone (NTP Only)     US-Central     NTP Status     Synchronized with NTP   | <ul> <li>Allows device NTP clock IP source and localization. This is the clock/time device will use for logs and other recorded actions.</li> <li>NTP IP sets the IP address where NTP is to be obtained.</li> <li>Local Timezone sets the recorded time to the localized time.</li> <li>NTP Status shows if time is synced with NTP or if an error exists.</li> </ul>  |
| User Log  | Automatically maintains a log of user actions and input lock status.  |
| <b>User Log</b> shows input lock and other user conditions (<br>recent event at top of list).   | Time         Type         Event           22:40:36 12/02/15         Info         SDI Input sdi_in_c Locked to 720p 59.94           22:40:34 12/02/15         Info         SDI Input sdi_in_d Locked to 1080i 59.94           21:17:36 12/02/15         Info         SDI Input sdi_in_b Locked to 1080i 59.94  |
| <b>Clear User Log</b> clears all entries.<br><b>Download Log File</b> opens a browser allowing the log saved on the host machine.   | 21:17:18 12/02/15         [Info]         [Log file cleared]   |

#### Table 3-2 9922-2FS Function Menu List — continued

| Ala   | irms  | for an<br>video<br>Condi<br>Dashl   | des controls for setting up of<br>d propagate input program<br>, audio, and ancillary data<br>tions and alarm status can<br>Board tree-view frame alar   | n video alarms for<br>defect conditions.<br>n be propagated as<br>ms, downloadable .tx                                 |
|---|---|---|--|--|
|   |   | liles a   | nd/or Syslog IP-based ala  | ms.  |
|   |   |   | ion and alarm severity/propagatic<br>scribed and shown below)  | on for input program video   |
| Video Alarm Set   |   | dio Alarm Setup   | Ancillary Data Alarm Setup   | Logging  |
| Video   | Path 1 Au   |   | Path 2 Audio   | Ancillary Data   |
|   |   |   |  |  |
| Video Alarm Setup   |   |   | tting up screening engagement ar   |  |
|   |   |   | on the card's four SDI inputs (ind   | •  |
|   | induit) in the  | default example settings  | shown here, engagement and dis   | sengagement of alarm   |
|   | • •   | curs 3000 msec after eve  | ent detect   |  |
|   | generation oc   | ccurs 3000 msec after even  |  | et initial a stringer 16 haldsteff   |
| ,   | generation of Factory defau   | It holdoff settings shown   | here are recommended for at least  | -  |
| Z   | generation of Factory defau   | It holdoff settings shown<br>oo brief, nuisance alarms  |  | -  |
| Z   | generation of<br>Factory defau<br>periods are to  | It holdoff settings shown<br>oo brief, nuisance alarms<br>Is.   | here are recommended for at lease<br>may be generated during transition  | -  |
| Engago  | Generation oc<br>Factory defau<br>periods are to<br>and interstitia   | It holdoff settings shown<br>oo brief, nuisance alarms<br>Is.<br>Frozen Vide  | here are recommended for at lea<br>may be generated during transition<br>o Detection Setup   | ons to and from programs   |
|   | generation oc<br>Factory defau<br>periods are to<br>and interstitia<br>ent Holdoff (minutes)  | It holdoff settings shown<br>to brief, nuisance alarms<br>Is.<br>Frozen Vide<br>Engagement Holdoff (ms)   | here are recommended for at lease<br>may be generated during transition<br>o Detection Setup<br>Disengagement Holdoff (minutes)  | ons to and from programs<br>Disengagement Holdoff (ms  |
| SDI Input A   | generation of<br>Factory defau<br>periods are to<br>and interstitia<br>ent Holdoff (minutes)  | It holdoff settings shown<br>o brief, nuisance alarms<br>Is.<br>Frozen Vide<br>Engagement Holdoff (ms)<br>3000  | here are recommended for at lea<br>may be generated during transition<br>o Detection Setup<br>Disengagement Holdoff (minutes)<br>0 💭   | Disengagement Holdoff (ms<br>3000  |
| SDI Input A   | generation oc<br>Factory defau<br>periods are to<br>and interstitia<br>ent Holdoff (minutes)<br>0 0   | It holdoff settings shown<br>to brief, nuisance alarms<br>Is.<br>Frozen Vide<br>Engagement Holdoff (ms)<br>3000<br>3000   | here are recommended for at lea<br>may be generated during transition<br>o Detection Setup<br>Disengagement Holdoff (minutes)<br>0<br>0  | Disengagement Holdoff (ms<br>3000<br>3000  |
| SDI Input A<br>SDI Input B<br>SDI Input C   | generation oc<br>Factory defau<br>periods are to<br>and interstitia<br>ent Holdoff (minutes)<br>0<br>0<br>0   | It holdoff settings shown<br>o brief, nuisance alarms<br>ls.<br>Frozen Vide<br>Engagement Holdoff (ms)<br>3000<br>3000<br>3000  | here are recommended for at lea<br>may be generated during transition<br>o Detection Setup<br>Disengagement Holdoff (minutes)<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0  | Disengagement Holdoff (ms<br>3000<br>3000<br>3000  |
| SDI Input A   | generation oc<br>Factory defau<br>periods are to<br>and interstitia<br>ent Holdoff (minutes)  | It holdoff settings shown<br>o brief, nuisance alarms<br>ls.<br>Frozen Vide<br>Engagement Holdoff (ms)<br>3000<br>3000<br>3000<br>3000  | here are recommended for at lease<br>may be generated during transition<br>o Detection Setup<br>Disengagement Holdoff (minutes)  | Disengagement Holdoff (ms<br>3000<br>3000  |
| SDI Input A<br>SDI Input B<br>SDI Input C<br>SDI Input D  | generation oc<br>Factory defau<br>periods are to<br>and interstitia<br>ent Holdoff (minutes)<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0 | It holdoff settings shown<br>oo brief, nuisance alarms<br>Is.<br>Frozen Vide<br>Engagement Holdoff (ms)<br>3000<br>3000<br>3000<br>Black Vide   | here are recommended for at lear<br>may be generated during transition<br>o Detection Setup<br>Disengagement Holdoff (minutes)<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0                                     | Disengagement Holdoff (ms<br>3000<br>3000<br>3000<br>3000  |
| SDI Input A<br>SDI Input B<br>SDI Input C<br>SDI Input D<br>Engagem   | generation oc<br>Factory defau<br>periods are to<br>and interstitia<br>ent Holdoff (minutes)<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0 | It holdoff settings shown<br>o brief, nuisance alarms<br>ls.<br>Frozen Vide<br>Engagement Holdoff (ms)<br>3000<br>3000<br>3000<br>Black Vide<br>Engagement Holdoff (ms)                 | here are recommended for at lea<br>may be generated during transition<br>o Detection Setup<br>Disengagement Holdoff (minutes)<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0   | Disengagement Holdoff (ms<br>3000<br>3000<br>3000<br>3000<br>3000<br>3000  |
| SDI Input A<br>SDI Input B<br>SDI Input C<br>SDI Input D<br>Engagem<br>SDI Input A                                | generation oc<br>Factory defau<br>periods are to<br>and interstitia<br>ent Holdoff (minutes)<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0 | It holdoff settings shown<br>o brief, nuisance alarms<br>ls.<br>Frozen Vide<br>Engagement Holdoff (ms)<br>3000<br>3000<br>3000<br>Black Vide<br>Engagement Holdoff (ms)<br>3000         | here are recommended for at lease<br>may be generated during transition<br>o Detection Setup<br>Disengagement Holdoff (minutes)<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0 | Disengagement Holdoff (ms<br>3000<br>3000<br>3000<br>3000<br>3000<br>3000<br>3000                                      |
| SDI Input A<br>SDI Input B<br>SDI Input C<br>SDI Input D<br>Engagem<br>SDI Input A<br>SDI Input B                 | generation oc<br>Factory defau<br>periods are to<br>and interstitia<br>ent Holdoff (minutes)<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0 | It holdoff settings shown<br>o brief, nuisance alarms<br>ls.<br>Frozen Vide<br>Engagement Holdoff (ms)<br>3000<br>3000<br>Black Vide<br>Engagement Holdoff (ms)<br>3000<br>3000         | here are recommended for at lear<br>may be generated during transition<br>o Detection Setup<br>Disengagement Holdoff (minutes)<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0  | Disengagement Holdoff (ms<br>3000<br>3000<br>3000<br>3000<br>3000<br>Disengagement Holdoff (ms<br>3000<br>3000         |
| SDI Input A<br>SDI Input B<br>SDI Input C<br>SDI Input D<br>Engageme<br>SDI Input A<br>SDI Input B<br>SDI Input C | generation oc<br>Factory defau<br>periods are to<br>and interstitia<br>ent Holdoff (minutes)<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0 | It holdoff settings shown<br>o brief, nuisance alarms<br>ls.<br>Frozen Vide<br>Engagement Holdoff (ms)<br>3000<br>3000<br>Black Vide<br>Engagement Holdoff (ms)<br>3000<br>3000<br>3000 | here are recommended for at lease<br>may be generated during transition<br>o Detection Setup<br>Disengagement Holdoff (minutes)<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0 | Disengagement Holdoff (ms<br>3000<br>3000<br>3000<br>3000<br>Disengagement Holdoff (ms<br>3000<br>3000<br>3000<br>3000 |
| SDI Input A<br>SDI Input B<br>SDI Input C<br>SDI Input D<br>Engagem<br>SDI Input A<br>SDI Input B                 | generation oc<br>Factory defau<br>periods are to<br>and interstitia<br>ent Holdoff (minutes)<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0 | It holdoff settings shown<br>o brief, nuisance alarms<br>ls.<br>Frozen Vide<br>Engagement Holdoff (ms)<br>3000<br>3000<br>Black Vide<br>Engagement Holdoff (ms)<br>3000<br>3000         | here are recommended for at lear<br>may be generated during transition<br>o Detection Setup<br>Disengagement Holdoff (minutes)<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0  | Disengagement Holdoff (ms<br>3000<br>3000<br>3000<br>3000<br>Disengagement Holdoff (ms<br>3000<br>3000                 |
| SDI Input A<br>SDI Input B<br>SDI Input C<br>SDI Input D<br>Engageme<br>SDI Input A<br>SDI Input B<br>SDI Input C | generation oc<br>Factory defau<br>periods are to<br>and interstitia<br>ent Holdoff (minutes)<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0 | It holdoff settings shown<br>o brief, nuisance alarms<br>ls.<br>Frozen Vide<br>Engagement Holdoff (ms)<br>3000<br>3000<br>Black Vide<br>Engagement Holdoff (ms)<br>3000<br>3000<br>3000 | here are recommended for at lease<br>may be generated during transition<br>o Detection Setup<br>Disengagement Holdoff (minutes)<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0<br>0 | Disengagement Holdoff (ms<br>3000<br>3000<br>3000<br>3000<br>Disengagement Holdoff (ms<br>3000<br>3000<br>3000<br>3000 |

udio Failover Threshold (dBFS) -60 Trigger Holdoff (minutes) 0 Trigger Holdoff (ms) 5000 Release Holdoff (minutes) 0 Release Holdoff (ms) 0 the card's embedded audio input channels.

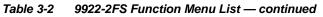
- Levels above the Failover Threshold are considered normal.
- Levels below the Failover Threshold (and exceeding the holdoff) are considered below normal.
- Note: Audio channels screened are from the card SDI that is selected for the program video/audio path (for example, if SDI A is selected as the input source on the Input Video tab, the 16 embedded channels comprising this video/audio input are screened).



 $\hat{\mathbf{v}}$ 

Ŷ

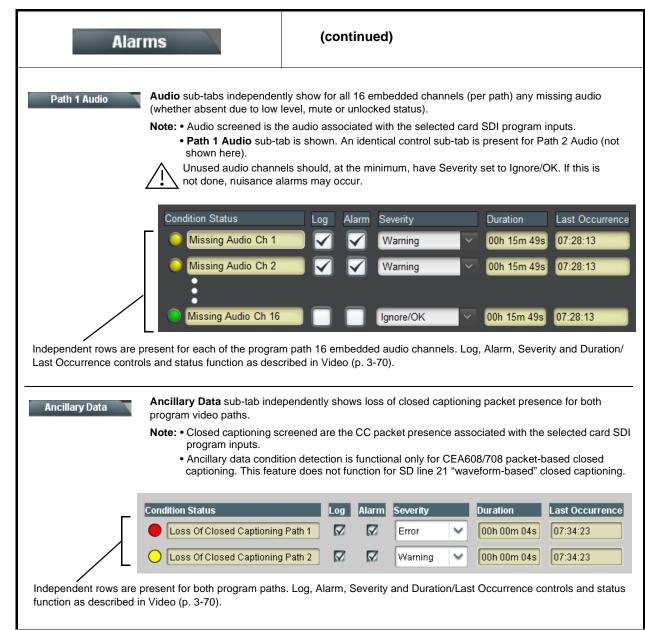
Factory default holdoff and threshold settings shown here are recommended for at least initial settings. If holdoff periods are too brief (or threshold set too high), nuisance alarms may be generated during transitions to and from programs and interstitials, as well as during certain content.

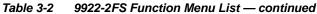


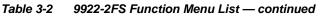
| Alarms   | (continued)   |
|--|---|
| disengageme<br>Note: • Video<br>• Ancilli<br>closed  | ta Alarm Setup sub-tab allows setting up screening engagement and<br>ent holdoff for absence of closed captioning packets.<br>o screened is the card SDI that is selected for the program video/audio path.<br>ary data condition detection is functional only for CEA608/708 packet-based<br>d captioning. This feature does not function for SD line 21 "waveform-based"<br>d captioning.   |
| Closed Captioning Presence Trigger Holdoff (secon<br>Closed Captioning Absence Trigger Holdoff (second   | nds) 0 10 20 30 0   |
|  | State/DashBoard frame-based tree-view pane<br>"LED") or <b>Error</b> (red "LED")<br>wws for all four SDI inputs any LOS (loss of signal), frozen, or black conditions   |
| Condition/Status has LOS, Frozen, and<br>Black status fields for all 4 SDI inputs.<br>Illuminated "LED" indicates that condition is<br>presently occurring. Color of LED is<br>determined by user set Severity level | thru SDI IN D inputs.<br>og (when checked) propagates the alarm to a log file.<br>Jarm (when checked) propagates the alarm to the Card State and<br>ame-level DashBoard tree-view "LEDs".<br>everity selects from Ignore/OK (green "LED"), Warning (yellow "LED"), and<br>rror (red "LED") alarm escalation states.<br>uration and Last Occurence shows details for each triggered alarm event.   |
| Condition Status Log Coss Of Signal SDI Input A  | Alarm   Severity   Duration   Last Occurrence     Image: Constraint of the second |
| <ul> <li>Frozen Video SDI Input A</li> <li>Black Video SDI Input A</li> </ul>  | Warning       00h 00m 16s       07:23:57         Warning       Never Triggered       Never Triggered  |
| <ul> <li>Loss Of Reference</li> <li>Note: The Log, Alarm, Severity, and Duration/<br/>identically as described here.</li> </ul>  | /Last Occurrence columns appear on the other alarm sub-tabs and function  |

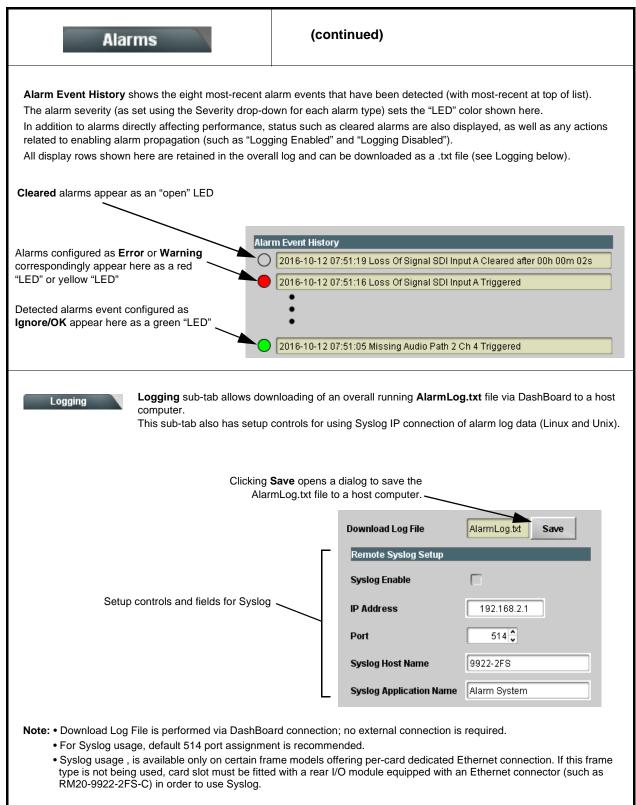
I

3-70









# Troubleshooting

This section provides general troubleshooting information and specific symptom/corrective action for the 9922-2FS card and its remote control interface. The 9922-2FS card requires no periodic maintenance in its normal operation; if any error indication (as described in this section) occurs, use this section to correct the condition.

### Error and Failure Indicator Overview

The 9922-2FS card itself and its remote control systems all (to varying degrees) provide error and failure indications. Depending on how the 9922-2FS card is being used (i.e, standalone or network controlled through DashBoard<sup>TM</sup> or a Remote Control Panel), check all available indications in the event of an error or failure condition.

The various 9922-2FS card and remote control error and failure indicators are individually described below.

- **Note:** The descriptions below provide general information for the various status and error indicators. For specific failures, also use the appropriate subsection listed below.
  - Basic Troubleshooting Checks (p. 3-77)
  - 9922-2FS Processing Error Troubleshooting (p. 3-78)
  - Troubleshooting Network/Remote Control Errors (p. 3-79)

### 9922-2FS Card Edge Status/Error Indicators and Display

Figure 3-7 shows and describes the 9922-2FS card edge status indicators and display. These indicators and the display show status and error conditions relating to the card itself and remote (network) communications (where applicable). Because these indicators are part of the card itself and require no external interface, the indicators are particularly useful in the event of communications problems with external devices such as network remote control devices.

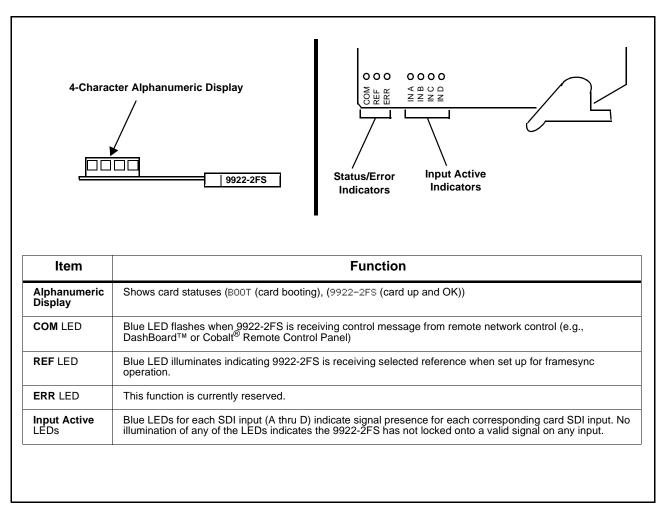


Figure 3-7 9922-2FS Card Edge Status Indicators and Display

## DashBoard<sup>™</sup> Status/Error Indicators and Displays

Figure 3-8 shows and describes the DashBoard<sup>™</sup> status indicators and displays. These indicator icons and displays show status and error conditions relating to the 9922-2FS card itself and remote (network) communications.

| Indicator Icon or Display   | Error Description   |
|---|---|
| Key MFC-8320-N SN: 00108053     Slot 0: MFC-8320-N     Slot 6: 9922-2F5     | Red indicator icon in Card Access/Navigation Tree pane shows card with Error condition (in this example, the Card Access/Navigation Tree pane shows a general error issued by the 9922-2FS card in slot 6).   |
| 9922-2FS<br>Card state: • No connection to device.<br>Connection: • OFFLINE | Specific errors are displayed in the Card Info pane (in this example "No connection to device" indicating 9922-2FS card is not connecting to frame/LAN).  |
| Frame Delay   | If the 9922-2FS card is not connecting to the frame or LAN, all controls are grayed-out (as shown in the example here).   |
| Slot 0: MFC-8320-N SN: 00108053<br>Slot 0: MFC-8320-N<br>Slot 6: 9922-2F5   | Gray indicator icon in Card Access/Navigation Tree pane shows card(s) are not<br>being seen by DashBoard™ due to lack of connection to frame LAN (in this<br>example, both a 9922-2FS card in slot 6 and the MFC-8320-N Network Controller<br>Card for its frame in slot 0 are not being seen). |
|   | Yellow indicator icon in Card Access/Navigation Tree pane shows card with Alert condition (in this example, the Card Access/Navigation Tree pane shows a general alert issued by the MFC-8320-N Network Controller Card).   |
| MFC-8320-N<br>Card state: O Fan Door Open<br>Connection: ONLINE             | Clicking the card slot position in the Card Access/Navigation Tree (in this example Network Controller Card "Slot 0: MFC-8320-N") opens the Card Info pane for the selected card. In this example, a "Fan Door Open" specific error is displayed.   |
| SDI Input C1080i_5994,SDI Input D720p_5994,ReferenceUnlocked                | Yellow indicator icon in 9922-2FS Card Info pane shows error alert, along with cause for alert (in this example, the 9922-2FS is not receiving an enabled framesync source).  |

Figure 3-8 DashBoard<sup>™</sup> Status Indicator Icons and Displays

Access Card Info panes for specific cards by clicking the card slot position in the Card Access/Navigation Tree pane (as shown in the example in Figure 3-9).

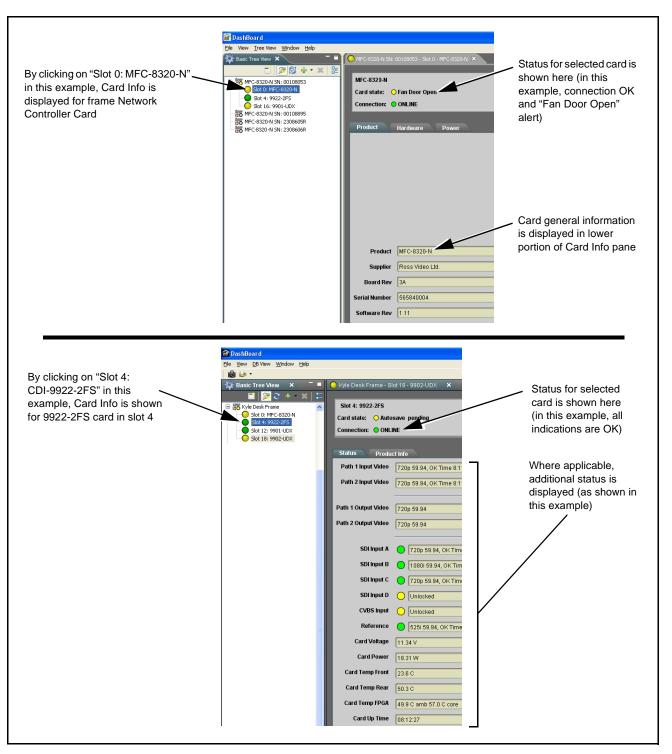


Figure 3-9 Selecting Specific Cards for Card Info Status Display

## **Basic Troubleshooting Checks**

Failures of a general nature (affecting many cards and/or functions simultaneously), or gross inoperability errors are best addressed first by performing basic checks before proceeding further. Table 3-3 provides basic system checks that typically locate the source of most general problems. If required and applicable, perform further troubleshooting in accordance with the other troubleshooting tables in this section.

| Item  | Checks  |
|---|---|
| Verify power presence and characteristics                     | • On both the frame Network Controller Card and the 9922-2FS, in all cases when power is being properly supplied there is always at least one indicator illuminated. Any card showing no illuminated indicators should be cause for concern.  |
|   | <ul> <li>Check the Power Consumed indication for the 9922-2FS card. This can be<br/>observed using the DashBoard<sup>™</sup> Card Info pane.</li> </ul>   |
|   | <ul> <li>If display shows <b>no</b> power being consumed, either the frame power<br/>supply, connections, or the 9922-2FS card itself is defective.</li> </ul>  |
|   | <ul> <li>If display shows excessive power being consumed (see Technical<br/>Specifications (p. 1-15) in Chapter 1, "Introduction"), the 9922-2FS card<br/>may be defective.</li> </ul>  |
| Check Cable connection<br>secureness and connecting<br>points | Make certain all cable connections are fully secure (including coaxial cable attachment to cable ferrules on BNC connectors). Also, make certain all connecting points are as intended. Make certain the selected connecting points correlate to the intended card inputs and/or outputs. Cabling mistakes are especially easy to make when working with large I/O modules. |
| Card seating within slots                                     | Make certain all cards are properly seated within its frame slot. (It is best to assure proper seating by ejecting the card and reseating it again.)  |
| Check status indicators and displays                          | On both DashBoard <sup>™</sup> and the 9922-2FS card edge indicators, red indications signify an error condition. If a status indicator signifies an error, proceed to the following tables in this section for further action.   |
| Troubleshoot by substitution                                  | All cards within the frame can be hot-swapped, replacing a suspect card or module with a known-good item.   |

Table 3-3 Basic Troubleshooting Checks

### 9922-2FS Processing Error Troubleshooting

Table 3-4 provides 9922-2FS processing troubleshooting information. If the 9922-2FS card exhibits any of the symptoms listed in Table 3-4, follow the troubleshooting instructions provided.

In the majority of cases, most errors are caused by simple errors where the 9922-2FS is not appropriately set for the type of signal being received by the card.

- **Note:** The error indications shown below are typical for the corresponding error conditions listed. Other error indications not specified here may also be displayed on DashBoard<sup>™</sup> and/or the 9922-2FS card edge status indicators.
- **Note:** Where errors are displayed on both the 9922-2FS card and network remote controls, the respective indicators and displays are individually described in this section.

| Symptom  | Error/Condition  | Corrective Action   |
|--|--|---|
| <ul> <li>DashBoard<sup>™</sup> shows<br/>Unlocked message in<br/>9922-2FS Card Info pane</li> <li>SDI Input A O Unlocked</li> <li>SDI Input B O Unlocked</li> <li>Card edge Input LED<br/>corresponding to input is not<br/>illuminated</li> </ul> | No video input present   | Make certain intended video source is<br>connected to appropriate 9922-2FS card video<br>input. Make certain BNC cable connections<br>between frame Rear I/O Module for the card and<br>signal source are OK.   |
| Ancillary data (closed captioning, timecode) not transferred   | Control(s) not enabled   | Make certain respective control is set to <b>On</b> or <b>Enabled</b> (as appropriate).   |
| through 9922-2FS   | VANC line number conflict<br>between two or more<br>ancillary data items | <ul> <li>Make certain each ancillary data item to be<br/>passed is assigned a unique line number (see<br/>Ancillary Data Line Number Locations and<br/>Ranges on page 3-9).</li> </ul>  |
| (Option +QC only) Audio silence<br>event not detected or triggered<br>on   | Holdoff set too long to detect condition                                 | The <b>Trigger Holdoff</b> controls on the <b>Audio</b><br><b>Detect Events</b> tab allow ignoring silence events<br>unless the event duration exceeds the holdoff<br>setting. Make certain holdoff is set sufficiently<br>low to detect events as desired. |
| Audio not processed or passed through card   | Enable control not turned on   | On <b>Output Audio Routing/Controls</b> tab, <b>Audio</b><br><b>Group Enable</b> control for group 1 thru 4 must be<br>turned on for sources to be embedded into<br>respective embedded channel groups.   |
| Excessive or nuisance input<br>signal quality events in log or<br>Card State status display  | Holdoff periods are too brief (or threshold set too high)                | If holdoff periods are too brief (or threshold set<br>too high), nuisance alarms may be generated<br>during transitions to and from programs and<br>interstitials, as well as during certain content.   |

#### Table 3-4 Troubleshooting Processing Errors by Symptom

| Symptom  | Error/Condition  | Corrective Action   |
|--|--|---|
| Selected upgrade firmware will not upload  | Automatic reboot after upgrade<br>turned off                             | Card <b>Presets</b> > <b>Automatically Reboot After</b><br><b>Upgrade</b> box unchecked. Either reboot the card<br>manually, or leave this box checked to allow<br>automatic reboot to engage an upgrade upon<br>selecting the upgrade.   |
| SD closed captioning waveform<br>or character rendering is<br>corrupted  | Character burner and/or<br>moving box insertions running<br>into line 21 | For SD usage, burn-ins can impinge on and<br>corrupt line 21 closed-captioning waveform if<br>positioned too close to the upper right of the<br>raster. Typically, character burn and/or moving<br>box insertions are not intended for content (such<br>as OTA) where CC is required. If CC is present<br>and must be retained, make certain to check CC<br>content if burn-in insertions are enabled and<br>reposition burn-ins to avoid line 21 interference. |
| Card does not pass video or<br>audio as expected. Control<br>settings spontaneously changed<br>from expected settings. | Event-based preset<br>inadvertently invoked                              | Event-based preset loading ( <b>Presets</b> tab ><br><b>Event Triggers</b> sub-tab) should be set to<br><b>Disabled</b> if this function is not to be used. Read<br>and understand this control description before<br>using these controls to make sure engagement<br>for all expected conditions is considered. See<br>Presets (p. 3-60) for more information.   |
| Card will not retain user settings,<br>or setting changes or presets<br>spontaneously invoke.                          | Event Based Loading sub-tab<br>inadvertently set to trigger on<br>event  | If event based loading is not to be used, make<br>certain <b>Event Based Presets</b> is disabled (either<br>using master <b>Enable/Disable</b> control or through<br>events settings. See Presets (p. 3-60) for more<br>information.  |

Table 3-4 Troubleshooting Processing Errors by Symptom — continued

### Troubleshooting Network/Remote Control Errors

Refer to Cobalt<sup>®</sup> reference guide "Remote Control User Guide" (PN 9000RCS-RM) for network/remote control troubleshooting information.

### In Case of Problems

### **Recovering Card From SD Memory Card**

New production cards come equipped with an SD card installed in a slot receptacle on the underside of the card. The data on this SD card can be used to restore a card should the card become unresponsive (can't communicate with DashBoard or other remote control). Recovering a card using the procedure here will restore the card to any installed option licenses and the most recent firmware installed.

1. (See Figure 3-10.) Make certain the card has the proper SD card installed in the under-card slot. If SD card is **not** installed, contact Product Support to obtain an SD card.

- Note: (Option +TTS only) Cards shipped with option +TTS use an SD card for the TTS library in addition to recovery files. If your +TTS-equipped device was received earlier than December 2015, your SD may not contain the recovery files. Contact Product Support to obtain the updated SD card containing both TTS library and SD recovery files.
  - If unit is a BBG-1000 Series device, remove the top cover before proceeding.

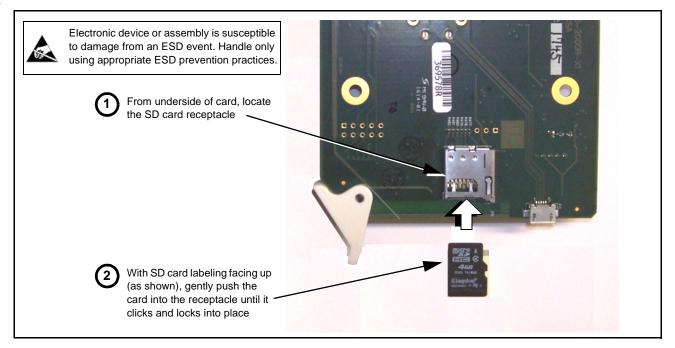


Figure 3-10 SD Card Installation

2. (See Figure 3-11.) With card powered-down, locate the **MMC BOOT** button on the card. Proceed as shown in picture.

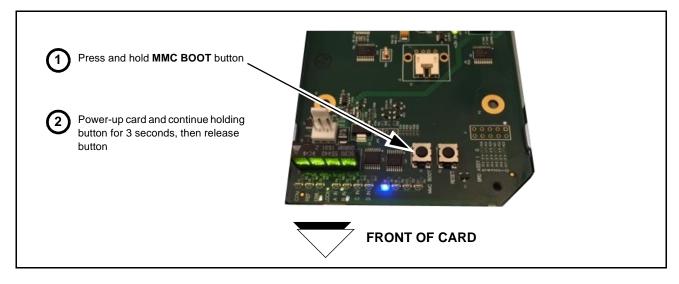


Figure 3-11 MMC Boot Button

- 3. With button now released, the card will begin reprogramming:
  - **COM** LED illuminates and remains illuminated.
  - When reprogram is complete, **COM** LED turns off, on, and then off again (entire process takes about 1-1/2 minute).
- 4. Remove power from the card (remove card from slot or power-down BBG-1000 Series unit).
- **5.** Re-apply power to the card. The card/device will display as *"UNLICENSED"* in DashBoard/remote control.
- 6. In Dashboard or web remote control, go to **Admin** tab and click **Restore from SD Card**. After about 1/2-minute, the card license(s) will be restored and card will be using its most recently installed firmware.
- **7.** Card/device can now be used as normal. On BBG-1000 Series unit, re-install top cover.

### **Contact and Return Authorization**

Should any problem arise with this product that was not solved by the information in this section, please contact the Cobalt Digital Inc. Technical Support Department.

If required, a Return Material Authorization number (RMA) will be issued to you, as well as specific shipping instructions. If required, a temporary replacement item will be made available at a nominal charge. Any shipping costs incurred are the customer's responsibility. All products shipped to you from Cobalt Digital Inc. will be shipped collect.

The Cobalt Digital Inc. Technical Support Department will continue to provide advice on any product manufactured by Cobalt Digital Inc., beyond the warranty period without charge, for the life of the product.

See Contact Cobalt Digital Inc. (p. 1-24) in Chapter 1, "Introduction" for contact information.

This page intentionally blank

# Cobalt Digital Inc.



2506 Galen Drive Champaign, IL 61821 Voice 217.344.1243 • Fax 217.344.1245 www.cobaltdigital.com